

read-earth

klace. d the

Ames y and Blair.

I have onical, e," but and ex-

lent. ng light agnolia

the fas-like. I want to

rose to

retrea

her ow

Beginning

THE GREAT MCCALL NOVEL

All through the house you'll find dozens of uses for

Bon Ami

POWDER and CAKE





Two well-trained servants—Bon Ami Powder and Bon Ami Cake. Gentle to the surface they make so spotless—gentle to your hands. For Bon Ami blots up dirt, never scours it off; and never roughens the most delicate skin.

You'll like the softness of Bon Ami Powder—and its thoroughness. So little makes the refrigerator fresh and sweet. It cleans up the bathtub, basin, and tiles till they glisten like china. Brightens Congoleum floor-coverings. Restores freshness to white woodwork and painted walls. Gives the sink, faucets and nickel piping an immaculate air in short order.

For making windows and mirrors crystal clear and sparkling everyone knows there's nothing quite so handy as the compact Bon Ami *Cake*.

a sim

you l

lulls

their

show

simp

need

shoul food, blood Bu

daint

Copper, brass, aluminum, agate and enamel-ware—there are so many things all through the house that Bon Ami Cake and Bon Ami Powder clean and polish. And women who pride themselves on getting their work done quickly and pleasantly are never without both these "Partners in Cleanliness."

THE BON AMI COMPANY, NEW YORK



Powder and Cake most housewives use both





Don't let your gums 'sleep' their health away!

Modern soft food makes gums dormant and flabby - Ipana and massage restore their vigor and their health

FIVE minutes' check-up with any authority—your own dentist, for example—will quickly convince you that there's little mystery about troubles of the gums.

For your dentist will make clear to you that it's a simple case of cause and effect. He will explain to you how the lack of roughage and fibre in our food lulls our gums into a sluggish inertia—how it lowers their vitality and impairs their health—and he will show you, too, how its effects may be offset by a simple method of daily care which takes little if any more time than you now spend in brushing your teeth!

WHY MODERN FOOD IS SO BAD FOR OUR GUMS

To remain in health the gums, like all living tissue, need work and exercise. Nature planned that they should receive stimulation from the chewing of coarse food, to encourage a free circulation of rich, fresh blood through their walls.

But we have thwarted that plan of nature's! For we demand only soft, rich foods—delicately prepared—daintily served. Roughage in our food would only

make us grumble at the cook. So our gums are robbed of activity by the refinement of our diet—deprived of the invigorating friction they need. Year after year, they lead an artificial life of ease—year after year, they 'sleep' their health away!

HOW IPANA AND MASSAGE BUILD FIRM, HEALTHY GUMS

Small wonder that gums soften, weaken and lose their tone—that "pink tooth brush" appears, with its unmistakable warning that the troubles which could have been prevented may be close at hand.

Fortunately the dental profession offers a remedy for this difficulty—a remedy both simple in its performance and effective in its results. They tell us to massage our gums—to rub them, gently, either with the brush while brushing the teeth, or with the fingertips after each brushing.

And thousands of dentists ask their patients to use Ipana Tooth Paste for both massage and ordinary



brushing. By its use, they say, we can more quickly rouse the laggard circulation of the gums to the healthful activity that offsets the ill effects of our diet.

For Ipana is specifically compounded to stimulate the gums while it cleans the teeth. It contains ziratol, an antiseptic and hemostatic of well-known efficacy in the toning and strengthening of weak, undernourished gum tissue.

You will keenly enjoy Ipana's clean taste and delicious flavor. And you will marvel at its power to cleanse and whiten your teeth. Your name across the coupon in the corner will bring a sample that will quickly prove these things.

SWITCH TO IPANA TOOTH PASTE FOR AT LEAST THIRTY DAYS

But a full-size tube from the nearest drug store makes a better test, for it lasts more than a month—long enough to show Ipana's good effects on your gums. So give Ipana the full-tube trial it deserves and see if you, too, do not find that it answers your quest for a tooth paste you can tie to for life!





BRISTOL-MYERS CO., Dept. E28, 73 West Street, New York, N. Y.

Kindly send me a trial tube of IPANA TOOTH PASTE. Enclosed is a twocent stamp to cover partly the cost of packing and mailing.



PATRIOT'S HOME

Out of the heritage of the past comes the hope for tomorrow

HIS is a story of our homes and our country and the faith which both inspire.

To have won a nation only to lose a national spirit would seem a sad bargain, indeed. Yet this is the fate so often visioned for us by those who, perhaps, through heritage or temperament. are unqualified to sense the trend of our national consciousness. These prophets of despair have had their day, and it is done; but their gloomy shadow still rests in memory. So in a month which commemorates the lives of our two greatest national, spiritual lead-

ers it becomes our happy task to suggest a reintegra-

tion, a revaluation of old faiths. For only then may we find a new hope which will carry us progressively into the fu-

ture.

In the past, it remained for as peerless a predicator of patriotism as Washington to give life to the wholesome conviction that the bulwark of true patriotism lies in the happy home. It became Lincoln's immortal destiny to uphold that tradition and, further, to carry its message to the world. Immediately man's attitude toward the home assumed a new and patriotic significance, and the future of the home became the problem of a nation. All these more obvious truths we have remembered through succeeding generations, but some of the less obvious wisdom implicit in them we have either ignored or forgotten.

So, today, when the homes we know resemble no more the homes we knew as children than the

homes of Lincoln's day resembled those of the Colonials, we become alarmed and seek for the causes of all this change and confusion. Too often we lose heart, without first discovering that the changes in our lives and in our homes are part of a constant, unhurried, natural progression-an endless evolution; for man,

not unlike the mustard seed in the biblical parable, 'groweth up; he knoweth not how."

The tree of life flowers everlastingly. Even as Lincoln's age was far unlike Washington's, we now look out upon a world which must seem Martian in its strangeness to one who has lived with Lincoln. The more physical aspects of this advance are too obvious to merit other than a fleeting mention, for the youngest members of our age can still trace the development of the airplane and the radio. But what perience the present complex scheme has seemed but

ture of a Lindbergh with the next! For modern science has not only remodelled our environment, but revised our ideals as well.

To some this change has been nothing short of revolutionary. Their hearts are bound up with the ideals of the past; they see nothing but chaos and decadence in the world today. But the fault is not wholly theirs, for there are some among the leaders of modern thought who have aroused only hostility, and isolated their science, because of their insistent refusal to be

To others of broader faith and perhaps wider ex-

an expression of a natural and constant development. They do not mumble vague regrets about the younger generation, nor do they see any great danger threatening the home or the marriage relationship. They realize that the "fundamental truths" are above change. It is only that each generation gives them a new name and a new interpretation.

tho

lie

Their faith rests in the home, and so in the country. Theirs is a kind of hope that wonders what new joys the morrow will bring. They realize not only that the tree of life blooms constantly, but they see that tree strike its living roots deep into the soil of the home. They watch the external changes come and go-and the home remain, better for the ceaseless change and challenge. There-in the homethey attain to a universal sympathy, a common understanding.

It is this lesson which we all may well learn and use for our own ends. For only when "the wind that blows between the worlds" has become the breath of our life and the ideal of our home, will we have realized either our possibilities or our duties as the true heirs of the Creator.

ZANE GREY AND THE AMERICAN SPIRIT

BY JOHN FARRAR, CONTRIBUTING EDITOR, The Bookman

ANE GREY is the most widely read American author in his own country and in Europe. He is read by men, women, girls and boys. His name is one of the few which have value on the advertising posters of motion picture companies. His stories are sought eagerly by the magazines. He is as national a figure as Babe Ruth, Jack Demosey, or General Pershine.

Dempsey, or General Pershing.
Why? What is the quality in his writing, in the man himself, that has made it possible for him to capture the imaginations of millions of people, to amass a huge fortune, and to maintain his tremendous popularity over a period of many years in which he has pub-lished, or has ready for publication, some thirty or more books? Back of his romantic story of perseverance and final success, in the pages of his books, there must lie a secret which explains him and his writing. If you have read many of his stories, you will agree with me that it cannot be said that he tells the same story again and again. He has variety. After you have first read him for pleasure and then Inst read him for pleasure and then stopped to think why you were pleased, I think you will agree with me, first that he has a genius for story-telling, and second that, fundamentally, his philosophies and ideals are identically those of the great mass of the American people.

People.

Any study of Zane Grey, then, becomes a study of the American spirit.

He is motivated by [Turn to page 107]

is far more important and certainly more fundamental is the change which has been brought about within ourselves, in our attitude toward the world about us -toward our homes and country-toward a world, indeed, that could forget the North Pole flight of a Byrd with one breath and hail the triumphant ven-

Dorothy plays the piano, but not like As we stepped out of that, of course



re-

vo.

nce

olly

ern

ted

but

not the

hey

da-

ion

ree

ots

me

ind

hat

Dorothy enjoyed our

As we stepped out of the car, someone was playing the piano. It sounded wonderful! I recognized that delightful bit of Liszt's—the Dance of the Gnomes. It couldn't be Dorothy,

surely. She plays—and plays rather well, but not like that. . . .

Who do you think it was? ... Rachmaninoff! Yes, Rachmaninoff playing the piano—through Dorothy's new Orthophonic Victrola. We couldn't believe our ears. We almost expected to see the great Russian pianist himself, and here it was the Victrola all the time!

Dorothy enjoyed our surprise—and we enjoyed some of the best music we have ever listened to. It was so realistic, so lifelike. I'm not going to attempt to describe it, for I don't believe I could—and do it justice. All I can say is

that you felt the performers were right there in the room with you.

Bob and I decided, on the way home, that we would just have to get an Orthophonic Victrola. We had one of the old-type machines, and, even though we seldom played it, had hesitated to part with it. It had been in the family so long, it seemed like an old friend. (You know how it is.)

But we got rid of it. Our local



Bob and I decided we would just have to have an Orthophonic

Victor dealer made us a fair allowance on it, and then permitted us to make a small downpayment and so much every month. We "play as we pay," as Bob says. And what a joy it is! A fine enter-

tainer, and a liberal education for little Betty. I'm glad we spent that evening at Dorothy's.

Ask your dealer to demonstrate an Orthophonic Victrola in your home, where you may judge its harmonious appearance as well as its musical performance. There are many beautiful models, from \$75 to \$1550, list price. Most of them are electrically operated—nothing to wind. See and hear the Automatic Victrola, the remarkable instrument which changes its own records.



The New Orthophonic Victor talking machine co. Camben, New Jersey, U. S. A.



IS GOD GUIDING AMERICA?

Does the future of our country rest upon the destiny of the Church?

By Rev. John Roach Straton, D.D.

HOUGHTFUL observ-ers have noted a striking similarity between the history of ancient Israel and that of modern

America. Israel came up out of oppression and bondage, passed through a

wilderness experience, and came, at last, into the promised land. It was a rich and marvelous country—a land "flowing with milk and honey"—which, according to covenants recorded in the Bible, God promised to them in advance. The Hebrew records also show that ancient Israel was greatly prospered and blessed so long as they observed the principles and obeyed the precepts which God gave to them. On the other hand, the nation fell into decay and disaster, according to their own records, even as their great prophets had foretold would be the case, when they departed from God and allowed themselves to be polluted by the idolatrous worship and customs which they never fully eradicated from the land.

The history of America is much like that of ancient Israel. As a people, we threw off the yoke of bondage and oppression, passed through a wilderness experience, and came up at last to our present stage of prosperity and power.

For the span of a generation now, I have had oppor-tunity, to observe tendencies and crystalizing conditions in our country. I shall refer later in this article to some of my experiences with the anarchists of Chicago, but in the meantime I wish merely to join Dr. Russell H. Conwell in statements which he made some time ago in connection with the celebration of his eight-second birthday. Dr.

"I am an old man—eighty-two years old today—and I believe American morals are worse than they have ever been to my knowledge. The church has lost its way. It has quit saving souls and merely operates a mechanical machine. We have quit making men good."

My own careful observation, I say, in all parts of America, leads me to the same conclusions as Dr. Con-

well has reached. As part of my grounds for these con-clusions, I wish to give now facts which I have brought

together from several sources, and which seem to furnish a cross section view of certain conditions in our

country which must prove arresting to the thoughtful mind and the patriotic heart.

Our record in part for a single year in this country was as follows:

1. Stolen in hold-ups, \$2,650,000,000. 2. Squandered in swindling stock schemes, \$6,000,-000,000.

 Lost in forgeries by trusted employes, \$100,000,000.
 Cost of our crime—larger than the total cost of operating the United States Government in all its branches

5. The worst divorce record of any nation on earth.
6. The transformation of churches from soul-winning

centers into literary societies and social clubs.

7. A half million children and young people belonging to Protestant homes in Greater New York who no longer attend the Sunday schools, since the arrival of Sunday movies, joy riding and sports.

8. The break-down of parental authority, through the destruction of faith in the Bible as the authoritative word

9. The consequent loss of obedience and moral idealism among our youth, resulting in such things as the Leopold-Loeb murder, the Jamaica Road House escapade, etc.
10. Sixty-four percent of American school children

proved dishonest by experiments conducted by scientists and school teachers working together, in which children were trusted with money to make purchases, bringing

back the change, etc.

11. The complete destruction of multitudes of American homes through the competition of commercialized amusements, such as the movies, theaters, dance halls,

and similar forms.

12. The consequent flood of female flappers and flirts, and male lounge lizards and cake-eaters.

> dow Now

> harn

twin desig

Beau

"Fo

says

urio

tress

ense

stur

shap

prov

Mou

\$60 luxu

to \$6

M

13. The decrease of the stronger and more successful elements of our society through the substitution of dogs for babies.

14. The surrender of civil officers to the forces of lawlessness, indecency and greed on stage and screen by such things as the citizens' play jury.

The startling increase in our murder record to the appalling total of 10,000 killings a year, a murder rate of twenty-five times as high as the rate in England.

Whence come these things? The object of this paper is to answer, if possible, that question. There are two lines of tendency in our country at the present time, both of them converging toward the one objective of weakening the power of religion. One of them is the tendency in the literary field to minimize and discount the part that religion has played in the past history of our country, and the other is the organized propaganda of radicalism, which seeks the overthrow of American ideals and institutions, and the substitution for them of those principles and practices which are exemplified in the tragic and terrible history of modern Russia. In that unhappy land, it is significant that the wreck of the state went hand in hand with the

wreck of religion.

The best antidote, perhaps, for these poisons is the simple truth of history. I wish, therefore, to set before my readers the truth that religion is the greatest formative factor in founding and shaping the destiny

of states, and that this truth applies especially and preeminently to the founding, preservation and present prosperity of the American commonwealth.

The English statesman, Edmund Burke, expressed the same thought. He said: "We know that religion is the basis of civil society and the fruitful source of all blessing and comfort in human intercourse."

Now, the great American Commonwealth, preeminently among all the nations of history, was brought forth by the forces of religion. [Turn to page 107]

McCall's Magazine—February, 1928. Volume LV, Number 5, \$1.00 Per Year, Canadian postage, none; foreign, postage, 75 cents. Publication Office: McCall Street, Dayton, Ohio. Executive Office: 236-250 West 37th Street. New York, N. Y. Branch Offices: 288-212 S. Jefferson St., Chicago, Ill.; 600 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal.; 80 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.; 82 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.; 819 Broadway, Kansan City, Mo.; No Boad St., Toronto, Can.; 264 Great Portland St., London W. I. England, William B. Warner, President and Treasurer, Francis Hutter, Secretary, John C. Sterling, Vice-President—TRUTH IN ADVERTISING—McCall's will not knowingly insert advertisements from other than reliable firms, Any advertisement found to be otherwise should be reported immediately to The McCall Company—ABOUT YOUR SUBSCRIPTION—If your magazine wrapper is stamped "EXPIDES." yeur subscription expires with this copy. Use the enclosed subscription blank within ten days, so you will not miss the next number. All subscriptions are stopped promptly at expiration unless renewed. Sheald you change your address, please give four weeks' notice; also kindly clip your name and address from the last copy received and forward it to us with your request. Give your old address as well as your new address, and, if possible, the date you subscribed.—Copyright, 1927, by The McCall Company, Printed at Dayton, Ohio, U, S. A. Send all remittances to our Publication Office, McCall Street, Dayton, Ohio.

In the well-ordered Home of MRS. HUGH CABOT of Boston

- luxurious comfort is "a necessity"



MRS. HUGH CABOT

of the aristocratic old New England family of Mayflower ancestry, which has contributed so many distinguished names to American statesmanship, letters and science. Mrs. Cabot is a singularly gracious hostess, a patroness of music and a discriminating collector of paintings

A SPACIOUS, gracious, old-fashioned New England home is Mrs. Cabot's, filled with the spirit of hospitality, well-being and good cheer.

"Much of our furniture," she says, "was handed down from generation to generation in our family. Now, when we add we choose for comfort and for harmony with this enduring background."

Mrs. Cabot has just installed in her own room twin Simmons Beds in graceful Early American design. She has equipped these with Simmons Beautyrest Mattresses and Simmons Springs. "For the well-ordered home they are a necessity," says Mrs. Cabot. "They assure complete comfort."

This marvelous Beautyrest Mattress and luxurious Spring are the achievement of Simmons, world's greatest makers of beds, springs and mattresses. With Simmons Beds they form a sleeping ensemble unequalled for buoyant comfort. The sturdy spring fitly upholds this well-boxed, built-up mattress—so firmly tailored that it holds its shape for years.

In furniture and department stores, this greatly improved Simmons Beautyrest Mattress, \$39.50; Rocky Mountain region and West, \$41.50; hair upholstered, \$60 to \$100. Simmons Springs \$7 to \$60. The "Ace," a luxurious open coil Spring, \$19.75. Simmons Beds, \$10 to \$60. Look for the name "Simmons." The Simmons Company, New York, Chicago, Atlanta, San Francisco.



Mrs. Cabot's Bedroom in her Ann Arbor Home

The lavender-scented linen sheets, the satin-bound blankets, the hand-run lavender taffeta quilts are dainty details in keeping with the luxury of the Simmons Beautyrest Mattress. The Simmons Twin Beds are a new model, No. 1025, in graceful Early American design



THE "LUXURIOUS" SIMMONS BEAUTYREST MATTRESS

in Mrs. Cabot's room shows this season's smart new covering of modernistic stripes. This famous mattress owes its unequalled comfort to its unique construction. Hundreds of tiny sensitive coils are buried in its luxurious upholstering. Such perfect comfort! Such magic buoyancy!



NOTE THE FINE WIRE COILS!

Luxuriously upholstered, they give the Simmons Beautyrest Mattress its unique buoyant comfort—its smartly boxed upstanding sides that can't be crushed

SIMMONS BEDS, SPRINGS, MATTRESSES

1928

flood flirts, ds and er and society babies.

ces of

to the er rate.

i.e, that country toward eligion.

played is the ks the actices history nificant ith the

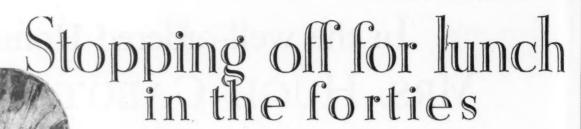
ield to

set bereatest destiny ly and present

gion is of all oreemiorought

e 107]

Toronto, ety insert (PIRES," address, ubscribed.



it takes the place of cream-at less than half the cost. It fills every milk need. In all your cooking it will give a richness, flavor and texture that will satisfy the most exacting taste. In cream soups and creamed

> vegetables - in all creamed dishes-its richness and flavor are most noticeable. It supplies milk for baby's bottle that is safe and wholesome and as

easily digested as mothers' milk. And yet it costs no more-in many places less-than ordinary milk.

There is now no reason why any person in America should have less than perfect health through lack of safe, wholesome milk. There is no excuse for any baby to die, or for any child to suffer illness, because of impure,

unclean or unwholesome milk. Evaporated Milk, sterilized in sealed cans, provides a milk supply that is always absolutely free from anything that can harm health-that is always rich in all the food substances which make milk the most important single item of all our food. It is the modern, safe, wholesome, convenient and economical milk and cream supply for every use in every home. Every grocer in America has Evaporated Milk.

Let us send you our free booklets demonstrating the adaptability of Evaporated Milk to every cream and milk use —an astonishing revelation that will surprise you and delight you.

PIONEER DAYS a woman's life was all hard labor-at home as well as on the trail. Preparing the meals was a strenuous

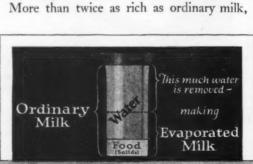
task. To have fresh vegetables, the woman had to hoe the garden. When they had milk, the women milked the cow. How different to-day! Women give their families better food than pioneers knew, and yet have leisure for pleasures beyond the dream of other generations.

We've learned the way. Consider for example how canned foods have lightened women's work. Without hoeing gardens or milking cows or canning at home, we now have the finest fruits and vegetablesand milk on the pantry shelf that is as fresh and sweet-that is purer and safer and richer than our grandmothers had when every family kept a cow.

Eighty-seven and one-half per cent. . of cows' milk is water. . . . Twelve and one-half per cent. is butterfat, milk sugar, proteins and mineral salts (solids).

In ordinary milk the butterfat (cream) begins to separate as soon as the milk comes from the cow.





The up-to-the-minute woman knows that

Evaporated Milk is not a substitute for

milk-that it is milk-better milk-richer

and safer than milk in any other form.

The best of pure milk from the finest dairy

sections of America is concentrated—sixty

per cent. of the water removed. Not a

thing is added to it. In sealed cans, steri-

lized while it is fresh and sweet, it is protected

from everything that can impair its fresh-

omy of Evaporated Milk. It keeps fresh

and sweet on the pantry shelf-any quantity

that may be needed to meet any demand.

She knows the convenience and the econ-

ness and richness and purity.

In making Evaporated Milk sixty per cent. of the water is removed. . . . Therefore every drop contains more than twice as much cream and other food substances.



It is never skimmed milk . . the butterfat never separates . the cream is kept in the milk.

WATER Nothing ONLY REMOVED -ADDED



An Old Valentine

By Theodosia Garrison - Decoration by Willy Pogany

Fragrant as faded lavender, This ancient valentine, Still redolent with praise of Her In each Spencerian line.

One smiles at Eupid-dart-and dove, Yet envies her, in truth, This gallant compliment that Love Once proffered to her youth.



The NEW YORK TYPE

You all know her - the New York type! For, whether on or off the Avenue, you meet her every day.

ELL, you know," many people say, when asked to oblige with a description of Mrs. Weldon. "She's the regular New York type. You know. She's just perfectly typical."

I have never come up to that point where I am quite clear as to what they mean when

they so easily use that phrase, "the New York type." It would require, indeed, some record-breaking endurance arguing to convince me that there was any such thing. But, on a good, clear day, I can see some-thing of their reason in choosing Mrs. Weldon as an example. She is true, with a little of the merciless faithfulness of a caricature, to the picture that other-towners hang in their mental galleries and call "Portrait of a Manhattan Matron."

Mrs. Weldon is somewhere in the late thirties; she does not say just where. Whatever be her age, it is her Thirty times a day, at a humbly low estimate, she glances anxiously in a charming little mirror, applies powder, moistens an eyebrow, blends the delicate outlying pink mysteriously into the neighboring white, remoulds her lips nearer to her heart's desire. Four times a year, she has her hair freshly imprinted with what some master of irony has called a permanent wave.

Mrs. Weldon's finger nails are as precious to her as a small boy's hard-won collection of marbles is to him. At the cost of practically eternal vigilance, they are kept very long, carved to slightly cruel points, and lacquered an improbable red. Occasionally, being but flesh and therefore heiress to its ills, she breaks one of them. This is one of the few situations in life that she cannot meet with a clear head. She becomes, in her own phrase, simply furious.

She is tall and slim, and would be slimmer. Tell her

of a new reducing diet, and you will find no more flatter-

ing audience.

Mrs. Weldon dresses expensively, with an adherence to the current style that allows no wandering away into realms of strange fabrics and curious colors and un-known dressmakers. The distinction of her dress lies in its sedulous lack of individuality. "Is it smart?" is the solemn test-question she asks of her soul, before she buys any article of apparel, even to a handkerchief. DOROTHY PARKER

"Smart" is her word of highest praise. She does not keep it for dress alone. Up to the perfection it signifies to her must come furniture, objets d'art, even flowers, before Mrs. Weldon will admit them to her apart-

She is proud of her smart appartment, in a smart, chaste white building, in a smart part of town—not the very smartest part, it is true, but still near it, and when does hope die? It is perhaps a little expensive, even for the earnings that Mr. Weldon amasses in some mysterious manner down in Wall Street. (Mrs. Weldon has never been able to understand just what it is that he does; there is something a little bit boastful in her laughing acknowledgment of her total lack of interest in stocks and things). It is expensive, she admits, but, as she says, you have to live somewhere. And it is so convenient to the children's schools. Mrs. Weldon is particular that her children attend smart schools with other smartly-dressed children. She has never inquired into the curricula. But she takes, she says, a real interest in their school life. She never forgets to send their teachers handkerchiefs, note-paper or paper-cutters at Christmas, and when the children give plays, she almost always attends, as if symbolizing the triumph of motherhood over boredom.

There are two children, a boy named for his father, and a girl called after her mother. Mrs. Weldon was glad that her second child was a girl; it's such fun to dress girls, she says. And a girl, she points out, is so much company. The little girl has been, to date, great company for her nurse and her playmates. Her son Mrs. Weldon regards with much admiration, considerable be-

wilderment, and not a little fear. She is stricken with a mild sort of panic if left alone with him.

Mrs. Weldon complains, with wistful laughter, that she really never sees those kiddies of hers, any more, their days are so taken up. In consolation, possibly, she

crams her own days to their brims. She is always busy. If she sees an unoccupied hour ahead of her, she

unoccupied hour ahead of her, she rushes to the telephone, seeking any-body who will help her wrestle with solitude. Then she tells you that, honestly, she never seems to have a minute to herself, and sighs.

In the first place, there is shopping. There is always shopping. Then she must keep in constant touch with her friends, whom she still rather in-accurately calls "the girls." Then there is bridge—she plays shrewd, daring superb bridge. There are luncheous plays shrewd, daring, superb bridge. There are luncheon and teas at smart restaurants, where, with any luck a all, a Vanderbilt or a Peggy Joyce may come in at any moment and just sit down and eat like anybody else There are matinees—she must attend certain matinees for Mr. Weldon cares only for musical comedy, and has a way of sleeping like a little, tired child at quieter entertainments. And then, of course, she must get her

reading done.

Although she reads many current novels, she ne reads biography, poetry, short stories, or history. She reads two fashion magazines a month, as faithfully as if by doctor's orders. She reads anywhere from two to five headlines in each day's paper, turns promptly to the society column and takes every word of it. Here, in-deed, she proves herself the scholar. She has an enormous fund of information about the social. She knows dates and maiden names and who used to be married to whom.

She never attends concerts, recitals, lectures, exhibitions of sports or little theaters. Once or twice a season, she goes to the opera. She calls her friends up the next morning, to tell them who was there. She has never voted. She is as deep as a dime, as profound as a work by

Elinor Glyn, as receptive as a closed vault, as immediate as a topical song. She is, many people say, the perfect New York type.

I remember telling you, when we were talking a while ago, that I don't quite believe there is any such thing. I know that there are many Mrs. Weldons in New York; but there are many others also.

And if I were to meet her on a desert island, heaven forbid, I could not tell if she were from New York, Washington, Hartford, Philadelphia, Detroit, Chicago or any point West.

fo

Rene

famil Rece that, flavor

Instea invite celeb art o them his c

with

natio When cigare



four famous chefs selected this delicious coffee

Rene Black is the maître d'hotel at Sherry's in New York City, a true epicure who serves only fine foods to the first families of the world.

Recently, he discovered a blend of coffee that, to him, was exceptional in taste and flavor and aroma. But, being wise in the ways of epicures, he was not content with his own opinion.

Instead, he gave a luncheon to which he

invited four chefs quite as celebrated as he in the fine art of cooking, and served them not only the coffee of his choice but three other nationally advertised brands. When the after-luncheon

cigarettes were lighted, he

blindfolded each of his four guests, and placed four numbered cups of coffee before each...each number representing one of the four blends selected for the test.

To Mr. Black's pleasure and satisfaction, all four of these discerning coffee critics unanimously picked as the best coffee the blend that had delighted him.

"Delicious!" exclaimed JULIAN SERE of Sherry's..."A blend of perfect balance!" was

the comment of ROGER CRETAUX, Chef of the Hotel Roosevelt... "What rare 'bouquet'!" said ETIENNE ALLIO of the Hotel Pennsylvania ... "A nectar!" declared CHARLIE SCOTTO of the Ambassador.

And the coffee that won these enthusiastic comments was MONARCH Coffee... the coffee which for decades has been used exclusively by many of America's leading hotels... coffee that you, too, can serve proudly at your own table and

know that it will touch the very souls of your guests.

T

MONARCH Coffee, like all other MONARCH FOOD PRODUCTS, is incomparable but not expensive. And it may be had at the stores of more than 40,000 Independent Grocers.

ONE OF THE MANY MONARCH QUALITY FOOD PRODUCTS



@ 1928, R. M. & Co.

brims.
sees an
her, she
ng anyholitude.
e never
d sighs.
There
keep in
hther inge—she
ncheons

luck at at any dy else. at inees, and has eter enget her engy. She fully as

ptly to Here, inn enorknows
married
nibitions
son, she
he next
r voted
work by

two t

a while h thingin New heaven v York, Chicago

say, the

Why the largest-selling soap in the world should be doing your washing, too.

HEN you go into your grocer's store, you see great piles of Pand G the White Naphtha Soap in his windows or on his shelves and counters.

Then you learn that this fine white soap is the largest-selling soap—not only in America, but in the world.

And, since you know that Pand G is a laundry and household soap of unsurpassed quality—giving fine results quickly and safely—perhaps you wonder how it can be sold at prices actually lower, ounce for ounce, than those of other soaps.

The answer may interest you: Many millions of cakes of Pand G are sold every month of the year. This fact enables Procter & Gamble, its makers, to purchase in enormous quantities the fine materials which go into its manufacture.

Now, as you know from your own experience, large quantities always cost proportionately less than small quantities. Furthermore, large-scale manufacturing costs proportionately less than small-scale manufacturing.

This, then, is the reason why Pand G's exceptional quality can be offered to you at such low prices.

If Pand G were not the largest-selling soap, it would have to cost you much more than it does. It is the largest-selling soap because it is such a fine soap.

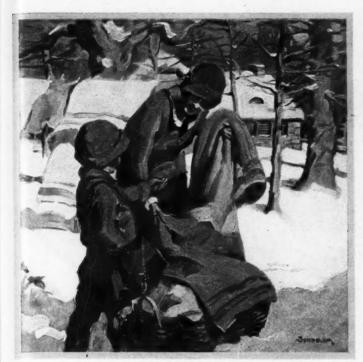
PROCTER & GAMBLE



West

"No dread that my colored clothes will fade when I use PANDG," writes a woman from New Mexico.

PANDG is safe. You can trust colors to its rich magic suds—they come out fresh and smiling.

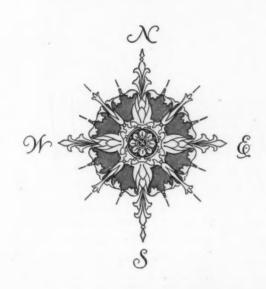


North

"Keeps my white clothes fresh and white," says a letter from Wisconsin.

Yes! PANDG will wash your clothes to snowy whiteness without hard rubbing or every-week boiling. Many women who use PANDG never boil their clothes at all.

-there is no mystery about the popularity of Pand Git simply is a better soap.







East

"Wonderful suds—even in our hard water," writes a Vermont woman.

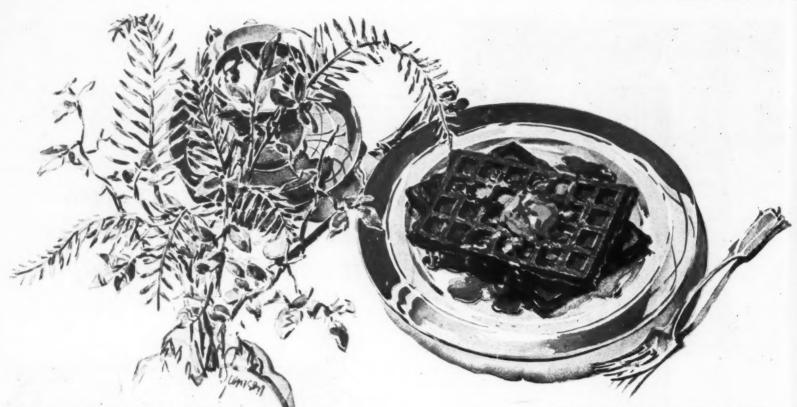
In any kind of water—hard or soft—cold, hot or lukewarm—you always quickly get the foaming, lasting PANDG suds.



"No yellow, soapy streaks after ironing—PANDG rinses so readily," writes a woman from Alabama.

No grayness either—or soapy odor! PANDG's easy rinsing leaves clothes pure white and fragrant.





Virginia Sally Lunn (below right)—George Washington's favorite breakfast hot bread, named for his house-keeper, Sally Lunn. From this recipe you can make, too, feathery Muffins, French Coffee Cake and Waffles.

cup Crisco
cup sugar
eggs (beaten)

5 teaspoons baking powder 1 teaspoon salt 2/3 cup milk 2 cups flour

Cream Crisco and sugar together. Add beaten eggs, and mix well. Mix and sift flour, baking powder and salt and add alternately with milk to the first mixture. Bake in a Criscoed shallow pan in hot oven (400° F.) 20 to 25 minutes. Mrs. Agnes Wirt Washington, Oak Grove, Westmoreland Co.

Golden Muffins (below right)—Follow recipe for Sally Lunn. Fill muffin tins two-thirds full of batter. Bake about 15 minutes in a hot oven (400° F.). This makes 15 to 18 muffins.

French Coffee Cake (directly below)—A special treat for Sunday morning breakfast. Crisco's sweetness lets the full delicate flavor of this recipe assert itself. Make up the Sally Lunn recipe. Divide the batter into two round layer cake pans. Brush top lightly with melted Crisco, or dot with little pieces of Crisco. Mix together two tablespoons of sugar and one teaspoon of cinnamon, and sprinkle over entire top, then scatter over this chopped nuts. Walnuts, almonds or pecans are good. Bake 15 to 20 minutes in hot oven (400° F.). Serves 6 to 8 persons.

Waffles—Follow the Sally Lunn recipe but separate the eggs, adding beaten yolks to batter and adding ½ cup more milk. Just before baking add egg whites beaten stiff. If you like waffles very crisp, simply cook them longer. This makes enough to serve 6 to 8 persons.

All measurements level. Recipes tested and approved by Good Housekeeping Institute.

HURRY UP HOT BREADS

- but taste your shortening first!

IF we want our muffins and other hot breads to taste so good that they win compliments from our husbands and families, we must be sure that all the ingredients we use taste good, too.

If, for example, we are not particular about the shortening we use, whatever strong flavor there may be in the fat itself will quite spoil the real, delicate muffin taste.

I myself would not think of using in muffins (or in anything else for that matter) a fat that I am unwilling to taste just as it comes from the package. To discover for yourself what a great difference there can be in cooking fats, do this:

Place a bit of Crisco on the tip of a spoon; on another spoon, a little of any other fat. Taste first Crisco, then the other fat. See if Crisco's fresh sweetness doesn't give you the surprise of your whole cooking experience!

These chill winter mornings I have Crisco hot breads for breakfast almost every day. And I do not get up earlier in the morning to make them!

I make them the day before and in the morning reheat them. I wet them (just a "dash" under the cold water faucet), heat them thoroughly in a covered pan, removing cover a minute before serving to be sure they are dry. No one can tell they are not freshly made!

I use Crisco, too, not only for hot breads and biscuits, but for lighter, flakier pie-crust; crisp, brown cookies; cakes that you can't tell from those made with butter; crisp brown fried foods, cooked without smoke or unpleasant odor.

Free: "12 Dozen Time-Saving Recipes"

A new and unusual cook book. Into it we have gathered 144 tested recipes, all chosen because they are simple, easy and quick to prepare. Yet each makes a perfectly delicious dish. There are dozens of suggestions, too, that will save you endless time and trouble. To receive the book, simply fill in and mail me the coupon below.

WINIFRED S. CARTER

		leas Recip		ı n	ne	I	re	C	CC	Ю	DO	JU	K		1	2	L	PU	20	1	ı	111	1
Nan	ne		 																				
Add	ress		 													. ,	. ,						
City			 										S	ta	te								

CRISCO'S SWEET FLAVOR



WILL ASTONISH YOU

RISCO

RISC

It is had be back a could forest not shit the so ing dand ranearby tracks

years
had con
had alv
ness an
under
ing in
That
for the
for it—
front y

she ke overloo



"It's very funny to me-all this party-giving for Tom Sears' daughter."

LITTLE YELLOW HOUSE

Locked within the doors of every home there is the warm and glowing story of a mother's incomparable love. Inspired by

O begin with, it was not a yellow house at all.

e you ence! o hot 1 I do them! nornunder hly in pefore in tell s and

crisp, foods,

ipes"

4 tested to pre-dozens trouble.

RTER

ati,

It was green, and it had been green as far back as Emmy Milburn could remember. A dark forest green which did not show the marks of the soot that came sift-

ing down upon it, day and night, from the woolen mill nearby and the P. & C. railroad

that three blocks away.

But it had been yellow twenty-five years before when Emmy's mother had come there as a bride. And so she had always called it "the little yellow house" with tender-

ness and affection, as if it were the most delightful spot under the sun instead of an unlovely little frame dwell-

ing in a down-at-the-heel street.

That is, the house would have been unlovely except for the perfectly lovely things that Mrs. Milburn did for it—the bridal-wreath bushes that she planted in the front yard, the dotted muslin curtains that she "did up" every month of her life, and the scarlet geraniums that she kept abloom all the year 'round in the bay window overlooking Flower Street. Flower Street . . . It was Mrs. Milburn who had

memories of such a home, Beatrice Burton Morgan has fashioned this story-the greatest of all novels ever published in Mc Call's Magazine- proving once again that "Home is where the heart is."

By Beatrice Burton Morgan

ILLUSTRATED BY F.R. GRUGER

given to Flower Street its wholly unsuitable name. Uncle Bill Parks, who owned every foot of it except the ground where the woolen mill stood, had let her choose a name for it when she had come there to live long years before.

That was Mrs. Milburn for you!—always trying to make things seem better than they were . . . and the shab-bier and uglier they were the harder she would try to coax them into some-thing like beauty.

She always spoke of the square of yard be-hind the house as "the garden," al-though it was not much bigger than a pocket-handkerchief. She made it

a pocket-handkerchief. She made it a garden, too, with her own small work-roughened hands.

When the stair-carpet wore out she covered the steps with white paint and took to calling them "the wooden hill." If there happened to be nothing but plain fried bread for a meal she would refer to it elegantly and cheerfully as "French toast."

There were other things in her life—dark unhappy things—that she dressed up with fine brave words in the same way. Neither poverty nor worry nor the hardest kind of work, year in and year out, had made her bitter.

bitter.

"Some folks are born with a silver spoon in their mouths, but I must have been born with a broom in my hand," she would say sometimes at the end of a particu-



"Why not bring this good-looking thing with you when you come to see me, Babe?" she said.

larly hard day; and that was the only thing in the way of complaint that Emmy had ever known her to utter. As a matter of fact, she had been born with a gold spoon in her mouth, and she had exchanged it for a

spoon in her mouth, and she had exchanged it for a broom on her wedding day. But if she regretted her bargain no one knew it from her.

And in this shining optimism of hers she had brought up her three children—Perry, the eldest, and Emmy, and young Dan. She wove a kind of friendly romance so thickly around the little yellow house that Emmy was almost a woman grown before she began to find out the real truth about it-and about themselves

Emmy never was sure just when it was that she did begin to find out things about the little house. But afterward, as she looked back, it always seemed to her that it was on a certain fifth day of November—a day that was filled with mist, a smell of far-off rain, and the smoke of leaves burning along the gutters.

The fifth of November was Mrs. Milburn's birthday, and Emmy had spent the whole afternoon downtown buying a present for her.

It was just five o'clock when she got off the Cedar Avenue car at the corner—that last cold gray moment before the street-lamps are lighted and the dusk be-

comes deeply blue.

Somehow or other, Flower Street never had looked quite so shabby and dirty and poor to her; the little houses, sharply black in the chilly light, seemed to huddle

together as if they were trying to keep warm, Beyond them the woolen mill rose like the great dark shoulder of a hill.

Emmy never knew which she was more ashamed of— the woolen mill or Flower Street, itself. She knew she hated the very sight of them both whenever she rounded the corner from Cedar Avenue.

Her eyes went from the mill to the little jerry-built houses . . . the Brainards', with its BOARD BY WEEK, DAY OR MEAL sign in the front window. Mrs. Gossman's, showing a white glimmer of washing hung on the line, the Butlers' with its sagging steps and broken gate.

The little yellow house was just like all the other houses in the row-the same pointed roof, the same narrow porch, the same bay window. Uncle Bill Parks had built them all from the same set of plans.

As Emmy pushed open the front door the familiar fragrance of the house came sweeping up to her nostrils. A mixed fragrance of fresh bread, dried roses, furniture polish, and absolute cleanliness. It was tonic after the woolly smell of Flower Street outside.

The sitting room was full of light. Her mother in her low rocker before the fire was looking thoughtfully at a green bank-note that she smoothed between her fingers.

Mrs. Milburn was a little woman with brown hair parted in the middle. Her blue eyes had never lost youth's trick of shining. At forty-five she did not seem middle-aged, and you could see that, no matter how long she lived,

she would always be young somehow.
"Emmy, is that you?" she called. "Come in.
Your Grandmother's here."

Grandmother Pentland, in black velvet and Grandmother Pentland, in black velvet and black fur, was sitting bolt upright beside the pink-shaded lamp on the center table. She did not look like anybody's grandmother. With her broad shoulders, her commanding nose and sharp black eyes, she looked like a triumphant congresswoman. It was impossible to think of her as ever having washed small dirty faces or sung babies to sleep in long-ago twilights. And yet, of course, she had . . .

She held up a dry smooth cheek for Emmy to kiss and went on talking to Mrs. Milburn. "Don't be a fool, Rosy! You take that "Don't be a fool, Rosy! You take that money and send it to your Uncle Bill. That bad little Charlie hasn't sent him a penny of rent for two months, and your uncle is getting pretty sick of his shiftless ways!"

"That bad little Charlie" was the way Grandmother Pentland usually spoke of her daughter's husband, Charles Darwin Milburn.

She spoke her own mind at all times about him, and upon all things besides. She passed over people like a steam-roller, leaving them

The only person who had ever been known to defy her was her daughter, Rosy, on that day a quarter of a century before when she had eloped with "bad little Charlie" Milburn. In her soft and gentle way, Mrs. Milburn

was defying her now. "No, Mother, I can't let you pay our rent for us," she was saying. "Charlie will take care of it sooner or later. He always has."

"Always has! Hah!" Grandmother Pentland gave a snort. "You mean that he's paid it about five months out of every twelve you've lived here! And your Uncle Bill has been very patient with him, I'm sure. Anybody else would have turned you all out into the street,

bag and baggage, years ago."

Mrs. Milburn's eyes widened with dismay.

She put out one hand as if to ward off a blow.
"Emmy," she said, "run out to the kitchen and see if that pudding's burning—and shut

the door as you go."

Emmy went, carefully closing the door behind her. But her grandmother's full rich

"A grafter! That's what your beautiful Charlie is!" she was saying. "Living here on my brother's bounty! Letting anyone and everyone look after you and the children, while he skips around as if he didn't have a care in the world!"

Emmy stood stock-still in the cold dark little hall.

"He's a fine husband, isn't he?" Grandmother Pentland's voice rose again. "A pretty rotten reed to lean on-

"Please, stop right there, Mother!" This time it was Mrs. Milburn's voice, low and soft, but with a warning note in it Emmy never had hard in it before. "No one, not even you, can talk like that about Charlie to me! And here's your fifty dollars—" Emmy fled on tiptoe to the kitchen, fearful lest she be

caught eavesdropping. It came to her all at once that that was what she was doing.

An oil lamp was burning brightly on the white kitchen table. A teakettle sang on the coal stove. In the oven a bread pudding was turning to golden-brown, and a dozen potatoes were baking.

Emmy took a candle from the shelf and started up-stairs. The sitting-room door was still closed and from

behind it came the steady murmur of voices. In her own small white room at the back of the house, Emmy took off her hat and coat. Then she drew her mother's birthday present from its tissue-paper wrappings. It was a pair of ivory-white kid gloves, stitched with black, "Very swanky!" smiled Emmy, pulling off the price ter and all of the holds.

off the price-tag and slipping them back into their box.

She had always wanted her mother to have a pair of white kid gloves to wear to vesper service at St. Paul's on Sunday after-noon instead of the black cotton ones she had had for so long. There was a sparkle of satisfaction in Emmy's eyes as she laid the box

ringing things "A bount after around toned ham. oung life an Em braide skin h was ve stick e burn s She

land i candle

stairs.

look n

as if sh ful, "] down she di

Wh if her

McCA

down for the

hook I dress anna

gingha clothe: Unt

less fo grante low h could. electri

She keep v

she ne said h

nights and w

But

Street pushed steppe Rob was a dropp street a roon "He holdin and g

outstr "He air of she la "Ta "Well Em hand a Emmy

But

"W Emmy stoppe often. "N Pentla pierce "How

"Se father the o goodand t life!

brown es had fortyd you lived.

1928

et and de the ith her se and nphant nink of aces or

me in.

s. And Emmy ilburn. e that. That nny of getting

of her ilburn. about passed them known n that en she

e

lilbum ar rent ll take ıs. entland paid it you've

ilburn

n very y else street. lismay. a blow. citchen d shut

l rich autiful ere on ildren. have a

dark Grandpretty ' This w and

heard

e that ars—" she be e that itchen oven a dozen

from voices e back at and thday igs. It

ulling back

ner to ear to aftere had satis-

e box

down upon her dresser She had saved

for those gloves.

But the starry look died as she began to un-

But the starry look died as she began to unhook her blue serge dress. For the blue serge dress had once belonged to her cousin, Marianna Pentland. So had the brown-and-white gingham that Emmy took from the tiny clothes-closet and slipped over her head. Until now she had always taken it more or less for granted that she should wear Marianna's cast-off clothes. She had taken it for granted that they should live in the little yellow house and pay the rent whenever they could. She was used to having the gas or the electric light in it turned off every now and electric light in it turned off every now and then because the bills had not been paid.

She had taken it for granted they should keep very quiet and pretend that nobody was at home when the bill-collectors came. And she never had doubted her mother when she said her father had "the neuralgia" on those nights when he came home white and shaky and went stumbling upstairs to bed.

But now, with her grandmother's words still ringing in her ears, Emmy began to see these

things in a new light.

"A grafter! . . . Living on my brother's bounty! Letting everyone and anyone look after you and the children while he skips

around . . ."

Emmy's eyes were thoughtful as she buttoned herself into Marianna's cast-off gingham. They were very beautiful eyes, luminously gray like the sea at twilight, with a young shy eager look in them that questioned life and welcomed it.

Emmy's hair, the color of raw gold, was braided close around her head. Her rose-white skin had the bloom of a flower, and her mouth was velvety red. She never had used rouge, lipstick or eyebrow-pencil in her life. Mrs. Mil-burn said that make-up was "common."

She was standing with Grandmother Pent-land in the shadowy lower hall when Emmy, candle in hand, reached the bottom of the

"Well, Emmy Milburn, you're getting to look more like your mother every day of your life!" Grandmother Pentland said half-angrily, as if she were accusing her of something shame-ful, "I certainly hope you won't set yourself down in the middle of a trash-heap the way she did!"

While Emmy stood gazing at her, wondering if her grandmother agreed with her that Flower Street was a trash-heap, the front door was pushed open unceremoniously and Robb Hollis

stepped into the hall. Robb was only twenty-four, but already he was a foreman at the woolen mill. He often dropped in at the Milburns on his way up the street to Mrs. Brainard's house, where he had

a room. "How do you do, Mrs. Pentland?" he asked, holding out his hand to Emmy's grandmother and grinning at her in his friendly way.

But Grandmother Pentland did not see the

outstretched hand.

outstretched hand.

"How are you, Hollis?" she asked, with the air of a great lady speaking to a peasant. Then she laid one hand on Emmy's shoulder.

"Take me out to my car, Emmaline," she said briskly.

"Well, good-night, Rosy, and happy birthday!"

Emmy saw her press something into her mother's hand as she kissed her good-by. It was small and flat, and Emmy knew that it was the fifty-dollar bill.

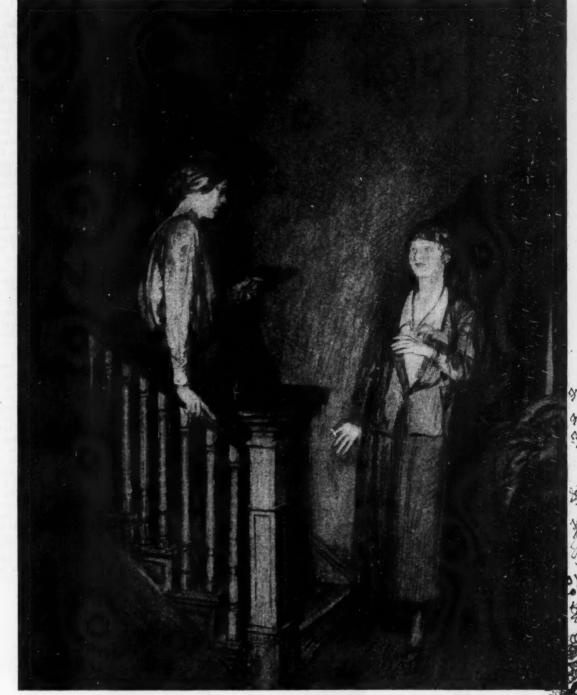
This time Mrs. Milburn kept it.

WHAT'S this Hollis hanging around the house for, all the time?" Grandmother Pentland asked sharply. "Why—I don't know—he and Perry are good friends," Emmy faltered, "and we all like him." She never had stopped to figure out why Robb came to the house so

"Nonsense! He's after you!" Grandmother Pentland said, and her black eyes seemed to pierce the darkness like twin gimlets. "How old are you, Emmy, now?" "Seventeen"

"Seventeen."
"Seventeen."
"Hmm—Well, your mother met your father when she was about your age," the old lady went on. "Don't you do what she did, mind! Don't you marry a good-looking face and a tenor voice—and then be sorry for it all the rest of your life!

"This Hollis may look like a movie-actor, but don't forget that he's nothing but a fac-



"Never let me hear you speak of your father in that way again, as long as you live."

tory-hand down in Jim Tello's woolen mill just the same—and probably always will be!"
"He's a foreman!" Emmy broke in. "And he goes to night school. He's studying—"

night school. He's studying—"
"See? There you are! Standing up for him already!"
Grandmother Pentland was bitterly triumphant. "All right, Emmy, if you want to get mixed up with a mill-hand and stay here all your days!"

"Oh, no!—No!" Emmy's voice was a little wailing cry.
"Well, then, keep your head on your shoulders! And remember, Emmy, the good old proverb—'Marry not for money, but marry where money is."

She climbed nimbly into her automobile and tucked a fur robe snugly around her knees.

fur robe snugly around her knees.

"You understand me, Emmy?" she
asked, and Emmy nodded her head. She
watched her grandmother back her car out of the narrow driveway and drive off. She stood alone, for a moment, look-

ing around her.
In the Summer the little backyard was filled with Mrs. Milburn's flowers, but tonight it seemed dark and close as a prisoncell to her. The air was heavy, and tasted of smoke. In a neighboring yard a child was

crying.
"Oh, no—no—" Emmy repeated aloud the words she had just said to her grandmother as

she turned and started back towards the house.

Suddenly, halfway across the muddy lawn, she stopped. Through the kitchen window she could see her mother

and Robb bending over something on the table.

The light struck upward on Robb's face—on his dark honest eyes, his arched nose, his firm lips . . . Yes, he was every bit as good to look at as Grandmother Pentland head head he was land had said he was.

"But if I were going to get excited about him, I'd have done it long ago," Emmy reflected with the wisdom of seventeen. Why, she knew him as she knew Dan or Perry. He was like one of her brothers.

"He's after you," Grandmother Pentland had said in that sure way of hers.

"How silly!-It's impossible," thought Emmy. But the disturbing idea stayed in her mind and made her shy when she opened the back door and came face to face

"I've been asking Robb to stay and have supper with us," Mrs. Milburn said as she stepped into the kitchen, "but he won't. And just see what he's brought me, Emmy. A jar of Ming Cha tea—it smells just like flowers drying in the sun, doesn't it?"

Emmy's shy gaze went from the little jar to Robb's face. He ran a hand through his dark unruly hair that never would lie smooth.

"I'm not dressed. I just ran in for a minute on my way up from the mill," he explained.

Emmy's eyes, critical all at once, went over him—his rough blue shirt, his faded bow tie, the cheap suit. A faint smell of wool came from his clothes.

"And this is the way he'll come home every night of his life most likely!" said Emmy to herself.

Any girl who married him would have to live right here too, probably, and do her own work, and scrimp and save the way all the women on Flower Street had to. All her youth and beauty would be steamed out of her face over the wash-tub and the soup-kettle . . . Emmy

"If Robb wants to go, Mother, we mustn't keep him," she said in a flat voice and walked across the kitchen. Robb followed her. He looked into the sitting room where the lamplight sheep on the rod go. the lamplight shone on the red ger-aniums, the gilt picture frames, and the polished sides of the piano that Mrs. Milburn had brought with her to Flower Street when she married.

"Sing 'Johnny McCree' for me, will you, Emmy?" he asked, surprisingly, "At this time of day? Why, it's supper time, Robb! I'm busy." Emmy shook her bright head.

"It wouldn't take you two minutes."
"I haven't two minutes," she answered stubbornly,
"And, anyway, I don't feel like singing tonight." She opened the front door to let him out.

It was the first time she had ever refused to sing for anyone in her life. For she loved to sing, and she sang the way Robert Browning's thrush sang—with a "fine careless rapture.

Deep in her heart, Emmy expected great things of that voice of hers. It was to lead her out of the murkiness of Flower Street and to give her the things that she

passionately wanted from life—a car of her own, lovely silky clothes, money in her pocket.

She was singing in St. Paul's choir now. Later on it would be the Chamber Music Society to which Grandmother Pentland belonged; other glittering opportunities would come along, no doubt, Emmy figured.

ROBB'S puzzled eyes were upon her. "Good-night," he said huskily, and abruptly ran down the steps. "I've hurt his feelings, I suppose," Emmy said to herself. "I don't care! I can't sing for him every time he wants me to!"

But she did care. She watched his tall broad-shouldered figure swing up the street and felt like crying because, in some mysterious fashion, her grandmother's words that afternoon had spoiled her friendship with Robb

Hollis . . . "He's after you."

They echoed in Emmy's ears as she stood at the top of the steps, swallowing hard and looking up and down the sordid dark length of the street—every-

Emmy promised herself fervently and went back into the house, so bright and friendly after the depression and gloom outside.

It is an odd fact about houses that they seem to have souls just as people have souls. Some of them are melancholy and brooding. Some of them are happy and warm and welcoming.

The little yellow house, tiny and humble as it was, had a welcome as wide as the world. You couldn't set your foot over the threshold without feeling the peace and comfort of that welcome.

So Emmy's spirits began to lift like wings as she closed the hall door behind her and stepped into the yellow candle light. She was almost herself again—her natural

sensible self.

"How horrid I was not to sing for Robb! Acting like a temperamental opera singer!" She scolded herself, running up the uncarpeted stairs to

her bedroom to get the white kid gloves.

She began to hum under her breath, the song that he had asked her to sing, as she tied a piece

of white satin ribbon around the glove-box.

". . . The plums are few and the cake is plain, And the shoes are out at toe,

For coins you look in the purse in vain. They were all spent long ago—
But Johnny McCree—oh! what cares he
As he whistles along the street?

'Would you have the blues

For a pair of shoes,
When you still have a pair of feet?'"
The gay melody was Emmy's favorite as well as
Robb's . . . Sometime in the future, when she had become a well-known singer, she would give it to her listeners for an encore, she told herself, laying the shiny white glove-box at her mother's place on the dining room table.

In the kitchen Mrs. Milburn was at the sink, cut-ting up a head of lettuce.

Emmy's deep eyes were troubled as she sat down in Emmy's deep eyes were troubled as she sat down in the small red-cushioned rocker. She wanted to tell her mother what Grandmother Pentland had said. She always had gone to her with the things that troubled and confused her, but she didn't know how to begin. It seemed such a silly thing to put into words, somehow.

Mrs. Milburn glanced down at her vivid head against the calico cushions, her quick eyes taking in the frown on Emmy's forehead, the nervous fingers.

Then she asked very quietly:

Then she asked very quietly:
"What did your grandmother have to say when you walked out to her car with her tonight?"
Emmy gave a start. "Why, she was talking about—Robb Hollis."

"I thought so," Mrs. Milburn answered. "Well, let me say just this to you, Emmy. You're far too young to bother yourself about Robb Hollis or any other young man for a while. But when the time does come, don't let anything count with you but love. The best marriage any girl can make—I don't care who she is—is not a money-marriage but a love-marriage."

She sprinkled some onion-salt and red-pepper into the salad bowl. "Money never made any woman happy. Not money alone. Don't ever forget it, Emmy."

"Are you happy?"

"Am I happy? What a question, Emmy—of course, I'm happy," her mother replied instantly. "You'll have to travel a long way before you find a woman happier than I am. That's how I know that money isn't the be-

ginning and end of life, Emmy."

There was silence in the warm lamplit room for a moment, then Emmy sighed. "I wish I could take some more singing lessons from Mrs. Hartzell," she remarked wistfully. "Then I could earn some money and get us all out of this awful neighborhood. Nobody decent to associate with—" Her voice trailed off into silence.

ate with—" Her voice trailed off into silence.

"Perhaps we can arrange for you to have some more," said Mrs. Milburn, and her hand went quickly to her apron pocket where lay the folded fifty-dollar bill that had been Grandmother Pentland's birthday present.

"Not until I finish high school next June, though. It's too much work," Emmy hurried on. She was not going to have that rent money spent on her. Not if she knew it!

Outside rose a sound of shrill whistling. Then a scuffing of feet and young Dan burst into the kitchen.

of feet and young Dan burst into the kitchen.

Dan was the baby of the family. He was red-headed and freckled, and his wide smile showed large square white teeth. His face was dirty, and there was mud on his sweater.

"Go upstairs and wash yourself. Here's the tea-kettle," his mother told him briskly. There were no hot-water pipes in the little house, and all the water had to

"YOU bet!" replied young Dan with great cheer(ulness.

That was his stock phrase—"YOU bet!"—said with enthusiasm always. Dan was always enthusiastic.

At fifteen, Dan was a man-of-the-world in his own

eyes. Whenever he was out of his mother's sight, he had that it moved up and down when he talked.

His slang was fearful and wonderful to hear. Mrs.

Milburn did not know what he was talking about, half

As he ran up the stairs two steps at a time and spilling hot water as he went, the front door opened. "That's Perry," Mrs. Milburn said, listening, "I can tell by the way he opens the door."

It was Perry, carrying a huge brown paper box which he set carefully down before he tossed his hat upon the hall mirror hook.

"What's that, for goodness' sake?" his mother asked from the dining room doorway. "Not a birthday present for me, I hope, in that expensive-looking box!" [Turn to page 65] That's what

> S ture wou appe erall by a girl. B the coul

> near in h rece by day and afte and



"No, Mother, I can't let you pay our rent. Charlie will sooner or later."

Y 1928

ung to young on't let arriage not a nto the y. Not

course, ll have

happier the be-

e some marked associmore," to her ill that sent gh. It's t going new it scuffing headed square mud on ne teano hothad to

id with is own he had lip so r. Mrs. ut, half spilling

"I can which pon the mother

"Not a

age 65]



She had found ber beart and ber lover, and bad lost both.

CLEVER GIRL

How many women have learned through sad experience that sometimes it is wise not to be clever!

Soll, upon an April day in the year nineteen hundred and twenty-six! How shall I picture her? And even a description would be unsatisfactory, for her appearance was one of the most baffling things about her. Not that Soli was generally considered baffling or incongruous by anyone who knew her. They one and all considered her an exceptionally clever all considered her an exceptionally clever

But the real Soli-? I doubt if anyone ever knew what the real Soli was. Surely those months of May and June could not but have made marked changes in her. Yet had she not experience them, would she have been any nearer developing into the personality that they fostered in her? Parkare! in her? Perhaps!

Let us go back to that late Spring day when Soli was received as a member of the California Authors' League received as a member of the California Authors' League by reason of her brilliant satire upon the youth of her day, Green Fire—a book that was remarkable in itself and in the reception that was accorded it. Six months after its publication, Green Fire was in its tenth printing and still recording spectacular sales.

There had been little astonishment in her home at the success of Soli's first book. Soli herself had known perfectly the brilliance of her mind and since she had been

fectly the brilliance of her mind, and since she had been

By Vivien R. Bretherton

ILLUSTRATED BY KYOHEI INUKAI

publishing for several years, first small verses and later short and exceedingly clever little stories, she fully expected her first novel to receive exactly the reception accorded it. Nor was her family unduly excited. Mrs. Millerand remarked at dinner that evening: "It's only what we expected of Soli. Of course she is very prone to descent the proper endeavor. I forse fame to dreams, but with the proper endeavor I forsee fame

Marie, the elder daughter, a pretty, rather plump girl, looked at the book that had brought success to her sister. "Solange's name is rather pretty on it, isn't it? I suppose it's a good thing now that she had such a fancy name—it sounds so like a writer's. Freakish, you know," she concluded.

"As things have turned out it isn't had," admitted

"As things have turned out, it isn't bad," admitted Mrs. Millerand, who had disapproved of it at the time

of its selection for her second baby. "It's the only thing your father ever did that turned out successfully."

It was at this moment that Soli,

It was at this moment that Soli, who in general paid but little heed to their remarks save when her father's name was spoken (she always felt a bit wistful at the mention of him; he had died when she was only a year old, but Soli had a feeling of comradeship with him) looked up from the pear salad she was consuming and saw that the wild plum at the foot of the garden was in bloom. None but Soli knew that the blooming of the wild plum each year marked a mile-stone in her life. Quickly she laid down her napkin, murmured a soft excuse and slipped from the room.

laid down her napkin, murmured a soft excuse and slipped from the room.

At the head of the garden steps, her face uplifted to the scented breeze that was sweeping up from the flowerbeds, Soli was recalled by her mother's voice, querulously questioning, "Solange, have you finished already? Where are you going?"

Soli stopped, half turned, then sighing a bit impatiently, reentered the house. "Yes, mother, I've finished. Please excuse me. I'm going up to my room," and running up the stairs, she hurried into its privacy, turned the key quietly in the door and [Turn to page 97]

the key quietly in the door and [Turn to page 97]

Ma

brig

eigh a re

keep

coff

pect vate

the it a

mor

mar

ting

tall

bulk litt !

dear

tion cove

Math

scen

who

be:

rupt

ing From



LIFE AND LETTERS of Gene Stratton-Porter

A memorial to a great heart and a loving life by the one who knew her best of all

By Jeanette Porter Meehan

rough places. She, too, had experienced the rough spots; so she knew how to sympathize and offer advice.

and offer advice.

Her work was not a constant raillery against existing conditions; she believed in the inherent and fundamental good of the people; and she never thought either the country or the people were "going to the dogs." Rather, her work was a valiant plea and argument for the things that should be, hoping these principles, attrac-

ing these principles, attrac-tively presented, might prove more alluring than unending preachments which

unending preachments which only weary one.

She had a peculiar genius in a timely choice of subjects. She insisted she knew what people would like, if given a chance, and she clung to her point unfalteringly through much serious opposition by various pubopposition by various pub-lishers. But she fought it out, and won. She *did* know, and she proved that

did not live to see the glorious realization of her dreams. It is not such a long story, this tale of a happy little girl who grew up to be a sweetheart, wife, mother, author and artist: and we hope, the Little Lady of Happy Memories and I, that our story will not weary you; we hope it may prove a ray of light and hope for all ambitious souls who are struggling for a place in

JEANNETTE PORTER MEEHAN.

WHAT more wonderful heritage could be possible for a child than to be born on a farm?—just to have the privilege of watching all sorts of animal, bird and plant life around you grow and develop during the procession of the year. What untold secrets a child learns, and what an everlasting effect they will have on later life if they are cherished with a sympathetic and understanding heart. Just to watch a tiny bud on an apple tree unfold into a delicate, fragrant p.nk blossom and then grow into luscious fruit; to watch a pair of birds build a nest—the mother sets while the father sings to her, the eggs hatch and the baby birds grow up sings to her, the eggs natch and the baby birds grow up and fly away; to watch a caterpillar spin a cocoon, hatch a glorious moth or butterfly, and sail away over the flowers; to watch a seed grow into a plant and bloom; to plant a vegetable garden and watch it grow into food; to see the glory of a waving wheat field with the fireflies drifting over it at sunset; or the freshness of the day on a glover fold in early morning with of the dew on a clover field in early morning with a skylark flinging down notes from the clouds to his mate skylark flinging down notes from the clouds to his mate who is setting on their nest hidden away among the clover blossoms; to feed the tiny chickens, ducks and turkeys; to play with young pigs, colts, calves and lambs; to gather the eggs; to slide down the straw-stacks; to jump into the huge bins of grain; to ride the plough horses and watch fat old robins and sleek, iridescent blackbirds pick worms from the furrows; to watch the butchering, milking and churning, the curing of meat the cider making; and then to come in tired of meat, the cider making; and then to come in, tired and hungry, to a table loaded with steaming, carefully prepared food, with big pitchers of creamy milk; and after that, to creep into a downy feather bed to unbroken later. broken sleep.

Such was the home of little Geneva Stratton-a rolling Indiana farm of two hundred and forty acres with a bubbling little creek crossing it. Mark and Mary

Stratton built a big, comfortable h o u s e, painted it white, and ran a white picket fence across the front. There were many large trees for the birds, a flower garden for bees and butterflies, a vegetable garden, an orchard and a barn with a big yard for the animals, houses for chickens, ducks and turkeys, for seeds, tools and machinery. Their and machinery. Their bush and vine covered fences crept in rows of gaudy color. Their or-chard was planted in the valley with a square of apple trees in the center, widely bordered by peach, and at bloomtime



Above is Gene's picture, taken for her fiance. To the right is Gene at sixteen. Below is Gene at ten.

ries is watching me from across ries is watching me from across the room, and every time I catch her eye, I smile at her, and she seems to smile back at me. Her wise, inscrutable blue eyes look out from a serene, untroubled face; although she has lived long, life's little joys and sorrows have passed over her lightly, and have left but few scars.

You must have guessed—the Little Lady of Happy Memories is my mother's first and only doll, only fourteen inches tall, but such a loved, cherished doll. The black hair, blue eyes, rosy cheeks and red lips are painted on

THE Little Lady of Happy Memo-

rosy cheeks and red lips are painted on a glossy china head; from the elbows her arms are china, delicately moulded; the blue garters are painted on china legs; the shoes are painted on china feet; and around the ankles there still remain the narrow strips of cloth, just as mother sewed them on with childish stitches, so that the feet could not click

together and break.

Many years ago Mother named her Grace
Greenwood, but I call her the Little Lady of Happy Memories because she has seen so much of life; she has watched many children grow up, and has helped to keep them happy; she has watched life's many and varied experiences come to the parents

and varied experiences come to the parents
of these same children, first in my grandmother's family, then in Mother's family
—and now she sits in my study—still watching.

Mother has carried her about the country for many
years. Wherever Mother was, there also was Grace
Greenwood. She has known Mother's happiness, love,
joys, sorrows, successes, failures, ambitions and achievetest the whole and achievements; she knew her innermost thoughts and every mood, for I have often heard my mother talking to her.

So I am glad the Little Lady is watching me while I am writing this little volume in memory of Mother. I am trying to write it truthfully and faithfully. I believe the Little Lady of Happy Memories will not allow me to go wrong—she will watch me, and if I make a mistake, some way she will tell me, and I will cor-

It is the tale of a simple, unselfish life, simply told; it is not one of wealth, luxurious living and arrogance. It is only the story of what one woman, with the heritage of a clean mind, honest heart, ambitious soul and intelligent brain was able to accomplish by her own efforts, many times against serious odds, and always with the thought behind it all of how she could best help others—not allow the struggling one to become dis-couraged—and how to cheer and comfort them over the

s h e did: she knew, as no one else has ever seemed to know. the minds

and hearts of her public, and the things

that would appeal to them.

She was a happy little wild thing as a child; a busy contented wife; a wonderful mother; and she must have been a suc-cessful writer, for her books still live and breathe health, happiness and cleanliness into the lives of those she has left beinto the lives of those she has left behind. The keynote of it all is simplicity, in code, manner and dress—so simple we fail to grasp it: just Love, love of God, love of Nature, love of her fellow-men. I know the bigness of her soul, her generous motives, and her untiring efforts to reach the goal she set for herself. I shall never cease to grieve that she



e

little other, dy of weary pe for IAN.

ossible ust to l, bird ng the child have thetic on an air of father ow up ocoon y over

t and grow shness with a s mate ng the s and s and strawde the

overed ows of ir in the are of cen-

red by

curing , tired refully c; and to una rolls with Mary big nd ran fence There trees flower getable d and yard houses tools it spread like a great pink-bordered white blanket on the face of earth. Swale they might have drained made moist places for sheets of blue flags, buttercups and cowslips. You could look from no window in the house without seeing a picture of perfect beauty. It was an ideal home, clean, neat, artistically planned and the whole permeated with an atmosphere of love, contentment and kindliness.

At the time of their marriage, December 24, 1835, Mark Stratton described his bride, Mary Schallenberger, as a "ninety-pound bit of delicate porcelain, pink as a

as a "ninety-pound bit of delicate porcelain, pink as a wildrose, plump as a partridge, having a big rope of bright brown hair, never ill a day in her life, and bearring the lovelist name ever given to a woman—Mary." Years later Geneva wrote of her: "She was the mother of twelve lusty babies, all of whom she reared past eight years of age, losing two little girls at that time as a result of scarlet fever and whooping cough, too ugly a combination for even such a wonderful mother as she. With this brood on her hands, she found time to keep an immaculate house, to set a table renowned in her part of the state, to entertain with unfailing hospi-tality all who came to her door, to beautify her home her part of the state, to entertain with unfailing hospitality all who came to her door, to beautify her home with such means as she could command, to embroider and fashion clothing for her children by hand; but her great gift was conceded by all to be her ability for making things grow. She started dainty little vines and climbing plants from tiny seeds she found in rice and coffee. Rooted things she soaked in water, rolled in fine sand, planted according to habit. I cannot remember one instance in which they failed to justify her expectations. She even started trees and shrubs from cuttings no one else would have thought of trying to cultivate. Her last resort was to cut a slip diagonally, insert the lower end in a small potato, plant as if rooted and it almost always grew. There is a shaft of white stone standing at her head in a cemetery that belonged to her, on a corner of my father's land; but to me her real monument is a cedar of Lebanon, which she set in this manner, topping the brow of a little hill crossing the grounds. She carried the slips from Ohio where she had obtained them for a man who had brought a tree, a tiny thing, from the Holy land, and he gave her two little cuttings. She planted both this way, one in her dooryard and

thing, from the Holy land, and he gave her two little cuttings. She planted both this way, one in her dooryard and
one in her cemetery. That tree must stand thirty feet
tall now, and have a body two feet in circumference.
"My mother was of Dutch extraction, and like all
Dutch women, she worked her especial magic with
bulbs, which she favored above any other flowers. Tulips,
daffodils, star flowers, Easter flowers, lilies, dahlias,
little bright hyacinths that she called 'blue bells,' she
dearly loved. From these latter she distilled exquisite
perfume by putting clusters at the acme of bloom perfection in bowls lined with freshly made unsalted butter. perfume by putting clusters at the acme of bloom perfection in bowls lined with freshly made unsalted butter, covering them closely, and cutting the few drops of extract thus obtained with alcohol. She could do more different things, and finish them in a greater degree of perfection, than any woman I ever have known. If I were limited to one adjective in describing her, 'capable' would be the word."

Mother wrote of her father: "Father was descended from a long line of ancestors of British blood. He was named

ish blood. He was named for, and traced his origin to that Mark Stratton who married the famous beauty, Ann Hancock, and settled on Stratton Island, afterward corrupted to Staten, according to family tradition ing to family tradition. From that point back for generations, across the









"Grace Greenwood"

sea he followed his line to that family of Strattons of which the Earl of Northbrooke is the present head. To which the Earl of Northbrooke is the present head. To his British traditions and the customs of his family my father clung with rigid tenacity, never swerving a particle through environment or association. He believed in God, in courtesy, in honor, in cleanliness, in beauty, in educa-tion. His very first earnings he spent for a book; all

his life he was a student, with the most tenacious memory of any man I ever knew intimately. He especially loved history—Rolland's, Wilson's 'Outlines,' Hume, Macaulay, Gibbon, Prescott, Bancroft. He could repeat the entire Bible, giving chapters and verses, save the books of generations. I never knew him to fail in telling where any verse quoted to him was telling where any verse quoted to him was to be found.

"My father's mind was such a treasure house that the greatest pity of his passing was that all he knew should perish with him. But it is scarcely fair to express it that way, for all his life, with no thought of fatigue or inconvenience to himself, he traveled miles uncounted to share what he had learned with those less fortunately. traveled miles uncounted to share what he had learned with those less fortunately situated by delivering sermons, lectures, talks on civic improvement and politics. To him the love of God could be expressed in no other way as in love of his fellow men, and the one Biblical quotation most often on his lips was: 'All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to
you, do ye even so to them.' He could
put more meaning into those lines in accent and action

than I was accustomed to seeing and hearing in other men. He worshipped beauty: beautiful faces, souls, hearts; beautiful landscapes, trees, animals, flowers. He loved color—rich, bright color and every variation down to the palest shades.

"My father never was too busy to fertilize a flower bed, or dig holes to set a tree or bush. A word con-stantly on his lips was 'tidy.' It applied equally to a woman, a house, a field or a barn lot. He had a streak of genius in his makeup: the genius of large apprecia-tion. Over Biblical passages, over great books, over sun-lit landscapes, over a violet abloom in deep shade, over

a heroic deed of man, I have seen his brow light up, his eyes shine, and his countenance glow until he must have resembled Elijah when he looked into Heaven. He was constantly reading aloud to us children and to visitors, descriptions of the great deeds of men."

Mark Stratton was an ordained minister of the Gospel and, aside from his duties on the farm, he conducted three services on Sunday at the little church which stood on a corner of his farm. He donated the land for this church and helped the neighbors to build it. Next to it is a cemetery where he and Mary and several members of their family are buried. His interest in his fellow men and his desire to serve them is further shown in the fact that he also donated a lot near the church for a country school. The church, the cemetery and the school bore the name which he gave to his farm, "Hopewell," and as the years have passed the entire country-side has come to be known as Hopewell Community, a fitting memorial to the lives of Mark and Mary Stratton.

M OTHER believed that the ability to write successfully was an especial gift from the gods, and that writing that lives because it is loved can be done only by those having vivid imagination, wide experience, a vital sense of humor, copious expression and a sharp eye for the daily exhibits of human nature, good, bad and worse. She believed writers were born with the desire to write so great that it urged insistently until it forced expression.

The Stratton family Bible records: "Geneva Grace Stratton was born August 17, 1863." At this date the Civil War was at its height. Intelligent people were discussing the President's Proclamation of Emancipation and the slave question in general. Mark and Mary Stratton were devoutly anti-slavery and absolute Unionists. They often harbored runaway slaves on their farm. There was a ravine running along the edge of the orchard ending in a hollow which Father Stratton dug out and an or tunning along the comping of the cave made into a cave or tunnel. The opening of the cave was heaped with stones, and the place was used as an "underground station." During the night escaped slaves were brought to the farm and hidden in this cave, where they were given beds of straw, food, a candle for light and kept until the next night when they were again wicked we and taken on their ways.

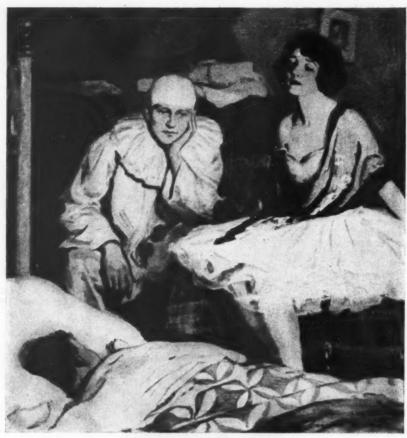
and kept until the next hight when they were again picked up and taken on their way.

The excitement of these thrilling and perilous times might easily have had both a pre-natal and a post-natal influence on the vivid imagination which Geneva developed later in her writings. Mary Stratton was forty-six and Mark Stratton was fifty when Geneva was born, six years after they had ceased to expect that more children would come to them. Her journey to earth was half over would come to them. Her journey to earth was half over before they knew she was on the way, giving her no excuse to be other than perfectly normal. Both were at the height of their intellectual development, and the mark of their best was set on the little girl, in her

mark of their best was set on the little girl, in her fibre, blood and brain.

The little Strattons were all very well trained, and although Geneva was the youngest by six years and the pet of the family, she still had her tasks and small duties about the farm. The older brothers and sisters were married and gone before she was born, and she had nieces and nephews older than she. Although they kept what was then known as a "hired girl," each child had its duties. Geneva's earliest tasks were picking up the clothes-pins that dropped on the grass, carrying chips to the wood-box in the kitchen and to the huge fireplace in the living room, and pounding bricks into dust to scour the living room, and pounding bricks into dust to scour the knives.

Later she ran errands, swept walks, and helped to feed chickens and gather the eggs from [Turn to page 88]



One grimy band clutched at the pillow.

BOHEMIA'S BABY

From the crooked byways of Greenwich Village, where life is gay and carefree, comes this whimsical story of a baby in quest of a bed. HERE were orange candles

in the big, dim room and seated beside the roaring wood-fire was Kelly Dunn. Jim Clay, shedding his overcoat in the doorway, forgot for a time the overdue batch of cartoons he had abandoned at Kelly's telephone call and blinked in astounded silence at his friend and host. It was like Jim to say least when he was most moved and Kelly's re-turn after an irresponsible elopement and

turn after an irresponsible elopement and a protracted period of honeymoon somewhere in a painter's borrowed studio on a distant cliff, lay warmly in his heart. Fern, too, Kelly's gay and lovely wife, had been his friend.

"Temporarily affluent," he observed, staring about him. The blond young viking by the fire grinned.

"Permanently," he corrected. "My uncle in Connecticut. Uncle Egbert."

"Permanently!"

"Permanently!"

"Yes, Uncle Egbert calls it an ante-mortem legacy,"

"Yes, Uncle Egbert calls it an ante-mortem legacy,"

nodded Kelly. "I'm to quit tearing around the globe on free-lance newspaper hunches, settle down and write fiction."

Permanent the glow of silken grange curtains snow

Beyond the glow of silken orange curtains snow whirled in the deepening twilight. In spite of Kelly's telephoned assertion that he had found a roomy garret studio with "atmosphere and all the modern inconveniences" Jim had found the exterior of the ramshackle old house set crazily in a twisted street of Greenwich Village unpromising in the extreme. But inside batik hung brightly on the faded walls. A black rug lay sharply on the painted orange floor. Even the ancient square on the painted orange floor. Even the ancient square piano had been painted grotesquely black and orange. "Can't figure out where you sleep," observed Jim sud-

By Leona Dalrymple

ILLUSTRATED BY JOHN NEWTON HOWITT

denly, still staring about the room with interest.

"In a room like this," Kelly told him, "unless it folds, a bed is a glaring candor. The window-seats are wide and we've plenty of bedding."

"Personally," said Jim, "I sleep on a couch."

"Obviously," agreed Kelly, "a couch is less of a candor than a bed. Unfortunately our list of needs was long. By the time we'd worked down to the couch part of it the

the time we'd worked down to the couch part of it, the money was gone."

"Gone!"
"Uncle Egbert's first check. He works it some way or other by the month. I rather felt Aunt Cora'd had a hand in the size of it. She's like that—Aunt Cora—prudent—regrettably prudent. Fortunately I'd established credit with the grocer. I gave him five dollars ahead and told him when he'd worked it out to ask for

"It was like Kelly," Jim groaned.
"What's that thing?" he demanded suddenly. "It looks like a rocking clothes-basket."
"It is," said Kelly. "I made it."

"A green and orange clothes-basket!" exclaimed Jim

in intense annoyance, for he deemed the extraordinary thing some flippancy of Kelly's, and walking toward it he stared down presently into a grave and searching pair

of eyes.
"My Heavens!" he gasped, "it—it's a baby!"
"The individual in the clothes-basket,"

explained Kelly, poking the fire, "happens to be my son and heir."

explained Kelly, poking the fire, "happens to be my son and heir."

Thunderstruck, Jim stared rudely into the basket. The small, sedate countenance of Kelly's son broadened suddenly into a grin. He chuckled, heaving mysteriously with mirth.

"Any singular composition of human features," explained Kelly, "seems to set him off. You'd be surprised the way he mulls things over."

"Why in the name of Heaven," Jim inquired, "didn't you buy him a crib or whatever the thing is they rock?"

"Because," said Kelly hotly, "when we got to remembering it, there wasn't any money. And we had a clothesbasket. And a busted rocker. Personally," he added loftilly, "I consider the contraption rather ingenious."

"I consider the way you've gone about this thing darned theatric," said Jim, bridling. "You might have told me. What's his name?"

"Kelly," said the father of Kelly II. "Though chiefly we refer to him as the Appendix."

Jim rose again and approached the basket. The Appendix it seemed to him, looked, in repose, extremely sturdy and very grave.

"Good Heavens Kelly." he stammered wining his fore-

"Good Heavens, Kelly," he stammered, wiping his fore-head, "it—it never occurred to me there'd be a baby. Both of you are as irresponsible and willy-nilly as the wind!"

"Somehow," explained Kelly, "we felt it more or less a duty. The Doctor pronounced us both eugenically eligible for parenthood. Personally," he added with a touch of irritation, "I feel that Fern and I from the start have exhibited a scientific sort of sense."

"Sense! You eloped with Fern precisely three days after you met her!"

after you met her!

1928

Jim's mind grappled hysterically for an interval. Then again he blinked at the baby. Grotesquely woolly swath-ings had converted the hapless Appendix into a sort of figannel papoose. To Jim, who knew less of babies than even Fern and Kelly, he looked sensibly warm and

even Fern and Kelly, he looked sensibly warm and fuzzy. He said so.
"Flannel!" declared Kelly proudly. "My idea. I bought a bolt of it. You see we—we forgot he needed clothes. Fern said that dimly in the back of her mind, she figured they just wrapped them up in things. So did I. The nurse was cross. First off we had to wrap him up in a piece of batik. Jim, do new babies always look red and a trifle annoyed?"
"I don't wonder he did." said Jim fervently. "I em-

"I don't wonder he did," said Jim fervently. "I emphatically don't.

Kelly ignored him. "By the way, what's the bag?" asked Iim.

What bag?"

Jim indicated a swollen sausage affair on a hook by the window. It was large and woolly and from it protruded mysterious ends of some indiscriminate stuffing. "Oh," said Kelly, "that's the Appendix's duffle-bag. It imperiectly secretes his wardrobe. No closets," he added. "I keep my clothes in one window-seat and Fern keeps hers in the other. Unavoidably the duffle-bag is a glaring

"To me," said Jim positively, "it was not a candor."
The duffle-bag, having fired off apparently in Kelly's mind another domestic fuse of thought, he descended in a panic on the ice-box pan and emptied it barely in in a panic on the ite-box pan and empired it barely in the nick of time. A tag dangled wetly from one of its handles. On it in Kelly's handwriting appeared the single word—"Air."
"Air!" he ejaculated.

Jim, bewildered, opened a window. Kelly closed it, talking rapidly. Air, Jim gathered after a time, was an idea of Uncle Egbert's. Persistently he arrived in his

nephew's studio, en route to ambiguous errands which required his presence in New York and apparently nothing but his presence, and expressed on the subject of warmth and air for Kelly, Jr. extremely positive opinions. He had contrived somehow to create in Kelly's mind an almost obsessive regard for the items in question. Remindful air-tags hung plentifully about the studio. The temperature of the Appendix had become a scientific flameled thing of layers, which Mrs. Duffy, who lived in the basement and humored an ancient furnace, laundered and the light Walls.

dered according to her lights. Kelly, Jr. was wrapped or peeled by thermometer. And muffled in his clothesbasket beside an open window, he was daily aired in the bathroom.

"And now," said Kelly hopelessly,
"it's snowing! First time. What'll I do?"
"Well," said Jim flatly, "air or no
air, snow's bad for him." They sat
down. "Where's Fern?"

Fern, Kelly said was out peddling. "Peddling!

Kelly nodded. "A free verse. She's gone in for it."

When Fern came at six, her shoulders white with snow, the Appendix was asleep. Her eyes and cheeks, dark

was asleep. Her eyes and cheeks, dark under a scarlet tam, blazed with uncontrollable excitement.

"Oh, Kelly," she gasped, "I—I sold it. A new magazine. I met Nicky Finn in the subway and he knew the editor."

Incredibly child-like, Jim reflected with a sigh, incredibly lovely the mother of Kelly, Jr.—this girl with the soft lovely gypsy eyes and the gay, sensitive charming mouth. In her bright, dark face lay subtly the conflict of a strange heredity. After all, you cannot successfully mate a beautiful, irresponsible circus-rider with an aristocratic black sheep of circus-trailing habits without a striking black sheep of circus-trailing habits without a striking result. Fern was that result. And many curious forces shot with tinsel had gone into her molding. There had been too, an art school, Jim remembered. Fern, orphaned after undependable ventures in the field of art, had drifted onto an art editor's post on a poor magazine and met in what the Philistine is pleased to call Bohemia,

Kelly Dunn. Inordinately generous, Kelly, truly gifted and indefatigably lazy. And his love for the mother of Kelly, Jr. lay plainly in his face.

"The Nest!" So Kelly telephoning

foresaw the impending popularity of "The Nest" for Kelly and Fern were incurably gay and lovable. He fore-

Kelly and Fern were incurably gay and lovable. He fore-saw the appalling consequences of Uncle Egbert's monthly checks. And as time wore on, he worried.

"It's the worst—the worst possible thing that could have happened to them," he burst forth to Bart Mason late one afternoon. "The worst possible!"

Bart, a prolific writer of unpublished songs in the leisure hours of a somewhat unappreciated art photography, gazed at him vacantly.

"What," he asked, "the baby?"

"The money." said I im impa-

"What," he asked, "the baby?"
"The money," said Jim impatiently. "They know about as much about money, those two—as—you do. Kelly ought to have to work. Then he'd get at it. This way—you know as well as I do Kelly works only when he has to."
"Personally." observed Bart.

"Personally," observed Bart, "I'm with him there."

"I'm with him there."

"As for the things they buy!"
Jim pushed his work back with a snort. "I don't blame the grocer for turning hand-springs on the door-mat when Kelly's been holding out on him and he looks in and spots a new expensive samovar. If those two idiots had to work and earn their living, you can take it from me, they'd spend can take it from me, they'd spend

it with more sense and less abandon. A tea-wagon, too," he went on with an angry grunt. "They bought a tea-wagon. A mahogany tea-wagon. A portable thing-

umaderry a wiggle oolong around a room and half the time the kid's legs are wrapped in flannel spirals because the money's gone when they think of socks."

The money, Kelly could have told him, was somehow always gone when a chronic need became emphatic. Though perpetually a laboring income pursued the hap-hazard list he kept of potential purchases, invariably it was laps behind. It never for instance caught up to that spot on the list where Kelly had spelled perambulator wrongly. It never overtook the socks. Once in a crisis, Jim had patiently revised the family memoranda, listing the needs first and the luxuries last but nothing had come

"That time," he told Bart now, "they bought something or other not on the list and shot the budget to flinders. Costumes, I think, for a dance, Pierrette and Pierrot. Hand me my hat."

the basket, and the basket of course, had filled up. It al-Turn to page 95]



for he y thing y's, and ed down ng pair -it's a

happens ly into rin. He

pasket.

urprised "didn't rock?" remem-

es," ex-

ed lofts thing ht have

chiefly The Ap tremely

his forey. Both wind!"

wal

a b



ILLUSTRATED BY WALTER EVERETT

"They seemed like a pair of youngsters."

THE YOUNG GHOST

Love, like "a lamp amid the Darkness," pierces the veil of understanding to make of Suzo a pleasant memory.

SUZO did not come into my life till more than a year

after her death. I knew Bob slightly through our mutual friendship with Walton Dana. And I knew vaguely that Bob was married. But it was only after I had moved into the little white house, where Bob and Suzo had their brief acquaintance with matrimony that Suzo became a genuine reality to me.

It was to Dana that I went with my perplexities. It had been because of Dana that I found myself living in the little white house. I had needed some sort of shelter. An apartment was what I had in mind, but Dana's friend, Bob, had a house to rent—a very little house, as Dana argued, not really any larger than a normal apartment. Besides Bob needed the money. He even talked of moving back into the house himself if it could not be rented, insisting that he could not afford to be paying out rent while he owned a house that stood idle. I suspected after-wards that it was not Bob's mere need of money that led Dana to bully me into taking the house; it was rather his need of knowing that the little house was occupied. It has been pretty disconcerting the way tenants always moved out

Dana's belligerent gaze fairly dared me to move out,

s I stated my discomfort in my new quarters. He was very fond of Bob.
"I suppose you know, Dana," I said, "that the place is haunted."

There was no surprise in his voice as he answered, "An apparently sane, educated, full grown man has the gall to whimper that his house is haunted! If there's anything strange about that house, you know, as well as I do, that there's some reasonable explanation for it."
"What, for instance?"

By Dorothy Heyward



"Well-there may be a chink in the wainscoting, or, some sort of aperture through which the wind sucks in

'So it was of that that the other tenants complained

"Of what?"

"Her sobbing in the night."

Dana gave me for a moment the full light of his con-

tempt. Then he shrugged his shoulders.
"Yes. That's what they said. The first tenants knew

the circumstances of her death, so they thought they had to

story about her; and they've successfully passed it on to all the others, but—"

"Not to me."
"—but I must say I expected some common sense from you, Brent. It's rather absurd, you know, when you think of it; a six-foot, hundred and seventy pound man afraid of Suzan.

She was very young, you know—and very little. After she cut her hair, it seemed actually ludicrous, her being married at all."

As he talked of her he smiled; not the sad smile due to the dead, but an amused smile that seemed on the verge of a chuckle.

"I imagined, from the house, that she was very gay." "I magnied, from the nouse, that she was very gey.

"Oh yes, gay—when she was gay. But then, she was
serious too. She never grew up, I think. But the year
passed over her till they said she was twenty, so she got
married. And, as a married woman, she would propound
her views on life, sex, philosophy—I think she had original opinious on every subject—and always wrong. She inal opinions on every subject—and always wrong. She was a great unconscious humorist. So, of course, it's very amusing—even though it's very sad—that a lot of big hulking people are afraid of her funny, serious little

ghost."
"My dear Dana," I protested, "I don't believe I mentioned that I was afraid.
"Then why do you want to move out?"
"I don't. I never did. You jump to conclusions. I merely wanted you to know that you had not pulled the wool over my eyes. I know the house is haunted."
He searched my face in silence. When he spoke, the flippancy, the contempt, had gone from his voice.
"You really think she's there, Brent?" he said. "Just

RY 1928

between us, old man. You can go on record as having met the ghost, if you like—but, between us—two fellows who have been through college together and learned as much as we could hold of psychology and philosophy, you really believe she is there?"

He stared at me in silence. Then: "It certainly gets me," he said. "I'd have thought you were the least superstitious fellow on earth. That's the reason I was so dead set on your taking the place. I didn't want any more stories carried to Bob about how people couldn't live in his house because of poor, little Suzo—Bob's name for her. She called him Bobbel—absurd names, but they

"Not for three or four months after her death. And I stayed with him part of the time."

"And did you hear it?—the wind sucking through the

walls?

walls?"

"No, not a thing. Not a murmur. Neither did Bob."

"Then, why did he move?"

"You ought to be able to answer that one. There are plenty of ghosts in the place for him, without his imagining them: the furniture she painted, the wallpaper she selected. He was very happy there—right up to the final crash. He can't bear to go near the place now."

Again he searched my face in silence.

"You mean it?—You'll stay? If you really believe you hear her, it can't be very pleasant?"

"It isn't so bad now that I've moved her to the next room," I said. "I always meant to change things around a bit. I didn't want two beds in my room. But, just at

a bit. I didn't want two beds in my room. But, just at first I was busy—I left their twin beds standing side by side. Then she would keep me awake all night long—tossing on her little bed, and sort of gasping, as though she were smothering her sobs in the pillow. It was rather uncanny, in the mornings, to find the bed smooth and neat with no trace, whatever, that it had been used all night. When I moved it to the next room I rather extends to the heat to the least to the rest to the rest room I rather expected her to rebel and insist upon staying where she was. But she moved obediently with her little bed. And now I only hear an occasional gulp, unless I go over and listen at the door."

Dana was gazing at me with an almost ludicrous per-

plexity.

"I don't get it, Brent," he said. "Bob was her husband. and I was her good friend. You're a perfect stranger. Why should you hear her when we didn't?"

"I don't know the answer. It's a funny thing. Some people can, and some can't. That's all."

He couldn't accept this.

"I suppose you consider yourself psychic, or clairvoy-

ant, or whatever you call it," he said sarcastically.
"I don't know," I said. "I've never seen a ghost. But
I've always suspected that I might some day. I knew the
exact minute my father died, although I was in Europe
and he was in New York, and I hadn't even heard that he was ill "

Dana pondered a moment longer; then his manner became suddenly business-like.

"Something's got to be done about it," he announced.

"But what can be done?"

He got his hat.

"I'm going home with you," he said, "and we're going to get to the bottom of this."

He went with me to the little white house. I had lived there two months, and I now felt that I knew Bobbel—really a very slight acquaintance—and Suzo, whom I had never seen, as I knew no one else on earth. Even her face was familiar—though I had never seen her picture.

As I closed the door behind us, I smiled with Dana's fond, amused smile. It was really

an odd habitation for a ghost. There it was, just as Suzo had left it in her hurried departure from this life. There was the wallpaper she had chosen—vines and flowers running riot. There was the furniture she had painted—the painting of the very young; not but that her steady young hand had faithfully followed the patterns of the stencil, but there was undoubted evidence that painting had been fun-too much fun to stop when the pattern was completed. There had still been room on each article for some original designs. One surmised that, with a year or two more of maturity, Suzo would have repainted; but, in the twentieth year of life, and the first year of matrimony, she found her work good. And, as we stood in the doorway, inspecting the gay little room that served as combination living and dining room, I somehow found in it the unconscious harmony of an old-fashioned garden where marigolds and blue bachelor-buttons, heliotrope and old-time pinks

all nod together in happy abandon.

Dana set resolutely to work with quite the manner of he examined every crack and corner. I was henchman, holding his instruments and doing as I was told.

After the living-dining-room, we explored the white-curtained room where the little twin beds had stood.

Then we moved on to the adoining room, to which Suzo's bed had been moved. This room received the major portion of Dana's attention. He tapped the walls and took conscientious measurements to insure against secret

hiding places, or any nooks concealed by sliding walls. Across the hall was that grim little room, all white tile, with the shiny white tub, in which Suzo's slim body had been found.

We prepared our own supper in the little kitchenette;

we prepared our own supper in the inthe kitchenette;
then lit our pipes and sat down to examine the evidence.
We reconstructed it all; beginning with the voice over
the telephone—a stranger's voice—which had summoned

Dana to the side of his friend: "Mrs Carlin's
fainted in the bathtub. They're afraid she's
drowned." The doctors had been there some minutes when Dana reached the house. The pulmotor was already at work. It was only a matter of minutes before the doctors gave up hope, but it was four hours before they ceased to work. Even then Bob was unwilling to have them stop. It was impossible that Suzo was dead. She had been singing that

Suzo was dead. She had been singing that morning as she polished the wedding presents—too new really to need attention.

"The first thing to look into," said Dana, "is the cause. Why should she roam about, instead of staying quietly in her grave, as, I believe, most dead people do. You will remember that, according to old superstitions, it is always ghosts of people who have met with sudden death that do the haunting—which would, of course, apply in Suzan's case. Why should a person, who had died suddenly be more proper to haunt than a person

apply in Suzan's case. Why should a person, who had died suddenly, be more prone to haunt than a person who has died quietly in his bed?"

"I have heard it argued," I said, "that, when a person dies quietly in his bed, sinking gradually out of this life, his will-to-live gradually diminishes as his strength fails. But, when a person's life is suddenly extinguished, all his energies violently interrupted at full-stream, his will-to-live has not abated and continues after him."

"But Suzan voluntarily relinguished her will-to-live.

"But Suzan voluntarily relinquished her will-to-live. So why does she go around moaning?"

So why does she go around moaning?"

"She doesn't moan; she cries," I told him. "I knew she must be very young. You can tell by her crying. It is the crying of a heart-broken child. Perhaps she has changed her mind and wants to come back into life."

"Still, she has been dead a year," he said. "She should be used to death." He relit his pipe which had gone out. "Perhaps she weeps for her sins," he said.

"Sine!" I was indignant; but then Does had not been all the said.

"Perhaps she weeps for her sins," he said.
"Sins!" I was indignant; but then Dana had not heard

that heart-broken little wail.
"No one suspects that her sins are very black," he No one suspects that her sins are very black, he said. "I don't suppose falling in love with a man who isn't your husband can be called a sin at all. We can't help whom we fall in love with. Still—nothing in her life became her less than the leaving of it. Suicide's always



Bob..... flew out at her and told her she was not to see him anymore.

inces o so they had to me cessfully me comther ab-

of it; a f Suzan. fter she er being

nile du on the ry gay. she wa ne year she got ropour

ad origit's very of big. us little elieve

sions. illed the oke, the

d. "Just

a sin, I think-an unpardonable piece of selfishness."

"I think there's a certain pathetic courage in her method," I said, "—breaking her heart over the other fellow, never admitting it to him, never letting on to her husband; simply telling the fellow that she has made up her mind she must never see him again—and then, going home and drowning herself."

"She was unhappy, no doubt," Dana conceded, "but what was that to the anguish she's left behind her. Have

you seen Bob lately?"

I said I had not "He looks as if he were dead himself. She might have thought of him."
"You're sure it was suicide?"

"You're sure it was suicide?"
"It certainly looks that way."
"Yet, you remember, Dana—the day it happened, when you dashed into my room and told me how she died—I asked you then if it might have been suicide, and you said, 'not a chance.'"
"That was before I knew all the facts—before Keene Everett made his revelations. It was Bob, himself, who put me on the wrong track. He never doubted for a rooment that it was an accident—at first I mean. He moment that it was an accident-at first, I mean. He knows now.

"Bob had never suspected that she loved Everett?"

"Bob had never suspected that she loved Everett?"

"Absolutely not. He never would have believed it—only—the thing worked in a vicious circle. Nothing could have convinced him that she loved Everett—except her suicide; and nothing could convince him that it was suicide—except the realization that he had her her. suicide-except the realization that he had lost her love. Why the devil couldn't Everett have kept his confounded mouth shut!"

"Well, why believe him?" I asked. "It seems to me a fellow must be an awful cad to come out and claim that a woman committed suicide for love of him—when no

"That's just the trouble. He didn't. He insisted she hadn't committed suicide for love of him—when no one suspected her. There was no reason for him to say anything. But he said it. He assured everyone that her death

must have been an accident. Then, in the next breath, he'd say that he blamed himself very much. Then people began to wonder and, to talk."
"But surely not to Bob?"

"They let things slip. Bob soon knew what people were thinking. It made him angry at first. That was all. He said no one could tell him any-thing about Everett and Suzan, because Suzan had told him everything there was to tell. But the innuendos began to get on his nerves, and he went straight to Everett and insisted he must know what it was all about. He came to me, then, in a perfect rage—because Everett hadn't said a thing he could take exception to. Bob said he was very noble and patroniz-ing; said his attitude was: 'I'll die before I admit that your wife killed herself because of me!' Silly little Suzo—when she had a husband like Bob! Why, I thought they were the happiest people on earth. They seemed like a pair of youngsters; always laughing and teasing each other. I was there one night for dinner when Bob was teasing her about her 'beau'
—Everett, of course. It was plain that she was proud of having a beau. Of course Everett's ten years older and rich and all the girls are mad about him. But Bob thought nothing of it— at the time, I mean. Treated it as a joke. He never protested till the night before she died. He told her then that it was getting a bit thick; that she must stop seeing Everett. Bob considered it all the merest tiff. But he was afraid he might have hurt her feelings—a little. That was why he was bringing flowers when he came home and found her there. Why couldn't Keene Everett have kept his mouth shut instead of starting all this trouble?"

He knocked the ashes from his pipe, and paced twice

across the room.

"It seems there's a difference," he said, "between having the wife you love carried off by death—and— learning that she went voluntarily because she couldn't

bear the thought of spending her whole life with you."

He sat down again. "We're getting nowhere," he said.
"The question still is, 'what does she cry about?""

I suggested that we call in the only witness whose testimony might be of value.

Dana shook his head. "I know everything Everett has to tell," he said. "He admits making love to Suzan, but

says he never dreamed she'd take it so seriously. That's straight enough, I guess. He's always making love to some one—usually a married one. He told me just what he'd said to Suzan, and it tallied exactly with Suzan's reports to Bob. Just the usual nonsense of a fellow who ports to Bob. Just the usual nonsense of a fellow who loves to talk about love, where there's no danger of finding himself engaged. She had been motoring with him quite a lot. In the beginning Bob had urged her to go, because he could never get home till after six. Then, when he'd ask her what she and Keene had talked about, she'd repeat the whole conversation verbatim. Bob tried to treat it as a joke, but, that last night, he flew out at her and told her she was not to see him any more. She said that she had an engagement for the next afternoon which she wanted to keep but that, after that she would never see him again.

"Keene says he noticed at the time that she was very pale, but he thought nothing of it. She kept her promise to Bob and never saw him again. She never saw Bob

again either."

Just before twelve, we went upstairs and into the little room where Suzo's bed stood. It was there that Dana

intended to keep his watch.

He made a last investigation; then drew the armchair into a corner and took up his position where he could watch every angle of the room.

"Go on to bed," he said. "I'll call you if I hear anything."

I was restless and could not sleep. The house was very quiet. At last I got up and tiptoed over to the door. I caught the sound of deep rhythmical breathing. Very carefully I opened the door. Dana was sitting in his big

armchair, peacefully sleeping. I gently closed the door, went back to my bed, and slept.

I dreamed that I was being racked by an ineffable sorrow, the exact nature of which I could not distinguish, but the whole house seemed to palpitate to my sobs. Vaguely I began to realize that the sobs were not mine.

Then suddenly I was wide awake.

It seemed to me that the little green door was opening.

The sad little ghost gazing with wide reproachful eyes.

But, when I sat up in bed and stared at it, it was still tightly closed.

Yet I knew that I was no longer alone in my room. My straining ears caught a sharply indrawn breath. I felt that she was crossing at the foot of my bed. Then I knew that there was some one on the bed next to mine.

Only there was no bed there. I stared into the darkness. Slowly my eyes became accustomed to her, as eyes learn to see in the dark after a brilliant light has suddenly been extinguished. The sad little ghost was sitting on her little bed and gazing at me with wide, reproachful eyes. She looked just as I had known she would; a serious little face with round serious eyes and dark hair. She was all in white, as a ghost should be, but her garment was not a shroud. It was a diminutive nightdress of a simple design, such as I suppose little girls wear. As I see it again in memory, it seems to me that there were white polka-dots embroidered on it somewhere.

Her steady gaze disconcerted me. I was embarrassed. Was she displeased with me for having moved her bed, or for Dana's intrusion? Quick to use the method which I had found effective with reproachful mortals, I hastened

"You know, you really shouldn't be here," I said.
The round eyes grew rounder with surprise. I saw that
I had taken the right track. I thought she was going to

apologize. But she said nothing.

"You're quite a young ghost, you know," I said. "It isn't as though you were one of those old spooks that's been wandering about a castle for generations. Most ghosts stay quietly where they belong, you know. There's still time for you to break the habit before it grows on you. Why do you do it?"

She drew in her breath in that sad little sigh, and

continued to gaze at me with unblinking eyes. I had just

decided that she couldn't talk when she said:
"I'm awfully tired and I can't sleep."

The weariness in that voice quite wrung my heart. I put out a hand to pat her shoulder but my hand encountered nothing. I realized that my fingers were sinking right through her shoulder and hastily withdrew them. But she saw that my intention was friendly, and the result was a rapid succession of gasping little breaths which seemed to presage another burst of tears.

"What's the matter?" I asked hurriedly. "Can't you

"What's the matter?" I asked hurriedly. "Can't you tell me what's the matter?"

She pressed back the sobs, but it was a moment before she could speak, and she prefaced her remark with a choking little gulp.

"I'm an unpleasant memory," she said. Then she rubbed her small, humorous nose against her hand in which she seemed to think she held the ghost of a little white hand-kerchief. Her little bobbed head drooped pathetically.

"What?" said I.

She raised her head again and looked at me.

looked at me.
"I wanted to be a nice memory, she said, and two large tears began rolling down her cheeks.

I tried to make my voice stem.

"Then why did you commit suicide?"
Suzo was indignant.
"I didn't, of course," she said.
"Drowning myself in the bathtub!
It's silly. I don't see how Bobbel can think such a thing." think such a thing."
"Then how did it happen?" I asked

her.
She considered a moment.
"Why, I don't know exactly. I can't remember anything about it. I remember I was awfully sort of tired, and I thought a hot bath would make me feel better. I remember feeling awful miserable and—oh, funny. That's all. When I came to, I was dead."

She paused impressively.

"That—er—must have been quite disconcerting," I hazarded.
"I was dreadfully upset—at first, I mean. I felt so sort of strange and lonesome without Bobbel. But, then, of course, I didn't mind so much after a while. Things are awfully different when you're dead. When I got to thinking about it, I sort of liked it. Of course I felt awfully sorry about Bobbel missing me so. But it wouldn't have been any better, you see, if we'd grown to be seventy together. He'd have missed me still more, because he'd have grown so dependent on me. The first thing I

ful eyes.

fun ever would; that I'd always be there with him, comforting him and helping him—a lovely memory. But he couldn't hear me. He's funny that way. But I knew, in just a little while, it wouldn't be so bad. And I began to think how awfully nice it was I'd died young. I'd never grow old and tired. I'd always be to Bobbel just twenty years old. There's never be any un-Bobbel just twenty years old. There's never be any unhappiness to remember—no cares, or quarrels, or trials at all. It would just go on forever, being—the beginning

She was silent a moment. Then she added:
"I wanted to be a pleasant memory." Whereupon she dabbed at her nose again with the ghostly handkerchief.
I gave her time for a few tears. I [Turn to page 101]

I oth with ey Peggy like a necting Utterly e was than ar He s

> right to said: live?" She Would "Not a walk She ! be qui But was sol

o natu

some f

deal wi Tiggi it for g not was and enj They Railway what h question had sai

never n "He "Wha

Tiggie

1928

imple white assed bed, which tened aid v that ng to

that's Most here's ws on

d just

art T d ensink-

eaths t you

efore

ith a

abbed h she hand cally.

ory, oegan

ide?

htub!

el can asked

ly. I it. I

tired, make

eeling unny.

quite

rst, I

and then,

much

liked

SOTTV ut it

y to-still

n so

ing I r me leave

hat I

there

vely

died e to

trials ning

hief



BY REQUEST

By Ethel M. Dell

ILLUSTRATED BY H. R. BALLINGER

T was impossible to be other than pleased to see Tiggie Turner. The honest, rubicund face with eyes like a child's held an appeal for Peggy which she could not stifle. He was like a bit of Home, or at least the connecting link with those dear past days. Utterly unromantic, even commonplace, as he was, he held a larger place in her heart

than any of those about her.

He stood by her side while she had tea,
not talking much, nor wholly appropriating her, yet in
some fashion making it apparent that he had a certain
right to be there. Later when she rose to go home he
said: "May I walk back with you, and see where you
live?"

She looked at him with an instant's hesitation. "Wouldn't it be rather a waste of time?" she said. "Not on my part," said Tiggie with a smile. "I want

a walk. We'll go as fast as you like."

She laughed. His methods were so transparent as to be quite disarming. "All right," she said. "I'll walk

But when they started a few minutes later, her face was sober. For somehow the tactics which had seemed so natural on board The *Pioneer* were not so easy to deal with at Ghawalkhand, and she knew exactly what

all the Club were saying as they walked away.

Tiggie was sublimely contented and appeared to take it for granted that she shared his complacence. He did not want to talk much, merely to saunter by her side

and enjoy her presence.

They were half-way up the track that led to the Railway Bungalow when Tiggie roused himself from what had been almost a reverie to ask an unexpected question. Did she know a chap called Wyndham? Bobby had said he was stationed at Ghawalkhand, but he had never met him since they were at school together.

"He is hunting big game at Bakri," said Peggy rather briefly.

"What is he like now? An excellent dancer?" asked Tiggie in an innocent and somewhat detached manner.

Peggy made a further effort. "I haven't had very many opportunities of judging. Rather above the average, I should say."

Her tone was strictly impartial. Tiggie seemed to be making a mental note, for he paused before he asked

"And when did you say he was coming back?"
"I didn't say," said Peggy. "I don't know."
"I should like to see him again," said Tiggie musingly.

"He was the worst chap for getting into scrapes I ever knew, generally other people's scrapes. An awfully good liar, too! He would swear that black was white until he really almost convinced you that it was." He dropped into silence again, and Peggy forgot to break it.

They went on up the hill and came to the Railway

"I suppose I mustn't ask to come in?" said Tiggie, looking wistful.

"Of course, if you want to!" said Peggy. "Why not, Captain Turner?"

He smiled. "I say, I do think you might call me by my Christian name when we're alone. I'm sure you call Wyndham by his."

Wyndham by his."

Again that vivid flush rose in Peggy's cheeks. Instinctively she ignored his last sentence.
"I'm afraid I don't know your Christian name," she said. "And—besides—"

He interrupted her goodnaturedly. "Oh, never mind that! Call me Tiggie! It's short for Montague, but nobde ever called me that, thank fortune!"

body ever called me that, thank fortune!"

Peggy's color began to die down. She uttered a faint

laugh. "I'm not sure that

laugh. "I'm not sure that I want to call you Tiggie," she said somewhat coldly.

"Oh, then don't!" he said, with great earnestness. "Never do anything you don't like to please me! I couldn't possibly bear it."

She looked at him in sharp surprise, almost as if she were seeing him for the first time. "Come in and see my father!" she said.

She conducted him by way of the veranda to her father's room. It was impossible not to treat him as an intimate friend. He fitted no other rôle. Involuntarily she had come to regard him as a big, kindly elder brother with an undoubted right to be treated as such. In some shape or form yet to be decided, he had come into her life to stay.

The sound of voices in her father's room made her

pause just as she reached it. She drew back with a sharp gesture, staying the man behind her. Forbes was in there, talking with Sir William.

She had not met him since the night on which Jingo had accomplished his discomfiture, and every impulse within her revolted against meeting him now. She stood in indecision.

in indecision.

As she did so, Forbes' voice, strident with anger, came fiercely forth.

"I have long known that my wife was tainted—not to be trusted. But Wyndham—I took him for a gentleman! And by all the gods of India, I'll make him pay!"

Peggy stiffened as she stood. Sir William's voice came, quiet and concentrated, through the silence. The matters on the yearned had deadened the sound of sound of the sound of th

quiet and concentrated, through the silence. The matting on the veranda had deadened the sound of approaching footsteps, and it was obvious that he was
unaware of any presence outside his room.

"You are taking a good deal for granted," he said.

"You have no actual evidence of the truth of it. It may
be an entirely false romor."

"Elective the state of the silence of the truth of the said.

"False!" echoed Forbes in a voice that was like the bellowing of a bull. "False! I tell you the story is all over the city. She has been in camp at Bakri with him for the past week. I know now [Turn to page 35]

THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM



By James Oliver Curwood

Author of "The Black Hunter," "River's End" and "The Flaming Forest."

ILLUSTRATED BY MEAD SCHAEFFER

AFTER the massacre by Mohawks of Jeems Bulain's parents and Toinette Tonteur's father, the boy and girl try to make their way back to the French settlements of Quebec. But before they can reach safety they encounter an Indian war party. They flee and hide under a massive pile of rocks where for a short time they elude the vigilance of their pursuers. But Indians gather about the spot and Jeems learns from their speech that they are Senecas, not Mohawks. Finally the pile of rocks attracts the curiosity of one of the Senecas, who starts to crawl in to explore the recess.

HE must have been larger than Jeems, for he began to advance with difficulty. His body scraped the sides of the little tunnel. His hatchet made a clinking sound on the stone as he thrust it ahead of him a few inches at a time. His breathing became unrestrained. Evidently the handicaps of his procedure were convinc-ing that nothing more dangerous than a creature of hair and claws had lured him in. Every instinct reached its highest tension in Jeems as a danger approached which he would be able to touch with his hands in another moment or two. He removed himself gently from Toinette's embrace and prepared his arms and body for swift and deadly action. Their eyes had grown more accus-tomed to the gloom and Toinette could see him as he crouched forward and gathered himself for the struggle which would mean life or death for them. Suddenly she understood that it would not be a struggle. When the Seneca's head appeared Jeems' hatchet would smash it in. She could see the hatchet. It was poised to strike. There would be no cry-no moan-only that terrible, hidden sound. She listened to the doomed man slowly

His progress was easier now. The cavity grew larger and he grunted his approval. There was something of humor in the guttural chuckling with which he continued his invasion. A dog and a badger smell alike. A warrior, painted, with three feathers in his tuft, crawling

for a badger! That must have been his thought.

The feathers appeared first, then the long black scalplock, the hair-plucked head, a pair of shoulders. Jeems put all his strength behind the upraised hatchet. He knew there must be but one blow—well-placed in the middle of the skull. That would end it. He almost closed his eyes and the hatchet descended a little, an overwhelming eyes and the harcher descended a little, an overwhelming sense of the horror of the thing holding back his stroke. It was not simply killing; it was murder. The Seneca turned his head and looked up. His eyes were trained for use at night and he saw more clearly than Jeems. He saw the white face, the hatchet, the death behind it, and he waited, transfixed to stone. No voice came to his lips and no movement to his cramped body in this moment of shock and stupefaction when he must have realized that all the power of his forest gods could not help him. The pupils of his eyes glowed darkly. He did not breathe. Conscious of his impending end, he was amazed but not terrified. His

a gasp of wonderment as he realized how surely he was caught. For a second more the blade did not fall and in that second Jeems' eyes and those of the savage met steadily. Then the hatchet clattered to the rock floor and with a protest of revulsion at what he had almost done; Jeems clutched at the Seneca's throat. The Indian was at a disadvantage, and though his powerful body strained and fought to loosen the choking grip, his position was so hopeless that in a short time he was limp and unconscious.

The Seneca's adventure, and the combat—if it could be distinguished by that name-had not terminated a moment too soon for those concealed under the rocks. The trail-hunters were now aware that the plac-ing of the arrow had been a ruse to delay them and began swarming back to the ridge. Half a dozen warriors gathered in a fierce and animated debate close about the rocks.

Back in his corner Odd had strug-Back in his corner Odd had strug-gled to understand and obey the dis-cipline of his master. Years of com-radeship and training had given to him a knowledge of silence and its value, and though he had yearned to con-front the invading savage and after-ward to join with Jeems in the strug-gle, he had not moved from the

watchful position he had occupied at the beginning. A hundred generations of carniverous fighting blood were at work in the dog's body. His eyes had grown green and red in the gloom until they were pools of livid flame; his teeth were bare; his jaws clicked at times like castanets, his heart was breaking in its subjection to inactivity and stillness. Now he looked again on victory. His master was triumphant as the Indians returned and crowded about the rocks. Defiance rose in his soul in an overwhelming flood. He hated the smell outside. He hated the creatures who made it. Without warning his passion broke loose in the howling rage of a beast gone mad. Toinette's arms and Jeems' hands were futile in their effort to stop it.

The Seneca on the stone floor moved a little. Outside there fell an awful stillness.

Then Odd realized what he had done and grew quiet.
They could feel rather than hear a velvet-footed, voiceless cordon gathering about them in a ring of death.
The warrior on the floor opened his eyes. His ear was
close to the rock and he could hear the footfalls which

were scarcely louder than the sound of leaves falling to earth from a tall tree. So near to him that he could have touched them, he saw the woman with long hair and the man who had throttled him, white-faced, in each other's arms. He closed his eyes, feigning unconsciousness. But his fingers crept over the stone floor with the stealth of a serpent until they found the hatchet which the white-faced man had dropped.

WENTY minutes after Odd had revealed their hid I ing-place Jeems and Toinette were standing in the sun. Mysterious things had happened in this time. Unseen hands had dragged the warrior from under the rocks. An interval had followed in which excitement gave way to solemn and low-voiced talk outside. Then

some one had called in guttural, broken French commanding them to come out. They had obeyed, Jeems first, Toinette after him, and Odd last with the downcast air of a beast who knew he was in

disgrace.
It was an astounding and un expected reception by enemies at whose belts scalps were hanging. There were be

tween twenty and thirty
of the Senecas
splendidly built,
keen-eyed, leanfaced, most of them young men. Even in the shock of the moment Toinette surveyed them in startled admiration. Staring at the youth with his bow and at

the girl with her tangled, shining hair the Indians returned their gaze with a look of amazement not unmixed with approval. They seemed scarcely able to believe these two had fooled them so completely, cap turing one of their number in Toinette the bargain. pointed A young savage who stood before them seemed largely responsible for this attitude. related Purplish lines were around his throat as if a rope had choked him. Two of the eagle feathers in his tuft were broken and his shoulder gun. He



clad as an Indian princess

was ble tooth or ore p it bore It wa to be sa The c have kill The stand to

flower 1 feet and must be will tak At the astonish language and the and Big hour. H were gap tion constory. I they had part of had ma

> hawks h father a all who Toinette fled tog had hid house, a arrow h white m

He remained ... two days. On the second of these days be married Jeems and Toinette.

was bleeding where the skin had been torn by a jagged tooth of rock. Beside him was a much older man of even more powerful figure with a face scarred and cut until it bore an unalterable expression of ferocity.

It was he who spoke in Seneca to the younger. "So

It was he who spoke in Seneca to the younger. "So this is the boy who made my brave nephew a captive to be saved by the voice of a dog!"

The other scowled at the taunt in his voice. "He could have killed me. He spared my life."

The older man grunted. "He looks strong and may stand to travel with us. But the girl is like a broken flower ready to fall in our path. She will cumber our flower ready where the state of th feet and make our way more difficult, and great haste must be our choice. Use your hatchet on one and we will take the other."

At this command Jeems gave a sudden cry At this command Jeems gave a sudden cry and the faces of the savages again relaxed in astonishment when he began to speak in their language. Hepsibah Adams' schooling and the comradeship of White-Eyes and Big-Cat had prepared him for this hour. His tongue stumbled, some of his words were twisted there his words were twisted, there were gaps which only the imagination could fill, but he told his story. The Indians listened with an interest which assured Jeems

they had not been a part of the force that had massacred his and Toinette's people. He pointed to the girl. He related how the Mohawks had destroyed his father and mother and all who had belonged to Toinette; how they had fled together, how they had hidden in the old house, and that with an arrow he had killed the

white man who had fired the gun. He was pleading for Toinette as he had once heard Big-Cat plead with his father for the life of a dog that had gone lame. He bared his breast, even as the Indian boy had offered his own, with the demand that his father strike there before robbing him of the comradeship of his four-footed friend.

With the courtesy which Tiaoga had already established Men bearing a scalp-laden

pole bad gone abead.

for himself in borderland history the chieftain listened attentively, piecing the story together where Jeems' verbal powers were at fault, and when the youth had finished he spoke words which sent two of his men running down the ridge in the direction of Lussan's place. Then he asked questions which let Jeems know the Senecas had not gone as far as Lussan's but that they had heard the gun and in seeking for

know the Senecas had not gone as far as Lussan's but that they had heard the gun and in seeking for the one who had fired it had stumbled upon their trail in the hardwood slope half a mile from the abandoned house. When he spoke of the Mohawks Tiaoga's ugly face grew darker and behind this look Jeems saw the blaze of an age-old Seneca hatred and jealousy of the Mohawk, though both

were of the same powerful confederacy.

When his brief questioning was over Tiaoga turned attention once more to the young man beside him. "I think the boy is a great liar and I have sent back for proof of it," he said. "If he has not sped an arrow through this friend of the Mohawks, as he claims, he shall die. If he has spoken the truth in the matter, which will be proof that he has spoken it in others, he may travel with us, and his companion also, until her feet tire so that death is necessary to bring her rest." Then he spoke to Toinette in the broken French with which he had called under the rocks. "If you cannot keep up with us we shall kill you," he said.

"If you cannot keep up with us we shall kill you," he said.

Toinette began to prepare herself for the ordeal, braiding her hair swiftly. Jeems came to her and she saw the torture of doubt in his eyes. "I can do it, Jeems," she cried softly. "I know what you were saying and what they were thinking, and I can do it. I will do it! I am going to live—with you. I love you so much that nothing can kill me, Jeems—not even their tomahawks!"

The tall young warrior approached. He at least was

The tall young warrior approached. He at least was am Shindas," he said. "We are going to a far town—a long way. It is Chenufsio. I am your friend because you have been a brother and allowed me to live. You love the white maiden. I, too, love a maiden."

The Seneca's words brought to [Turn to page 75]

ing. A d were en and flame; castactivity master rowded over-ted the broke inette's stop it

Y 1928

voiceath. ear was falling e could ng hair in each ith the which in the in the ne. Un-ler the

quiet.

. Then ey had er him, air of was in nd unnies at s were ere bethirty enecas. uilt. lean-

of them

the

tement Then

Even in of the inette em in iration. e youth and at ith her shining Indians t heir a look nentnot

vith apcarcely believe o had em so y, cap ne of aber in

in.

g savstood
h e m largely
e for
ttitude
around
pe had
of the
s tuft
houlder

WHEN WASHINGTON WAS 23



From every side came the war whoop . . . chilling the blood.

The heroic spirit of Washington was embodied in these frontier lovers whose devotion endured through torture and bitter separation

PATE sometimes plants the most delicate flowers in the bleakest places, and leaves them unsheltered beneath storms that break down oaks and split off

Such flowers were Rachel Neff and Nimrod Helm, and they grew in the Shenandoah Valley in whose virgin realm their German parents were the first pioneers, having stolen down from Pennsylvania and squatted on Lord Fairfax's land the very year of George Washington's birth.

Sixteen years later that young surveyor found them there when he first crossed the Blue Ridge Mountains; and little Nimrod and little Rachel followed the uncouth throng that followed Washington about. He wrote of them in his first boyish diary:

"We did two Lots and was attended by a great Comwe did two Lots and was attended by a great Company of People Men Women and Children that attended us through ye Woods as we went Showing there Antick tricks. I really think they seemed to be as Ignorant a Set of People as the Indians. They would never speak English but when spoken to they speak all Dutch."

The souls of Rachel and Nimrod were starved and

their bodies took such little nourishment that they seemed doomed to wither away. They were a cause of sorrow and self-reproach to themselves and to their parwho took shame to themselves for bringing such weaklings into the world.

Yet they lived on somehow while dozens of tougher children perished either of the diseases, or the doctoring they encountered. As children they were drawn to each other by their very unfitness for their existence, and in due time fell in love and found a hope of bliss in marriage. But this dream offended the common sense of the parents of both and was forbidden flatly. The whole community laughed at the thought of Rachel wanting to marry Nimrod.

Rachel's parents ordered her to force Nimrod.

Rachel's parents ordered her to forget Nimrod and set her cap for old Israel Seybert. He was rich in cattle and timber and had already proposed for her elder sister Sara, but since she was bespoken by Nimrod's elder brother Jake, they suggested that perhaps Rachel could win him if she got herself strong and put on some

Nimrod's father growled at him in a harsh voice:

By Rupert Hughes

ILLUSTRATED BY MAURICE BOWER

"Such a runt like you would marry anudder one, eh? and have what for children?—flibbertigibbets? Find for yourself a Frau like your Mutter, ugly maybe, but a goot wife for a poor young man—a big, hosky woman. "I know just the one—Widder Spengler. If anythik happens by your Mutter I might marry her mineself. But I give you feerst chence."

He laughed with odious good nature and his wife laughed with him, and agreed with him for once.

To run away was easy enough, but to keep alive afterwards was another matter. The wilderness was full of wild game and of wild Indians. Nimrod could not hunt and was afraid of being hunted. He was not strong enough to cut down trees and build a hut, conquer oxen and break the stubborn soil with the plough. And, suppose he did, how could they live till a crop came up.

In another world both might have found wealth and honor and wide acclaim, she as a dainty favorite of kings; he as a poet or a painter or an immortal philosynther.

kings; he as a poet or a painter or an immortal philosopher. But they were seeds fallen upon a rock soil where

only weeds could flourish.

There were no schools, no books, except the great
German Bible, which Nimrod knew already almost by heart. There were no opportunities-except to repine,

heart. There were no opportunities—except to repine, submit and fade away.

Least of all could Nimrod dream of being a soldier, though the land was stirred with martial fire and there was a great cry for fighters. The French and English had renewed their ancient wars, and Washington the surveyor, was a colonel of militia now, trying in vain to secure men enough to whip the French. He resigned in disgust just before the great General Braddock came over from London to drive the French into the Mississippi River or the Pacific Ocean, or somewhere west to Virginia's elastic western boundaries. The flower of Virginia's youth joined Braddock, and Colonel Washington ginia's youth joined Braddock, and Colonel Washington went along as a private citizen to act as the General's aide and messenger, rather than miss a chance to fight for his people.

for his people.

There was a call for a home-guard to fill the place of the men who went out with Braddock. Nimrod lacked the strength to volunteer, or be accepted, but his big brother Jake and a number of the neighboring young giants felt it a good time to enlist and win a bounty, and a military title, without any risk. Jake promised Sara that he would be back in ample time for the wedding, and she said:

"You better had or I marry old Israel Seyhert"

"You better had, or I marry old Israel Seybert."
Then everything turned black. The most magnificent army America had ever seen vanished in scarlet glory the very brink of its goal, something happened. Half its number of French and Indians flung it into a panic and destroyed it. Only the shreds of it came back in a mad

The French and the Indians, drunk with unexpected triumph, vowed to push the English back into the Atlantic. What was to prevent them? Only such ragged unequipped, half-naked, half-hearted militia men as were left.

Colonel Washington had brought back a shattered frame from Braddock's field, but also a fame enhanced by his peerless courage in a shambles of cowardice. He was recalled to the command. The whole salvation of the state was put in the hands of an overgrown boy of twenty-three. What could he do to hold back the tidal wave that came roaring across the whole frontier and

into every valley?

He must create an army from the unwilling and the unfit. Only a few could be bribed to enlist. They straggled in by ones and twos and deserted by dozens. The frantic Washington drafted negroes, indentured servants, and all the men he could seize. But they were so sullen with terror that they often refused to obey him till his sword was brandished over their heads. And he heard them muttering threats to shoot him in the back.

Jake Helm was not of the mutineers. But he felt

tion Was ents thei

him. me? Colo peac fider

Sara riage drud be f H ding the it. I ness,

was !

theor harm

from what on, a To fall i force dians befor

might and hours ceede roost

drow loud Th heard ing lifellov

quire,

RY 1928

ahes

one, eh? Find for be, but a woman anytink mineself. his wife

nce.
ive afteris full of not hunt ot strong quer oxen And, sup-me up. ealth and vorite of a! philosoil where

the great lmost by o repine, a soldier nd there gton the n vain to signed in ck came he Miss-

e west to r of Virshington General's to figh he place od lacked t his big bounty, promised the wed-

ert." ignificent let glory sea. At Half its anic and expected

into the hattered enhanced dice. He ation of boy of the tidal tier and

and the traggled e frantic , and all len with is sword

rd them he felt

cheated. When he offered his resignation, his captain laughed at him. When he said that he had a wedding date to keep, he was told that the bride would keep.

But he knew that she might not. So he and four of his neighbors, who had been similarly duped into the service under false expectations of a life of peace, quietly walked off one moonlit night without bothering to ask permission. They found five horses in a stable and borrowed them without troubling the slumbers of the owner whose snores muffled the noise of their theft.

By dint of hard riding

they reached home in good season for the wedding, only to find that the French and Indians were expected as soon as they had burned all the farmsteads and butchered all

the people intervening.

In spite of the dreadful danger, the whole community was stricken with the same irresolution that had kept Rachel and Nimrod from run-ning away. The people were chained to the soil by the lack of a land of

better promise to go to, and by their inability to be-lieve that the fruits of all their lifelong toil could be turned to desolation and themselves sent adrift as

beggars.

Nobody thought of giving up the wedding festival.

Was it not an ancient rite brought by their grandparents from overseas into Pennsylvania and thence by their parents down into the Shenandoah?

An indestructible faith in human and divine justice sustained the bridegroom, for it seemed impossible that the French and Indians should bear any grudge against him.

"I never done nothin' to them," he kept saying.
"Why should they come bodderin'
me? And ain't I resigned from
Colonel Washin'ton to keep the peace?

His trust instilled a certain confidence in all the people, especially the young ones who envied him and the young ones who envied him and Sara their promised relief from the harsh tyranny of parents. Marriages would bring no respite from drudgery, but the drudgery would be for one's own interest.

However, every hour now made it a little less certain that the wedien would take also and increased.

ding would take place, and increased the determination to go ahead with it. The gaiety took on a feverishness, a bravado.

Jake was in a quandary. Not only

was he beginning to lose trust in his theory that the Indians would not harm him, but he learned that Colonel Washington was coming up from the Southeast, laying down forts, rescuing farmers, drafting what strong men he could lay hands

what strong men he could lay hands on, and rounding up deserters.

To flee from the Indians was to fall into Washington's power and be forced back to battle with the Indians. Jake had one desperate hope: that if he could get himself married before his colonel found him, he wight he to the force with the second property of the property of the second property of the might be let off from service. So he stuck to his post.

On the eve of the wedding-day he

and his groomsmen spent his last hours of bachelorhood in trying to drown their anxieties. They succeeded so well that none of the roosters left alive could wake them the next morning. Their snores drowned the rattling of pans and the loud shouts of the early guests.

Then Jake began to dream of be-

ing in camp again at reveille. He heard drums ruffled and fifes squealing like stuck pigs, and he and his fellows tumbled out and staggered to the roadside just in time to run into Col. George Washington, Esquire, and his ragged, barefoot army.

THE Colonel recognized the five deserters and called them by name. Before they could flit to the woods, a sergeant and a corporal

stepped out and made prisoners of every man of them. You did not turn out at reveille this morning," said Washington.

They shook their heads and saluted.

"That means an extra day of digging trenches."

They saluted cheerfully; it might have been worse.

"You are dirty and dishevelled; your faces are not washed."

They shook their heads so hard that Jake stuck his thumb in his eye as he

saluted violently.
"Ten days in the guard-tent for that."

They saluted feebly. He

went on: "You have been drunk; you are drunk."

Their shoulder blades began to crawl before he had said:

"Twenty-five lashes apiece—on the bare back, laid on well."

Their groans were quenched by his next

words:
"But I will let you off

from all those very painful punishments."

They smiled broadly and began to titter with relief,

"As soon as I get the authority, I will have you hung as deserters in the face of the enemy."

Their knees sagged and Jake would have sunk to the ground if the sergeant at his elbow had not held him up.

There was a shriek of terror and Sara Neff darted forward from the gaping crowd of spectators. She clutched at Washington's knees and at the mane of his horse, then swooned right under the hoofs.

The big beast reared high with fright and would have

perhaps killed her as his forefeet came back to earth if

Washington's tremendous left arm had not swung him about in air.

Sara's mother and father ran to pick her up while Jake's parents and his brothers and sisters crowded about the trembling horse to implore Washington's mercy. The best argument they could offer was to point to the expensive preparations already made for the weedding. wedding.

The young commander answered with a grim gentle-

"Everywhere I go the women crowd about my horse. But they are begging me to protect them and their homes from the Indians. Who is to save the women if the men all run away? Who can save Virginia but the Virginians?

Your son is a coward, madam, and a runaway, and because of men like him you may all be butchered. The Indians are only a few miles away?"

Jake's mother fell back, but Rachel, so timorous at other times, was emboldened to slip through the frightened and retreating little mob. She laid her hands appealingly on Washington's stirrup and gazing up into his young blue was with never the late of the state of th

pealingly on Washington's stirrup and gazing up into his young blue eyes with younger, bluer eyes, pleaded:
"Sir, my sister who faints now for the first time in her life, she waits three years to marry Jacob Helm. She would be glad to send him back to you as soon as the wedding is over. She was hoping—" Rachel turned white and red, but went on with a saintly courage—"she was hoping—hoping—maybe there would be another war yet in years to come. Your Excellency himself might lead a bigger army some day somewhere and you might need bigger army some day somewhere and you might need new soldiers? Yes?"

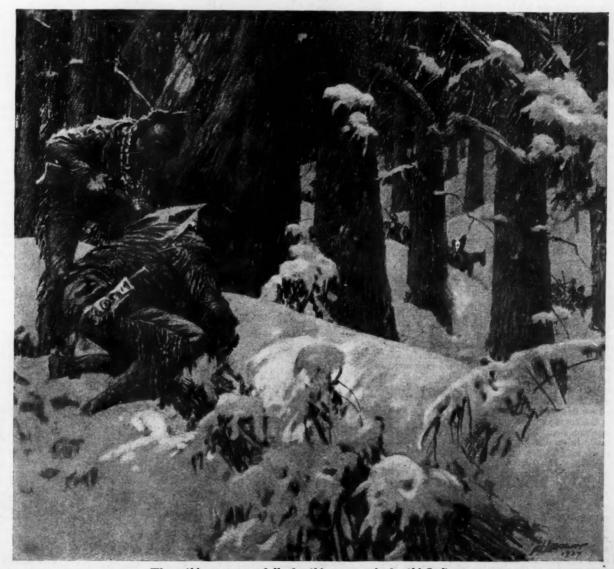
new soldiers? Yes?"

He understood her meaning and knew how much courage her words cost her; and since he revered courage, he lifted his hat and said:

"You speak like a true Virginian. I hope you, too, mry be the mother of many brave soldiers for your country."

Then Nimrod, feeling perhaps that he was all the soldiers Rachel would ever give to her country, pushed forward and, taking off his cap, spoke up to the Colonel:

"If your Excellency would take [Turn to page 102]



The wilderness was full of wild game and of wild Indians.

WHAT'S GOING ON IN THE WORLD

THE PLAY OF THE MONTH

The Taming of the Shrew

PRODUCED IN MODERN DRESS REVIEWED BY STARK YOUNG

PEOPLE wandering into the Garrick Theater rick Theater these days to see Shakespeare's play and thinking they are coming to the streets of Padua and the house of good Signor Baptista with his daughter Katherine and her sister, their servants, tutors and friends walking about in clothes such as Queen Elizabeth saw in her day, have a surprise

in store for them.

They may have heard of Shakespeare in Modern Dress, of the Hamlet that was given in England two or three seasons ago, and afterward in New York with Mr. Basil Sydney in the part. But even at that they are not wholly prepared for that modern drawing-room, those gentlemen and ladies in frock coats, tweeds, dresses from smart shops in New York, nor are they prepared for the electric lights, the pistols, cameras, heaters, radios and, last but not least, that crazy automobile in which Petruchio carries his bride along the road, and sitting in which she has to declare that the sun is the moon that shines so bright, and then the sun again, or moon or sun

or whatso'er he wills.

This, then, is the Shakespeare in modern dress of which we have heard so much. The method consists in giving to the play all the properties and settings of our own day. It may be Theseus in Athens, Hamlet in Denmark or Kather-ine in Padua; no matter who it is, the costumes are such as we see on every side, the world they walk in is the world we look at all around us everywhere.

everywhere.

The method is not new. In Greek times dramatic characters of every age were dressed in one style; at Shakespeare's own Globe or at the Fortune Theater Caesar and Brutus wore doublet and hose, and Garrick dressed Hamlet in a skirted coat and silk stockings. It is not new, then. Nor is it the ideal method of producing Shakespeare—there is no ideal ing Shakespeare—there is no ideal method. But it is one way and it

has its advantages. The advantage of this Shake-speare in modern dress consists in the way in which the lines them-selves and the acting that express-es them are made to stand on their own feet and to profit by

the opportunity. For many people the familiarity of what they see on the stage makes the play and its characters more familiar, brings everything closer, makes all more convincing and real. It accentuates Shakespeare's modernity or universality. It saves in expense and thereby allows us to produce more plays. The disadvantage lies in the chance of too much incongruity in the effect, the intrusion that this may make on the play, and the temptation to use the method for its own sake, for the mere

shock or whimsicality that may derive from it.

But for The Taming of the Shrew the method is all advantage. No other play of Shakespeare's would be so well adapted for such a treatment. The Taming of the Shrew is a lusty farce out of the Renaissance. To take it seriously, pile it up with scenery and costume, recite it seriously that you hand to be a first were a great classic means only that you hand to it. as if it were a great classic, means only that you burden it with qualities that are not its own and that you kill the rough and ready gaiety and impish red blood of it. For such dramatic entertainments as this play what we need most is happy players, free and spirited, alive with the vigor and fun of the situation, vivid with the high color and gusto of the piece.



Mary Ellis, a new Katherine

The practical gain in the modern dress splied thus to The Taming of the Shrew appears at the Garrick most in scenes like the wedding, with its camera man, its bridal frocks and especially in the horrifying costume of the bridegroom. If he were in Elizabethan clothes, Petruchio might wear anything he chose, he might tear, spot up, mismatch his outfit and do all the other things that actors have done in the rôle, without our seeing much of [Turn to page 130]

THE MUSICAL EVENT OF THE MONTH

A Revival and a Novelty

REVIEWED BY DEEMS TAYLOR

Katherine and Petruchio

S everyone knows, the proper thing to do, just before going to see a new opera at the Metropolitan, is to read the libretto through and take a hasty glance at the score. I have an idea that a far better preparation for Violanta, the Metropolitan's first novelty of the season would be a careful re-reading of Booth season, would be a careful re-reading of Booth Tarkington's Seventeen. For if one bears in mind the fact that the composer of the opera, Erich Korngold, wrote it when he was exactly the age of William Sylvanus Baxter, the hero of Tarkington's immortal study of adolescence, one will find it a work of astonishing talent and skill. The music is written with dash and confidence, is appropri-ate to the action, and is expertly, if heavily

The story concerns a lovely Venetian, Violanta, who has sworn vengeance against Alfonso, a heartless blade who has betrayed her sister. She plots with her husband, Simone, to pretend to succumb to Alfonso's wiles, and to arrange a rendezvous with him. Once they are together, the husband is to enter, at her signal, and stab the seducer. The appointment is made, and the two meet. But Alfonso, for once is sincerely in But Alfonso, for once, is sincerely in love, and Violanta, to her horror, finds that she is being won by the man she has hated. After a tense struggle with herself she summons her husband; but her emotions defeat her resolution, and at the last minute she springs forward and receives the avenging dagger in her own

This is hardly the subject that one would expect to see chosen by a boy of high school age, but it is good conventional operatic stuff, and theatrically effective. The fatal trouble with Violanta is that while it is a remarkable achievement for a seventeen-year-old boy, it is not particularly important otherwise. The music is well done, but it is not eloquent nor individual as music. In the field of art, unfortunately, a thing that is "wonderful, considering—" is not wonderful. Judged by the standards that it will have to meet, Violanta has no very long life ahead of it.

Humperdinck's Haensel and Gretel, a revival of which followed Violanta as the second half of a double bill, is quite another story. This enchanting fairy tale, without which no Christmas afternoon in pre-war New York was complete. still holds its own among the master-pieces without allowances or reservations. The aptness and technical skill of the music and its orchestral garb are such as to excite the envious admiration of any composer; but what matters so greatly about this score is the signifi-

cance that it contrives to attach to the adventures of the wood-cutter's two children. A child can love *Haensel and Gretel*; but only

a grown-up can know completely why.

Both productions gave evidence of conscientious preparation. The chief importance of Violanta lay in the fact that it provided a new rôle for Maria Jeritza. As the blood-and-ice heroine she made a striking figure, but seemingly a slightly uncomfortable one, for while she covered a great deal of ground, and managed an enorance training with the included. mous train with admirable adroitness, her impersonation as a whole struck one as a brave but unsuccessful atas a whole struck one as a brave but unsuccessful attempt to humanize an incorrigibly operatic heroine. Walther Kirchhoff was hardly more comfortable as the amorous Alfonso. Clarence Whitehill did what he could—which was considerable—for the husband.

Haensel and Gretel was distinguished by Queena Mario's adorable Gretel and the scarcely less successful Haensel of Editha Fleischer. Dorothee Manski, a new-

comer at the Metropolitan, con

tributed a performance of The Witch that was entirely and ably terrifying. Joseph Urban's scenery deserves particular mention, especially the dream scenes, one of the most beautiful stage pictures that the Metropolitan has ever provided, wherein

a tier of living figures and back drop of painted ones are so cunningly blended by expert lighting as to produce a mar-velous illusion of a ladder of angels reaching

indefinitely into space.
The witch's hut is equally successful. Its trimming of ginger cakes should meet the specifications of the most exacting infant spectators, while its charming de-sign and background of fan-tastic fir trees make it a bril-liant contribution to the art of the theater.



The witch in "Haensel and Gretel"

all lous Mu The rem indi fron crec

fishi

stag

spot I fron

sion

the just

sion easil H when with hear oppo H and agair

storr by t phan story those rise M cast weir

Gayr the Wom perfo bilitie to M Jan is th into

few resen made held f Y 1928

yed her usband, umb to at her The ap-

o meet erely in

or, finds

herself

er emoand re-

ner own hat one

boy of conven-

atrically

Violanta achieve-

by, it is

nerwise.

In the

ng that

rds that no very retel, a

inta as is quite fairy after-

mplete,

master-

of the

tion of ers so

signifi to the

ut only s prep-

As the

ile she enornation

ful ateroine

as the ould-

cessful

d ably

rban's

ticular

of the

e pic-politan

herein

figures

ainted

ningly light-

a lad-

aching space.

trim-

of the pecta-

f fanne art Maria Jeritza in her new role, Violanta

of the first actresses of the screen.

As to Mr. Murnau, who has done so much for the languishing art of the motion picture in The Last Laugh and Sunrise, there can be no question that he now ranks as the finest director of them all. He possesses an amazing knowledge of pictorial values—as evidenced in his photography and composition—and, what is more important, he knows how to tell a story, simply, directly, consecutively in terms of pictures that

> Also recommended: The High School Hero, The Magic Flame, Three's a Crowd, The Stu-Three's a Crowa, The Stadent Prince, Wings, The Garden of Allah, The Patent Leather Kid, Seventh Heaven, The Way of All Flesh, What Price Glory, Chang and Stark Love.

of firebrands who were denouncing George the Third. Washington thought it an ill-bred thing to do. At first he would have none of it.

Somehow George the Third offended Washington's sense of personal dignity. He took liberties with the liberty Washington as an Englishman enjoyed three thousand miles from London. And so this farmer of thirty actually determined to make war upon his king, and soon found himself an amateur general with a gang of ill-armed militia for an army, lied about and talked about, schemed against and betrayed.

In spite of it all he beat his king's men and won freedom for an American commonwealth. The sheer truth of it, minus all story-book trappings and school room fancy, is one of the finest stories in the history of mankind.

Rupert Hughes has taken it upon himself to do a defin-

of mankind.

Rupert Hughes has taken it upon himself to do a definitive biography of Washington and sift the thing out.

His work easily becomes a prime requisite for any American bookshelf. He succeeds with his hero better than any other biographer of Washington has succeeded, and he does it with cold honesty a n d patient truth. Washington walks alive in his work, and the curious doll on our post-

curious doll on our postage stamps drops the mask to reveal a giant

of a fellow. Somehow Mr. Hughes, delving into history, has been assailed for making Washington human. The attacks can never hit home, for the Washington work fairly bris-tles with truth. Mr. Hughes, who has known controversy ere this, spares no pains to fix the seal of truth to every line of his book. It is candid, cogent and win-

ning.
Mr. Hughes writes with charm of the man. His biography is not in any way sensational. Its first quality is a human-ity and a tolerance, much as Washington's was, that strikes the reader

one forgets the strong biographies proving that Washington was a G. O. P. man and the weak ones contesting that he was a plaster saint. The more facts that pile upon the bonfire of Washington's storybook reputation, the more the man himself rises Phoenix-like from the ashes of the past. There are facts about the Continental army that may be forbidden the school-room. There are facts of Washington's own des-pair. But these things are not contributed in a

pair. But these things are not contributed in a sneering way. They reveal, by their very history of inadequacies, Washington's personal integrity, his grimness, his determination. There is for example that speech that Washington made in the Virginian Convention, after the firebrands had rolled their oratory to the rafters. Washington, the country gentleman, making up his mind no longer to defend his king, and grown wrathful against the British troops of Boston, knew himself to be no orator. Yet, as Mr. Hughes says, he made the best speech of the convention. One can see him at it, a giant of a red-faced gentleman farmer, close in a business deal, sparing of money, anxious to better his share of the world's goods . . . the first American. I will raise one thousand men, says Washington, subsist them at my own expense, and march myself at their head for the relief of Boston.

This book is likely to cause almost as much comment as the work which preceded it. It does not seem, however, that the debates will be quite so angry, for, though the author shows us the Father of His Country in an unfamiliar pose, the statue that he has carved is

in an unfamiliar pose, the statue that he has carved is

THE FILM OF THE MONTH

Sunrise

DIRECTED BY F. W. MURNAU REVIEWED BY ROBERT E. SHERWOOD

T is dangerous for a critic to indulge in superlatives. Indiscriminate use of the word "most" (attached to a laudatory adjective) causes the reader to suspect the critic has succumbed to the lure of gold and become

just another press-agent.

Nevertheless, I am compelled to seem extravagant in my praise of the picture Sunrise. It is an extraordinary achievement—one that deserves to be considered above all the other extraordinary achievements in the miraculous history of the movies. It was directed by F. W. Murnau, who was responsible for The Last Laugh, and the present all the condition of imaginative expressive. it possesses all the qualities of imaginative expressiveness that made its predecessor conspicuous. It transcends The Last Laugh in scope, in dramatic power and in the remarkably smooth presentation of its story. I have never before seen a picture in which one purpose was indicated, developed and fulfilled, without interruption,

indicated, developed and fulfilled, without interruption, from beginning to end.

Sunrise is the story of a Man—a humble, dull-witted, credulous peasant—and his Wife, a shy, tender, unobtrusive little person. They live in what might be a fishing village on the coast of Finland, although at no stage of the picture is the locale definitely established. The whole drama could have been enacted at any given

spot on the face of the earth.

Into the lives of this Man and Wife comes a Woman Into the lives of this Man and Wife comes a woman from the city, vacationing and looking about for diversion. She loves the Man, fills his blurred mind with visions of ecstasy, and persuades him that his Wife might easily meet with an "accidental" death.

He starts out in a boat with his trusting Wife, and when they are far out at sea, with no witnesses other than the chrisking gulls he prepares to carry out the

than the shricking gulls, he prepares to carry out the Woman's terrible suggestion. But he can't go through with it; he hasn't the heart—or rather, he has too much

with it; he hasn't the heart—or rather, he has too much heart. He returns to the oars and rows madly to the opposite shore, where there is a great city. It is an obviously American city, but a wildly fantastic one.

Here the love of the Man and his Wife is reborn, and they are happy and at peace when they set out again across the waters for their home. A terrific storm comes up. Their frail little craft is overwhelmed by the waves ... and the Woman, waiting for the reby the waves . . . and the Woman, waiting for the return of her lover from his mission of death is triumphant in the belief that he has accomplished that mission.

There is more—a lot more—to the story, but I shan't tell it here. I hope that those who read this review will see Sun-

rise for themselves, and benefit thereby.

Mr. Murnau has assembled a splendid cast to play the principal parts in this weird and wonderful tragi-comedy. Janet Gaynor is the Wife, George O'Brien is the Man and Margaret Livingston the Woman. All three of them give flawless performances, but the greater responsi-bilities, and the greater glory, are given to Miss Gaynor and Mr. O'Brien. Janet Gaynor, it will be remembered,

Janet Gaynor, it will be remembered, is the extremely young star who burst into prominence in Seventh Heaven a few months ago. Sunrise really represents her debut, as this picture was made before Seventh Heaven and held for subsequent release. Seeing her in Sunrise, I have no reason to reverse my early opinion of her: she is one



Would one suspect that murder was plotted in this bome?

THE BOOK OF THE MONTH George Washington 1762-1777

BY RUPERT HUGHES REVIEWED BY LAURENCE STALLINGS

EORGE WASHINGTON at thirty was living a life of ease.
There was good hunting for
duck in the marshes of the Potomac and the foxes were always barking in the coverts. There were horses to ride, pretty girls to dance with and soldiers ready to trade tales about the French and Indian wars.

Though he became the first American, he was an English captions.

George Washington 1762-1777. By Rupert Hughes.

THE FREEDOM of THE SEAS The World Event of the Month

COL. EDWARD M. HOUSE

NE of the frequent causes of war has been the interference of commerce at sea, and yet the statesmen of the world make but little effort to bring about an international understanding regarding maritime laws.

During the Great War a serious effort was made to bring about the abolition of the practice of Capture and Search at sea. In stating America's War Aims, President Wilson made it one of the Fourteen Points, but the question was not pressed at Versailles, for it was thought, with the general acceptance of the League of Nations, the necessity to do so was not urgent.

One of the first essentials toward world peace is the reduction by common consent of armaments both by land and sea. How difficult the problem is of solution is attested by the incon-clusive conferences which from time to time have been held at Geneva. There is no short cut to an agreement as to land disarmament, for there are so many problems correlated with it. On the other hand, by the simple device of bringing about an agreement regarding the abolition of capture and search at sea, the question of naval disarmament almost solves itself.

The attitude of Great Britain regarding such an understanding is the main obstacle to its being brought about. Other powers would have no objection to Great Britain having as large a navy as was considered necessary for protection from invasion, provided it were not used to blockade enemy ports, or interfere with enemy or neutral commerce in time of war.

Looking at an international agreement (from a purely British viewpoint) giving all merchant ships, both enemy and neutral, immunity at sea

during time of war, the objection has been raised (1) that a power at war with her might refuse to keep the pact; (2) that it would prevent the blockading of enemy ports and would permit the entry of contraband

cnemy ports and would permit the entry of contraband of war into such ports.

The answer to the first objection is that with the Freedom of the Seas guaranteed by covenant between nations, there would be no incentive for continental powers to maintain navies larger than sufficient for police purposes. Therefore, Great Britain would be in a more advantageous position to cope with an outlaw nation than she is today, because her navy probably would be vastly superior to any other navy.

To say that such a treaty would not be kept in time of stress is to condemn all treaties. The concensus of world opinion is that had Germany not violated Belgian neutrality she probably would have won the war, since

neutrality she probably would have won the war, since Great Britain, at least, would not have entered the lists against her in time to check the victorious German ad-

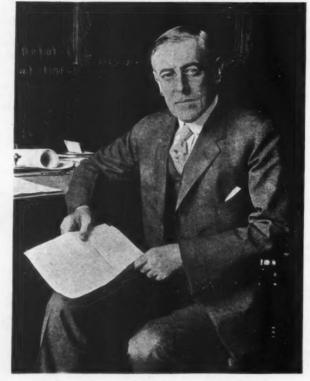
vance on Paris. The second objection to the Freedom of the Seas, that the right of blockade would be practically abolished is not of as much importance as it would seem. We all know that it was a potential weapon against Germany in 1914-18, but the conjunction of circumstances then was unusual, and doubtless would never arise

again owing to the improbability of there being another coalition among France, Russia and England against Germany.

If Great Britain were at war with Russia very little harm could be done by blockading her ports, for she is self-sustaining, excepting as to munitions which might be obtained from Ger-many and other nearby states. To blockade Germany would be equally ineffective unless Russia and France were both leagued against her and allied with Great Britain. The same may be said of France in the event Germany and England were not

Before the Great War Ger-

Eugene O'Neill



President Wilson demanded Freedom of the Seas

many's and Great Britain's interests touched at many points. Today they barely touch at all, therefore war with Germany for the present is unlikely. On the other hand, the interests of France and Great Britain touch at many places. If war, by some un- [Turn to page 130]

THE PERSONALITY OF THE MONTH Gugene O'Neill

By JOHN GOULD FLETCHER

RECENT Spanish novelist has said that there are two ways of understanding life: through drama and through philosophy.

The philosopher stands remote from ordinary

concerns and reveals to us the great forces that control the whole of humanity: reason, faith, knowledge, desire, the mind, and the senses. The dramatist shows us well-

marked types of humanity in action. His place is among us. No dramatist of the present day has shown us more clearly what American life is than Eugene O'Neill.

His latest play, Marco Millions, reveals clearly his great outstanding virtue and the technical defects of his method. From his first play to his last, O'Neill is immensely serious, possessed by a somber moral fury. This seriousness goes hand in hand with a passion for melodramatic scenes and situations. He is almost without humor in the way he insists on such situa-tions. Thus in the present play, he starts with a prologue which has nothing

to do with the main subject, and which could only have been written to satisfy his assion for presenting life in the raw. But this fault does not alter the fact that when his passion does not get the better of him, he writes with a force that few can equal.

The Great God Brown was O'Neill's most sub-

tly constructed play, and he there displayed more acceptance and understanding of life. Marco Millions is perhaps his bitterest and most prejudiced. He has followed in the footsteps of Mr. Shaw, who made his St. Joan [Turn to page 130]

THE SERMON OF THE MONTH The Church in a Changing World

juid

BY REV. HAROLD E. B. SPEIGHT, D. D. REVIEWED BY REV. JOSEPH FORT NEWTON, LITT. D.

R. SPEIGHT recently gave up the pulpit of King's Chapel—one of the oldest and most famous Churches of Boston, built of stone brought over from England—to take the chair of Philosophy in Dartmouth College. For years he has made the old Chapel a shrine of broad-minded christianity, inviting men of all faiths to its pulpit, and his influence and example will not be forgotten. In the sermon here reviewed he reminds us that while the Church seems to be slow and staid, it is in fact changing rapidly,

in three significant ways.

First the Church is changing in its relation to its worshippers. Hitherto there have been two types of Church and worship, the liturgical and the informal, the sacramental and the evangelical, each noble and useful after its kind, and ministering to different needs. Today, under the challenge of a changing world, we are discovering that these two types of Church

and worship belong together, as the two hemispheres of

one complete spiritual life.
"To minister to a man's mind," says Dr. Speight, "perplexed and distracted by a thousand problems, and also to his heart, which yearns for assurances of faith; to speak to the consciences of men, compelling them to measure their personal inclinations against the well-being of the whole community, and at the same time, through the same institution, to foster the meditative, mystical, undistracted communion with God—that is indeed a complex task."

Attempts to meet it are seen in the richer forms of worship and the use of Gothic architecture now used,

increasingly, by the non-liturgical Churches; and on the other hand by a greater flexibility of ritual in the liturgical communions. The Church is not driven to this larger ministry, but drawn to it by its sense of responsibility to bring the inspirations of religious faith to an age which, if left without a spiritual vision, is at the mercy of nameless fears, baffling perplex-

steen, and a sinister cynicism.

Second, as Dr. Speight points out, the Churches are changing radically in their relation to each other. Dogmas which separated them in other days seem less and less significant, and the common inheritance of faith is found to be vitally important, if the world is not to lose its way. There is a tide running in the hearts of men moving toward a larger, deeper unity—not a dead uniformity, but a living unity of fellowship in which all can serve in their different ways with mutual respect and

can serve in their different ways with mutual respect and brotherly goodwill.

"All forward-looking men," says Dr. Speight, "will seek to hasten the breaking down of barriers and the day of understanding. There is a grander Church than all particular ones, however extensive—the Church Universal—and into this Church all who pertake of the Spirit of Christ are admitted, and [Turn to page 130]



Dr. H. E. B. Speight

WI

hy women like this modern way of "making" Vegetable Soup

THE VICTORY for soup has been won. No one any longer questions whether it belongs in the diet. The day has passed when soup was considered simply as an attractive food with delicious flavor.

It is now known that soup stimulates the digestive juices, encourages a healthful, wholesome appetite and so is a food that should be eaten regularly every day, both for its nourishment and its other benefits.

If you have any doubts as to its popularity and regular use in millions of homes, just step into any grocery store and look for the familiar array of Red-and-White supply the daily demand that never fails to come.

It's the modern way of "making" soup—these visits to the store and selection of a delightful variety from the twenty-one different Campbell's kinds, listed on each label. Then, in the home kitchen, this is all that is required: Add an equal quantity of water, bring to a boil and allow to simmer for a few minutes. The soup is ready for your table!

You know how many different ingredients, how much time and expense it takes to make really good

Labels lined up in their neat arrangement, ready to vegetable soup. Is it any wonder that housewives nowadays-yes, the most careful and exacting housewives-welcome the help of the famous and spotless Campbell's kitchens?

> In Campbell's Vegetable Soup they have ready to hand a most tempting, nourishing, substantial soup, which contains no less than thirty-two different ingredients, with fifteen vegetables-whole, diced or in puree. Invigorating beef broth, cereals, fresh herbs and flavor-giving seasoning all aid in producing this quality blend.

To make such a soup yourself, you would have to search the markets for the finest vegetables that grow. You would spend time and precious energy in doing the tedious work of preparing and cooking them. You would have no trained French soup-chefs to help you-such chefs as have made Campbell's quality an accepted fact the country over.

Campbell's Vegetable is the soup with such a remarkable popularity and reputation as "almost a meal in itself." 12 cents a can.

Back from town and fallen down, Bubbling o'er with laughter. Going fast, with joy at last— Campbell's feast comes after! CAMPBELL SOUP COMPANY

WITH THE MEAL OR AS MEAL SOUP BELONGS IN THE DAILY DIET

him, he

RY 1928

ost subed more Marco t preju-of Mr. ge 130]

d . D. . D.

pulpit est and built of e. For rine of of all xample ere reseems apidly,

tion to n two differ-

anging Church eres of mind. ed and probwhich ces of easure gainst e comtime, on, to

with mplex en in used. ırgical ibility by its iritual rplex-

stical,

Dogith is o lose men unit and

s are

"will d the Unif the 130]



SOAP FROM TREES

THE art of being beautiful today is simply the secret of keeping natural beauty . . . the artificial complexion of yesterday has no place in the modern scheme of allurement. Women have learned that natural ways are best in skin care; that gentle, common-sense care is far more potent than the most involved of beauty methods. For Youth is thus retained.

Keeping the skin clean, the pores open, is the secret. Doing this with pure soap . . . with soap made for ONE purpose only, to safeguard good complexions . . . is the *important* part to remember.

So, more and more every day, thousands turn to the balmy lather of Palmolive . . . a soap that is kind to the skin, a soap made with beautiful complexions always in mind.

The rule to follow if guarding a good complexion is your goal

ASH your face gently with soothing Palmolive Soap, massaging the lather softly into the skin. Rinse thoroughly, first with warm water, then with cold.

If your skin seems at all inclined to be dry, apply just a touch of good cold cream—that is all. Do this regularly each day, and particularly in the evening.

Nature's Gift to Beauty



Use powder and rouge if you wish. But never leave them on over night. They clog the pores, often enlarge them. Blackheads and disfigurements often follow. They must be washed away.

Avoid this mistake

Do not use ordinary soaps in the treatment given above.

Do not think any green soap, or one represented as of olive and palm oils, is the same as Palmolive.

And it costs but 10c the cake! So little that millions let it do for their bodies what it does for their faces. Obtain a cake today. Then note the amazing difference one week makes.

Soap from trees!

THE only oils in Palmolive Soap are the soothing beauty oils from the olive tree, the African palm, and the coconut palm—and no other fats whatsoever.

That is why Palmolive Soap is the natural color it is—for palm and olive oils, nothing else, give Palmolive its natural green color.

The only secret to Palmolive is its exclusive blend—and that is one of the world's priceless beauty secrets. The Palmolive-Peet Company, Chicago, Ill.



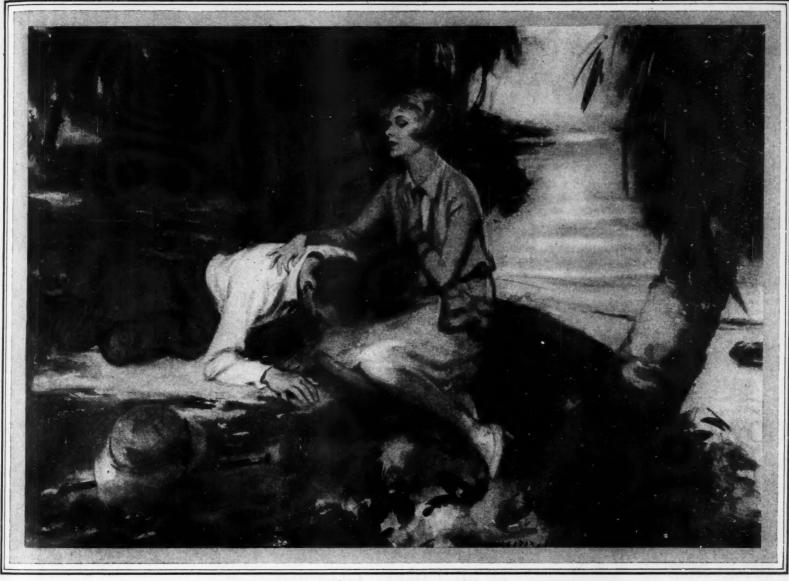
well before in my scoun all I Sir thorit assum

name

comformation motion had be "I so She an aw remen But yond. William "Per

Tha awake He She "Dadd Turner in? Ar words to go him or

She strengt out with in time



His fingers gripped the sand. "And I've broken your heart," he said.

[Continued from page 25]

well enough that it was going on before that—weeks before. I felt it in the air. But he tried to throw dust in my eyes by running after your daughter, the dirty scoundrel, though she may have been in the secret for all I know.

Sir William's voice came with just that note of au-Sir William's voice came with just that note of authority which upon occasion he was so well able to assume. "I should prefer," he said, "that my daughter's name were not mentioned in this connection."

It was at this stage that Tiggie, very red and uncomfortable, addressed himself in a loud whisper to the motionless marble figure which a few seconds before head here a laurhing herewich.

had been a laughing happy girl.
"I say, hadn't we better go?"
She did not answer him or turn her head. There was

an awful sightless look in her eyes which he was to remember for many a long day.

But if his whisper failed to reach her, it pierced beyond. There was a further quiet movement, and Sir William stepped out onto the veranda.

t never pores, sfigurel away.

e treat-

ne rep , is the o little bodies a cake **Ference**

are the olive

oconut

natural

othing

color.

its ex-

world's

re-Peet

"Peggy!" he said.

That stirred her. She gave a gasp and seemed to awake. "Yes, Daddy," she said, and turned towards him. He came to her. "My dear child!" he said.

He came to her. "My dear child!" he said.

He came to her. "My dear child!" he said.

She uttered a choking sound, and collected herself.
"Daddy dear, this—this is Tiggie—I mean Captain
Turner—a friend I made on the way out. May he come
in? And please—" she was frowning a little as if the
words cost her some effort—"will you tell Mr. Forbes
to go before—before lingo finds him? Take him—take to go before—before Jingo finds him? Take him—take him out the other way, please, Daddy!"

She made an urgent gesture with the last request. Her

strength seemed to snap with the words. Her hands went out with a groping movement towards him. He was just in time to catch her as she fell.

OUT of a darkness that was like unto death Peggy came trembling back. It was the most terrible

awakening she had ever known, and it was accompanied by such fits of trembling as shook her from head to foot. When she opened her eyes at last, it was only to be seized by a nauseating giddiness that compelled her to close them again.

A voice spoke close to her—a voice she vaguely knew.
"Let me give it to her, sir! That's better. Peggy, try
and drink this, dear! Just try!"

The rim of a glass came against her quivering lips,
and she knew that it was Tiggie's hand that held it.
She made an effort to obey him in answer to the gentle persuasion of his voice, and swallowed a drain of brandy and water that burned intolerably yet imparted a cer-tain strength. The fiery draught went down, and she opened her eyes.

She was lying in her father's arms, and Tiggie was kneeling beside her, glass in hand. His was the first face she saw as her vision gradually focussed. "Oh, Tiggie!" she said weakly, and began to cry with great sobs.

I HEARD what Mr. Forbes was saying," Peggy said to her father after Tiggie had left them together. "I don't believe it! I don't believe it!" She glanced around

don't believe it! I don't believe it!" She glanced around her, shivering. "Daddy, do you believe it?"
Haltingly he tried to soften his answer. "You know, my dear, it is a very difficult subject. I have never felt sure—never wholly sure—of I wyndham's stability. But I cannot definitely say that I—"
She hid her face in his neck. "I think I've expected too much of life," she told him tremulously. "It was as if—everything came to me at once, and—and I got dazzled, bewitched almost. It was like—like a lovely as if—everything came to me at once, and—and I got dazzled, bewitched almost. It was like—like a lovely dream. And even now—even now—" she faltered, hiding her face a little deeper, "it may—it may not be over. It may be all a dreadful mistake. I felt somehow—so sure—that we belonged to each other—were always meant for each other. He—he was so good to me, Daddy, and—I know—he thought he loved me." A little solvers in her threat; she controlled it quickly little sob rose in her throat; she controlled it quickly. "But I'm going to be brave, darling. I do promise I'll

be brave. And you won't keep anything from me, will you, when you really know? Promise—promise!"

"I promise, darling," he said tenderly. "Peggy, tell me," he went on, "this Captain Turner—a very nice man, my dear, and I like him, but—have I ever heard of him before?"

"No, dear, you haven't," she answered. "I'm afraid I forgot to mention him. There have been so many new things to fill one's mind. He was very kind to me on the voyage out. He made friends with Major and Mrs. Bobby at the same time, and now he is staying with them."

them."
"Do you know what has brought him?" asked Sir

William, still looking at her.

No flush rose in Peggy's pale face as she answered him. Her smile died completely away.

"Yes, Daddy, I do know," she said steadily. "He told me he was coming. I didn't really want him to, but I couldn't tell him not. I think he knows that it isn't have seed. I have never let him think enwithing also." any good. I have never let him think anything else."
"Ah!" Sir William said, and sighed deeply. "Well, I

like him, Peggy. He is honest and straight."

She echoed the sign as she turned away. "Yes, I know

he is, Daddy. I like him too. But-but-

PEGGY was sitting on the veranda on the following morning with Jingo serenely on guard when the lift of his head and smiling angle of his ears told her of the approach of some one of whom he approved. She heard a step immediately afterwards and saw Tiggie come round the curve that hid the road.

Peggy rose from her wicker chair with a touch of languor to greet the visitor as he reached the veranda. She was still pale, but her smile was wholly spontaneous. "How awfully nice of you to come!" she said. "Sit down! And do smoke your pipe if you want to!" "Thank you very much," said Tiggie.

He concentrated his attention upon his pipe for a few seconds. Eventually he pushed it into the side of his mouth and looked up at her. [Turn to page 109]



HOW OFTEN DO YOU WASH YOUR HAIR-AND HOW?

McCall's Beauty Editor tells how to give your hair a, Beauty Parlor treatment at home

T'S the "and how" of keeping your hair clean that really matters. Whether you wash it every ten days or once a month is a matter of common sense rather than scientific knowlmatter of common sense rather than scientific knowledge. Some hair thrives on frequent washing, and other types of hair lose their luster and healthy charm if washed too often. It has always seemed foolish to me to lay down a law about this which will apply to hair of all kinds and textures. Kgeping your hair clean and healthy is the important thing. If your hair shows signs of losing its vitality, begin before the next shampoo to analyze its condition and treat it accordingly.

Fashion of recent years has masqueraded as a goddess of all that is sane and sensible. But she is still responsible for plenty of the contributing causes of ab-

all that is sane and sensible. But she is still responsible for plenty of the contributing causes of abmormal hair conditions. Tight hats that bind the head where the main nourishing veins are, too frequent and inexpert marcelling, the use of certain curling fluids that have a drying tendency, strong blasts of artificial heat after the shampoo, and lack of after-care if you have had a permanent wave; all these and more are to be blamed for dull, lank hair that sometimes shows dangerous thin spots where it has begun to fall. The right method of shampooing and the use of a good tonic between times will do much to counteract the bad effects of fashion's tyranny.

For those lucky ones who have normal, healthy

good tonic between times will do much to counteract the bad effects of fashion's tyranny.

For those lucky ones who have normal, healthy locks, a hair specialist I know gives the shampoo routine printed in the box on this page. If you are guilty of any of the little sins of smartness listed above, however, you had best begin preventive measures to keep your hair in its healthy and beautiful state. Have a good scalp massage occasionally from an expert. When you have learned to give yourself this massage at home, do it just as often as you can. Every day isn't too much, and it only takes a few moments to go over the whole head. Begin at the base of the neck; clasping your head with your hands rotate the thumbs, hard. Then work up till you have stimulated the whole scalp. If you use a tonic, apply it on the scalp parts, not on the hair. Like a plant, the hair gets its food through its "roots." It is necessary, of course, to keep the stalk-like strands clean and free from dust by brushing. But the honest-to-goodness nourishment comes through the scalp itself. Any gardener knows that the soil around the plant roots must be turned over and kept rich and fertile. Our scalps, for the same reason,

BY HILDEGARDE FILLMORE

ILLUSTRATED BY LESLIE BENSON

require the same enriching process.

When oiliness creeps in—and this seems to be the modern woman's greatest trial—you may have to shampoo your hair oftener for a while, to keep it looking its best. But be-

WHEN YOU SHAMPOO

Use plenty of hot water and hot towels. A small bath spray makes your home shampoo almost as good as a professional one. First, wet the hair with warm water, using a spray. Now rub in the shampoo mixture, either a liquid soap or a good cake soap shaved and dissolved in a little warm water.

Rinse with hot water, then repeat the soaping. You should rinse again, gradually cooling the water until it is quite cold.

Now spray with hot water again and dry with hot towels, by hand. The specialist who uses this shampoo routine declares that the final spraying is what keeps the hair light and fluffy.

For scalp and hair health we've just found the following unique exercise. This was developed in the salor, of a specialist who noticed that the quality of women's hair, especially since the bob became almost universal, was suffering from lack of exercise. So she advised that the scalp be exercised daily by actually pulling the hair. Separate the hair into sections, twist a small section on your finger and pull gently away from the head several times, lifting the scalp. Just as daily morning exercises tone up the general circulation and strengthen bodily vigor, so this little exercise of the muscles at the hair roots invigorates them to greater vitality.

tween shampoos, give yourself this kind of cleansing. Part the hair in six or eight places and apply a tonic lotion for oily hair with a wad of cotton. Now brush your hair firmly from the scalp, upward and outward. Lift the strands away

from the head. After each stroke, wipe the brush on a towel to get off the oil and dust. Before the shampoo it's often stimulating to rub ordinary table salt into the scalp. One of the best known hair specialists in New York does this.

If, after several weeks of tonic massage and careful shampooing your hair stubbornly persists in being oily, you can vary the soap shampoo with an egg

ful shampooing your hair stubbornly persists in being oily, you can vary the soap shampoo with an egg treatment. Many hairdressers have found them a special boon to blondes with delicate hair. Soap the hair as usual and rinse well in lukewarm water. Have the whites of two eggs beaten stiff, add one teaspoonful of salt and apply this mixture right to the hair. Let it dry on the hair, then carefully brush out the egg powder that is left. Dry shampoos of almond meal or powdered ords root, or of prepared commercial cleansing powders, may also be used between the soap-and-water shampoos. Always be sure to brush the powder out of the hair. And take time each day to wash your brush and comb. If you cannot have two brushes, so that one will be drying while the other is in use, better wipe off the brush every night with a towel slightly dampened with alcohol, getting all the oil possible off the bristles. On the hair that is permanently waved egg-shampooing is apt to be

towel slightly dampened with alcohol, getting all the oil possible off the bristles. On the hair that is permanently waved egg-shampooing is apt to be less satisfactory. The powdery residue is a bit hard to shake out of very curly hair. It is also apt to show more if the hair is very dark. It's a good thing, by the way, to look well to your diet if your hair persists in oiliness. With some girls the cutting down on fat-producing foods like cream, butter and oils helps a lot.

If your hair is overdry be careful not to shampoo it too often. Wait at least three weeks, and cleans it in between with a tonic for dry hair, brushing it according to the directions for tonic-cleansing given for oily hair earlier in this article. Choose a shampoo soap with a high oily content, good Castile or one of the liquid shampoos made on an oil base. If you possibly can, avoid having it dried by gas or electric dryers. These are efficient and not harmful generally, but it is wiser to dry the hair by hand, giving the scalp a good stimulating tonic massage the while. It takes longer but helps in the end to bring extra dry hair back to normal. Split ends are common to the dry condition. Lift the hair with a comb strand by strand, toward the scalp, and clip it on a slant with a sharp pair of the scale. Then brush over the clipped ends with a little brilliantine.

RY 1928

iter each

ush on a coil and mpoo it's rub ordist known

and care-

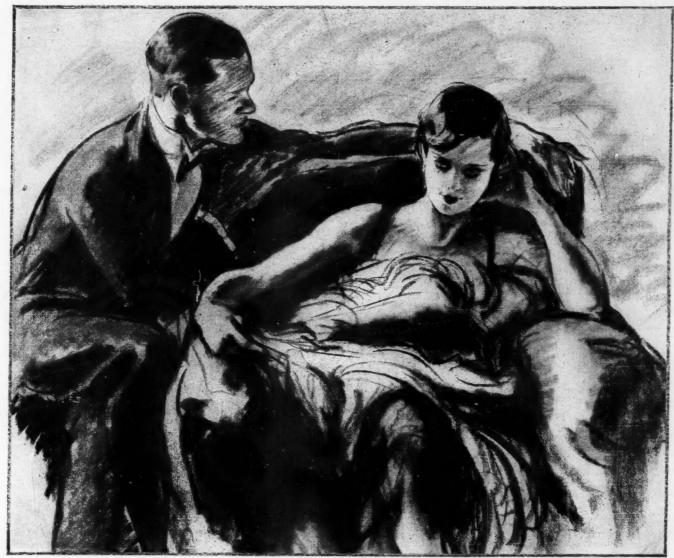
in being h an egg them a se hair as whites of and apply nair, then at is left. ered orns powder out as hyour brushes, ther is in a twith a etting all in that is upt to be bit hard so apt to sa good ar diet if

girls the

shampoold cleanse brushing cleansing c. Choose ent, good de on an g it dried cient and o dry the invulating

but helps normal. the hair

over the



A rose . . a pearl . . what can compare with the beauty of a wonderful skin!

"flawless!"

A wonderful skin_isn't it worth making this effort for?

EVEN overnight your skin can improve—can look clearer and softer by morning.

Think, then, what infinite possibilities there are in the right care of your skin, followed regularly day after day! In just a few weeks you can give it a freshness, smoothness, color, it has never had before.

Begin today to take care of your skin the Woodbury way, with hot or warm water, ice, and Woodbury's Facial Soap—the soap recommended by skin specialists as best for a sensitive skin.

Women of fine background and traditions everywhere are testifying to the wonderful helpfulness of Woodbury's Facial Soap in their own experience. Society debutantes from New York to New Orleans—college girls—women guests at America's most splendid hotels, most exclusive resorts—say Woodbury's "agrees with their skin better than any other soap"—is "wonderfully beneficial" in clearing the skin of common skin

defects and keeping it in perfect condition.

The right way to use Woodbury's for your skin is given in the booklet of famous skin treatments that comes to you free with every cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap.

If you are fortunate enough to have a clear unblemished skin—you should use the famous Woodbury treatment for normal skins, given in this booklet.

If you are troubled with blackheads, blemishes,

excessive oiliness, or any other skin defect—use the special treatment recommended for that trouble. Within a week or ten days you will see the beginning of a very great improvement.

A 25-cent cake of Woodbury's lasts a month or six weeks. Get your Woodbury's today—begin using it tonight! Learn how simple it is, with this wonderful soap, to gain the charm of "a skin you love to touch."

Send for the new Woodbury Trial Set!

Woodbury:

U LOVE

LOVE

LOVE

LOVE

1503 A	fred Street, Cincinnati, Ohio
Facial C You Lo	he enclosed 10 cents please aend me the new large- l cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap, the Cold Cream, Cream and Powder, the treatment booklet, "A Skin ve 10 Touch," and instructions for the new com- oodbury "Facial."
If you	u live in Canada, address The Andrew Jergens Co., 1, 1503 Sherbrooke Street, Perth, Ont.
Name	.,
Street	

A SKIN YOU

LOVE TO TOUCH

Lopyright, 1927, by The Anarew Jergens od.



MAKING THE COMMON WINTER VEGETABLES UNCOMMON

LEASE," wrote Mrs. L. B. C. last Autumn, "please get us up an article this Winter on seasonable and moderate priced vegetables. I am so tired of serving boiled cabbage, creamed onions and mashed turnips to my family—to say nothing of their feelings—and I don't know whether canned vegetables possess the necessary nutritive properties. Vegetables are the hardest part of my menu making."

nothing of their feelings—and I don't know whether canned vegetables possess the necessary nutritive properties. Vegetables are the hardest part of my menu making."

Mrs. L. B. C. is not alone in her troubles by any means. Every thoughtful homemaker has experienced similar dificulties during the long months when the variety of reaso ably priced vegetables is so small. Yet by preparing the old stand-bys—carrots, turnips, parsnips, onions—in new ways, by experimenting with some of the less common vegetables now making their way into practically every market, by using canned and dried vegetables judiciour, you can set just as interesting a table in January as you can in July.

Consider the squash family, for instance. Besides the yellow squash and the dark green Hubbard squash, with which we are all familiar, there is the Crookneck, and a delicate variety known as Vegetable Marrow. This last is especially popular in England and would be more so in this country if it were better known. Ask your grocer if he has it or will get it for you. I will gladly send you several recipes for it.

Among the "leafy" vegetables, one of which we must eat every day, Dr. McCollum says, are Brussels sprouts, kohlrabi, cauliflower, broccoli, kale, collard, lettuce and cabbage. While it may not be possible for all of us to get all of these vegetables in our home markets we can always find red or green cabhage, and almost always lettuce, the outer leaves of which

it may not be possible for all of us to get all of these vege-tables in our home markets we can always find red or green cabbage, and almost always lettuce, the outer leaves of which can be cooked just like spinach. Brussels sprouts are usually sold in quart boxes or baskets. Fresh Brussels sprouts are green in color and firm to the touch—those that have become yel-lowish and soft are old and apt to be wormy. They have a rather strong flavor and should be cooked quickly, as should cabbage.

Cauliflower and broccoli also belong to this popular family but these rather exclusive members are more perishable and more expensive. Everyone knows cauliflower, but broccol is a comparativey new vegetable to Americans. It resembles a loose head of cauliflower, but is green instead of white. The

BY SARAH FIELD SPLINT

DIRECTOR, DEPARTMENT OF COOKERY AND HOUSEHOLD MANAGEMENT

stems or stalks are longer and more tender and they are

stems or stalks are longer and more tender and they are cooked and served along with the flowering head. Formerly broccoli was imported from Italy, but now it is grown in large quantities in Texas and is becoming very popular. Kohlrabi, also a form of cabbage, is sometimes called Italian cabbage. It is green and about the size and shape of a turnip. This vegetable keeps better than cabbage, and so if you have a dark cool place to store it, you may buy it when the market offers a bargain and use it several days later. Spinach is a wholesome and popular green leafy vegetable, but it cannot be bought in all localities during the Winter. Homemakers who are not within shopping distance of a large

Homemakers who are not within shopping distance of a large market must substitute something else. In the South kale is popular, and there is a form of kale called collards. All these

is popular, and there is a form of kale called collards. All these greens are usually sold by the peck or pound according to the custom in each community.

Celery may be used raw or cooked and is one of our most healthful root vegetables. For table-use dwarf celery or the trimmed hearts are often preferred, but as the untrimmed bunch may be bought for only a few cents more it is greatly to the housewife's advantage to buy it and so have outside stalks to use for cooking. She can use the tops for soup and the stalks as a vegetable. Celeriac is a variety of celery with a large turnip-like root. It may be cooked like other root vegetables or used raw in various salad combinations.

a large turnip-like root. It may be cooked like other root vegetables or used raw in various salad combinations. Another rather inexpensive vegetable is salsify or oyster plant. It is a long slender root generally sold in bunches of about 6 roots each. It has a delicate flavor slightly resembling that of the oyster—therefore its name.

And we must not forget the eggplant. It is one of the oldest vegetables known and is said to have been used in India over 3000 years ago. Choose one with firm unwrinkled skin as those with shrivelled skin are apt to be bitter. After an eggplant has been cut, it does not keep well so buy one an eggplant has been cut, it does not keep well so buy one

only as large as you think you can use at one may Mushrooms belong to the de luxe class of vertables. When their price is high, as it is during in Winter months, many of us cannot afford to be them in sufficient quantities to serve as a vegetable we can, however, use them for flavoring other thing the account of the control of the con such as sauces, gravies, creamed meats and cassed dishes. Used in this way, a half pound of must rooms will go a long way in a family of 4 or 5 persons, as

dishes. Used in this way, a half pound of mustrooms will go a long way in a family of 4 or 5 persons, as the craving for the mushroom flavor will be satisfied.

Before leaving the subject of fresh vegetables, I must speak of those which can be served raw. (According to the best nutrition authorities we should eat at least two serving of uncooked vegetables or fruits every day). Carrots, celegicabbage, lettuce and onions are, or can be made, most discuss in the raw state, and I am giving you several exceller recipes for them in this article.

Canned vegetables which may be had at all seasons, in a places, deserve a warm spot in the housewife's heart and a prominent place on her table. No longer are they to be scorned if they have the guarantee of a reliable packer be hind them. They are wholesome, of good flavor, and retimuch of the nutritive value they had when fresh. Cambotomatoes, for instance, are so rich in vitamins that child specialists prescribe the strained, unheated juice for babies. The idea that the liquid in which vegetables are cannot should be drained off and the vegetable rinsed with on water before it is heated is an exploded theory. Many the valuable mineral salts and vitamins are lost in this was If you do not want to use all of the liquid, drain part of off and save it for soup. Cook down the rest with the vegetables.

Corn. tomatoes, asparagus, peas, string beans, lima better.

Corn, tomatoes, asparagus, peas, string beans, lima bean and spinach are the most popular of the canned vegetable and are invaluable to the woman who wants variety in he

Do not forget when you are searching for new ideas the dried vegetables offer an occasional change. Red kides beans, limas, flagolets, and black-eyed peas are among the most usable. Limas and kidney beans, are especially good as may be prepared in any number of delicious ways.

It has been said about us American. [Turn to page \$\phi\$]



POND'S opens its Letter Box to you

EAUTY'S but skin-deep? "That's deep enough for me," a witty young woman once declared. Pond's Letter Box attests that countless others, young and old, agree with her.

From every state in the union women write us delightful "thank you letters," enthusiastic in appreciation of Pond's Two Creams.

And how varied are the writers—from eastern farm and western ranch, from northern prairie and southern cotton-field, from pretty girls in society, from business women, trained nurses, writers, world-travelers.

Pond's Creams-so inexpensive yet so fine that they are favorites of the aristocracy—win honorable mention for distinguished service "in all climates, from Duluth, 42° below zero—to Texas 105° above." In "bitter frosts," in "driving winds," in "hot dry winds," in "brilliant suns," in "alkali dust," the Creams have proved "just as effective-wonderful for preserving the complexion fresh and clear."

'M NOT a society lady, far from it!" one charming

"I live on a ranch, am out all day, face unprotected from stinging winds.

"Yet-a lady asked me how I could possibly have such a smooth, soft skin. I opened my cupboard and showed her my jars of Pond's Creams!"

"I'm not a society lady-I live

A Brooklyn woman has flivvered four times across the continent.

She says: "A univer-sity friend and I wanted to see America firsthand, to get material for stories. We camped in every climate from the Siskiyous in January to the Desert in July.

"Needless to say, it was dirty! Water and alkali just ruin the skin . . We found Pond's Cream a necessity of tourist equipment."

From the California Desert: "For years my skin was treated at beauty shops. When it became necessary for me to live on the Mojave Desert, I started using your Two Creams.

Now I have been here 18 months with hot winds and cold winds, yet my skin is softer, clearer than it has ever been . . . Not a young skin, either, as I am middle age."

But fie upon middle age! Keep youthful with Pond's. This is from Massachusetts: "I am a mother of six. I look so young that when I am with my husband folks ask for an introduction to his daughter!

"The only explanation is Pond's Two Creams. I have used nothing else for 17 years."

Women reveal for other women's sakes experiences as varied as life itself



"I am a violinist, having difficulty with the finger tips of my left hand . . .

A pretty Georgia girl got rid of premature wrinkles: "They made me look old. I was ready to give up in despair. A month ago I tried Pond's Cold Cream, massaging it well, leaving it several hours.

"Now I'm looking young once more. I'm delighted!"

OTHER CLEVER USES for the Two Creams: "I am a violinist," a Chicago girl writes. "I have difficulty with the finger tips of my left hand.

"They constantly harden and peel-unless kept soft with Vanishing Cream. Yours is the best skin softener on the market.

A graduate of the University of Missouri says: "Your Vanishing Cream is a favorite of mine. It sure softens 'rusty' elbows — important with evening



These Two Creams, together with Pond's new Shin Freshener and Pond's new Cleansing Tissues, provide complete and exquisite care of the skin

gowns. And it keeps my hands soft and white."

A California mother uses the cream to "massage tired feet." She says: "In a few minutes we feel like dancing."

MOTHERS, especially, prize Pond's Creams. From Maryland one writes: "I have twins, six months old. Each morning as I prepare them for their baths I cover their faces with Pond's Cold Cream.

"In the tub they kick and splash to their hearts' content. When I take them out their soft rosy skin has been both cleansed and protected."

A New Jersey mother says: "I have three out-of-door kiddies. You know what winds and snows do to their tender skins. Pond's Vanishing Cream has saved them hours of suffering.

"My little daughter has a 'fairy' skin. A good rubbing at night (legs, too) keeps her in perfect condition. Vanishing Cream does not soil the bed linen, either an asset, I assure you!"

And so they comeletters as welcome, as kind as if from personal friends. Won't you, too, write us your experiences with Pond's Creams? an interesting emergency?



'Three out-of-door kiddies . . You know their tender skins."

For regular daily cleansing and beautifying use? For

THE FOLLOWING is the complete Pond's method of caring for the skin. First cleanse with Pond's exquisitely light Cold Cream. Then, with Pond's Cleansing Tis-



"Across the States in a Ford"

sues remove every trace of oil and the dirt it has brought out. Next tone and firm your skin with Pond's new Skin Freshener. Finally apply Pond's Vanishing Cream for a lovely finish and protection. At night refresh and cleanse your skin again with the Cold Cream and Freshener. See what new beauty this brings!

New! 14¢ Offer: Mail this coupon with fourteen cents (14¢)
for trial tubes of Pond's Cold Cream and
Pond's Vanishing Cream and enough of Pond's new Skin Freshener and Pond's new Cleansing Tissues to last you a week.

THE POND'S EXTRACT Co., Dept. B, 111 Hudson Street, New York

Street		

among the

e smalles

v one ca

n Winter

ION

at one med ass of ver

s during the ford to be a vegetable other thing

nd cassend d of must bersons, and fied. les, I must ding to the

wo serving rots, celer, most del-ral excellen

asons, in all neart and a they to be packer be

and retain sh. Cannot that chill or babies.

are cannot with color. Many of this water

part of i

lima bean vegetable iety in he

page #

"Nuthin' I Like!"



HUNGRILY and expectantly he had gone to dinner. "Nuthin'" he liked — just things which "were good for him". String beans—he wouldn't eat them. Time had come for discipline. When told that he was to have none of a favorite dessert, he gave in. Smiling thro' his tears after the first few mouthfuls, he said, "I didn't know it, but I was liking string beans all the time."

ERHAPS in your own home there is a small child who is finicky about his food. But you insist upon his having plenty of milk, cereals, vegetables and the other foods he requires, for you know that the growth of his body and his health depend upon the "building" foods he eats.

But how about yourself? Have you dropped into the habit of ordering what you like without regard to the foods you need to build and repair your body and to keep it in the best possible condition of health? And do you know how much food you require, or how

Diet is literally a separate problem for each individual. The "overweight" is usually too fond of starchy, sugary and fatty foods and disinclined to eat vegetables and fruits, while the "underweight" often neglects the fattening foods he needs. Appetite is not always a reliable guide to correct eating.

If you are blessed with good health and good digestion, take time to find out what constitutes a properly balanced day to day diet for a person of your age -how much meat, fish, cheese and milk you require, how many sweet foods, and most important of all—how many vegetables. Don't forget the string beans or the tomato, King of the Vitamins. Raw salads, fruit, butter,

cream and nuts are important parts of the regular food supply when taken in correct amounts. And six to eight glasses of water daily, please—mainly between meals.

It is worth remembering that, through a well-balanced ration, you can keep in good condition every part of your body—muscles, bones, vital organs, nerves, eyes, teeth and even hair.

Incorrect diet is responsible for a vast number of ailments and lack of strength and vigor. It is estimated that three calls out of ten in doctors' offices are caused by faulty diet—errors that may be easily corrected. If you wish to have better health and probably longer life, apply the new knowledge of food and nutrition, gained for you through the chemical research of recent years.

It is really amazingly interesting to discover what each particular food contributes to the body—to

know just what to eat if you wish to reduce your weight, or increase your weight, or keep it normal —to know what your body needs when you feel that your energy is low.

For more enjoyment in eating and for better health from eating, learn what to eat.



se our daily food needs are little stood by most persons, the Metro-Life Insurance Company has pro-a booklet, "The Family Food ", which tells what to buy and how, cludes diet and marketing halas for

est food is not always the most ive, and the most expensive is oft far from the best. The least co can often be prepared in such av-give more nourishment and ma-parisfaction than those which are

teans of this booklet, the modern keeper can easily find out which her family requires. She will learn i foods are needed by a man who heavy physical labor, which are nec-for the office-worker, which for fand which for the growing child.

ly Food Supply" tells how to nically and should be used in with the "Metropolitan Cook copy of either, or both, will be e, upon your request.

HALEY FISKE, President.

Published by

METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY **NEW YORK**

Biggest in the World, More Assets, More Policyholders, More Insurance in force, More new Insurance each year

MAKING THE COMMON WINTER VEGETABLES UNCOMMON

[Continued from page 38]



Vegetable plates are becoming more and more popular for luncheon and dinner.

housewives that we do not pay enough attention to the subject of cooking vegetables. One of our worst faults is that we are apt to overcook them. In the majority of cases a short, quick process will give the best result as to flavor and color, and with the least loss of nutritive material. Green vegetables in particular should be cooked very quickly and in as little water as possible. White vegetables, such as onions and cauliflower, should on the contrary, be boiled in a large amount of water in an uncovered pan so as to prevent their becoming darker during cooking.

And now before the recipes begin, let me tell you something a wonderful cook once told me. She said, in speaking of seasoning vegetables, "If they don't taste just right try a pinch of sugar." You will be surprised to find how a little sugar brings out the natural flavor of Winter vegetables! ousewives that we do not pay enough

vegetables!

Stuffed Baked Onions: Select large Bermuda onions, remove dry outside skin and parboil 10 to 15 minutes. When onions are parboil 10 to 15 minutes. When onions are cool, remove part of centers and fill with minced left-over meat (chicken, veal or lamb) mixed with an equal quantity soft bread crumbs and the onion which was removed, chopped fine. Season with salt, pepper, paprika, and melted butter. Place in baking-dish, sprinkle with bread crumbs, and dot with bits of butter. Cover and bake in a moderate oven (350° F.) about 1 hour or until onions are tender. Remove 1 hour or until onions are tender. Remove cover and allow tops to brown.

Scalloped Tomatoes and Corn: Drain

some of the liquid from canned tomatoes, Season with salt, pepper and a little sugar.

Open a can of corn and season that with salt, pepper and paprika. Put a layer of buttered bread crumbs in the bottom of a baking-dish, cover with a layer of the tomatoes, then a layer of corn and another layer of buttered crumbs. Repeat until all ingredients are used. Cover top with buttered crumbs, sprinkle with grated cheese and bake in moderate oven (350° F.) for about 30 minutes

and bake in moderate oven (350° F.) for about 30 minutes.

Asparagus Italienne: Drain the liquid from canned asparagus and lay stalks in shallow baking-pan. Sprinkle with salt, paprika and grated American cheese mixed with a little Parmesan cheese if you have it. Place in a hot oven (400° F.) to heat asparagus and to melt the cheese slightly. Serve at once.

Glazed Carrots: Wash and scrape carrots. Cut in half lengthwise, then cut into

Glazed Carrots: Wash and scrape carrots. Cut in half lengthwise, then cut into quarters and if carrots are very large into eighths. Cook in boiling water until almost tender. Drain thoroughly, reserving liquid in which they were cooked to make soup. For each 3 cups carrots melt 4 tablespoons butter in frying-pan, add 5 tablespoons sugar and stir until melted. Add carrots and stir lightly with a fork. Cook very slowly about 5 or 10 minutes Cook very slowly about 5 or 10 minutes or until carrots are tender and well glazed. Serve hot. Sprinkle with minced parsley

or finely chopped mint for variety.

Turnip Souffle: Wash turnips thoroughly. Peel and cook until tender in boiloughly. Peet and cook until tender in politing, salted water. If turnips are old and rather strong in flavor, put on to cook in cold water, allow to come to boil, drain and cover with boiling water, adding salt when partly cooked. When tender, mash thoroughly or press through strainer. Season with salt, pepper, [Turn to page 133]



Uncooked carrots, celery, cabbage and pickled beets are easily transformed into de lux relishes.

1928

ther

il all but-

for quid s in salt, ixed

have heat htly.

carinto

into alving

nake

ork.

zed.

rsley

hor-

and k in

rain

salt

[33]

A LITTLE MORNING TREATMENT

according to the Elizabeth Arden method, will clear your skin for the day and rid your eyes of the puffiness with which they awaken

Elizabeth Arden recommends these Preparations for your care of the skin at home

VENETIAN CLEANSING CREAM
Melts into the pores, rids them of dust and impurities, leaves skin soft and receptive. \$1, \$2, \$3, \$6.

VENETIAN ARDENA SKIN TONIC

Tones, firms and whitens the skin. Use with
and after Cleansing Cream. 85c, \$2, \$3.75, \$9.

VENETIAN ORANGE SKIN FOOD
Keeps the skin full and firm, rounds out
wrinkles, lines and hollows. \$1, \$1.75, \$2.75,
\$4.25.

VENETIAN VELVA CREAM

A delicate cream for sensitive skins. Recommended for a full face, as it smooths and softens the skin without fattening. \$1, \$2, \$3, \$6.

VENETIAN SPECIAL ASTRINGENT
For flaccid cheeks and neck. Lifts and strengthens the tissues, tightens the skin. \$2.25, \$4.

VENETIAN MUSCLE OIL.

A penetrating oil rich in the elements which
restore sunken tissues or flabby muscles. \$1,
\$2.50, \$4.

VENETIAN PORE CREAM
Greaseless astringent cream, contracts open
pores, corrects their inactivity. Smooth over
coarse pores at bedtime. \$1, \$2.50.

VENETIAN AMORETTA CREAM

A vanishing and protective cream, gives the skin
a soft natural finish under powder. \$1, \$2.

VENETIAN SPECIAL EYE LOTION

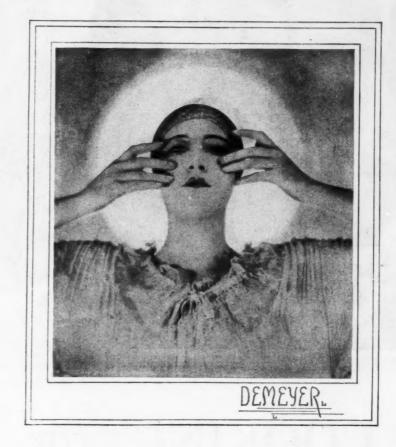
Use with an eye-cup, morning and night, to cleanse and tone the eyes. \$1, \$2.50.

VENETIAN SPECIAL EYE CREAM
Fills out lines and wrinkles around the eyes.
Leave a little on the skin around the eyes overnight, \$1.50.

VENETIAN FLOWER POWDER

Fine, pure, delicately perfumed. White,
Cream, Naturelle, Rose, Special Rachel,
Spanish Rachel. \$1.75.

Write for Elizabeth Arden's book, "THE QUEST OF THE BEAUTIFUL," which will tell you how to follow her scientific method in the care of your skin at home. And a second book, "YOUR MASTERPIECE—YOURSELF," will tell you about Elizabeth Arden's Home Course for beauty and health.



As soon as you get up in the morning, begin the Elizabeth Arden Self-Treatment which will prepare your skin for a busy day. Take a pad of absorbent cotton, wring it out of cold water, moisten with Ardena Skin Tonic, dip in Cleansing Cream, and "wash" the face and neck with this. Wipe away the cream with soft tissues.

Next pat the face and neck briskly for several minutes, using a fresh pad of cotton which has been wrung out of cold water and moistened with Ardena Skin Tonic. A second patting with Special Astringent is excellent to firm the contour. Pat back and forth gently under the eyes to reduce puffiness. Then apply Orange Skin Food—or the

over lines and wrinkles—patting the Preparations well into the skin to stimulate their absorption by the tissues. Leave a little cream and oil on the skin while you bathe and dress. Then wipe the face with your moist Skin Tonic pad.

delicate Velva Cream-add Muscle Oil

Clear the eyes by using Special Eye Lotion in an eye-cup. Smooth your skin with Amoretta Cream as a protective foundation. Then a little rouge, perhaps, if fatigue or illness makes it necessary. A dusting of powder to protect the skin. And voila! your heavy eyes, your dull skin, your tired lines, are gone. Your skin is lovely—because this daily scientific treatment has made it healthy.

On sale at smart shops all over United States, Canada, Great Britain, in the principal cities of Europe, Africa, Australasia, the Far East, South America, West Indies and the U.S. Possessions.

ELIZABETH ARDEN

LONDON: 25 Old Bond Street

NEW YORK: 673 FIFTH AVENUE

PARIS: 2 rue de la Paix

CHICAGO: 70 E. Walton Place PHILADELPHIA: 133 South 18th Street BOSTON: 24 Newbury Street WASHINGTON: 1147 Connecticut Avenue DETROIT: 318 Book Building PALM BEACH: 2 Via Parigi

SAN FRANCISCO: 233 Grant Avenue ATLANTIC CITY: Ritz-Carlton Block LOS ANGELES: 600 West 7th Street BIARRITZ: 2 rue Gambetta CANNES: 3 Galeries Fleuries & Elizabeth Arden, 1927



"Of course he loves you, even if he does cry for beefsteak and onions."

COOKING, for A MAN

His taste in food demands something more substantial than fancy feminine folderols

HOSE taste is the presiding genius of your kitchen—yours, or that of the man of the family?

If you cook for yourself, then this article is not for you. But if the arbiter of your kitchen wears a number fifteen collar and has a way of replying off hand to your question: "What would you like for dinner?" with a casual "Oh, anything'll do!" and then, when you take him at his word and let "anything do" he looks over the table disappointedly and asks "Is this all we're having tonight?"—if, as I say, this is a fairly representative picture of your home any night in any week, then it will not hurt you to read on.

What do men like to eat?

Perhaps it is easier to say what they don't like—and chief

Perhaps it is easier to say what they don't like—and chief of these is "party" food; left overs from the bridge party you had that afternoon; or "warm ups" contrived hastily at the

Every man worthy the name has a hankering for honest, filling food that does not disguise itself as something else. Nor has he ceased to love you because he pleads sometimes for beefsteak and onions in place of the whipped cream folderol

beefsteak and onions in place of the whipped cream folderol you might find more interesting to concoct.

The menus and recipes that are given here feature dishes that men like. Each dish described here is the chosen favorite of the male members of a particular household. The clam pie recipe has been handed down for three generations in a well known Connecticut family. The recipe for escalloped potatoes and pork chops comes from the private cook book of a Pennsylvania household. The particular virtue of this dish is that it can wait. If the man of the family is detained late at the office, or if he misses his usual train, this supper will not be spoiled. A Colorado ranch wife sends the recipe for corn chowder which is her husband's favorite cold night supper dish.

BY MABEL CONDICK

ILLUSTRATED BY H. R. SUTTER

CLAM PIE

1 cup flour 3 tablespoons butter or other fat

30 soft shell clams 1 large potato ½ teaspoon chopped onion

Mix flour, salt, baking-powder and fat together with tips of fingers until thoroughly mixed. Add enough cold water to make a paste that is not too soft or the least bit wet.

Cut the potatoes into inch cubes and parboil. Prepare the clams as follows: Scrub shells and put in a sauce pan with one pint of boiling water. Cover, and set over the fire for a few minutes until the shells steam open. Remove from the fire. Open shells and remove clams into a bowl, taking care not to lose any juice. Discard the tough parts and the necks. The liquor in which the clams were steamed, together with any juice from the clams, should be boiled up again and carefully skimmed to remove all traces of foreign matter. There will be too much liquor for the pie, but the surplus can be will be too much liquor for the pie, but the surplus can be set aside in the ice box. It will make sufficient broth to serve two persons. Line a small bowl with crust, fill with clams, potato, onion and enough juice to fill bowl and sprinkle with one tablespoon of flour to thicken the gravy. Cover with a top crust and bake in a hot oven twenty-five minutes or

until crust is a delicate and appetizing brown. Care should be taken in pouring off the brown for with even the utmost care in scrubbing the shells some sand will adhere. Lift the clams of of the liquor, rather than pour them with the liquor into the pie. Then, if any sand remains it can be strained out, a little practise will make this much simpler than it sounds.

PORK CHOPS WITH ESCALLOPED POTATOES

Slice six potatoes in thin slices. Place a layer of potatoe in the bottom of a large baking-dish. Sprinkle a little flom salt and pepper over the potatoes. Then put in two or thm pork chops. Add the rest of the potatoes with a sprinklin of flour, salt and pepper. Over the whole add enough mid to come to the top of the potatoes. If a little onion and green pepper are added they make the dish even most savory. Cover, put in a hot oven and bake for one how after boiling begins. The heat can be lowered after the mid boils up.

Butter earthenware cups such as are used for custard. Position a tablespoonful of rich jam—strawberry, raspberry, current either red or black—in the bottom of each cup, fill with cottage pudding batter and steam one hour over boiling water.

1/2 pound of round steak, 2 thick slices of bread 2 tablespoons ketchup 3 or 4 strips of bacon Salt and pepper to taste

Ask the butcher to grind a small piece [Turn to page 10]

ARY 1928



That touch of variety which can make winter vegetables so good is never a problem to the woman who has learned how to combine them with Premium Bacon. Rich and distinctive in its savor, with fat and lean in just the right proportion, Premium blends appetizingly with other foods and makes them unusually tempting.

Swift's Premium Hams and Bacon

Many women who want to have a generous supply of Premium Bacon always on hand, buy it in the whole piece in the original parchment wrapper. Others prefer it in the convenient half-pound and pound cartons, evenly sliced, free from all rind and ready for cooking.



Fresh Vegetables with Premium Bacon

- 4 cups cooked spinach 4 cups cooked winter squash 6 large potatoes, mashed ½ lb. Swift's Premium Bacon

Arrange vegetables on large glass baking platter. Cook bacon slightly. Place bacon on vegetables and put dish under broiler until bacon browns. Garnish with carrot and hard cooked egg. (Serves six)

Swift & Company

ng brown the broth ubbing the clams out with the d remains will make

of potatos little flour o or three sprinkling ough mile onion and even more one hour or the mile

OES

istard. Po y, currant fill with er boiling

page 108



Things that make men happy! BUCKWHEATS

with that old-time "tang"

Her famous recipe ready-mixed with choice buckwheat flour



NE of those things your husband longs for, but seldom mentions. A memory from boyhood days: buckwheats with the true, old-

Right now, these winter mornings, is when men are hankering for them most of all-fragrant cakes with that real buckwheat "kick." How good they taste! How they make a man's eyes light up!



We are often asked,

"Are these stories of Aunt Je-mima and her recipe really rue!" They are based on documents found in the files of the earliest owners of the recipe. To what ex-tent they are a mixture of truth, fiction and tradition, we do not know. The Aunt Jemima Mills Branch, Quaker Oats Company, Chicago

Southern pancakes with her old-time plantation flavor! Her own recipe comes ready-mixed in the red Aunt Jemima package

They are a surprise from old days—one that millions of women are giving their husbands this very month. They have found a sure way: golden-brown cakes made with Aunt Jemima's ingredients.

Her famous plantation recipe, slightly changed by expert cooks and ready-mixed with choice buckwheat flour: that's what you get in the yellow package—Aunt Jemima for Buckwheats. All the ingredients for tender cakes with just the savor that men like most of all. To get this taste at its very best, we use only the pick of the crops from certain sections known to yield the finest buckwheat flavor.

No overnight waiting

No need to let the batter stand overnight! No chance to go wrong! No trouble to get these cakes, always so tempting, always so light and wholesome! Just add a cup of milk (or water) to every cup of Aunt Jemima for Buckwheats (yellow package)—

Watch for that look of youth, of boyish pleasure in your husband's eyes when you first serve him Aunt Jemima buckwheats. See how good that old-fash-ioned taste really is. Plan now to test Aunt Jemima's famous recipe, ready-mixed in the yellow package—Aunt Jemima for Buckwheats. Just mail the coupon for

Just add milk (or water) and stir

free trial size package. Or get a full size package from your grocer.

And don't forget how much your family enjoy those other cakes of Aunt Jemima's, pancakes with her famous plantation flavor. The kind you make with the red package, Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour. Your grocer has it.

TREE —a chance to test this famous recipe-ready-mixed

Trial size package Aunt Jemima for Buckwheats with new recipe booklet giving many delightful suggestions for pan-cakes, muffins and waffles. Mail coupon today.

THE	AUNT	JEMIMA	MILLS	BRANCH
		D-22. St.		

Gentlemen: Send free trial package of Aunt Jemima for Buckwheats with recipe folder

JUNT JEMIMA

RY 1928







SIXTEEN WAYS TO SERVE POTATOES

POTATOES are the most popular of all vegetables, yet even they become tiresome in time if they always appear in the same old dresses. Here are sixteen less common ways of serving them—some are stylish enough for parties, others are hearty enough for the main dish at luncheon or super, all of them at luncheon or supper, all of them

POTATO SALAD

- 2 tablespoons cider vinegar
- small onions sweet pickles green pepper tablespons salad oil
 - 1 teaspoon salt 1 teaspoon paprika 1/8 teaspoon black pepper

Wash, peel and boil potatoes. When cold, slice thin. Slice onions very thin, chop pickles fine and shred or chop green pepper. Make a French dressing by mixing together oil, vinegar, salt, paprika and black pepper. Mix with vegetables and let stand in very cold place 1 hour. Serve on lettuce with or without mayonnaise, as desired. Thinly-sliced cucumber may be added for variety and salad may be garadded for variety and salad may be gar-nished with sliced hard-cooked egg, sliced cucumber and pickle fans.

SPANISH POTATOES

Cut old boiled potatoes in small pieces and cook in a thin white sauce slowly until sauce is thick, taking great care that they do not burn. When nearly done, sprinkle with paprika until they have a deep pink color. Serve hot. A rich white sauce made with cream is particularly good for potatoes prepared this way.

HASHED POTATOES WITH MILK

Heat 2 tablespoons bacon fat or short-ening in large frying-pan. Add cold cooked potatoes, sliced. Cover with milk and cook until milk begins to bubble. Season with salt and pepper and hash steadily with knife until potatoes are cut very fine, turn-ing with knife to prevent burning. When potatoes have absorbed all the milk allow them to brown on bottom. Turn out on them to brown on bottom. Turn out on hot platter and garnish with parsley.

CURRIED POTATOES

Peel potatoes and cut in slices. Fry in large frying-pan in small amount of short-ening, letting each slice become golden brown on one side before turning to brown on other side. Add shortening a little at a time, as required. When potatoes are nearly done, sprinkle with curry powder from a shaker, and salt, as desired.

SAVORY POTATOES

- 6 medium-size potatoes 2 medium-size onions 1 tablespoon finely-chopped parsley ½ teaspoon salt
- 14 teaspoon pepper 1 tablespoon short-ening 14 cup water 14 cup milk 14 cup grated cheese

Peel potatoes and slice very thin. Chop or slice onions and mix with potatoes. Add parsley, salt and pepper. Melt shortening in saucepan and add potato mixture. Pour in water, cover tightly and cook gently 20 minutes. Add milk and cook 15 minutes longer. Serve on hot platter and

BY LILIAN M. GUNN

Department of Foods and Cookery Teachers College Columbia University

ILLUSTRATED BY MILDRED ANN OWEN

sprinkle grated American cheese over top.

STUFFED POTATOES

Select medium-size potatoes, scrub and bake in quick oven (450°F). When done, cut a slice from top and scoop out inside of potato with teaspoon, taking care not to break shell. If potatoes are very large, cut in halves instead of removing slice from top. Mash potato, adding 2 tablespoons butter, 2 tablespoons milk, ½ teaspoon salt and ½ teaspoon pepper for 6 potatoes. If desired, add 2 egg-whites, well-baten. Refill shells with potato mixture, sprinkle with chopped parsley, paprika or grated cheese and bake in hot oven (400°F) until brown on top. Serve with tiny sprig of parsley in top of each.

LYONNAISE POTATOES

1 small onion, diced 3 tablespoons short-or cut fine ening 2 cups cold sliced potatoes

Cook onion in 1 tablespoon shortening 3 minutes, Add remaining shortening and potatoes and fry until all shortening is absorbed. Allow to brown and serve hot

DUCHESS POTATOES (Potato Garnish)

- 2 cups hot mashed or riced potatoes tablespoons butter 3 egg yolks
- Add butter, salt and pepper to hot potatoes and stir vigorously. Beat eggs very slightly and add. Beat potato mixture until soft and velvety, and put into pastry bag or tube. Be careful not to have potato mixture too soft to hold its shape. Press out on greased baking-pan in rings, coeffice a new desired shape. Brown in rosettes or any desired shapes. Brown in hot oven (400°F). Remove from pan with spatula and use as garnish for meat or fish.

POTATO NESTS

Make Duchess Potatoes by recipe above. Put into pastry bag and press out on greased pan in form of nests about 3 inches in diameter. Brown in oven as directed, and slip carefully onto hot serving plate. Fill with creamed vegetables, meat or fish and garnish with parsley.

DELMONICO POTATOES

Cut cold cooked potatoes very fine. Measure and make half as much white sauce as you have potatoes. Mix potatoes and white sauce and pour into greased baking-dish. Cover with buttered cracker crumbs and bake in hot oven (400° F) 15 minutes or until crumbs are brown.

OAK HILL POTATOES

Put alternate layers of cold boiled potatoes, sliced, and sliced hard-cooked eggs in well-greased baking-dish. Pour over

half as much white sauce as potatoes. Cover with buttered crumbs. Bake in hot oven (400° 15 minutes or until crumbs

POTATO MUFFINS

1 cup cold mashed potato
% cup milk
1½ cups flour
½ teaspoon sait 2 eggs
4 teaspoon bakingpowder
2 tablespoons melted
shortening

Add milk to potato and stir until well Add misk to potato and stir until well mixed. Sift together flour, salt and baking-powder. Add potato and milk, then well-beaten eggs. If potato is very dry, add more milk. Add melted shortening last. Put into greased muffin tins and bake in moderate oven (375° F.) 30 minutes.

POTATO OMELET

Hash cold boiled potatoes very fine, adding just enough milk to moisten. Season well with salt, pepper and paprika. Put into well-greased omelet-pan and cook until potatoes are well-browned on bottom. Cut nearly through across center, sprinkle with parsley, chopped onion or grated cheese and fold over like an omelet. Serve on hot platter, garnished with parsley.

And here is a sweet potato recipe noth-

HAWAIIAN SWEET POTATOES

- 3 cups parboiled sweet potatoes diced 1½ cups sliced pine-apples cut in pieces
 - 1½ tablespoons brown sugar ½ cup pineapple juice ¼ pound marsh-mallow
- 3 tablespoons butte

Put 1 cup potatoes in layer in bottom of greased baking-dish. Cover with ½ cup pineapple, sprinkle with ½ tablespoon brown sugar and dot with 1 tablespoon butter cut in bits. Repeat layers of potato, pineapple and seasonings until all are used. Pour over all pineapple juice and bake in moderate oven (350° F) ½ hour. Remove from oven, place marshmallows on top, return to oven until marshmallows are puffed and slightly brown.

SWEET POTATO PUDDING

2 eggs ½ cup sugar 1 teaspoon cinnamon 2½ cup sugar 2¼ cups grated raw ¼ teaspoon ginger sweet potato 1 cup milk

Beat eggs slightly. Add cinnamon, gin-ger, sugar, sweet potato and milk. Mix thoroughly and pour into well-greased baking-dish. Bake in moderate oven (350° F.) 45 minutes or until firm. Serve with cream.

SWEET POTATO AU GRATIN

Wash and peel 6 medium-size potations and cook, in boiling salted water until tender but not soft. Cut in thick slices. Put a layer in well-greased baking-dish. Sprinkle with salt and pepper and 1 tablespoon brown sugar. Repeat layers of potato and seasonings until all is used. Pour 34 cup rich milk or cream over top. Cover with buttered crumbs and bake in moderate even (350° F.) ½ hour.

Tebruary menu surprise EGGS LATTICED WITH ASPARAGUS ~

Drain asparagus and heat, Prepare 2 cups white sauce; hard cook 5 eggs and halve crosswise. Place layer sauce in greased baking dish, add layer asparagus, add sauce and eggs. Lattice with asparagus; pour on melted butter, heat in oven. Garnish with pimiento.



When winter appetites yearn so hard to beat the calendar



Now-when you long for fresh greens and vegetables-is just the time to serve California Canned Asparagus. It brings you the garden freshness of spring weeks and months ahead of the calendar.

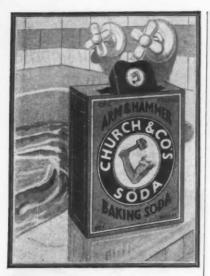
And, really, you'd be surprised at the many ways you can serve it-appetizers, soups, salads, main course dishes — endless variety and unsurpassed delicacy.

So why not keep several cans on your pantry shelf? Then spring freshness need never be out of season—as far as your table is con-



Send for FREE book

Canners League—Asparagus Section, Dept. 531, 451 Managementy St., San Francisco, California. Please send me, free of charge, your recipe book "Asparagus for Delicacy and Variety."



Weariness?

just wash it away

ONE price we pay for mod-ern life is frequent fatigue. Every man and woman who is active—in business, at home, or socially-often has that worn-out feeling.

It's not a serious weariness: as a matter of fact, you can actually wash it away-by taking a hot Soda bath.

And you'll probably find a supply of Soda on the kitchen shelf-Arm & Hammer Baking Soda is Bicarbonate of Soda whose purity exceeds the U. S. P. standards.

Dissolve half a pound to a pound of Arm & Hammer Baking Soda (Bicarbonate of Soda) in a tub of hot water and bathe thoroughly in this-it will bring you a new exhilarating energy.

It's constantly helpful, Arm & Hammer Baking Soda, useful every day in many waysget a package today at your grocer's.

CHURCH & DWIGHT CO., Inc. 80 Maiden Lane

Cow Brand Baking Soda and Arm & Hammer Baking Soda are identical—both are Bicarbon-ate of Soda in its purest form.



		-	- mayor	an medicinal against
	WIGH LANE,		Inc. YORK	(F-4)

Name	 -
Carra	



IF YOU SUFFER FROM ACIDOSIS

Because a large percentage of Americans do, Dr. McCollum advises how you may eat and keep well

By E. V. McCollum and Nina Simmonds School of Hygiene and Public Health, Johns Hopkins University

E hear much, today, about acidosis and the dangers of an acid diet. However, there is much misunderstanding about the whole question. understanding about the whole question. Acidosis exists, and it often results from the continued use of foods which on being burned in the body, leave an excess of acid substances. But acidosis is not caused solely by an acid diet. Nor is there a clear understanding as to just which foods are acid-formers; foods which taste acid do not necessarily form acids in the body.

Let us consider, first of all: (1) acid substances and (2) basic or alkaline substances.

alkaline substances.

alkaline substances.

Vinegar, grapes and grape fruit are sour because each contains an acid; but in each of these substances, the acid is of a different nature. These three kinds of acids are all alike, however, in that they can be completely burned and so disappear from the body. Certain mineral acids contained in foods cannot be completely burned.

In the second class of substances,

In the second class of substances, the alkalies, we are all familiar with ammonia, lye and washing-soda. Baking-soda is a still milder representative of the basic or alkaline substances. Lime is also mildly alkaline. Several of the alkaline substances occur in feeds and head important part is nour

foods and have an important part in nour-ishing our bodies.

Acid and basic substances, combined in

the proper proportions, neutralize each other so as to form salts which are neither acid (sour) nor caustic (basic)

acid (sour) nor caustic (basic).

Of the food substances which are essential for life and health, the proteins build muscles and other tissues; the sugars, starches and fats serve as fuel foods to furnish energy for warmth and work; the mineral nutrients maintain a proper state of neutrality in the blood and in the other body fluids. At least nine of the mineral substances are indispensable to life. The of them are basic and four aciditing the substances of them are basic and four aciditing the substances are indispensable to life.

exists, in the body fluids, a slight excess of the basic elements. The most important is the soda content of the blood. This is the same substance as baking-soda. Unless there is a proper amount of it in the blood, the waste gas, carbonic acid, which results from the burning of food sub-tances, cannot be carried to the lungs and

ACIDOSIS

is most often caused by the excessive use of foods which leave acid substances in the body. Plan your diet so as to have suitable amounts of milk, of green leafy vegetables, some raw fruit or vegetable every day; then, keeping the meat consumption somewhat low, eat whatever else the appetite calls for in the way of breads, tuber and root vegetables and other foods that are attractive.

expired. In health the amount of soda in the blood is very carefully adjusted and is maintained at this favorable adjustment notwithstanding the fact that the character of the food taken into the body may vary of the food taken into the body may vary considerably for days at a time. Yet since certain acid substances, when taken with the food, must be neutralized by the soda of the blood and eliminated as waste products in a neutral form, the loss of soda from the blood may be excessive at times. This is the commonest condition known as acidosis. It is not, strictly speaking, an acid condition of the body but rather a condition in which there is too little soda in the blood.

in the blood.

Certain foods are essentially free from ash-forming material and when burned, only carbonic acid which is eliminam the body, as waste, when we

breathe. These are sugar, starch, butter, tapioca, lard, salad oils, shortening fats and cream. These do not influence in any way the acid and base balance in the

way the acid and base human body.

Many of our most appetizing foods are highly acid although their taste gives no clue to this fact; only after they have been burned in the body, do the acid and basic compounds manifest

burned in the body, do the acta
and basic compounds manifest
themselves. Whole wheat and white
bread, corn, crackers, peanuts, ric,
rye and barley are all acid-forming foods. They are only one-half
to one-eighth as acid-forming, however, as are meats, fish, eggs, oysters
and fowl. There is no appreciable
difference between light and dark
meats in this respect. Oat meal or
rolled oats are much richer in acids rolled oats are much richer in acids than are the wheat or corn prod-ucts used as human food. Oysters and egg yolk are the most highly acid foods we eat. With the exception of cranberries,

plums and prunes, all vegetables, fruits and nuts are alkaline. Milk also produces a slight excess of alkaline substances of mineral nature and so assists in keeping the condi-tion of the body in proper balance.

tion of the body in proper balance. For practical purposes we may segregate the common foods into three groups according to their relative alkalinity: First: Apples, asparagus, bananas, cabbage, milk, cauliflower, celery, chestnuts, currants, lemons, oranges, muskmelons, peaches, peas, potatoes, radishes and turnips are decidedly alkaline foods. Second: More markedly alkaline than the preceding, are carrots, beets and almonds.

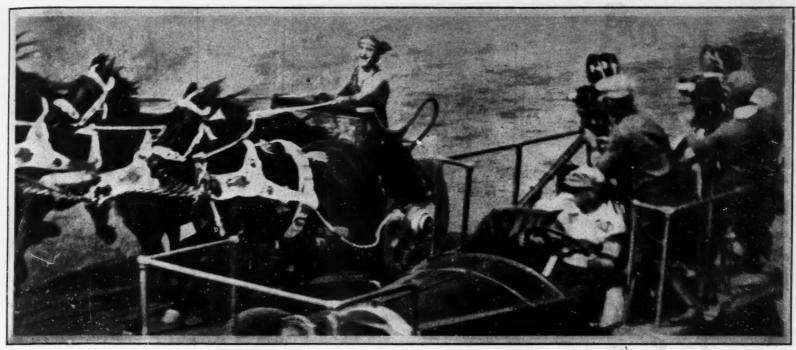
Third: Some of the most strongly alka-line foods are dried navy beans, lima beans and raisins.

Even lemons and grape fruit, which taste so strongly acid, are actually alkalizers in the body since they produce an ash which is strongly alkaline, Their taste gives one a wrong [Turn to page 133]

dous feeld Th

durin Th -veg eleme musc

thoug



Francis X. Bushman, star of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's super-film "Ben-Hur," says "Hot oats for physical fitness and clear brain."

This New-Found Freedom from Vimless Mornings

That thousands are finding in breakfasts that "stand by" them

DULL, draggy mornings—most people are handicapped by them; thousands, largely on expert dietary advice, are ending them.

sitv

no

een acid fest hite rice, rmhalf owters able lark l or cids codters

ries, oles, Tilk

alture ndi-

uts,

han alFew people, dietitians say, understand the tremendous influence of what they eat at breakfast, on how they feelduring the forenoon. Few know what they should eat.

The essential requirement is well-balanced food, food that "stands by" you. One can't expect to feel right during the forenoon with that kind of breakfast.

Thus Quaker Oats is urged. It contains 16% protein—vegetable meat—the Action Element in food. The element that rebuilds lost body tissue—that builds muscle. The element, according to leading dietary thought, that acts to insure greater mental activity.

Quaker Oats provides some 50% more of this element than wheat; 60% more than wheat flour, over



Alice Ferguson, domestic science expert, broadcasting on the food value of hot oats.

In four morning hours 70% of the world's work falls

70% of your day's most important work is done between 8:30 a. m. and 12:30 p. m.—in four short hours—according to nation-wide commercial, financial and scholastic investigations.

That is why the world's dietetic urge now is to watch your breakfast; to start days with food that "stands by" you through the morning and thus protect the most important hours of your day.

Quick Quaker the world's fastest hot breakfast

Your grocer has two kinds of Quaker Oats. Quaker Oats asyou have always known them and Quick Quaker, which cooks in 25/4 to 5 minures—faster than toast—and makes the richest breakfast now the quickest.



100% more than rice, twice as much as cornmeal. Consider what this means.

Plus—an excellent food "balance" and unique deliciousness

Besides its rich protein element, Quaker Oats is rich in carbohydrates and minerals, and abundant in Vitamine B. 65% is carbohydrate. The roughage to lessen the need for laxatives also is importantly contained. The oat is admittedly the best balanced cereal that grows,

Served hot and savory, Quaker Oats supplies the most delicious of all breakfasts—a creamy richness, according to thousands, that no other cereal known can boast. Because protein builds muscle and NOT weight, Quaker Oats is widely used by people who are following weight-reduction programs.



A speed cop's breakfast has much to do with his temper. Good-natured Dan Ryan is a bot oats fan.

Mrs. Knox's new book gives new ideas for everyday meals and special occasions

BOOK full of delightful surprises in the making of unusual desserts, salads, and candies.

A book with valuable recipes for turning leftover foods into the daintiest of dishes.

A book that ends table monotony with new meat, fish, egg, vegetable, and fruit delicacies.

A book so helpful in entertaining that every hostess will say it is worth its weight in gold.

Sent free, if you mention your grocer's name.

Why not write for it - today? CHARLES B. KNOX GELATINE CO.





FORCING THE FOOD

BY CHARLES GILMORE KERLEY, M.D.

VERY normal baby rightly managed is a hungry baby. This desire for food obtains in the well child throughout his entire life, providing his wants in this direction are properly ad-ministered. The baby which is entirely nourished at the breast always has a good appetite, if the nursings are at proper intervals and the milk supply is adequate. The infant takes what he wants, nurses until satisfied and then stops. Sometimes he will take perhaps but three ounces, at another time five ounces—the baby is con-tent and the mother does not know how much he has taken. There is a satisfactory gain in weight and both mother and child are happy. When a breast fed infant re-fuses the breast and has to be forced, fuses the breast and has to be forced, something is definitely wrong with either the milk or the baby. In breast feeding no definite number of ounces are portioned for the baby to consume. If the infant is strong and vigorous and there is an abundant milk supply he may get more than is necessary, more than he has the capacity to accommodate, and then nature steps in and a portion of that taking is regurgitated—a moderate amount of vomiting is often a safety measure and if the inis often a safety measure and if the in-fant is thriving, gaining in weight, it is of no consequence and need cause no anxiety. It simply suggests that the nursing period be made shorter or that the nursing in-terval be made longer perhaps from three to four hours.

There are two reasons why nursing babies are not troubled with poor appetites—the first is that the infant is receiving the food that nature intended him to have, a food that fits his digestive capacity and physical requirements and the second is the mother or nurse does not know how

much he is getting.

In bottle feeding the child's food is apportioned so many ounces at definite intervals and the child is supposed to consume it all at each feeding period. It is this belief and habit in infant feeding that gives rise to the habitual loss of appetite. this belief and nabit in infant feeding that gives rise to the habitual loss of appetite with the consequent forcing that brings so many complaints of poor appetite to the attention of the physician. A baby does not invariably want the same amount of food at each feeding time. It is peculiar to the members of the human family that they want to matcher in their food. vary, one day to another, in their food desire. A vigorous man incapacitated by an accident will require and take much less food than when actively engaged at his occupation. After a day of unusual active physical or mental effort the food desire is appreciably lessened in most persons. In illness perhaps more or less trifling the food desire is wanting. After various celerations, such as New Year's Eve for example, the food desire for many the following day is at a minimum. What would

happen to the adults of the human race if they had their food apportioned—so much for each meal every day in the month, and some giant twenty times his size stood over him and forced him to take the allotted amount at each feeding period? A considerable number of nurses come to me every year with the simple complaint that the patient will not take the bottle readily or won't eat without forcing or coaxing. When the coaxing habit is necessary, an insufficient amount of nourish-ment is taken and the outcome is rachitis and other forms of malnutrition; many of and other forms of mainutation; many of these young infants are on well arranged diet plans but the necessity for not forc-ing has never been impressed upon the parents or nurse. When a bottle-fed infant with the complaint of loss of appetite is presented for treatment the patient is examined from every standpoint to deter-mine the cause of the trouble. In some the formula is too strong or given in too large formula is too strong or given in too large an amount or he is fed at too frequent intervals—now and then active dentition is a factor. When a baby does not take the bottle feeding don't force him, find out the

reason.

If the patient is found in all respects normal, as the most of them are, he is given a formula suitable for his age and requirements. In the event of the discovery of some disease that influences the child's appetite it is of course corrected. In not a few of the forced infants, but little or no change is made in the food constituents. The attendants are told to feed the infant at suitable intervals, always four hours, and give him what he will take without urging. Additionally, and most important, are the attendants warned not to give water or orange juice or cod liver oil between the feedings. I also require that the child with the habitually poor appetite have two bowel evacuations a day. When the child takes his milk formula readily in suitable amounts, then the decidedly useful cod liver oil or orange juice or both may be added to the diet. few of the forced infants, but little or no

added to the diet.

It is not at all unusual to have the forcing habit continued into the run-about forcing habit continued into the run-about age and now threats, bribes and entertainment are the daily accompaniments to the three meals—they are the children of whom we are told that they never have had an appetite or who have acquired the poor appetite habit at a later period, and almost invariably through injudicious management. My records show that the great majority of these patients represent the first and only child—children of large families are rarely troubled with the loss of appetite—it is the very precious only child who suffers most from excessive food attention and he is made to take the allotted portion and the forcing and coaxing lotted portion and the forcing and coaxing begin—it becomes [Turn to page 133]

Never another tiresome Meal if you use Knox Sparkling Gelatine



T

Imag

-flo

Sum

ing!

Club

It

usth

towa

so pr

© 1928,

LEAL monotony is ended with KNOX SPARKLING GELATINE on the pantry shelf. Every-day foods of which we tire so quickly are given an entirely new touch, a fresh delight. Try this simple, easy recipe and see how it adds to the joy of the simplest meal!

FRUIT SHERBET

(6 Servings)

1 level teaspoonful Knox Sparkling
Gelatine (scant measure)

1½ cups sugar 3 cups rich milk

1 lemon

Grate the outside of both orange and lemon. Squeeze out the juice and add to this the sugar. Soak the gelatine in part of a cup of milk for five minutes and dissolve by standing in pan of hot water. Stir into the rest of the milk. When it begins to freeze add the fruit juice and sugar, and fruit of any kind if desired.

Remember, the economy of Knox Sparkling Gelatine is as outstanding as its quality. One package makes four different dishes, six generous servings of each. Recipes in every package.

Free booklets on request.

CHARLES B. KNOX GELATINE CO. 108 Knox Ave., Johnstown, N. Y.



AMAZING HEATING **OFFER**

Good only until January 28th)

Your old stove is taken down. You are allowed \$10 for it.

A genuine Estate Heatrola is installed immediately.

You make a small deposit, but no regular pay ment suntil Fall.

Read the details-then see your dealer, or write us.



WHY SHIVER until SPRING

in a half-heated house?

Join the "Enjoy-It-Now" Club and exchange old-fashioned "spotty" stove heat for Heatrola's whole-house comfort

TODAY, if you like, you can exchange your old-fashioned stove and its half-hearted heat for a Heatrola and cozy whole-house comfort. Imagine! Your whole home—upstairs and down -flooded with the balmy, breathable warmth of Summertime! No shut-off rooms—no arctic hallways. No drafty floors to set the children sneezing! Every room always the same toasty tempera-ture, no matter bow cold it is outside!

That's what membership in the "Enjoy-It-Now" Club means-modern heating for your home, not next year, next Fall, but NOW!

It means a healthier household, for doctors tell us that the properly moistened Heatrola heat helps to ward off head colds, coughs, and other illnesses so prevalent in late Winter and early Spring.

It means, too, freedom forever from mess and litter-for the beautiful mahogany-finished Heat-

> THE INTENSI-FIRE exclusive with Heatrola



rola is ash-and-dust-tight, and can be kept always new-looking by simply dusting it occasionally.

Last but not least, it means a saving of approximately 45% in your fuel bills!



Here is the "Enjoy-It-Now" plan*

1 You make a membership deposit of only \$25.00—which is applied on the purchase price of your Heatrola.

2 The Heatrola dealer then installs a beautiful 1928-model Heatrola, removes your old stove, and allows you \$10 for it, which is also applied on the purchase price of your Heatrola.

3 You do not make another payment until next Fall. But all the rest of the winter you enjoy Heatrola's whole-house comfort for a total cash outlay of only \$25.

4 In the Fall, you start paying the balance in easy installments. And, remember, you already have a credit of \$35. *NOTE: On the Gas Heatrola the membership deposit is only \$15.00, and no allowance is made for the old stove.

SEE the local Heatrola dealer at once and get further details about the extraordinary "Enjoy-It-Now" Club offer. Or, mail the coupon to The Estate Stove Company, Dept. 4-B, Hamilton, Ohio, or any of the Branch Offices.

Branch Offices: 243 W. 34th St., New York City; 714 Washington Ave., N., Minneapolis; The Furniture Exchange, San Francisco; 829 Terminal Sales Bldg., Portland, Ore.



A companion Heatrola FOR GAS



The "Enjoy-It-Now" Club is open for members from January 7th to January 28th ... after that the books are closed! See your Heatrola dealer now!

There is only One Heatrola-Estate builds it

d with NE on ods of ven an t. Try how it meal!

kling Salt

Knox inding es four rvings ckage.



The deck steward will bring you whatever you order

DON'T know whether February is a great month for travelling or whether it is by chance alone that so many of the Post Box letters are concerned with the subject of sea voyaging. For instance:

"Dear Mrs. Post.

"Dear Mrs. Post:

I have been invited by some very dear friends of my parents to accompany them on a trip to the Bahama Islands. Will you be good enough to tell me all the things I don't know? Some of them will sound foolish I am afraid, but I have never been on a steamer in my life, and I won't want to seem a dumb Dora through having to enquire of my host what is information postering to the following to the statement.

to seem a dumb Dora through having to enquire of my host or hostess information pertaining to the following:
First of all, I wonder—what to do if I am sea-sick? I don't know whether I am a good sailor or not, never having been on rough water. How can I tell when it is coming on, in time to make my escape? How long will it last, if I do get sick? Can I do anything not to be?
Will you also tell me the tips I am supposed to give? Your book gives a list for a voyage to Europe, but to Nassau is only three days, and I suppose the tips would be less?"

It is, alas I only fair to tell you that any trip on the ocean in a ship of small tonnage is apt to be a severe test of your ability to withstand sea-sickness. Speaking from the personal view of the worst possible sailor, crossing the Atlantic or Pacific on one of the gigantic liners is not likely to cause a qualm—unless your cabin is far forward. But the two days to Bermuda or three to Nassau can all too easily be twenty-four to thirty-six hours of abject misery to the really poor sailor.

sailor.

My own advice on this subject therefore is to go to bed the instant you feel unreasonably cold or light-headed. If only slightly uncomfortable—that is, afraid you are not feeling very well—you may be all right if you stay on deck in a steamer chair. But if you are actively threatened, go to your berth (unless it is in the bow!) and stay there. Ring for the stewardess (there is a bell beside every berth) to come and look after you.

The best way to prevent sea-sickness is to take a dose of

The best way to prevent sea-sickness is to take a dose of

The POST BOX

For all would be travellers, Mrs. Post explains the etiquette which obtains on shipboard, and answers the question: "what shall I do to prevent sea-sickness?"

BY EMILY PRICE POST Author of "Etiquette: The Blue Book of Social Usage"

ILLUSTRATED BY DOROTHY EDINGER

calomel or sodium phosphate a day or two before you embark and be careful to eat sparingly and avoid rich or indigestible dishes. If you do this you will probably be all right. As for duration, some people re-cover as soon as one "active attack" is over. Others don't recover until they dock. The last is happilly year, are If you are of the first

Others don't recover until they dock. The last is happily very rare. If you are of the first, you enjoy yourself most of the trip. If of the latter, you sit in your steamer chair or stay in your berth until time to land.

However, let us hope that you will be a perfect sailor. Especially as it is NEVER NECESSARY for a passenger to go down to meals; all you have to do is to say that you would like to eat on deck. The deck steward will bring you the menu and whatever you order.

The average tips would be about fifty cents a day to your room steward, (or stewardess) your table steward and the deck steward. Double this or even more if you require unusual service.

The next letter asks for advice as to clothes to take and to

wear on a steamer.

Your letter doesn't say what sort of a steamer, but in any Your letter doesn't say what sort of a steamer, but in any case you wear on deck exactly what you would put on to go to the Country Club, or sit on a beach in Summer—thin white sweater suits or "country" dresses of non-creasable material. On all steamers, most people change for dinner into other clothes, but of the same day-time sports variety. Others only wash face and hands and brush their hair. Others again dress in evening clothes. But the last are not appropriate unless you take your meals in the Ritz restaurant of a trans-Atlantic steamer. Even then you wear only a semi-evening dress—meaning one with high neck and no sleeves, or at least a dress that is inconspicuously simple. In a Ritz resat least a dress that is inconspicuously simple. In a Ritz restaurant, a man wears a dinner coat (tuxedo) but in the ordinary dining saloon a dark business suit is in best taste. The next letter seems to be both typical and important:

"My dear Mrs. Post:
I am very much in the position of one who, never having been in an airplane, is told that one is mine and that I will be allowed to get in it and fly away. My problem is this: My husband who was what would be called a successful business man was obliged to stay home throughout his life, and since his passing away two years ago I and our two daughters (15 and 17) stayed at home as we always have. But this year they have begged me to close our home and take them to Europe. They say it is a great educational advantage and that as their father left us more than well provided, there is no reason not to go. So at last I have promised, but I don't know how to plan and carry out a trip. I thought of taking

a specially conducted European tour because it seems easy just to be taken along in a crowd. But the girls don't want to go that way; they have set their hearts on seeing something more of people than just going on shore from the boat or having to rush from city to city when perhaps we won't want to, or having to stay or go here when we'd rather go there. So I wonder could you plan a trip for us and tell w where the nice little hotels are—or a family where we could stay and learn a little French. I'd like sort of homey thingsity ou know what I mean? And I don't want to take my girls to great big expensive hotels where we'd be just lost Perhaps what I want is impossible, but perhaps you can advise me about a steamer to Paris and somewhere to stay when we get there or tell me who could advise us."

As to steamer, you can go by steamer direct to Have and Paris. Or by almost any line to Cherburg and a somewhat longer trip to Paris. Write to any or all of the passenger lines for plans and rates. For your own particular need I would write Miss Sheppard, care of the Clara Laughlin Travel Services, Ltd., 18 East 53rd Street, New York, who makes a specialty of taking entire care of such especial details as French families who will take boarders, "drive yourself" automobiles, or anything that can possibly be done by a woman travel expect for your ease in foreign travel from renting a Villa or finding rooms in a boarding house, to planning excursions and getting your tickets for steamers, trains amusements and every other form of advice and help. Also, you pay her no fee for any service she may render.

Another letter asks about special conducted cruises:

There are special voyages to the Orient, or West Indies, or the Mediterranean or the Panama Canal advertised in the papers. Average of so many days to such and such places and return, at a fixed price for everything included. You buy a ticket including steamship and railway fares and hotel accommodations. You have nothing whatever to worry, arrange or think about, and you see more places and things and travefurther than you can in any other way on the same amount of money. On the other hand, you have no choice as to where you go or how long you stay. That is, if you buy your tickets for a Mediterranean cruise, you can not, on your way to Egypt change your mind and get off at Genoa and go to Paris in stead. It is well, therefore, before embarking on an especially arranged for cruise to read the itinerary very carefully, find out exactly where you are to go and how long you are is stay, and what you are to be shown—and if you like the plan, then make your arrangements accordingly.

Otherwise, you buy your independent tickets for when and where you want to. It is well to write for rates. Any travelers' agency or an individual specialist like [Turn to page 51]

YO

RY 1928

MANY DIFFICULTIES of planning meals will disappear as you become better acquainted with the interesting varieties of breads your baker makes. Stollen, Butter Horns and Pecan Rolls, for instance, are excellent for dessert. They are made with fresh eggs and fine butter and carefully selected fruits. Even if you had them baked in your own home under your personal supervision, these breads could not be made with better ingredients or with greater skill and care.



Breads for the Formal and the Informal Dinner

EVEN the simplest surprise does so much need ever lack that most successful of apperfor a meal—and it is easy to supply this tizers—variety. surprise unfailingly from the tremendous variety of delicious breads your baker makes.

There are literally dozens of interesting varieties from which you can now make your

Of course, when you buy bread for a formal dinner, glistening crusty Dinner Rolls

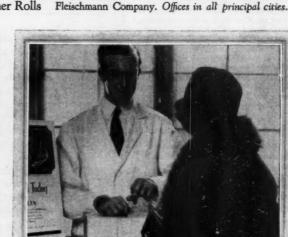
But if it's an informal dinner you will find tray upon tray of tempting goodies: dainty, crusty, brown rolls; sweet buns with icing or jelly or nuts or fruits; beautifully baked loaves of raisin, white, rye and wholewheat bread with a delicious, nutty flavored crust and a dozen or more of fascinating coffee cakes so rich they are delightful for dessert.

You can plan your breads now as you do your other foods-to suit the spirit of each occasion. There is no excuse for monotony.

So skillfully does your baker make all his breads these days, no meal

It pays to ask your baker or grocer for their "specials"

Shopping for breads is a real pleasure these days. Your baker's breads are always uniformly baked with an even, brown crust and a fine texture because of daily experience and scientifically adjusted oven. Thirty thousand bakers now use Fleischmann's Yeast. The



At your baker's or at the bakery counter of your grocery shop you will find delicious breads for every occasion.



STOLLEN is full of the choicest candied orange and lemon peel, cherries and raisins. It is particularly delicious with coffee.

The DINNER ROLL has a crisp, glistening brown crust that simply melts in your mouth. It is correct for all formal occasions.

The BUTTER HORN is rich and tender and buttery brown under delicate vanilla icing. Children love it with milk or fruit.

YOUR OWN BAKER MAKES EVERY ONE OF THESE DELICIOUS BREADS

Usage"

ems easy on't want ng some-the boat we won't rather go nd tell us we could things take my just lost! u can ad-e to stay to Havre

a some-passenger ir need I Laughlin fork, who pecial de-ive your-done by a vel from , to plan-rs, trains, elp. Also

Indies, or ed in the blaces and ou buy a hotel acy, arrange
and travel
mount of
where you
ickets for
to Egypt
Paris in-

especially fully, find when and page 52

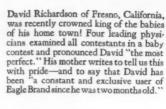
To prove it...

Here's David and Vivian and

Gertrude and Chris



a registered nurse—Mrs. E. Brashear, 1201 South E. Brashear, 1201 South Walker St., Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. Vivian was put on Eagle Brand at nine days of age, and kept on this milk throughout the entire feeding period. Her mother writes: "Vivian is now eleven years old. The school physician says she is exceptionally healthy. Our dentist says her teeth and mouth formation are as near perfect as he has ever seen."





Chris Kitchler lives at 2324 Florence St., Victoria, Canada. The doctor prescribed Eagle Brand for Chris when he was two weeks old. His very proud father writes: "If you had seen that baby go for that milk it would have done your heart good. We kept him on it until he was old enough to go on solid food." As for Chris's health, his father says: "The picture speaks for itself!"



Here's another prize winner—Gertrude Newell, 72 Oakland Ave., Jersey City, N. J. At one year old she was the proud possessor of two 100% health certificates, a medal and a loving cup. Not to mention sixteen teeth! The photograph shows herat theage of two. Mrs. Newell writes: "My doctor told me to put Gertrude on Eagle Brand when she was six weeks old. Eagle Brand when she was six weeks old. She has never been sick a day since."

THE millions of sturdy children who have been raised on Eagle Brand furnish overwhelming proof of its value as an infant food. It is pure, fresh, whole cow's milk, modified by the addition of refined sugar and condensed by the removal of most of the water. The sugar furnishes the carbohydrates

required by all infants. The milk supplies bone and tissue-building materials and growth-promoting vitamins. And in ease of digestion Eagle Brand can only be compared to mother's milk!

If you cannot nurse your baby, we suggest that you and your physician consider this food. It is always pure and uniform. Safe for traveling or for use in hot climates. Send for free booklets, containing practical feeding information and suggestions for the supplementary foods-orange or tomato juice, cereals, cod liver oil, etc.,now generally advised by physicians. Just mail the coupon!

E BORDEN COMPANY, Borden Building 1.—Mc.—2-28 340 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y.
Please send me my free copies of "Baby's Welfare" and "What Other Mothers Say." My by ismonths old.
me
dress
vState

THE POST BOX

[Continued from page 50]



By their luggage shall you know them.

Miss Sheppard will get you accommoda-tions on steamers, rooms at hotels, in fact, anywhere on land or sea that you can want accommodations for.

General directions in answer to miscel-

General directions in answer to miscellaneous letters are as follows:
You get your dining-room seats from the head steward either before or soon after the boat sails. Tell him how many are in your party and he will give you seat checks, or show you on a diagram which seats will be reserved for you.

It is advisable to see the bath steward as soon after going aboard the ship as possible, and arrange for the bath hour. Naturally, the last persons to speak get the inconvenient hours.
You get your steamer chairs and rent rugs, if you have not brought your own, from the deck steward. Flowers, or other cifts as well as letters will be found in your cabin.

your cabin.

your cabin.

There is no especial steamer etiquette. You behave as you would anywhere in public. Needless to say you do not make yourself conspicuous sitting up half the night giggling and flirting. On a very long voyage such as an especial cruise, you probably get to know the majority of your fellow travellers and even on the smaller and slower Atlantic or Pacific steamers you are much more likely to talk with other passengers than on one of the big and fast trans-Atlantic liners where people seldom get farther than saying "Good morning" to strangers who may chance to sit at the same table or next to one another on deck.

Every ship's company has its male and

Every ship's company has its male and female bores. Often these manifest them-selves by hunting down some helpless, re-clining figure in a deck chair, or by buzzing around the Lounge after dinner like a mammoth mosquito. "Being friendly,"

a mammoth mosquito. "Being friendly," they call it.

There are occasions when it is correct to introduce oneself to a stranger. For instance, if you find on the Passenger List the name of a relative or an intimate friend of a member of your family or of one of your friend's, it is within the bounds of etiquette to introduce yourself.

Naturally, this privilege does not extend to include "lions"—famous authors, explorers, actors or other people of im-

tend to include "lions"—Iamous authors, explorers, actors or other people of importance whose names are known to you through the Press. Because chance has placed you in the same ship's company you have not the right to collect scalps.

Of course, if you are the sort of person who likes to make friends, and you find

Of course, if you are the sort of person who likes to make friends, and you find yourself next to some one who seems to like making frie..ds also, there is no reason whatever against talking to any one you feel inclined to, provided the other person meets you equally half way. But if your advances are met by a monosyllabic "yes" or "no," or any other evidence of indifference if not unwillingness to talk, you should withdraw at once, and seek out some one more gregariously inclined. To you should windraw at once, and seek out some one more gregariously inclined. To refuse to make friends does not imply a slight or anything but the wish to read or think or dream in peace. There is nothing that each of us has a greater right to—than our own uninterrupted company should we prefer to be left alone.

NOTE: Mrs. Post is very glad to answer all letters addressed to her in care of McCall's Magazine, 236 West 37th St., New York City. Please enclose a self-addressed stamped envelope for a reply.

If you and your friends are planning to give a play—a simple, easily staged affair with several good parts—send for our play ANTIQUES, just published. It costs only ten cents.

ANTIQUES, just published. It costs only ten cents.

A HEART PARTY FOR ST. VALENTINE'S DAY! Just the sort of party that all children love—lively games, delicious (but digestible) refreshments! Two cents for this.

BIRTHDAY PARTIES FOR TINY TOTS (another new leaflet will help you solve the difficult problem of birthday celebrations and also gratify the Tiny Tots of your acquaintance. The price of this leaflet is two cents.

Are you a club member? If so, you'll be interested in McCall's leaflet, CLUB PARTIES, just out. It contains all sorts of original entertainments for literary clubs, music clubs, sewing clubs. Also a money-making bazaar, in case your club needs extra funds. This leaflet costs two cents.

For all the above, address: The Service Editor, McCall's

For all the above, address: The Service Editor, McCall's Magazine, 236 West 37th Street, New York City.

So many

For in-ger List ntimate

Y 1928

y or of ourself. not ex-uthors, of imto you ace has ompany calps.

person
ou find
eems to
no reany one
e other
ny. But
syllabic
ence of to talk, seek out ned. To

mply a read or nothing ht to ompany

care of 7th St., a self-reply.

tempting ways to serve canned fruits! -but only one way to be sure of their quality before you buy! And that's to know the reputation of the label—the reputation and ideals of the canner himself. His experience, his resources, his care and vigilance are the real guarantees of the quality inside the can. That's why it's so important, in ordering canned fruits, to insist on Del Monte. You know this dependable label! You know, in advance, exactly the quality it stands for-luscious, treeripened fruits, picked at the very moment of perfection and packed in just the proper richness of syrup. Always delicious and tempting-no matter where you buy. Why not be certain—when it's so easy? Ask your PEACHES grocer for Del Monte! Many varieties—vegetables and prepared foods as well as fruits. And all ready for instant, economical service - without a bit of bother.

PEACHES

-you'll be surprised how much better they make your old favorites, too!

What good cook doesn't have her favorite recipe—some simple cake or pudding that the whole family likes?

Well, here's a prediction—if you'll try an experiment with us! No matter how well you like that recipe now, you'll like it better if you add DEL MONTE Peaches.

They're not only a luscious dessert by themselves - and naturally good in such special treats as cobblers, pastries, pies and sherbets-but they're also the finest kind of addition to almost any other standard dessert or salad. They supply that essential fruit balance-and a brand new fruit flavor, too.

Even a bread pudding, baked with peaches, is about as delicious a dish as you can imagine. Or custards! Or rice, steamed with peaches! Or floating island, or shortcake, or jelly roll, with peaches added! Or simply cottage cheese salad! To any or all of these favorites, DEL MONTE Peaches bring just the needed touch of flavor to give them life and zest.

And once you learn this easy "knack" of adding DEL MONTE Peaches, how often you'll use them! You, too, will call them "the handiest fruit on America's pantry shelf."

With no more bother than opening a can, you get all the richness and fragrance of sun-ripened, summer fruit-ready for full enjoyment in winter meals.

Remember, too, DEL MONTE Peaches are only one of many delicious fruits and regetables always at their best under the DEL MONTE label. DEL MONTE Apricots, Pineapple and Pears; DEL MONTE Spinach, Tomatoes, Asparagus, Peas and Corn; Del Monte Salmon and Sardines are also packed under this brand. Highest quality in each - but all as economical, practical, convenient



FREE MENU SUGGESTIONS

Let us send you a copy of "The DEL MONTE
Fruit Book;" also our new leaflet "Peaches
—11 Food Experts Tell Us How To Serve
Them;" also an assortment of folders, containing special recipes for the use of DEL MONTE
Fruits and Vegetables. Address Dept. 618,
California Packing Corporation, San Francisco.



Just be sure you say DEL MONTE

IT PAYS TO INSIST IF YOU WANT THE BEST



When a little girl needs her mother most

To help you guide her—these new, simple plans at home and at school

IN the years between 8 and 12, a new set of influences begins to shape a child's character and habits. The books she reads—the other children she plays and works with at school.

What questions she asks! She who has been

wholly yours begins to have notions of her own.

It is a period that calls for wise handling, to encourage the development of her own personality and yet build sound habits into it.

It is during this period when mothers most often have cause to worry about the child's eating habits—particularly the tendency to slight breakfast entirely, or to eat an inadequate one.

So widespread are bad breakfast habits at these

ages that school authorities have become seriously concerned about them. They have started a nation-wide movement to help you—to enlist your child's interest in carrying out the better breakfast program.

This program stresses particularly the need, which you recognize, for a *bot cereal* breakfast. In over 60,000 schoolrooms today this slogan is displayed on the walls:

"Every boy and girl needs a hot cereal breakfast"

Tests in the schools of many great cities, such as Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, have shown that children show marked improvement both in their studies and in their entire health when they are given a *hot* cereal regularly in the morning.

And you, of course, know from your own experience that when your child goes off to school with a good *bot* cereal like Cream of Wheat inside her, she is really prepared to meet the demands of her morning's work.

The reasons why, for over 30 years, both mothers and health authorities have recommended Cream of Wheat as the ideal *bot* cereal for children are these:

1. It supplies in abundance just the energy-giving food elements needed most by little minds and bodies.

Cream of Wheat is so quickly digested, containing none of the harsh, indigestible parts of the wheat.
 Children love its creamy richness so easily varied by adding raisins, dates or prunes while cooking.

harmon Billy

Moth

he ma

Jimmy, fit of h and cov pet the

oart the

dvance

ogether both bo

the matchands, s young h

perfectly

object the i.e. to ica in B we have

me fin

nge af

rsery

nethi

This little precaution which means so much to your children's future—begin it now. The simple plan described below will help you guide them at the breakfast table. Start them off to school every morning ready for a good day's work. No doubt there is a package of Cream of Wheat in your pantry now. If not, your grocer has it. Give your children a hot bowl of Cream of Wheat for breakfast—regularly.

Cream of Wheat Company, Minneapolis, Minn. In Canada made by Cream of Wheat Company, Winnipeg. English address, Fassett & Johnson Ltd., 86 Clerkenwell Road, London, E. C. 1.

FREE - this simple plan works wonders with children



What mothers write us about this plan shows the splendid results it is bringing in over 30,000 homes. "The H. C. B. club idea appealed strongly to our children. A hot cereal breakfast was demanded at

Address ..

once and the first star applied." (Mrs. E F. H., Hinsdale, Ill.) "Until she receiver your poster and gold stars, my little gir didn't eat hot cereal once a month. Now she eats it at least five times a week. We

..Age...

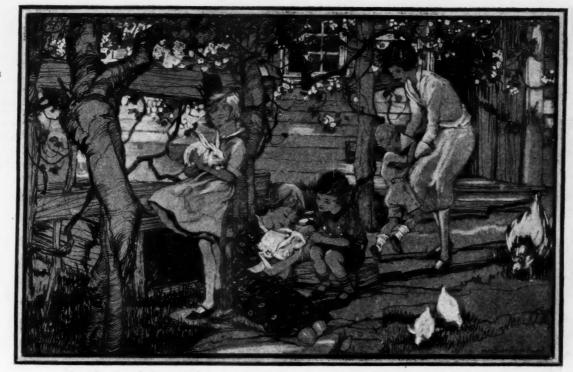
are so thankful." (Mrs. E. L., Demopolis, Ala.) "Many thanks for the poster and stars you sent me. Never before could I get my son to eat a hot cereal breakfast." (Mrs. S. E. T., Glenn, Cal.)

To Mothers: A plan that arouses your children's interthem want to eat it regularly. A youngster's club, with badges and a secret, with gold stars and colored wall charts. A plan that children work out for themselves. All material free—sent direct to your children together with a letter addressed to them personally and a sample box of Cream of Wheat. Just mail coupon to Dept. G-14, Cream of Wheat Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

To Teachers: To co-operate with your health program we have had prepared by an experienced teacher a plan to interest children in eating a proper break fast. It has been successfully used in 60,000 schools to teach the idea of a hot cereal breakfast to groups of different ages. And, just as important, it enlists the co-operation of mothers. The entire plan will be sent free to teachers or any school official. Mail coupon to Dept. G-14, Cream of Wheat Co., Minneapolis, Minn.



ILLUSTRATED BY MARGUERITE DE ANGELI



When the older child interferes with the movement of the younger, trouble results.

RAGING YOUTH

"The child does not have to learn temper: it is inborn," says

Dr. Watson in this, the fifth of his thought-provoking

MINE!" says Jimmy the twoarticles on child training

and quickly. The present mode of

INE!" says Jimmy the two-year-old.
"It isn't, it's mine;
Mother, make Jimmy give me my
harmonica," says Billy the four-year-old. A fight ensues.
Billy wins out and Jimmy screams until he is black in

Mother comes. She may try several different ways to straighten out the matter. Usually whatever she does is wrong. She may spank Billy for jerking the harmonica away from Jimmy, thus starting him off on a crying jag and a temper fit of his own, possibly sowing the first seeds of inferiority and cowardice in her older child. She may hug and kiss and pet the raging Jimmy, thus insuring rage behavior on his part the next time such a set-to occurs.

If she is a wise mother, she will have prepared herself in advance for just such a scene. When her children are so near together in age, she will have purchased identical toys for both boys. When a scene occurs she will go quietly and get the mate of the toy in question, take both the boys in her lands, show them and when crying stops offer them to the young hopefuls.

hands, show them and when crying stops offer them to the young hopefuls.

Neither youngster is to be blamed for the scene. It is perfectly natural for every young child to reach out for any object that catches his eye. Young children are born positive—i.e. to reach out for nearly all objects. Seeing the harmonica in Billy's hands, Jimmy reaches for it. It is only after we have suffered grief at the hands of mother, father, nurse or society for reaching out for forbidden objects that we come finally to withdraw our hands or our body from these objects. If, now, we could charge Billy's toys with electricity so that he could play with them with impunity but so arrange affairs that Jimmy would get shocked with the current whenever he reached for Billy's toys, then Jimmy would soon learn to keep his hands off Billy's toys. But in real nursery life toys cannot be charged with electricity. A row begins when the older (or stronger) boy forcibly takes something out of the hands of the younger boy, pushes his hands or shoves him. Note that the older boy does not actually hurt the younger (no pain stimulus is present); he merely interferes with or hampers the movement of the younger.

This stimulus, hambering of movements and it alone, will

Younger,

This stimulus, hampering of movements and it alone, will bring out a rage response even in the newborn. They do not have to learn temper—they do not have to learn to go into rage. It is inborn. In some of our first experiments upon he newborn infant we tried to find out whether it could

BY JOHN B. WATSON

turn its eyes towards a source of light without movement of the whole head. To test this we laid the child flat upon its back upon a mattress in a dark room. Immediately above its head we placed a very faint electric light. The light was arranged, so that we could show it either to the right or the left of the infant's head. To keep the infant from turning its head, the experimenter held the head gently but firmly in his two hands. A soft cotton pad was placed on each side of the head so that the experimenter's hands did not come into direct contact with the scalp. Even when very little pressure was exerted upon the head the infant began to cry and, if we continued to hold its head, it went into a real fit of rage.

The same thing happens when we hold the feet together

real fit of rage.

The same thing happens when we hold the feet together or the legs. In no case do we exert pressure enough to cause real pain. The response is first struggling, then crying, if the holding or hampering continues, the mouth opens wider and wider, the breath is held sometimes up to the point where not a sound can be heard, although the mouth is stretched to it fullest extent. The body grows rigid and the face becomes first flushed and then almost black. Here indeed is a new find in the laboratory. Rage or temper is a response which is present in the newborn and its stimulus is holding or hampering any part of the body. In other words, the emotional situation is quite similar to that of fear. In fear, you will recall, only loud sounds and loss of support will at first bring out the response.

will recall, only loud sounds and loss of support will at first bring out the response.

Nor will any amount of training ever completely eliminate the rage response. Watch the angry looks and fights which occur in crowds. You yourself will stiffen up when somebody jostles you or sits so close to you that you can't read your paper. Watch the struggles of an individual who is tied up or locked up in a narrow closet. If you want an adult demonstration of this primitive reaction, try walking into a very crowded suburban car with a heavy suitcase that jostles and rubs against the people who are packed in around you.

In the newborn, temper is called out many times every day—in fact almost every time we dress, undress, or change them, unless we handle them very smoothly and carefully

and quickly. The present mode of dressing a child seems eminently adapted to encourage rage behavior. After bathing him sometimes not too carefully from the standpoint of hampering we put a tight woolen band on him. Then somehow without actually wrenching his arms off, we put on a woolen shirt with sleeves. Next we roll him and twist him into a diaper and bundle him no that his legs are never free for the first eighteen months. Next we roll him and twist him into a diaper and bundle him up so that his legs are never free for the first eighteen months (at night for a much longer time). Then by a highly developed system of gymnastics we get a woolen petticoat over the head; then usually a white petticoat next goes over the head—if the head is still there! Nor does it help much to start the other way—by poking his feet through first. Finally we pull and twist him into shoes. Then we tug and pull him into a sweater. If the baby is going out, it must be pulled into a cloth coat with sleeves. And as the baby gets a little stouter the woolen things get a little smaller because of their various trips to the laundry.

stouter the woolen things get a little smaller because of their various trips to the laundry.

The job of dressing becomes more and more of a gymnastic feat. Please understand that I am raising no quarrel with wool; it is very essential for the infant, so some medical authorities tell us. Nor have I very much to offer in the way of dress reform. I are merely bringing out the fact that dressing the infant with modern clothes gives us almost a nure

of dress reform. I am merely bringing out the fact that dressing the infant with modern clothes gives us almost a pure experimental set-up for building in rage behavior.

So far we have talked only about the original stimulus to rage behavior. You will recall from my previous articles how fears and loves are built up in the home. Our experiments in the laboratory proved quite conclusively that we make children fear more and more objects and show attachments for more and more people and things. We call this a process of conditioning. These new fears we call conditioned fears, the new loves conditioned loves.

Conditioned rages and tempers grow up in the same way.

new loves conditioned loves.

Conditioned rages and tempers grow up in the same way. Here is a youngster in front of me whose movements I have interfered with from the day of his birth. In order to carry out a certain test upon him, I hold his hands until they begin to stiffen. I shake him a little, sometimes hold his nose. This brings out the grasping reflex in the hands. I then slip a tiny stick into his hands. He grasps it tightly. I lift him and let him support himself over a feather pillow. Just the instant he begins to release his hold my assistant catches him. Nearly always he goes into a rage the moment this test starts. After three or four such tests the mere sight of my face drove the youngster into a rage. I no longer have to hamper hix movement. A conditioned rage response has been built in.

iously ation-:hild's gram. need. st. In

is dis-

uch as City, provehealth in the

de her, of her others ream of these: -giving ds and

ontain-

I with

wheat. varied ooking. nuch to simple hem at ol every doubt ur panve your

Minn. mpany, ohnson

break-

The one flavor treasured by children



HILDREN are peculiar. Their tastes Care peculiar. "I like this"—"I don't want that" takes the place of explaining why. They do not like all foods, nor even all makes of the same food. But the test of twenty years proves they all like Beech-Nut Peanut Butter spread thick on a wide slice of fresh bread. Comparisons may not be polite, but it stands to reason that all peanut butters could not have the same appetizing flavor, the same smoothness as Beech-Nut unless they were prepared from the same crop of Spanish and Virginia peanuts and then roasted and blended by the same skill. Other peanut butters may have as much nutriment—as many calories BUT it's the flavor of Beeth-Nut that makes it "the preferred peanut butter" of most youngsters.

Beech-Nut Peanut Butter



The obliging young agent pointed out the beauties of the site

To own or to rent? To build or to buy? How one husband and wife arrived at their decision is told here in this the first of their

ADVENTURES IN HOME BUILDING

By Rhys North and Marcia Mead, McCall's architectural advisor, collaborating

HEN Helen and Frank were married and enthusiastically adjusted their new lives to a tiny city apartment, they had that while it was all solemnly agreed that while it was all right for a start, it was only a stepping-stone to the house of their dreams. This, and the articles which are to follow, is the story of how that house was built. It was just an ordinary home, built for ordinary people, but to the two owners the story of its making is more fascinating than any novel. Perhaps their "adventure" may carry some helpful information for other prospective home builders.

Two winters passed and Frank was beginning to have some feeling of confidence in business. There was nothing to fascinate Help any more in the little part.

nate Helen any more in the little apart-ment, and she wanted more than ever the house she had planned so long. Perhaps

ILLUSTRATED BY RUSSELL PATTERSON

there was the restlessness of another springtime within them both.

Helen busied herself with maps and time-tables, and one Saturday afternoon found them on their way to look for a place on the outskirts of the city. It was the first essential to have their home within comfortable commuting distance, so time-tables and walkend maps determined to a tables and railroad maps determined to a certain extent the matter of accessibility

of location.

In a building loan pamphlet Frank found a list of some of the things to be considered when selecting a location. Almost the first thing mentioned was the advantage of being near a school. This had never entered into the plans for the new home, but they knew in their hearts that

it was not being planned for just two, and they were glad.

Then came the question of what kind of neighborhood would be desirable kind of neighborhood would be desirable for the next twenty-five or thirty years. Being among "their own kind" of people would make all the difference in the world in social conditions for themselves and their children. And since their surroundings were to be part of their lives, conditions must also give promise of permanence—there must be no apartment houses, stores nor factories built next door.

As to the lot itself, they had agreed that a sloping lot would be much more interesting, and that a distant view from the living-room or porch was essential.

The house that Helen planned must have sunshine in every room at some time during the day, and she remained firm for that requirement. [Turn to page 62]



A Connecticut hillside home



A California hillside home



A letter from Miss Adela T. Jones of Olympia, Washington

Since I have been using PEBECO Tooth Paste, my teeth have become whiter than when I used other brands. I am so delighted! My teeth were not in such good condition last year. They were taking on a yellow look, which will mar any woman's appearance. The use of Pebeco has enhanced them a hundred per cent. The constant use of PEBECO will make the dingiest looking teeth turn white, and make it possible to converse with friends without offending them.

Truly,

(Signed) ADELA TERRY JONES

For thirty years PEBECO has gained each year new thousands of users. Constantly the mails bring letters of praise.



Shining teeth a fresh sweet mouth

WHAT a joy it is to know that all day long your mouth is sweet and fresh. Your teeth white and

A great medical authority, fighting unhealthy conditions of the mouth, found that the most common cause of trouble was a slowing up of the mouth fluids which keep the mouth safe from acids.

So he developed the formula of Pebeco with its special salt to keep the fluids healthily active.

At the first touch of Pebeco in the morning, a cool invigorating taste refreshes your mouth. Its salty tang summons the mouth fluids. For hours they bathe the surfaces of the teeth, between the teeth, the whole mouth. The bedtime brushing renews their activity for the night. No wonder your breath stays fresh and sweet, your teeth and gums sound.



the mouth young..

928, Lebn & Pink, Inc.

for just

of what ty years.
of people
the world
elves and roundings conditions nanence— ses, stores reed that

from the ned must some time ined firm page 62]



Her window garden is a bappy medley, as though all the garden folk had made a mad scramble for a place there.

SPRIGS. from MY GARDEN

Give Scent and Seeming of Summer when the Winter snows lie deep

THENEVER I consider the engrossing subject of plants to bloom in the Winter window garden, the picture of Mrs. Caleb Jenks' front room in the Town I Know Best of All

rises before my mind's eye— a low ceilinged room with two faithful windows looking out on the turn of the lane

faithful windows looking out on the turn of the lane and the stony ridge opposite over which in Winter the sun comes peering fearfully, and in April, Spring advances trailing violets and fluttering green birch leaves until she tumbles into Mrs. Jenks' garden amid the gay laughter of tulips and daffy-down-dillies.

The coming of the first frost is the signal for Mrs. Jenks' garden to move indoors. The removal is accomplished by simple means. Pots—big, little and medium sized—receive the choicest treasures. Tin cans and one or two wooden boxes hold the stragglers—a Lady Washington geranium, several abutilons in butter tubs, and a lemon verbena tree from which even in the dead of Winter one may pull sprigs of pungent green. Usually, three or four nicotiana, marigolds and crimson spice pinks come along to bloom for a few weeks until the geraniums, which have been cut back, spring into new life.

into new life.

When one calls on Mrs. Jenks, whether the object of the visit is to solicit for the Red Cross, to beg her recipe for oatmeal cookies, or to consult about a boarding place for the new Seventh Grade teacher, etiquette demands that one ask to see the garden—outdoors in Summer, indoors in Winter. Then follows quite naturally a discussion of the behavior of each and every plant, and usually the visit ends with the visitor exclaiming: "You're so lucky with your house plants. I wish I knew what you do to them."

BY DOROTHY GILES

ILLUSTRATED BY ELEANOR LEE

And Mrs. Jenks' invariable reply, "Why, I don't do any-

And Mrs. Jenss invalidate (1927) thing I guess, except love 'em."

At the risk of being derided by some professional garden writers let me say that this reply of Mrs. Jenks seems to my mind to sum up a whole treatise on gardening indoors and out. "Nothing but love 'em" . . . For what is love but and out. "Nothing but love 'em" . . . For what is love but constant tender care; what, but knowing when to withhold one's hand and when to steady or encourage or correct? What but a thought for newspapers on cold nights and an open window on warm noons? What but a happy rejoicing over each new shoot as it appears, and a watchful eye and a nipping forefinger for the slugs and aphids that menace even the most dearly beloved slips and cuttings?

The greatest menace to indoor gardening is our American tendency to overheating. In the effort to combat Winter outside the pane we too often treat our plants to a season of

side the pane we too often treat our plants to a season of baking heat such as no August can rival. The ideal temperature is 50° to 55° at night, and from 60° to 70° during the day. Too, most of our houses are too dry. In a room heated by steam heat, or hot water or hot air where one expects

plants to prosper, it is at visable to keep a pan of walk close to the radiator moisten the atmosphere. It rooms heated by large store or a hot air furnace, unlist this is so well tended as eliminate all possibility of coal gas, few plants will proper at all. Coal gas, too high temperature and had of fresh air cause more damage to indoor garden than slugs or blight. On dull dark days the temperature should be kept low, for all growth stimulate by heat without a corresponding amount of suntriples weak and spindling.

is weak and spindling.

In living rooms where growing plants are expected bloom, the windows must be opened a few inches for at least a few minutes every day to renew the oxygen and reinthe foliage that, otherwise, will surely droop and pine. It is necessary even in quite cold weather. Of course I draughts should be permitted to blow over tender leaves abouts, and the window opening should be done at noon a carly afternoon when the sun tempers the cold. But done should be

should be.

Next in importance to fresh air is adequate watering, surface sprinkle a day does not give the plants enough moture to subsist upon, nor, on the other hand, should the plants the standing in water. Two or three times a week, the pending on the dryness and sunniness of the room, give you plants a real wetting, which means until water drips from the drainage in the bottom of the pots. Occasionally, stand the in a pan of water, which should be of about the same term per the same term of the pots was the pot the pots will be the pot the pots which is and soak up all they will take. Then wipe off the pots we put them back in place in the window [Turn to page 10]

RUARY 1928



IN EVERY GREAT MOTION PICTURE STUDIO

costumes stay New-Looking twice as long

through the use of Lux



BENNETT NATHAN

designer for Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, at work in his studio on a new fabric pattern. "A box of Lux seems like a small thing," says Joseph Rapf, wardrobe supervisor, "but it stands for dollars upon dollars saved in the Metro-Goldwyn studios. We insist upon Lux and Lux only."

8 out of every 10 families in cities from New York to San Francisco — investigations show—save money with Lux—like the great studios, they find that magical, bland Lux suds double the wear of silks, chiffons, woolens and colored cottons, too.

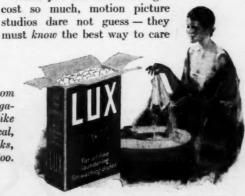
WITH millions of dollars invested in beautiful clothes for stars and players and "extras"—and yards upon yards of gorgeous materials for hangings and sets—

the movies face a fine fabrics problem every woman meets—but on a gigantic scale!

For these costumes must be kept brilliant and new-looking, in spite of long, hard wear. It often takes months to "shoot" a big picture. Costumes used in January may be needed again in July!

Often, too, there are priceless historic garments—irreplaceable—to be cared for.

When just one mistake might



for their vast stock of clothes and fine fabrics.

And it has been found that the one safe way to cleanse all washable fabrics is with Lux!

Through the use of Lux, the studios say, sheer, filmy materials and the more substantial and brilliant fabrics, too, stay beautifully lustrous and new-looking through repeated cleansings—more than twice as long as when washed any other way!

Because Lux has given more than double wear to costumes and draperies, the studio heads tell us, it is now saving more than a million dollars a year in wardrobe expenses in the great studios of Hollywood.

As Travis Banton, costume director for Paramount-Famous-Lasky, puts it:

"We no longer discard costumes which have lost their new look because of hard wear in production. We 'Lux them'—they come out looking as though they had never been washed—wear longer than I ever thought possible."

Now all the great motion picture studios—Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Paramount-Famous-Lasky, Universal, Pathe-DeMille, Fox, First National, United Artists and Warner Bros.—use Lux in cleansing all washable fabrics—the same Lux in the same familiar blue boxes found in homes all over the country!

Lever Bros. Co., Cambridge, Mass.

pan of water

mosphere. It y large stove urnace, unle tended as I

possibility of ants will preture and lad adoor garden the temperth stimulate ant of sunlish

e expected to the format less for at less in and refraint pine. The format less is the format less in the fo

enough monould the polys a week, drom, give your drips from the

om, give your drips from the y, stand the he same tesm stand the the pots as to page 101

SO SAFE AND A LITTLE GOES SO FAR, IT'S AN ECONOMY TO USE LUX

New Hands for the New Year



Hands rejuvenated—hands transformed-by that wonderworker FROSTILLA. For here is a lotion truly unique, that-

Smooths away the aging wrinkles caused by cutting winter winds and erases the web-like lines of time. Quickly it brings new youth to aging hands and makes the skin-texture as soft and free of lines as a baby's palm. Then too, it-

Soothes the hands when chapped, irritated and reddened. It banishes all aging discolorations and lends that patrician whiteness so often known to youth alone. And finally, it

Protects the hands through the year. For every woman's hands are busy

hands today-busy with outdoor sports and indoor duties-busy in all sorts of weather. Within one year, hands live a decade. Night and morning, and after every cleansing, insure handbeauty with a FROSTILLA Massage.

FROSTILLA brings to the skin the hale vitality of youth. For chapped skin, rough skin, red skin, wind-burned skin, it yields its cooling, soothing balm.

FROSTILLA comes in a beautiful, large bottle-at 50c. Many choose the economical \$1 size for family use. Your favorite store clerk will gladly show you FROSTILLA's new blue-labeled packages. Or order from us by mail. THE FROSTILLA CO., ELMIRA, N. Y. Sales Representatives: Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Inc. Madison Avenue at 34th Street, New York City.

Frostilla for the Winter Months

Softens and cures "starched" or chapped hands . . . heals cracked lips . . . relieves wind sting and frost bites . . . smooths chapped ankles . . . makes dry-harsh skin silken-smooth and ready for powder . . . the tender skin of little folks welcomes Frostilla—as do men for after shaving.

Send for this Unusual Sample!

Frostilla offers a delightful samplesize bottle. It is fine for trying and for emergency uses. It fits handily into purses, grips, desk-drawers— and is yours for a dime, along with a 64-page memorandum bottitled "Keep Your Dates." andum booklet en



The Frostilla Co., Dept. 526, Elmira, N. Y. Please send me your handy sample bottle of Frostilla and the useful Memo Booklet "Keep Your Dates." City. (In Canada: Address 10 McCaul Street, Toronto



MC CALL'S SERVICE BOOKLETS

WILL HELP YOU TO BE A HAPPIER HOMEMAKER-READ THEM AND SEE!

Don't struggle with your budgeting And say forlornly "Not a thing Comes out the way it ought to do!" You will feel gratified, not blue, When you have read this literature And won't mind budgeting, we're sure.

THE FAMILY BUDGET (ten cents). HOW TO USE YOUR BANK (two

cents).
SUGGESTED BUDGETS FOR AN AVERAGE HOME (two cents).

Most babies, as perhaps you know, Like everything to be Just So, And there are many things that rile Them dreadfully. So yours won't smile Unless they've proper food and care And plenty of the best of air. Our baby booklets, as you'll note, Include a healthful table d'hote, Also much exvellent advice. Also much excellent advice On keeping babies well and nice.

THE FRIENDLY BABY (ten cents). Advice to the young mother, including Dr. Kerley's feeding schedules.

THE FRIENDLY MOTHER (ten

Advice to the mother-to-be, also designs for a McCall layette.

you're too fat or much too thin Or if you try in vain to win Good health, and can't: Don't be upset And wonder why and grieve and fret, But read these booklets through and you Will know exactly what to do.

MENUS FOR WINTER AND SUM-MER (two cents).
Incorporating Dr. McCollum's dietary

rules.
MENUS FOR TWO WEEKS (two

cents).
Also by Dr. McCollum.
INTERNAL BATHING (two cents). Dr. McCollum's treatment for intestinal publes.

troubles.
EXERCISES FOR ONE AND ALL

(two cents).
Reducing and developing exercises.
A HANDBOOK OF BEAUTY FOR EVERYWOMAN (ten cents).

Do you love houses? And do you often wish that you
Knew how to have a perfect home—
A little Dream House of your own?
If so, you certainly should read
These booklets. They're just what you

THE HOUSE OF GOOD TASTE and —DECORATING YOUR HOME (ten cents for each booklet).

THE MODERN HOME (ten cents). Labor-saving devices.
THE SMALL HOUSE (ten cents). Attractive house designs. Plans only \$15. DOWN THE GARDEN PATH (ten cents). How to garden successfully.

If you would like your friends to say
"I love your parties, they're so gay
And so original, my dear!"
Read all the booklets listed here.
UNUSUAL ENTERTAINING (ten

PARTIES ALL THE YEAR (ten

rour fairs that make money (two cents). PLAYS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE (two

ANTIQUES, A PLAY FOR FIVE CHARACTERS (ten cents).

If you have always longed to make Such luscious things, including cake, That guests will murmur "Ah!" and "Oh!" Read our food booklets (see below).

WHAT TO SERVE AT PARTIES (ten cents). A useful book for every hostess.

MASTER RECIPES (ten cents).

SOME REASONS WHY IN COOK-ERY (ten cents).
TIME-SAVING COOKERY (ten cents).

If certain points of etiquette Perplex you fearfully and get Your family upset as well, Read what our booklets say. They tell You everything that you should do On all occasions—weddings, too.

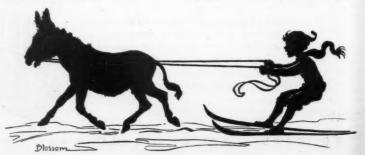
A BOOK OF MANNERS (ten cents).
THE NEW HOSPITALITY (ten cents).
Correct table service.
THE ETIQUETTE OF AFTERNOON

Perhaps you like to read good books Occasionally in firelit nooks While winter winds wail mournfully And you feel cozy as can be. And maybe, too, you'd like to know Some children's books. If this is so, You'll like the li You'll find the lists we're giving here Most helpful through the coming year.

BETTER BOOKS OF TODAY (two cents).
YOUR CHILD'S OWN LIBRARY

(two cents) Deservedly popular children's books.

For all of these McCall booklets write, enclosing the necessary amount in stamps, to The Service Editor, McCall's Magazine, 236 West 37th Street, New York City.



T_{fi} ence, i Ordi combat which 1

gum di

color" To a urge th differen compou dental . noving

Run Note th ing-th: method That

and gun

by the decay. food, sn dingy ar Film, tartar. cause of

twice a d Pepsode:



(Above) A SEA WOLF of many cruises and a delightful story-teller is Captain Ivan Borg, as Miss Lenore Albrect (left) and her companion will assert. Miss Albrect's smile, that Pepsodent keeps gleaming, has drawn the captain's favorite sea yarn.

(ten

(ten NEY (two

ke, Oh!"

(ten

OOK-

ents).

ell

ents).

IOON

RARY

write,

gazine, ty.



(Above) SUMMER BREEZES are preferred to winter gales by Misses Zona Widener and Anne Livingstone. now wintering at Biloxi. (Theirs are socially importantismiles that only Pepsodent is trusted to keep sparkling,)



(Above) CHARLOTTE LANSING AND ALEXAN-DER GRAY, prima donna and leading man of the popular operetta, The Desert Song, cut encores short and hurry to a party given in their honor. Could one wish for smiles more brilliant than those that Pepsodent affords?

THOSE SMILES YOU ENVY

Reveal Film-Free Teeth So White and Sparkling

Now dentists tell you how to brighten smiles and largely ward off tooth and gum disorders

Send Coupon for 10-Day Tube Free

THE way to gain clear teeth and firm gums, says modern dental science, is simple—keep your teeth film free.

Ordinary brushing fails in properly combating film; the stubborn film to which many of the commoner tooth and gum disorders, and most cases of "off-color" teeth are charged.

To accomplish that end, authorities urge the use of Pepsodent. A tooth paste different from all others. A tooth paste compounded in consultation with world's dental authorities as a Special Film-Removing Agent.

Run your tongue across your teeth. Note the film—the slippery sort of coating—that you feel. Note howyour present method may be failing in its duty.

That film is the great enemy of teeth and gums. It clings to teeth, breeds germs by the millions and invites the acids of decay. It absorbs discolorations from food, smoking, etc.; makes teeth look dingy and "off color."

Film, too, is the forming ground for tartar. And tartar, with germs, is the cause of pyorrhea. You must remove film twice a day, EVERY DAY, dentists say. Pepsodent removes that film. It acts to



(Above) THE WORLD OVER smiles win the hearts of all, and, according to Miss Irma Schubert, in almost every nation smiles are growing brighter, teeth healthier, by use of the American film-removing dentifrice, Pepsodent.

firm the gums. It keeps the mouth clean by multiplying the alkalinity of the saliva. It meets in almost every way the exactments of highest dental requirements in a quality tooth paste.

FREE-10-DAY TUBE



Mail coupon to The Pepsodent Co., Dept.122, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.

Name

Address

City...

Other Offices: The Pepsodent Co., 191 George Street . . . Toronto, 2, Can. 42 Southwark Bridge Road . London, S. E. 1, Eng. (Australia) Ltd., 127 Clarence St. Sidney, N. S. W. Only one tube to a family 2679

PEPSODENT

The Quality Dentifrice—Removes Film from Teeth



Does your family shy at ham leftovers . . . register protest when you try to conceal them in various dishes?

Their hostility will blossom out into praise if you use Star Ham. For Star Ham has a flavor and tenderness that makes a commonplace dish teem with new goodness. The whole character of the familiar croquette, patty, omelet or hash is changed so that each receives an enthusiastic welcome as it appears on the table.

If you read our book, "60 Ways to Serve Ham," you will be amazed at the wonderful opportunities to make Armour's Star the masterpiece of any meal. There is not a meat you could buy that blends so well with other foods . . . that offers so many pleasing contrasts . . . that is as good cold as it is hot . . . that helps you vary your menus.

Send for a free copy of "60 Ways to Serve Ham." Your butcher sells Star Ham the utmost in savory-sweet meatyoung, tender pork cured by a matchless process. Take his advice and buy a whole Star Ham. Armour and Company, Chicago.





Dept. 2-B, Div. Food Economics ARMOUR AND COMPANY, Chicago, U. S. A. Please send me Free Recipe Book, "60 Ways to Serve Ham."

FIDVENTURES IN HOME BUILDING

[Continued from page 56]

Frank, like every other man, had some pet ideas about good, natural drainage of the lot, and whether or not the proper water, sewer and gas service lines were laid in the street.

There were shore lots be had, but these were near summer resorts, and a small tract

sorts, and a small tract would not give them the privacy they wanted. They also found plenty of fifty-foot lots which they could afford, but they loved the open places and more elbow room than the fifty feet could give.

Finally, just off the beaten track, they found several lets adjoining a quaint old

found several lots adjoining a quaint old homestead. The salesman had not shown these because of their uneven slopes and jutting rocks. Helen turned an eloquent face to Frank, who answered with a knowing nod. This lot had character; it was ing nod. This lot had character; it was different and unusual, but, as the salesman explained, there was no sewer or water supply in the section. The price, however, was comparatively low, and they might be able to afford a frontage of one hundred and twenty-five feet.

A lot without water gas or sewer con-

hundred and twenty-five feet.

A lot without water, gas or sewer connections at first thought seemed impossible. But others were building there. How did they manage? Electric service was available, and they soon learned, from their prospective neighbors, that an electrically driven pressure pump with a storage tank connected with a well would solve the water problem. There was talk of a city water line being put through, but, as they were near a brook, there was a chance that there were underground currents running along the same strata of ledge rock, and water could be reached easily. Doubtand water could be reached easily. Doubtless, gas and sewer connections would be laid at some future time but, for the present, a septic tank would take care of sewage disposal and tank gas could be secured if oil or electric stoves were not

secured if oil or electric stoves were not satisfactory.

They found out also about how much the well, pump and septic tank should cost, in addition to general construction work. Adding these figures to the cost of the land and allowing something for a margin, they decided that it was safe to go

Frank and Helen had already spent sev-



eral evenings figuring the cost of a suburban the cost of a suburban home as compared with their present home in the city. They were paying \$110 per month for their apartment. This, of course, in-cluded water and heat, but the final result was nothing in the form of a permanent invest. a permanent invest-ment. With this new home there would be a number of fixed monthly charges, hither-to included in their rent, which had to be

considered.

Considered.

If they paid \$10,000 for the house, \$1,000 for architectural fees, and \$1,000 for the lot and the water supply, the total investment would be \$12,000 and the yearly charges would approximate:

150.00

Total

ca

te

res

the

an

Gas and electric light did not have to be considered as they would be metered and paid for in either place.

Frank made no definite allowance for depreciation and repairs—usually figured at about two percent yearly—for he felt that the policy of good construction with good materials would keep such charges at a very low rate. Also they would doubtless be more than counterbalanced by future increases in property value in this ture increases in property value in this

As a result of his inquiries, he decided

As a result of his inquiries, he decided to obtain a loan of seventy percent from the local Building and Loan Association. And this was arranged.

He found that for the first year, considering all expenses—interest on the loan, reduction of the principal and everything included—the cost of living in his house would about equal what he would have had to pay in the apartment in the city. But after that expenses would gradually decrease until the loan was paid off.

[Continued in March McCall's]

Charm for a Little House

By HILDEGARDE FILLMORE

YOU who are fair and proud and tall, How can you love a house so small? Gray as a poplar leaf in rain With low-hung door, and windowpane Too small to see the world go by; Only a bit of earth and sky, Only a bird and a homing bee, This little hill, for you and me.

Beloved, fair and tall and proud, When summer has fled on an autumn cloud, When you are bending low to light The hearth fire of a winter's night-What is the word that will banish fear In this house of love, so small, so dear? What will you say to still my dread? "Here is no room for sorrow," he said.

RY 1928

G

fixed hitherhouse. \$1,000 ne total

150.00 20.00 charge 150.00 120.00

t from ciation.

off.

guring d with me in were s .new

nce for figured he felt n with charges doubt-by fu-in this

decided r, con-ne loan, rything s house d have ne city. adually

month e, inorm of invest-

,174.50

6720.00 e to be

EVERY WIFE AND MOTHER, important ways by oranges.

C we believe will want to have more oranges available in her home, when she knows that both her doctor and her dentist hold oranges in such high repute. Most normal adults, as well as the majority of normal children, are highly benefited in several

> Quick and easy to prepare these luscious oranges

HARDLY any time at all required to prepare this luscious, tempting fruit for the table. See how you can slice these oranges thin and even. That's because California oranges are firm, but tender and practically free from seeds. You can eat them daintily in any form due to that tenderness.

Appetites, however fussy or jaded, respond to the glistening juicy slices. Note how readily your fork separates the morsels as you eat them. Or, served in segments, how their inviting appearance sharpens breakfast desires.

California oranges, served in any style your fancy dictates, are always acceptable. Guests remark their delicacy; the family is invariably appreciative. And,

more so than ever today, when so much in favor of oranges is being said and put into print by renowned food authorities.

The importance of eating California oranges is due to their extra rich juice and extra rich flavor. And the abundance of soluble solids they contain, as well as other body-building, healthmaking elements.

Oranges and Acidosis

Oranges are one of the main foodfactors that doctors are employing now in treating Acidosis.

Acidosis is an almost universal trouble resulting from the use of not enough alkaline-reaction vegetables, fruits and

milk to balance the necessary but acid-forming cereals, bread, fish, meat and eggs.

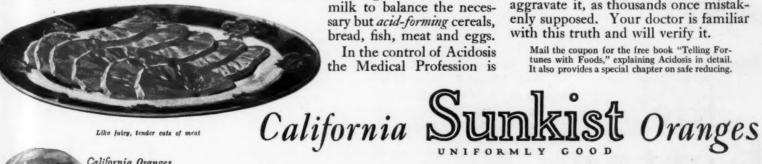
In the control of Acidosis the Medical Profession is

writing a new health story. Acidosis. accord-

ing to the theory, is an underlying cause for many of everyday disorders of children and adults as well as some of the more common ills. The treatment of it, as one of the most frequent contributing factors, is having more effect in the correction of "high blood pressure" than any other method known.

Although known as acid fruits, oranges and lemons have an alkaline reaction in the body and thus actually function to correct Acidosis rather than aggravate it, as thousands once mistakenly supposed. Your doctor is familiar with this truth and will verify it.

Mail the coupon for the free book "Telling For-tunes with Foods," explaining Acidosis in detail. It also provides a special chapter on safe reducing.



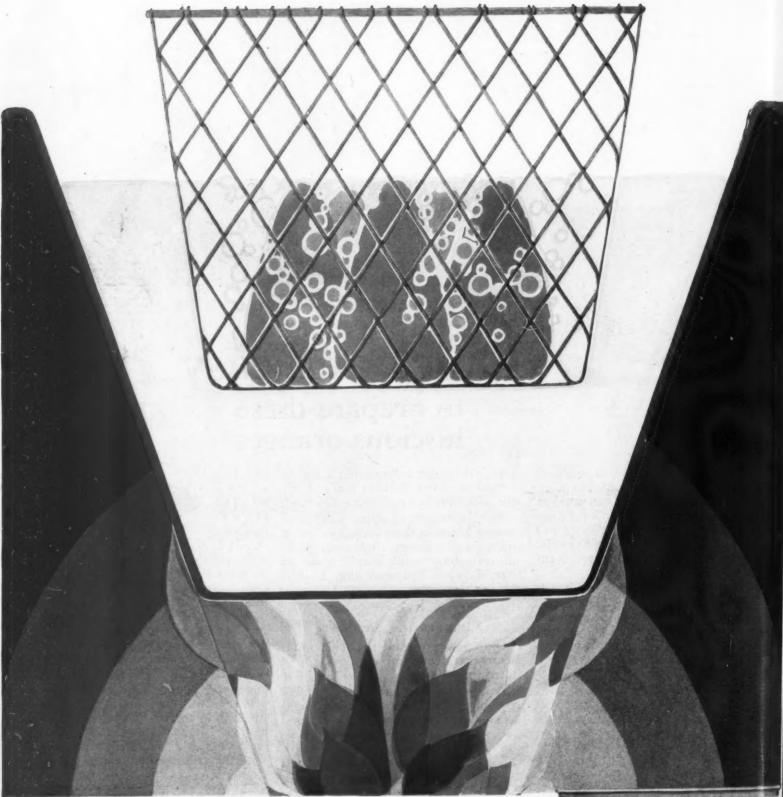
California Oranges -- Richest Juice -- Finest Flavor

	IFORNIA FRUIT GROWERS EXCHANGE,
Dep	t. 602, Box 530, Sta. "C," Los Angeles, California.
	Please send me the following as I have checked below
8	FREE-Valuable booklet "Telling Fortunes with Foods," includes explanation of Acidosis and authoritative suggeston for its prevention and correction. Also furnishes normal nit-acidosis and safe reducing diets approved by a famous diet pecialist.
	Sunkist Reamer for which I enclose 40e (55c if you live in Canada).
O	cless you check the reamer also we will send only the free book.

CITY STATE Write on margin if Docessary

Handiest Reamer—40c (55c if you live in Canada). Ask your dealer for the new special Sunkist Or ange and Lemon Reamer. If not at your Lemon Reamer. If not at your store, send money order or stamps direct to us and we'll send it by parcel post. Made of snow-white glass, looks like china. Extracts more juice casier, holds more (nearly a pint). Has higher cone, sharp-er ridges—a few twists get all the inice.





for Better

It's partly because Wesson Oil is really a fine salad oil that women like it for deep frying.

It's pure and wholesome, clear and light in color. And quite as nutritious and good to eat as the food that you fry in it . . . That's important.

Then too, Wesson Oil is so delicate in flavor that it never takes away from the true flavor of the food. And it helps make the things you fry the most delicious food you ever tasted.

Indeed, so delicious that women are deep-frying more and more kinds of food.

And the Wesson Oil way is quick and quite economical. You can use the same Wesson Oil over and over again. Just strain it through a cloth to remove crumbs and it will come clear again and light in color, without the slightest odor from even fish or onions . . . and still wholesome.

THE WESSON OIL PEOPLE . 210 BARONNE STREET . NEW ORLEANS



For Deep Frying

it is, twinin paper of the pape out up deal ta and he on dra buildin he like

AT M
had no
and th
down to
out him
"Som
kept y
down-to
Milburn bad w
telephor
could le
The p
cold an
soggy b
the lettu wilted, a pudding golden

half-past
But M
of the t She tried eyes see blue. "If th

can mal Afterw Afterwing room lamp. It shabby I a new room The obase tha Gladiator on the pi "At las ator up it

ator up in said, but hands qui "We'll sideboard

Your fat with it." Perry g "It's a h "Not to hardily." down tow we moved get rid of into the co on the tol At half

1928

THE LITTLE YELLOW HOUSE

[Continued from page 16]

it is, though," Perry told her as he cut the twine and began to tear off the heavy paper wrappings.

Under the excelsior in the box was a

Under the excelsior in the box was a large brass student lamp and two emerald-green glass shades for it. Mrs. Milburn's face quivered and her hands trembled as she lifted them from the excelsior. "Oh, Perry, it's that student lamp we saw in Salvage's last Christmas! I remember it—I remember the price!" she wailed. "You shouldn't spend your money on me like this—You need it, yourself." "I got it cheap," Perry said grufily. "Get some oil, Emmy, and we'll light it up—see how it looks."
"It's beautiful without being lighted,"

up—see how it looks."
"It's beautiful without being lighted,"
Mrs. Milburn ran her hands over the
green glass shades as she looked up at him.
Her blue eyes blessed him.
Perry was twenty-one. He was sending
himself through college, working afternoons for the same advertising firm that
the fether worked fee

noons for the same advertising firm that his father worked for.

Mr. Milburn was a salesman for the firm—the Upstill-Unger Advertising Agency it was called. Perry did "ad art" drawings for them. Pictures of beautiful girls smearing their lovely features with cold cream. Swagger young men wearing the very latest thing in soft collars or smoking the most popular cigarette.

But upstairs in Perry's room that looked out upon the sycamore tree was a brown

But upstairs in Perry's room that looked out upon the sycamore tree was a brown deal table covered with artists' materials and here he would work for hours at night on drawings of bridges, towering office-buildings, and water-fronts. These things he liked to do—not the beautiful cold-creamed girls or the square-jawed young men.

"Some day I'll cut out the ad-art stuff altogether," he said once to Emmy, his dark head bent over the table, his blue eyes intent upon his

AT eight o'clock Mr. Milburn had not come home and the family sat down to supper with-

"Something has kept your father down-town," Mrs. Milburn said, "too bad we haven't a telephone, so he could let us know."

The potatoes were cold and heavy and soggy by this time, the lettuce salad had wilted, and the breadpudding was not the golden fluffy concoc-tion it had been at

half-past six.

But Mrs. Milburn bloomed at the head of the table as if she were at a banquet. She tried on the white kid gloves, and her eyes seemed to grow brighter and more

"If there's anything in the world that can make me feel really elegant, it's a pair of new kid gloves," she said. It took so little to please her.

Afterwards they all went into the sit-

ting room to have another look at the lamp. Its mellow glow transformed the shabby little room for them. It was like new room.

The old pink-shaded lamp, with its base that was a statuette of the *Dying Gladiator* done in German silver, stood

"At last we can put the *Dying Gladiator* up in the attic where he belongs," he said, but Mrs. Milburn took it out of his hands quickly.

and, out Mrs. Milburn took it out of his hands quickly.

"We'll put it in the dining room on the sideboard," she said, "I like that lamp—Your father and I started housekeeping with it n

Perry groaned and so did Emmy.

"It's a horror, Mother," Emmy objected.

"Not to me," Mrs. Milburn answered hardily. "Your father bought it for me down town in the Arcade the week after we moved into this house. No, I'll never get rid of that lamp," and she carried it nto the dining room and set it tenderly in the top shelf of the old sideboard. At half past eight Robb came. He and

Perry were going to see the hockey game at the Elysium rink. He was spick-andspan now in his Oxford gray suit, and his gray necktie spotted with white. Quite the best-looking young man that she had ever set eyes upon, Emmy thought suddenly. "Robb, I'm sorry I was a beast this afternoon," she said when they were alone for a moment beside the sitting room fire. "I don't know what ailed me." She touched his shoulder lightly.

His hand grasped her hand, held it tight for an instant, then dropped it.

"You!" he said huskily. "There's nobody like you, Emmy, anywhere for me—"
Then Perry called to him from the hall, and heavent but Emmy tood they like and he went, but Emmy stood there like a statue. . . Grandmother Pentland had and he went, but Emmy stood there like a statue. . . Grandmother Pentland had been right, then! Robb was in love with her! . . . There was nobody like her anywhere. That was what he thought of

By nine o'clock the dishes were all washed up and put away, and Emmy and her mother settled down beside the table in the radiance of the new lamp. The fire crackled in the grate. Upstairs a faucet dripped slowly into the tin bathtub. Peace settled down over the house like a soft blanket. blanket.

"I wonder where your father can be,"
Mrs. Milburn said presently, and something in her tone made Emmy glance ap-

"Tired, Mother?" she asked softly.
"If I'm tired, it's a happy tired," she answered, but there was a strained watchful look in the eyes she kept turning toward the bay-window.

ward the bay-window.

Finally she got up and walked over to
the windows, pushing aside the starched
white curtains. Sae let out a soft cry.

"Just look, Emmy! The first snow of
the year!" she said. "Come here—doesn't
it look like Christ-

mas Eve? All white and—" she broke off suddenly, and con-sternation swept into

An orange-colored taxi, with red and green lamps, was just pulling into the circle of light thrown on the snow by the street-lamp in front of the

Emmy knew who was in that cab. Her father was the only person who ever came home to Flower Street in taxicabs. She had heard him roll up in them many a time before, late at night.

He came straight up

He came straight up the front walk now, tripping on the top porch step. Mrs. Milburn met him at the door.

"Any money in the house, Rosy?" Emmy heard him ask. "I've lost what I had somewhere, and I owe the taxi-man a little something." He sat down heavily upon the hell seen.

a little something." He sat down heavily upon the hall seat.
"Emmy!" Mrs. Milburn called. "Run upstairs and bring down the bill in my white apron pocket."
Emmy hurried up and came back with Grandmother Pentland's birthday present in her hands.

in her hands.

"Do you suppose the man can change this? It's fifty dollars." Mrs. Milburn looked doubtful.

"If he hasn't any change, he can get some," Emmy's father answered with an easy sweep of his hands. His voice was a little thick.

"Yes, but he might lose it. It's the rent

money. Mother gave it to me this after-noon for Uncle Bill—"

moon for Uncle Bill—"
"What's your mother giving you rent
money for?" Mr. Milburn sulkily demanded. "Why should we keep on paying
rent, anyway?" he asked belligerently,
"We've been paying rent for the last
twenty-five years!—We've bought this
shack six times over!"
"Hush!" Mrs. Milburn begged him over
her shoulder, going out in the night with
the money. "The neighbors will hear
you."

you."
He came back then, [Turn to page 66]



Throughout the United States, ninety-seven of each one hundred

COOKING TEACHERS

teach with

BAKER'S CHOCOLATE!

Teachers of cooking are the guardians of wise eating, sensible shopping, and economical kitchen management. When they use a certain food in teaching, the very use of it is their highest endorsement.

Throughout America, ninety-seven per cent of the cooking teachers, home economists, and dietitians, use Baker's Chocolate! There is probably no finer, saner testimonial of its preeminent position.

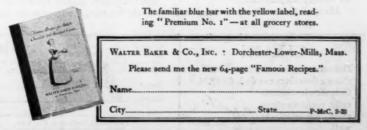
And as for the "home-cooks"—the best and truest measure of what folks like to eat-they use Baker's in the vast majority of cases. Their use is proof conclusive of the Baker flavor.

Send for these Famous Chocolate Recipes Wouldn't you like to know just how the really great cooking experts for the last century have used Baker's in countless delicious recipes? There's a new collection of them just off the press-and it's free. Send us the coupon below.

BAKER'S

Unsweetened

CHOCOLAT



18 Years LATER and her teeth in

All 18. she has used one dentifrice... a cleansing dentifrice.. and look at her TEETH TODAY/

WHEREVER she W goes, that smile wins for her. It is

MEN STORY

so confident . . . so sparkling. No wonder she has a host of friends. No wonder men and women pay her so many attentions. Nobody can resist her smile.

And yet . . . what would that smile be like without those flashing, lustrous teeth? They are the very essence of its charm. Cloud them and the fascination of her smile is gone.

Since 1909, Miss Mack has been protecting her teeth with Colgate's Ribbon Dental Cream. Today, like so many others who have used that dentifrice steadily, her teeth are in marvelous condition.

In this country, and in foreign countries the world over, you will find thousands and thousands of men and women who began using Colgate's ten, fifteen, even twenty years ago, and whose teeth today are exceptionally sound and beautiful.

Many of these people are grateful enough to write to us. Some send their photographs also. Each day the postman brings a few more letters to add to an already bulging file.

Many of these letters are from users



marvelous condition

Today Miss Helen Mack's teeth flash as brightly as they ever did

who have brushed with Colgate's for at least a decade. We could fill the pages of this magazine with quotations from them-sincere, unsolicited reports from people proud of the soundness and attractiveness of their teeth.

There is nothing mysterious about these enviable results. The men and women fortunate enough to secure them did nothing that you cannot easily do yourself. They visited their dentists for periodic inspections. And they used Colgate's Ribbon Dental Cream.

Choose your dentifrice on the basis of results. Follow the lead of those who have already kept their teeth sound for years. Simply adopt for your own use the dentifrice most popular among people with well-preserved teeth.

Also, wouldn't it be an immense satisfaction to know that the dentifrice you were using was the one which dentists recommend most frequently?

So, for lovely teeth-for teeth that make your smile the social and business asset that it should be-ask your druggist today for Colgate's. Or, if you prefer, try the free sample offered in the coupon.

THE LITTLE YELLOW HOUSE

[Continued from page 65]

into the hall and stood there teetering, into the hall and stood there teetering, his hands thrust into his empty pockets. He started superbly toward the stairs, then swayed for an instant, reaching blindly for something to take hold of.

Mrs. Milburn, coming in from the porch, supported him with her small body and led him slowly across the hall.

"Dizzy, Rosy," he tried to explain, "Dizzy—sick." He had gone quite white.

Emmy caught the expression in her mother's eyes as she turned them upon him. Dismay and sorrow were in them.

him. Dismay and sorrow were in them, but love too. Love—that unbeatable thing. "And it's no wonder you're sick, out on

a night like this with-out any overcoat!" she scolded him with brusque tenderness.
"I'm sure it's enough to give you your death—" They van-ished around the turn in the stairs.

Five minutes later she called down to Emmy: "Heat some water right away and

bring it up in the jug for your father.
While Emmy stood beside the stove waiting for the water to boil, she was do-

"We haven't even the money to buy a rubber water-bôttle," she reflected. "And yet my father can ride around in taxicabe."

Her eyes went around the kitchen. The oil lamp on the table, the old cracked stove, the rag rugs on the well-scrubbed

"We haven't even the things that Mrs. Brainard has!" she said. "Linoleum and electric irons. And Mother and I have to wear out Marianna's old clothes!—Why is it?"

On top of the newel-post at the foot of the stairs lay the change from Grand-mother Pentland's birthday present where

mother Pentland's birthday present where Mrs. Milburn had flung it in her haste. Emmy set the jug down and counted the money. There were just four ten-dollar bills folded together. Ten dollars had gone to pay the taxi-fare!

"Whew!" Emmy closed her hand over the present and wast on up to the second

the money and went on up to the second floor. Her mother was just coming out of the room at the front of the house, her

the room at the front of the finger laid upon her lips.

Emmy opened her hand and held the four bills out to her mother. "Here's your four bills out to her mother. "Here's your hand and held the four bills out to her mother." tour bills out to her mother. "Here's your change," she said with bitterness. "My father couldn't even bring you a birthday present, but he could let you spend Grandmother's on his taxicab!—Ten dollars! He ought to be ashamed of himself! I heard what Grandmother said about him this afternoon—and don't think that I didn's!"

'Hush!" Mrs. Milburn's face flashed.

"Hush!" Mrs. Milburn's face flashed. "Never let me hear you speak of your father in that way again, as long as you live, Emmy! He works all day six days a week, and if he wants to use a taxicab to come home in on a bad night, it's none of your affair I'm sure!"
"It's none of my affair that I have to wear Marianna's old clothes, either, I suppose!" Emmy broke in passionately. "That I have to live in this dirty old coalpit of a street! That we never go anywhere or have anything like other people!" The rebellion and longing of youth were in her words. Sensitive bewildered youth that wants, above all things, to be "nice that wants, above all things, to be "nice people"—to have nothing at all to be ashamed of—to be able to hold up its

ashamed of—to be able to hold up its proud young head with the crowd.

It was a half minute before Mrs. Milburn spoke. "We can't all of us be rich, little Emmy," she said gently. "Somebody's got to be poor in this world just to keep things balanced, I suppose. Just be thankful that you've got your health and strength and a fair share of good looks."

She stopped. A moaning sound was coming from the closed room behind her. coming from the closed room behind her.

"Run downstairs and bring me that bottle of peppermint on the shelf under the clock!" she said hurriedly, "I've never known your father to have the neuralgia any worse than he has it tonight."

"Neuralgia!" Emmy said scornfully. But she said it to herself, going down the stairs. The light from the new lamp streamed

out into the hall. The grate-fire crackled noisily. The hush of the first snowfall wrapped itself around the little house, making it seem very warm and cozy inside.

But for once Emmy did not feel that coziness—did not see the humble shabby beauty all around her. All she saw was the beauty all around her. All she saw was the cracks in the wall-paper, the worn spots on the chairs, the smoky chimney of the oil lamp. She leaned her smooth young forehead against the edge of the paper-covered shelf and cried like a child who wakes up from a happy dream to find the room dark and ugly.

ELEVEN months slipped by. It was the Autumn of 1925, and Emmy was eigh-teen. She was finish-ing a secretarial course at the Larchmont School of Business downtown, for which

Grandmother

land had ungracio provided the money. "Don't ask me to say I think it's a good thing, for I don't!" she had snapped, handing over the check to Mrs. Milbum, "I don't approve of handsome young women going to work with a lot of men

"I can trust my girl no matter where she is," Mrs. Milburn answered placidly. Grandmother Pentland only sniffed, and there the matter had ended. Emmy was busily learning the shorthand and type-writing that she hoped would eventually pay her way out of Flower Street. It was older and dirtier than ever before, and there seemed to be fewer leaves on the trees this fall. Mrs. Milburn said that the smoke was killing them.

Changes had come to Robb, too. A small prosperity had descended upon him in the

rides in it these warm Saturday and Sunday afternoons, returning with great bunches of dusty golden-rod and scarlet leaves for the house.

The little house had not changed at all. The magic of home still enchanted it. Its curtains were always snowy, still. The old piano still gave forth its silvery music under Emmy's fingers. The yard was still the "garden," lovely with its velvety dahlias, its asters and marigolds.

ins, its asters and marigolds.

Late one Saturday afternoon in October Robb and Emmy were out under the sycamore tree when Marianna Pentland came driving into the yard in her little gray jewel-box on wheels. She had a flat paste board how in her arms and Emmy

gray jewel-box on wheels. She had a flat paste-board box in her arms and Emmy knew that she was bringing her some more of her expensive cast-off clothes.

"Hello, Babe!" she called out. She was three years older than Emmy. "I'w brought you some pretties. That red crew with the white ruffles, you know?—And the plaid mohair suit with the cape. I hope they'll fit you." She tossed the bar down upon the grass.

Emmy shot a sharp agonized glance at Robb, hoping he would not realize that Marianna was bringing her a gift of charity, but in Robb's face was only good humor and welcome.

humor and welcome.

Marianna had a sumptuous kind of beauty. She looked the way Grandmoths Pentland must have looked at twenty-one. The same brilliant black eyes, white skin and straight mouth. But Mariansi was carefully made up, and her mouth was painted a bright sealing wax red. The odor of orchid perfume came from her gauzy black clothes. Her father and mother had been killed

rier father and mother had been killed in an automobile accident when Marianni was seven, and since that time she had lived with her grandmother in the gloomy old Pentland mansion that had stood of East Prospect Street for fifty years in majestic dignity.

She had a very with the Hard stood of the company of the company

majestic dignity.

She had a way with men. Her engagement had been announced three times—to a different man each time, but she was not engaged now. Thus her mood was cynical "It's so easy to make [Turn to page 70]

No laundry

CLEAN!

Dental authorities say that the only thing a dentifrice can do is CLEAN. Colgate's is scientifically made to clean teeth superlatively Colgania Est. 1806

Colgate & Co., Dept. 210-B, 595 Fifth Ave., New York FREE Please send me a sample of Colgate's Ribbon Dental Cream, the cleansing dentifrice. State In Canada, Colgate & Co., Ltd., 72 St. Ambroise St., Montreal

RY 192

ackled owfall house,

el that shabby vas the spots of the

papernd the months

It was f 1925, as eigh-finish-l course

which

it's napped, Lilburn, young of men

where placidly. ied, and my was it type-entually It was re, and

on the

A small

bought ter that gy" be-took to

it Robb

bumpy nd Sun-

d at all. d it. Its

The old y music was still

ty dahl-

October ider the Pentland her little id a flat I Emmy me more

She was

red crepe v?—And

lance a

lize that of char-ly good

dmothe

twenty-

es, white

r mouth red. The rom her

Mariana she had e gloomy stood of years in

was not s cynical page 701

Now Ready!

AN IMPROVED KOTEX

Offering Two New Exclusive Features:

- A new, form-fitting shape . . . you wear it under the most clinging gowns without possibility of detection, without marring smooth, fashionable lines.
- It is softer, too—fluffier—eliminating unpleasant chafing and binding.

71TH the presentation of the new style Kotex, exclusive in design, comes the most radical development in intimate feminine hygiene since the invention of Kotex itself.

What form-fitting means

You can wear the new Kotex without selfconsciousness no matter how close fitting your gown, how thin and clinging its fabric. By a unique process, developed only after months of experiment, corners are now scientifically rounded and tapered so that the pad fits snugly, comfortably, securely, and is worn in the knowledge that closest-fitting gowns will retain their slim, smooth lines. This brings a composure, a sense of wellbeing, heretofore impossible.

Softer-fluffier-chafing eliminated

New, exclusive methods have been found for making the absorbent filler still softer. Chafing, binding, similar discomforts are eliminated.

Utmost protection is afforded delicate sensitive skin. The importance of such an improvement cannot be exaggerated.

The improved Kotex retains all the advantages of the old Kotex, including the same area of effective absorbent surface you have always known.

Women doctors, nurses, approve

Women doctors, nurses in hospitals, in welfare departments, in city health departments-have given these improvements their enthusiastic approval. So will you! Your good health, your comfort, are considered - and, for the first time, your appearance.

Utter safety is assured by the remarkable Cellucotton wadding which fills Kotex and which is exclusive to Kotex . . . for it is 5 times more absorbent than cotton. It discards like tissue—you simply follow the directions given in each box; it deodorizes thoroughly while being worn.

Nothing else is like Kotex

You buy Kotex by name, without embarrassment, without delay . . . comes in two sizes, Regular and Kotex-Super.

Remember, nothing else is remotely like the new improved Kotex. Buy a box today. Kotex Company, 180 N. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.



How gaily social events can no be met . . . No limitations set by physical handicap . . . The lines of any gown, however clinging, will remain smooth, unbroken.



"Ask for them by name"

Supplied also through vending cabinets in rest-rooms by West Disinfecting Co.

The RED GINGHAM FAIRY GIVES FI TEA PARTY



The Fairy watched while Barbara-Ann put the finishing touches to the tea cart. Another Barbara Ann story

By Erick Berry and Marjorie Worthington

ILLUSTRATED BY ERICK BERRY

Then place your cups so they won't fall And still be easiest to pass.

"A metal jug for water hot. Is what you need. The sugar bowl . . . We'll leave this space for our teapot."

"Shan't I put the kettle ?" interrupted Barbaraon?" interrupted Barbara-Ann, and as the fairy nodded, she filled it and lighted the gas under it. "You've got to think of every soul," went on the fairy.

"The weather's warm. Now it may be Among your guests some one will say No thanks, she'd rather not have tea; Then cooling drinks must thirst allay."

"I don't think that Sophie and Julia can drink tea," suggested Barbara-Ann, and won the fairy's approval, for it showed that she had learned one lesson well, thoughtfulness of her guests and their difference in tastes.

Suppose we make some lemonade" said the fairy. Not what the circus cares to sell; For that, my dear, I am afraid: Has never known a lemon well

"Squeeze juicy lemons, three will do And sugar till the taste is sweet."

The little girl turned from the half-made lemonade to open the top of the ice-box. A great, unbroken lump of smooth, slippery ice stared at her. She gave it a small helpless sort of a peck with the heavy ice pick, but only little shivery splinters of ice chipped from the corner.

The fairy flew to her rescue again.

"There's one task, though, I'll take from you," she cried.

"Ice chopping is my proudest feat."

"I haven't my wand with me today, but any precious metal will do" she said, and caught up a silver spoon. Lightly touching the ice with it she uttered a little cry and the ice snapped, crackled and split into diamonds and cubes of just the right size for the lemonade glasses. The child gathered them up,

ered them up, and rinsing them under the cold water at the sink, dropped them into the nitcher with the pitcher with the lemonade.

Star

'Th "Th

wel

Select Their

hav

hu

on

Dre

as

Sho

Now into the pitcher, water pour

Until you think the taste is right And fruit and

adore A beverage that's

gay and bright. "Dear child, from

what we've done, you see depends

For this small func-tion known as 'tea' The care with which you serve your friends.

"With dainty china, spotless cloth,
The silver sparkling, colors

The simpler all the food brought forth The more successful is your day."

"Oh," Barbara-Ann said gratefully to her little friend, "I can cook dinner and luncheon now and make waffles or muffins for breakfast, and I know how to serve tea, so if you come again, all you will have to do will be sit and watch me."

The Red Gingham Fairy smiled and said, "You have been a good pupil and I am sure Mursie is proud of you. But

a good pupil and I am sure Mumsie is proud of you. But hurry, my dear, your guests will want some tea."

Barbara-Ann put the tea pot and pitcher of lemonade on the cart and then stood back to admire what she had done and to be sure that she had not forgotten anything. She then held the door open with her foot while she carefully slid the cart through, into the hall towards the drawing room.

slid the cart through, into the hall towards the drawing-room.

Barbara-Ann murmured a dutifully polite and very happy "thank you" to her little friend, and then as she looked back through the swing door, she saw the Red Gingham Fairy stirring herself a cup of tea.

T had been a week since Barbara-Ann had seen the Red Gingham Fairy or heard the starchy soft rustle of her red gingham wings. Mumsie was quite well again and she herself had taught Barbara-Ann how to make delicious waffles for breakfast from the recipe for muffins which the Red Gingham Fairy had taught her. Then one day Mumsie waffles were well to be the recipe for muffins which the Red Gingham Fairy had taught her. Then one day Mumsie well wednesday it was the recipied with the recipied with the recipied with the recipied was the recipied w

said . . . Wednesday it was . . . yes, quite surely it was a Wednesday.

"Barbara-Ann, dear I'm expecting Mrs. Whitticker and Julia and Sophie this afternoon. How would you like to go into the kitchen all alone and get tea for us? You've done so beautifully before. I'm sure you could prepare the tea."

tea."

Barbara-Ann was perfectly terrifically thrilled of course.

To be trusted to get tea for company! But she was verhaps just a little bit scared too, though she was pretty sure that her friend, the Red Gingham Fairy, would come to her rescue again. So she said she would oh, just love to, Mumsie, and after the guests had come and she had shown lulia and Sophia. Mumsie, and after the guests had come and she had shown Julia and Sophie . . . who was, after all, only five and made Barbara-Ann and her nine and a half feel very grown up . . . her whole doil family and the new puppy named Jinks, then at a nod from Mumsie as they came back into the drawing room, she excused herself.

She pushed open the kitchen door, ve-r-y, ve-r-y slowly, hardly daring to look round the corner of it, lest she be disappointed. It was almost too much to hope for, because it really wasn't anywhere near to a meal time and you couldn't expect a fairy to hang round the house all day.

cause it really wasn't anywhere hear to a literal time any you couldn't expect a fairy to hang round the house all day.

The kitchen was perfectly still and very empty. Barbara-Ann stood a moment looking all around, the door knob, the top of the ice box, the shelf over the gas stove, but no fairy anywhere. She drew a deep sigh. Oh well, she did know how to make tea at least, and with a somewhat sinking feeling she opened the cupboard door to take out the teapot. There, with a broad grin clear across her goodnatured, fat little face, was the Red Ging-ham Fairy, wings and all.

She chuckled hugely. It was evident that she had meant to surprise Barbara-Ann.

But as the little girl didn't move quite as quickly as the fairy thought she should, she promptly flew down from her high perch, with a whirr of her red gingham wings.

"Come, come, my child!" she cried. "We must get moving. Your guests are waiting!"

Now how in the world did the fairy know that there were guests? But then of course fairies know almost everything.

They got out the nicest tea things, the teanet and cozy and the six small bright col-

They got out the nicest tea things, the teapot and cozy and the six small bright colored cups and saucers from Czecho-Slovakia while the fairy fluttered, like a fat humming-bird, pointing and exclaiming and chattering husily

"Wheel out the tea cart," she said. "It looks so pretty."

"The nicest thing about a tea Is not what people eat or drink, But daintiness and courtesy . . . The 'How,' not 'What' . . . or so I think.

"Let's set the tea cart first of all.

"There's some take lemon, as you know, So cut thin slices (cloves in these A welcomed spice can oft bestow), And some take cream, both you must please.

"Upon the shelf beneath we'll place A tray of cinnamonny toast, And sandwiches, in any case. 'Tis pretty, and they'll praise the host.

"Like Cinderella, toast may seem A stepchild, if you will, to cake But we can use a simple scheme A party food, of toast, to make.

"We cut the bread that's one day old In slices neither thin nor thick.

Trim off the crusts, as you are told.

Neatly, my dear . . . there, that's the trick.

"Now then, the toasting we begin But work it quickly. Toast must be Crisp on the outside, soft within, The kettle's boiling merrily."

Barbara-Ann, quite unable to resist the delicious Barbara-Ann, quite unable to resist the deficious smelling toast, popped a tiny, left over piece into her mouth—m—m—m! But it was crisp and as good as cake any day!

The fairy smiled, but went on busily with her directions while the toast kept hot in the lighted oven, with the door open.

"What of the sandwiches, I'm sure You've lettuce in the ice-box, green And crisp. And cream cheese we'll procure From that same source. Your hands are clean? "Oh! oh! Run wash them, if you

please.
Cook's hands must always spot-less be.
Now we'll begin. Unwrap the cheese.
(Clean hands move with dexterity).

"Add salt, paprika, just a drop Of cream to make it smooth to spread. There, that's enough, young lady, stop And very thinly slice the bread.

"Instead of butter, mayonnaise Spread on the slices, crust removed. (If I sound sharp, remember praise Comes after, when results are proved).

"On one slice place the lettuce, so, The cream cheese spread upon the next. Put them together. There we go . . . To think that you were once perplexed!"

Barbara-Ann slid a plate heaped with sandwiches the lower tray of the tea cart. The fairy continued,

"The tea has steeped. We're almost done. It wasn't labor, was it dear? Preparing food is lots of fun If you can flavor it with cheer.



Lo, there was the Fairy, wings and all.



Star of "Take My Advice" also "The Nervous Wreck", "Applesauce" "The Grand Duke" and many other well known Broadway successes.

ous on. and bes th-

ink

lks at's tht. "I am really delighted with the lovely frocks and coats the Hamilton Garment Co. have selected for their Style Magazines for Spring. Their prices are very low indeed! One little dress in particular which they are selling for \$9.95, I am sure I could not purchase elsewhere for less than \$15."

Miss Ralston says:—"I have selected a coat, a dress and chic double breasted suit which I think are very stylish and becoming. After comparing this merchandise with similar garments in the shops, I feel sure they could not be purchased for from five to ten dollars more."

Esther Pelston

You will surely want to see the beautiful styles these Modish Women have selected—

In addition to the frocks and coats they have chosen, there are more than three hundred other styles attractively posed on living models!

Modish interpretations of the smart Dress, Travel and Sports Coats as low as \$5.95... Silk and Cloth Dresses as low as \$4.98... Twill and Tweed Suits as low as \$9.95... the new Hats... Shoes.. Boys' Clothing.. Underwear, in fact everything for the whole family!

All delightfully chic . . . decidedly new . . . amazingly low priced!

You will save at least \$5.00 and perhaps \$10.00...for you are buying direct from the manufacturer at little more than wholesale prices!

You will be sure of the style . . . for Hamiltons, in their store on Fifth Avenue, include among their smart clientele, the most stylishly dressed New York

You may be equally sure of the quality ... for Hamilton's high standard is widely known... we never reduce the quality for a low price!

HAMILTON GARMENT CO.

MAIL ORDER B2, 114-116 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Mrs. EDWARD S. COWLES formerly Miss Nona Gibbs McAdoo, daughter of William Gibbs McAdoo, prominent society leader and proprietor of the smartshop "chez Ninon", 500 Madison Ave.

"I am amazed at the values the Hamilton Garment Co. are offering in their new Spring and Summer Style Book! And such smart styles, too,—not only the dresses and coats but also the millinery, shoes and other dress accessories."

Nova W. lowles

The purpose of this advertisement is to urge you to send for your free copy of the Hamilton Catalogue. Even if you need nothing at present—
SEND TO-DAY—
IT'S
FREE!



Hamilton Garment Co.

Dept. B2, 114-116 Fifth Avenue, New York City
GENTLEMEN: Please send me FREE your Catalogue
of new Fifth Avenue Styles for Spring.

Name Street Town



Embarrassed by Dishpan Hands

"Dick's 'chief' was pleasant and friendly, but I knew that he had the fastidious standards of a man of culture and wealth. And I was so eager, as Dick's wife, to meet those standards

"It was a little thing which upset me—just the merest change of ex-pression on his face . . . I was pouring coffee, and for the fraction of a second his glance had rested on my hands.

"I knew my hands looked red and rough from housework and dishes— and knew he had noticed them . . . I became self-conscious, ill at ease. Foolishly, perhaps, I felt the evening was a failure.

"Now I know how needless it was. Since I have been using Lux for dishwashing, for all cleansing my hands have to do-my hands are soft and smooth and white. I'm never embarrassed now by 'dishpan' hands."

So many soaps - whether flakes, chips, or cakes—contain harmful alkali which dries up the skin, aging and coarsening it.

There is no injurious alkali in Lux! Made by a remarkable process-Lux actually soothes the skin, leaves it a little whiter and softer than before.*

Dissolving instantly, before you ever put your hands in, a little Lux foams up into a mountain of suds-so rich, so cleansing, the dishes seem almost to wash themselves!

The big package of Lux washes six weeks' dishes! Lovely hands for so small a price!

*Many beauty parlors use Lux in manicuring the nails, to soften and whiten the fingers.

Lux keeps lovely the hands that wash dishes

or Bros. Co., Cambridge, Mass



THE LITTLE YELLOW HOUSE

[Continued from page 66]

a mistake about men." she had once cona mistake about men, she had once con-fided to Emmy. "Someday I'll meet a man who's real, and I'll marry him so fast it will make his head swim!" She had in-

will make his head swim!" She had inherited the what-I-want-I-take trait that had built up the Pentland fortune.

She was looking up into Robb Hollis' eyes now, almost as if she were seeing him for the first time. Then she turned and

spoke to Emmy.
"Why not bring this good-looking thing with you when you come to see me, Babe?" she said.

A pang of jealousy that was like bodily pain went through Emmy.

"Oh, I don't have much time to go visiting, myself, these days, Marianna," she said, "I'm pretty busy down town, you know."

Marianna gave her a kiss that smelled

of orchid perfume, rice powder and Turk-

of orchid pertume, rice powder and Autisish cigarettes.

"Yes, I suppose that's true," she said.

"But don't be busy next Friday afternoon.

I'm going to have the old Friday Club at the house to give Cassie Sears a linenshower—and I wanted you to sing after

we finish our bridge game."

Every now and then, throughout the years, Grandmother Pentland had felt that she ought to do something kind for Emmy. And one of the kind things she had done was to enroll her in the Friday Danc-ing Class at the Colonial Club ten years before. The Friday Dancing Class had become the Friday Club later on, when it had given up toe-dancing

up toe-d an c i n g
and learned to play
bridge instead. It
met only rarely now,
but Emmy was still a
member of it.
"I can't come for lunch,
Marianna," she said slowly,
"or for bridge, either. But if you
want me to sing, I think I can get there
by half-past four."

want me to sing, I think I can get there
by half-past four."

Marianna nodded, and her black eyes
slewed around to Robb's face. "Isn't that
your car standing in front of the house?"

He admitted that it was.

"I'll let you take me for a ride in it, if

you'll call me up some rainy afternoon," she said and laughed. "You don't mind, do you, Emmy?" "I don't mind at all!" Emmy answered as airily as she could, but it hurt her all over to stand there and listen to Marianna make an engagement with him . . . She was very certain that she was not the least bit in love with Robb Hollis. But she liked

him tremendously, and he was the only real friend she had outside of her own family.

"I'm not so sure of that, but I'm glad to hear it anyway," and Marianna took a cigarette from a black-enamel case, stood very close to Robb while he held a match to it and then started across the match to it, and then started across the

match to it, and then started across the grass to her car.
"Now, don't forget to come on Friday, Babe!" she called in her soft clear voice as she started her motor. "And, Robb, don't you forget what I said just now!"
She drove away into the deepening twilight, leaving a dead silence behind her under the sycamore tree.
Emmy stooped and picked up the dress box from the grass where she had tossed it. Robb stood, hands in pockets, watching her.

"Well, are you going to take Marianna for a drive?" she asked at last, trying to make her voice sound careless and off-

It was quite dark under the leafy droop ing branches of the sycamore tree by this

"Would you care if I did take her?" Robb's voice came husky and vibrant from the soft gloom as he came and stood beside Emmy. "Would you care—or beside Emmy. wouldn't you?"

She turned, trembling suddenly from head to feet, and tried to think of an answer for him.

But she couldn't. She could hear nothing but the blood humming in her ears,

and she could feel only the pulses ham-mering in her throat and temples. She swayed toward him ever such a little, swayed toward him ever such a little, knowing for the first time the aching wish of a woman to have a man's arms around her—not just any man's arms—Robb's arms. Her hand touched his in the dark.

arms. Her hand touched his in the darkness under the old tree.

Suddenly he threw away his cigarette. His mouth found Emmy's lifted face, and he kissed her. His arms went around her, holding her close to him, pressing her straight slender body against his own clean young straightness. He kissed her again and again, reverently, awkwardly. "Emmy," he said, his voice hoarse and shaken, "you know I wouldn't do this if I didn't love you. You know I love you, Emmy."

if I didn't love you. You know I love you, Emmy."
And she nodded, her eyes wide and starry in the darkness.
The little backyard sent up its flowery scents as the dew fell upon it. Never again, so long as she lived, was any place to give Emmy the sense of space and enchantment that the little garden gave to her that moonless night. And not only the garden, but the whole face of the world garden, but the whole face of the world had changed for her in that moment— Life itself had become magic.

"I love you, too, Robb," she tried to say, her face against his. But she was shy of

the word.
"My girl?—Åll mine

"All yours." She could say that.
"Always?"
"A I w a y s."
Afterward she remembered how

she said that—as if it were a vow,

a promise not to be broken.
"Emmy! Emmy!" called Mr. Milbum from the back door of the house.

Emmy gave a violent start.

Her arms slipped from Robb's shoulders. She pushed him from her and

ran to her father.

"Here I am. What do you want?" she asked him breathlessly.

He handed her a half-dollar.

"I want you to go down to the drug-store and telephone for a taxicab," he said. "Tell them to hurry up—a yellow cab, you know."

Emmy flew back to Robb, still standing

under the sycamore.
"Want to walk down to the corner with me?" she said to him in an ordinary

The moment of magic and wild eager happiness was over. The backyard was just the little backyard to Emmy again. Flower Street was just Flower Street, squalid and ugly as ever—and she was walking down it with Robb to call a taxical for her father, who evidently had cab for her father, who evidently had Saturday night plans of his own.

ON Friday afternoon Emmy walked up the wide stone steps of the old Pentland house on old East Prospect Street. Matthew, who had worked for her grandmother for more years than Emmy had been alive, opened the door for her, his teeth shining in welcome.

"I'll go right upstairs, Matthew," Emmy told him, "to Miss Marianna's room."

Grandmother Pentland's house was very old-fashioned, very imposing and very gloomy. Whenever Emmy stepped into it she felt as if she had stepped straight into

she felt as if she had stepped straight into the pages of Bleak House or Jane Eyre.

The only cheerful room was Marianna's bedroom—a round tower room on the sunny side of the house. It was all rosepatterned chintz and ivory white furniture. The bed was a small sea of silk cushions. Between the windows was a powder table, loaded with Marianna's perfumes, her lipsticks, her specially-blended face powder, her jars of mascara.

Emmy took off her hat and went downstairs. Eleven girls were sitting around a big round lace-spread table, drinking tea, eating sandwiches and smoking cigarettes. They all looked up [Turn to page 72]

Imp thro

tite,

RY 1928

SE

s ham-es. She little,

ng wish around Robb's dark

garette ce, and nd her, ng her

s own ed her rdly.

e you, e

owery o give

to her ly the world nent—

," she gainst hy of

-A11

" She

d how

to be

my l" lburn

obb's r and

" she

drug-

ellow

ding

orner

gain. reet,

had

her

her, ew,"

very

rni-ish-ider

nes.

DOES YOUR CHILD PRESENT

1 of These 3 Disturbing Tendencies



NERVOUSNESS

That everything you do fails to overcome?



UNDERWEIGHT

TOW it has been discovered that the three most common weaknesses of tens of thousands of children, nervousness, no appetite, undernormal weight, are largely correctable -without the use of drugs or medicine.

Important and far-reaching discoveries have been made in Switzerland-the nation from which the world's probably most important discoveries in child development have emanated—that throw an entirely new light on those situations.

Those discoveries, have now been tested for years throughout England, Europe and America, in hos-

"It Made My Boy Over"



It was almost impossible to make my boy eat. Then I started eire him Oedline, a cup at night and in the afternoon. He exed it at once. He began to eat like a trooper, put on solid eith, had world's of pep and sless soundly all night. Now he is a tunkert boy in the block and leads in play.

Mrs. F. J. S. (name on request)

"I was advised to try Ovaltine the loved the drink at once—and the change was almost magical. She gained 4 younds in & weeks, sleeps briter and looks and acts like a different child." Mrs. R. E. F. (name on request)

Then Accept 3-Day Test

of this Unique Swiss Food-Drink Discovery of a Prominent Swiss Scientist that Thousands of American Doctors and Scores of Public Schools are Employing-with remarkable results

pitals, homes and schools, with results that in many instances establish entirely new theories on child development; mental and physical.

It has been discovered that the improper digestion of starches from foods eaten by children is responsible, to an amazing extent, for thousands of under-par children's conditions. And a food has been discovered that has the remarkable property of converting starches into weight and energy.

Thousands of American doctors are now employing this method. Scores of public schools have adopted it. Child Welfare Stations throughout the United States are employing it. Now a 3-day test is being offered to parents.

Not a Medicine—a Food-Drink

Those discoveries are embodied in a Swiss food-drink called Ovaltine. A food-drink different in result, composition, and action from all others. A food-drink not to be confused with chocolate or malt preparations, which have been made to look and taste like Ovaltine.

Ovaltine acts first to turn into strength and energy with extreme rapidity. A single cup has twelve times the caloric value of 12 full cups of beef extract. Consider what this means. A child's nourishment must be con-

"My Little Girl Gained 4 Pounds in 4 Weeks"



centrated and quickly digested for best resultsresults, often almost unbelievable, in quick gain of weight, in convalescence, after colds, etc.

Converts Starches Into Weight and Energy

Over 50% of the average normal diet of a child consists of starches; starches in oatmeal, cereals, bread and vegetables. These starches are often undigested, thus often virtually lost.

Now above all things Ovaltine acts to convert those starches-starches from other foods eaten-quickly into weight and energy.

This marks one of science's most important discoveries. For most children, according to high scientific findings, are in under-par conditions largely because the starchy foods they eat are not being properly digested and assimilated. Ovaltine acts to convert those foods into strength, often with quick and remarkable results.

A Drink Children Love

Children drink Ovaltine because they like it. It is a superlatively delicious food-drink—not a medicine. It digests when practically no other food will digest.

You serve it, hot or cold as the child prefers, as a drink. Mixed with milk it greatly increases both the food value and digestibility of the milk. .

You give it during the day—with meals and between meals. You give it at night, for it promotes restful sleep—the sleep that brings buoyant days tomorrow.

Throughout the civilized world, these facts are being proved in thousands of instances.

Send the Coupon

Prove those facts to yourself by mailing the coupon for a 3-day test. You will probably note a change in even that short a time.

Your child will pick up weight almost instantly. The appetite will improve. Better color will come to the cheeks. The mind will be more active and alert. Results will be marked and noticeable to you.

Mail for 3-Day Supply



THE WANDER COMPANY, DEPT. L-5
180 North Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill. I enclose 10 cents to cover cost of packing and mailing. Send me your 3-day test package of Ovaltine. Print name and address clearly.

Address

(One package to a person)

OVALTINE



FILL CUP WITH HOT (NOT BOILED) MILK-STIR, AND SWEETEN TO TASTE



Ready. a hot, wholesome, nourishing drink that sends children skipping off to school full of life and spirit

NSTANT POSTUM made with milk contains no trace of the artificial stimulants that make many hot drinks bad for children. It is a drink made of roasted whole wheat and bran, plus all the body-building nourishment of milk. A drink with a delightful flavorthat appeals to children—even children who don't like milk alone. And it's made so easily!

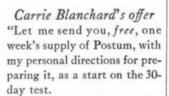
Thousands upon thousands of mothers serve this wholesome drink to their children every morning. Schools, too, have taken it up and made it part of the noon-day lunch. Now you try it. Serve it to your children at breakfast tomorrow. And try it yourself at the same time!

Betterstill, make Postum your mealtime drink for thirty days. Then you can test its value fully. Postum can't interfere with sleep, doesn't excite the nerves or cause indigestion, as caffein beverages do.

Carrie Blanchard, food demonstrator, will help you start this 30-day test.

0 1928, P. Co., Inc.

Postum is one of the Post Health Products, which in-clude also Grape-Nuts, Post Toasties, Post's Bran Flakes and Post's Bran Chocolate. Your grocer sells Postum in two forms. Instant Postum, made in the cup by adding boiling water, is one of the easiest drinks in the world to prepare. Postum Cereal is also easy to make, but should be boiled 20 minutes.



"For Postum made with milk, you will need Instant Postum, the soluble form made instantly in the cup. For Postum made in the usual way, with water, you can use either Instant Postum or Postum Cereal, the kind you boil. Just indicate on the coupon which kind of Postum you prefer.

"If you wish to begin the 30-day test today, get Postum at your grocer's. It costs much less than most other mealtime drinks-only one-half cent a cup."

MAIL THIS COUPON TODAY!

	PMeC2-28
	NY, INCORPORATED,
Battle Creek, M	
	ke a thirty-day test of Postum.
	without cost or obligation, one
week's supply o	f
INSTANT POST	TUM Check
(prepared in	stantly in the cup) which you
POSTUM CERE	AL prefer
(prepared b	y boiling) *
Name	
Street	
City	State
In Canada, addr	ess Canadian Postum Co., LTD.
	tan Bldg., Toronto 2, Ontario.

THE LITTLE YELLOW HOUSE

[Continued from page 70]

as Emmy, in Marianna's red crepe dress, pushed aside the curtains and came across the room toward them. Marianna flung down her napkin and rushed to her, kiss-

down her hapkin and rushed to her, kissing her warmly.

"Oh, you darling! You did come!" she said, "We were just giving you up. Sit here—" She made a place for her between herself and Lola Sinclair.

Emmy smiled at all the familiar friendly faces under dashing little hats pulled far down over close-shingled heads. She felt

down over close-shingled heads. She felt very dowdy in the old red crepe and with her long hair braided around her head.

Lola Sinclair, turned a little blond face with innocent blue eyes upon her. "Emmy, is that your brother who works for Upstill and Unger, the advertising firm?"

Emmy nodded.
"I met him the other day," Lola's little silvery voice

little silvery voice ran on. "Upstill and Unger do our advertising, and he was up in our office. I was try-ing to drag some money out of my dad." She sighed, pushing a cigarette box to wards Emmy. "Have a fag?"
"No thanks."

"No thanks."

Emmy shook her head with firm refusal.

"Well, your brother is certainly a hot zizzer—I'm just mad about him."

"Yes, Lola, but you're always mad about somebody, so that makes no-nevermind," Marianna told her blightingly. "If mind, Marianna told ner bilgitchigh. It you really want to see somebody, though, you want to see Emmy's boy friend—"
Emmy pushed back her chair and stood up. "What do you want me to sing—
'Twickenham Ferry'?"

"Oh, no, none of those old love-sick wheezes, please!" sang out Cassie Sears. "Give us something with a little pep please!"

please!"
"Sing I Wonder Where My Baby Is Tonight," Lola called, and Emmy sang it. Her lovely voice gave the meaningless words of the silly little song-hit a meaning that never had been written into it. Perhaps it was because she was thinking of Robb as she sang it . . . She had been thinking of him almost every minute since the Saturday night before, when they had found each other in the darkness under the sycamore tree.

Then she sang the Indian Love Call for them, and after that Johnny McCree.

They clapped their hands politely, but it was perfectly plain to Emmy that they liked the ragtime much better.

She sat down and had more tea, and more anchovy-and-lettuce sandwiches. The girls talked and laughed. Jokes flew back and forth across the table, and names of people and places that Emmy did not

"Nonnie hasn't taken a table for the charity bridge. She hates to spend a dol-

"Cassie, the news is that you and Ted are going to Bermuda on your honeymoon. Is that true?". . . . "Oh, I don't know. We're going some place where we can get Baccardi cocktails, Ted says. We'd thought of Nas-

Emmy felt dreadfully out of it all as she listened. These girls who had been her friends during the early years of girlhood were almost strangers to her now. They had their Friday musicales, their finishing-school reunions, their shopping jaunts—all their careless expensive good times. And she had nothing but Flower Street and that cruellest kind of poverty—that of the poor relation of a rich family.

"I want to have a luncheon for you, Cassie," little Lola Sinclair was saying close beside her. "Tell me what free days you have between now and the day you're going to be married. "How about next Friday?"

She turned to Emmy and laid her soft

Friday?"

She turned to Emmy and laid her soft boneless little hand with its tobaccostained fingers, upon hers. "You can come, too, can't you?" she asked. "I want you particularly." It came to Emmy in a rush that she was asking her simply because

she had seen Perry in the offices of the Sinclair Soap Company and had liked his

On the high mantel-piece the ornate evres clock struck the chiming note of half-past five.

half-past five.
. . . Half-past five! A mile away the woolen-mill whistle was blowing, and men were hurrying down Flower Street, their lunch boxes under their arms. The ground under the little yellow house was shaking

as the flier roared along the tracks on its way to New York.

Suddenly a wall higher than the wall around Troy Town reared itself between her and the girls who lounged there in the big high-ceilinged room with its mid-Vic-torian comfort. Yet her own mother had

known this room from her earliest babyhood, h a d been brought up been brought up here in this enor-mous o I d red-brick house, and Rosetta and Matt-hew had waited upon her . . . It seemed almost unbelievable. How very much

How very much her mother must have loved her f a t h e r, she

thought, to give up this soft effortless life. To settle down with him among the staring factory windows, the huddled little houses of Flower

I never could have had the courage to do it," she said to herself.

Then, all at once, it flashed across her brain that that was exactly what she herself would do if she married Robb Hollis!

She jumped up from her chair. "I'm going to run up and say 'Hello' to Grand-

going to run up and say 'Hello' to Grand-mother," she said quietly to Marianna.
"I ought to have some kind of a party for Cassie," she told Grandmother Pent-land as she sat facing her before the flick-ering wood-fire in her rich, gloomy sitting

Grandmother Pentland gave a sarcastic Grandmother Pentland gave a sarcastic little laugh. "It's very funny to me—all this party giving for Tom Sears' daughter," she said acidly. "I can well remember the time when he was a dock-walloper right down here on the Cuyahoga River."

She had a stiff face, always, for the newly rich. Her own family was already old in this young America of ours.

"Why, yes, Emmy—I suppose you ought to give Cassie some kind of a party if everybody else is doing it," she went on, "I like you to keep in touch with your own kind of people."

Then she had one of those sudden rare

own kind of people."

Then she had one of those sudden rare outbursts of generosity of hers. "Would you like to have a lunch-bridge or a tea right here in the house, where Matthew and Rosetta could see to everything?" she asked, and the gray twilights fled instantly from Emmy's eyes. She put her arms around her grandmother's shoulders and pressed her firm cheek against the sallow one. sallow one.

sallow one.
"How can I ever thank you enough?"
she asked happily. "If you only knew how
I've been hating the thought of those girls
coming to Flower Street again!—May I
run down and ask them for the first Saturday in November, then? Saturday's my
only day, you know."

urday in November, then? Saturday's my only day, you know."

They all said they could come, and Emmy said good-by to them feeling as if she were one of them, after all. Her heartache dropped away from her, and in its place came a hard determination to keep her place among them. As her grandmother had just said, they were her "own kind of people."

R OBB'S car stood in the darkness of Prospect Street looking curiously shabby and out-of-date against the well-

snabby and out-of-date against the well-kept lawns across the road.

And Robb, himself, was looking his very worst that afternoon. He had come straight from the mill in a hurry, and he was wearing the cap, the blue shirt, the old working suit that Emmy hated to see him in

"Step on the gas!—Let's get away be-fore anyone sees us!" [Turn to page 75]

1928

his

the neir its vall

the lic-had om liest

red-

ited

uch

she

win-wer

e to

her-

Ilis!

and-

arty

lick-

astic —all

the

your

a tea

the

girls lay I Sat-

's my

as if

as in neart-in its keep

ss of lously well-

come nd he t, the to see

y be-e 751

The newest thing in baking!

"Kitchen-tested" Recipes with "Kitchen-tested" Flour

By BETTY CROCKER Renowned Cooking Expert

No matter whether you are an expert cook or a less fortunate one, I believe all women have one thing in common. You have all had some dainty dish turn out badly at a crucial time.

And the chances are nine out of ten that you have never solved the real reason for the mistake.

For it is only recently that chemists and cooking experts, working together, found that flour was 50% of the cause of baking failures.

They discovered that while chemists' tests might prove two batches of the same brand of flour exactly alike chemically, these two batches might act entirely different in your ovenbring fine results in one case and spoil a good recipe another time!

That is why we, some time ago, in-augurated the now famous "Kitchentest" for Gold Medal Flour. Every time one of our mills turns out a batch of flour, we bake cakes, pas-tries, biscuits, breads—everything from this batch according to standard recipes. Unless each batch bakes to standard, the flour is sent back to be re-milled.



This means one flour for all your baking. Over 2,000,000 women now know there is no better flour for cakes and pastries. Why pay more?

ONE view of the Gold Medal Medal Flow is "Kitchen where every batch of Gold Medal Flow is "Kitchen tested" before it goes to you—and where we create many new and delightful "Kitchen-tested" Recipes which are rapidly becoming recognized standards

Money-Back Guarantee

Last year we re-milled more than five million pounds of Gold Medal Flour. Our chemists reported it perfect, but it didn't act right in our test kitchen ovens.

So, today, every sack of Gold Medal Flour that comes into your home is "Kitchen-tested" before you receive it. The words "Kitchen-tested" are stamped on the sack.

We guarantee not only that Gold Medal is a light, fine, snow-white

WASHBURN CROSBY COMPANY, GEN

flour. We also guarantee that it will always act the same way in your oven. Your money refunded if it doesn't.

Special-for the South

Gold Medal Flour (plain or selfrising) for our Southern trade is milled in the South at our Louisville mill. Every batch is "Kitchentested" with Southern recipes before it goes to you.

Special Offer "Kitchen-tested" Recipes

Recipes we use in testing Gold Medal Flour are rapidly becoming recog-nized standards. We have printed these "Kitchen-tested" Recipes on cards and filed them in neat wooden boxes. Handy for you in your kitchen.

We will be glad to send you one of the new Gold Medal Home Service Recipe Boxes, complete with recipes, for only \$1.00 (less than this service actually costs us). Twice as many recipes as in original box. Just send coupon with check, money order, or plain dollar bill. (This offer good only if you live in the United States.)

If you prefer to see first what

the recipes are like, we will be glad to send you selected samples—FREE.

Check and mail coupon for whichever desired.

Betty Crocker

Send coupon now A new delight awaits you

MISS BETTY CROCKER Gold Medal Flour Home Service Dept. Dept. 309, Minneapolis, Minn.

☐ Enclosed End \$1.00 for your box of "Kitchentested" Recipes. (It is understood that I may, at any time, send for new recipes froe.)

Address

A staunch user? "I have used Gold Medal 'Kitchen-tested' force to tell you how surprised Flour over a year and always have my friends are to think what delicious food luck with all my baking. Cakes can be baked with Gold Have interested a friend in it and she likes it very much."

MRS. THERA DAVES.

St. Louis, Mo.

MRS. M. KRISTOFF. very much."

RS. THEBA DAVIS,

Los Angeles, Calif.

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

Kitchen-tested

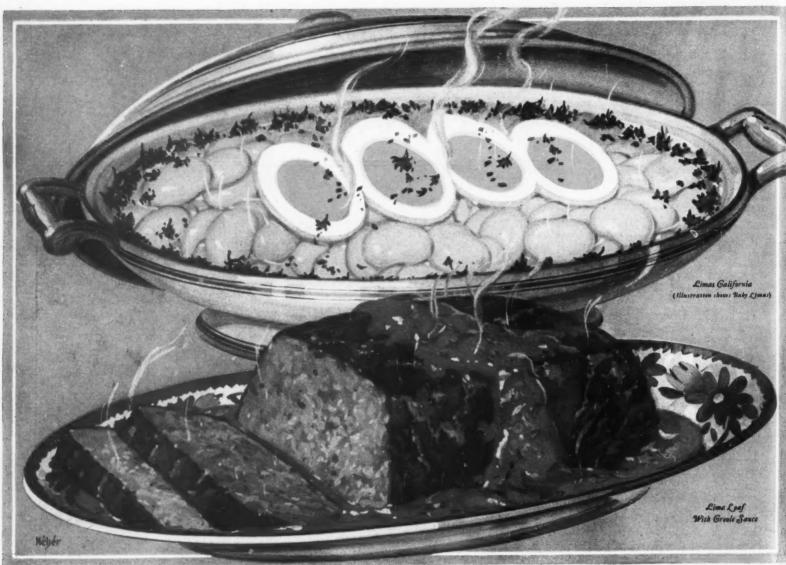


McC

chan be l

from He look. tonig

He lake Do birch feller woun At and h his n



Variety is the Life of a menu-Flavor is the Spice

And here's a tender delicious vegetable that gives you both - economically

> You'll find California Limas "just fit" on so many occasions-for relieving variety, appetizing flavor and satisfying goodness. Illustrated are four of many tempting dishes, easily prepared.

> This matchless year-round vegetable is easy to prepare-far easier than most vegetables you use. No peeling, scraping, cutting, nor hulling is required. Simply cover Limas with water at breakfast. When it's time to prepare dinner, they're ready for

any recipe you desire. Cook up an extra cupful-to be put away to cool. That saves more time and work. For those extra Limas make tomorrow's luncheon soup or salad!

Every delicious Lima dish is a healthful dish, too. Limas supply proteins, vitamins, carbohydrates and mineral salts. Besides, Limas are one of the highest alkaline-ash foods. Dietitians recommend them as an excellent help to offset the acid-ash resulting from many staple foods, thus combating those acid conditions of the body-usually known as some form of acidosis. Limas help maintain a balanced, more healthful diet.

Everywhere California Limas are reasonable in cost-either Large or Baby Limas. They keep, too, so buy them at quantity prices. And for extra fancy quality ask for SEASIDE California Limas.

Try These Tempting Lima Dishes

BASIC RECIPE: To revive the fresh, juicy tenderness of dried California Limas, soak them in cold water from 6 to 8 hours. Drain. Cover with boiling water and cook slowly until tender—about 30 min. Add salt after 20 min. cooking. (This basic recips applies to either Large or Baby Limas.)

BABY LIMAS, CALIFORNIA

Heat 2 cups cooked Baby Limas in double boiler. Cream 2 tbsp. butter, add ½ tsp. salt, ½ tsp. pepper, I tbsp. lemon juice and I beaten egg. Mix well, add hot water; pour over beans. Cook over hot water until creamy. Turn into hot vegetable dish. Slice lengthwise I hard cooked eyg and arrange over to over hot water until creamy. Turn into hot vegetable dish. Slice lengthwise 1 hard cooked egg and arrange over top of beans. Sprinkle chopped parsley bor-der around dish.

LIMA LOAF, CREOLE SAUCE

LIMA LOAF, CREOLE SAUCE
Put I cup soaked Limas in saucepan
with 4 cups water, I small onion sliced,
½ tap, salt, I clove, ½ tap, thyme and I
say leaf. Cook until beans are tender
and water almost evaporated. Force
beans through food chopper. Add I cup
stale bread crumbs, ½ cup tomato
catup, i plinento cut in strips, salt and
pepperto taste. Shape in bread pan. Turn

out into cake pan, sprinkle with dry bread crumbs. Bake 45 minutes, moderate oven (350 degrees F.). Serve with Creole Sauce. Creale Sauce: Melt 1 thsp. butter, add 1 thsp. flour. When brown add 1 cup tomatoes, 1 sliceonion. Cook until thick. Strain, reheat with ½ cup chopped green pepper, and salt to taste.

chopped green pepper, and salt to taste.

LIMA-BET SALAD

Cool 1 cup cooked California Limas.
Mix with 2 thap, minced Spanish onions and ½ cup diced cooked beets. Arrange on lettuce leaves, aprinkle with finely chopped paraley. Serve with mayonnaise or French dressing.

Send for This Free Book

For food facts about California Limas with recipes for attractive Lima dishes, send for free book, "How Ten Food Editors Serve California Limas." Address Department 39,
California Lima Bean Growers Ass'n Oxnard, California Growers Ass'n



CALIFORNIA LIMAS EN CASSEROLE

CALIFORNIA LIMAS EN CASSEROLE
Take a cups cooked California Limas,
a cups milk, 2 tablespoons flour, I pimiento chopped fine and 6 thin slices of
bacon, cooked until crisp. Cut cooked
bacon into small pieces. Place a layer of
Limas in a buttered casserole; sprinkle
with salt, flour, bacon and pimiento.
Repeat until casserole is filled. Cover
and bake in a moderate oven (360
degrees F.) for about 30 minutes, or until
the milk is all absorbed. Serve from the
casserole, garnishing top of beans with
atrips of crisp fried bacon and strips of
pimiento.



ierked "Do half p she ha

> savages town— ous He mysteri nation! beyond the One land wl Great F between Shind who is he looks a quarre

keep his Jeems ette. Sh warrior eyes agle to her ra repulsed ference. But he tion to h a prison Jeems no

forest the Someth they gath two runn place and hear thei to Jeems Jeems kn clumsily l ing gear. The tw

white mai countenan garded Je

THE LITTLE YELLOW HOUSE

[Continued from page 72]

She blurted out to him before she knew what she was saying. As she spoke the door of the red brick house swung open, and Lola Sinclair came down the walk be tween the two iron stags on the front lawn.
Robb did "step on it." He laughed good-

naturedly as they got away to a racing start. "Afraid your friends will see the old 'struggle buggy' in all its glory?" he

old 'struggle buggy' in all its glory?" he asked.
"I don't want them to see you—in those clothes," Emmy told him in a cool flat voice. "Marianna's been raving about you all afternoon, and they'd think she'd lost her mind if they saw you now in that awful shirt and tie!"

She knew she had hurt him. She could see his mouth twist bitterly and his jaw harden.

harden.
"I'm sorry, Emmy. I didn't have time to change," he said, "I was afraid I wouldn't he here on time unless I came straight from the mill. You said six sharp."
He turned his head and gave her a quick look. "Emmy, what's the matter with you tonight?"

tonight?"

tonight?"
"Why—nothing."
He swung the little car into old Genessee Street. "Let's go down and look at the lake for a minute."
Down between the groves of white birches and the green slopes of Rockefeller Park and Gordon Park the road wound to the lake.
At the top of the hill the road narrowed and here Robb stopped his car and shut off

and here Robb stopped his car and shut off his motor. Then, without a word, he turned in the seat and took Emmy in his arms. His mouth brushed her cheek as she jerked her head away from him.

"Don't Robb!" She did not want to hut

him. There was nothing in her heart for him but an immense tenderness that was half pity . . . But wasn't this the best way of letting him know all the things she had been figuring out for herself this

"What's the matter?" he asked again.
"Don't you—Don't you want me to touch
you any more, Emmy?"

She shook her head, leaning far back into the corner of the seat. She put up her hands and wrenched his hands away from

"No." She let him have it.

He sat that way for a long time, without moving a muscle, while Emmy watched

moving a muscle, while Emmy watched him.

"But what about last Saturday?" he asked at last, as if he had been trying to piece the two nights together—that one and this one. "You told me last Saturday night you were my girl. I thought you meant that you were my girl. I thought you meant that you—loved me enough to marry me. You don't, do you?"

She told him with a terrible directness. "I love you, but I don't love you enough, I guess, Robb," she said. "I've been thinking things over, and I've made up my mind that I don't love anybody enough to spend all my life in Flower Street the way

spend all my life in Flower Street the way my mother has."

He took what she said in silence, his eyes fixed blindly on the lake and the far

eyes fixed blindly on the lake and the far gray sky again.

"Well, all right! That's all there is to that, then!" was what he said finally. "I think I see what you mean, Emmy . . . You can't stand me because I have grease on my hands and oil on my clothes. You want a write college man, and I may be

on my hands and oil on my clothes. You want a white-collar man—and I may be one. But it will take time."

"No—no—I don't want any man!"
Emmy did not cry easily, but now, for no reason at all, she burst into tears.

Robb started his struggle-buggy and it sped like a racing-car all the way home.

"Don't be cross with me, Robb!" Emmy said when it came to a stop before the little yellow house. "I'm only eighteen anyway, and I haven't any business thinking about getting married for a long time."

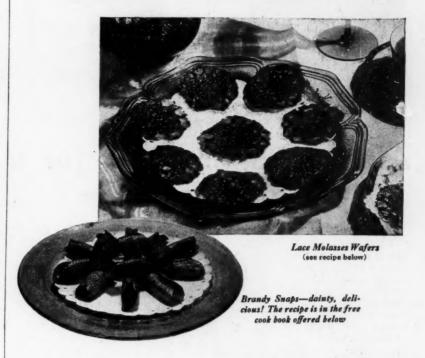
She laid her hand on his. It was hard to steel her heart against him.

He turned a face like white flint upon her. "Good-by," he said.

She did not see him again for a long time.

time.
[Continued in MARCH McCall's]

New Molasses Wafers-thin-delectable



OU'LL never have enough of these I fragile, lacy little waters. Brer Rabbit Molasses gives them just the right delicious touch of sweetness—the teasing flavor of the old-time plantation molasses you have always loved.

And you can gaily eat as many as you want—for Brer Rabbit sweets are actually good for you. Brer Rabbit Mo-lasses retains all the iron and lime of the sugar cane—two food elements we

Give the children plenty of molesses foods. For molasses is the wholesome way to satisfy that craving for sweets all normal children have. And they adore its fragrance, its tantalizing sugar The free Brer Rabbit Recipe Book contains many new, quick recipes for delicious desserts, bread, candies and cookies-and the wonderful old Southern dishes, too. Send for your copy

Lace Molasses Wafers

Lace Molasses Wafers

Slowly heat to boiling point 1 cup Brer Rabbit Molasses, 1 cup sugar, 1 cup butter. Boil one minute, then remove from fire. Add 2 cups flour, 1 teaspoon baking powder and ½ teaspoon soda sifted together. Stir well. Set pan in vessel of hot water to keep batter from hardening. On buttered baking sheets or inverted dripping pans drop ½ teaspoons of batter 3 inches apart. Bake in moderate oven until brown. Coolslightly, then lift off carefully with thin knife.

PLAINS OF ABRAHAM

[Continued from page 27]

Jeems not only hope, but shock. These savages were from Chenufsio, the hidden savages were from Chenulsio, the hidden town—a place which even the adventurous Hepsibah Adams had looked upon as in another world. Hidden Town! The mysterious Secret Place of the Seneca nation! It was a vast distance away, first beyond the country of the Onedias, then the Onondagas, and then the Cayugas. A land which touched Lake Ontario on one side and Lake Erie on the other, with the Great Falls of which he had heard roaring between the two.

Great Falls of which he had heard roaring between the two.

Shindas spoke again. "Tiaoga, my uncle, who is a great captain, is not as bad as he looks. A Mohawk cut him like that in a quarrel when he was a boy. But he will keep his word. He will kill the little fawn who is with you if her limbs fail her."

Jeems looked from his friend to Toinette. She had approached the fierce old warrior and was smiling into his face, her

noder-with tbsp. brown Cook

Limas. onions rrange finely nayon-

warrior and was smiling into his face, her eyes aglow with confidence as she pointed to her ragged shoes. For a moment Tiaoga repulsed her advance with stoical indif-ference. Then his eyes shifted to her feet. But he revealed no evidence of an intention to better their condition as he turned and gave a command which quickly put a prisoner's thong of buckskin around Jeems neck and relieved him of his bow. Down into the valley and through the forest the long, grim march began.

Something had been said to Shindas as they gathered for the trail and when the

Something had been said to Shindas as they gathered for the trail and when the two runners overtook them from Lussan's place and Tiaoga paused with his band to hear their story, the young Seneca gave to Jeems a pair of moccasions which he had taken from the bundle at his side. Jeems knelt at Toinette's feet with these clumsity leave but more dependable travelclumsily large but more dependable travel-

The two braves had returned with the white man's scalp and the broken arrow that had killed him. Tiaoga's rocklike countenance changed slightly and he regarded Jeems' bow with new interest. It was not an unusual bow and again he ex-pressed his doubt that a white youth could send a shaft through the thickness of a

send a shaft through the thickness of a man with it. He strung the weapon and fitted it, then turned to Shindas.

"Let him show us what he can do, Broken-Feather," he said, still taunting his nephew for the disgrace which had befallen his war-tuft. "You, who are so proud of your skill, shoot with him!"

Jeems had risen from his task of binding the oversized moccasins about Toinette's small feet and took the bow which Shindas proffered him. Then he swung his quiver over his shoulder so that other arrows would be ready and looked about him for a mark. He pointed to a fireblackened stub six feet high not less than a hundred and fifty yards away and fired nim for a mark. He pointed to a fire-blackened stub six feet high not less than a hundred and fifty yards away and fired a shaft which fell twenty paces short. Thus measuring the distance and finding his point of aim, he sent four other arrows, one after another, so swiftly that the first gray streak had scarcely thrown a cloud of black char from the top of the stub before his final shaft had left the bowstring. Two of the arrows struck the stub, a third shattered itself against a rock at its base and the fourth whistled past it waist-high and a foot to the right, in which direction the wind was blowing. It was Toinette who gave a glad cry as she looked at the unperturbed face of the Seneca chief. When he turned he gazed at her and not at the one who had

gazed at her and not at the one who had done the shooting, and found her smiling at him again in such a fearless and amiable

at him again in such a fearless and amiable way, as if she already counted him her friend, that he turned to Shindas with a leer, which, under other conditions, would have covered nothing short of murder. "You need not shoot, Broken-Feather," he exclaimed. "You are beaten before you start and I would not see you more deeply disgraced. This youth will make a Seneca who will more than equal you. He shall go with us and in turn for his brotherhood we will take the [Turn to page 76]

Brer Rabbit Molasses

light molasses for the table and fancy cooking. Green Label-darker, with a stronger flavor.

CFREE! RECIPE BOOKLET

Mail this coupon today

PENICK & FORD, Dept. M-34

Many new recipes—deli-cious and wholesome—in this latest Brer Rabbit Booklet! Send for your copy.

These two famous products—



All your skin needs for a scientific facial-

WOMEN who have had to spend a great deal of time and money in beauty salons for scientific facial treatments will be grateful for the simple new home beauty treatment that Daggett & Ramsdell have perfected.

It calls for just two products—Daggett & Rams-dell's Perfect Cold Cream and Vivatone, the Per-fect Skin Tonic. Yet this simple cream-and-tonic combination gives you

everything that the more elaborate treatments offer. The cold cream, used as a cleansing massage, keeps the contour and texture of the face youthful. Vivatone, the new skin tonic, refines the pores, stimulates tired muscles, helps banish tell-tale lines, and gives the skin a glowing freshness. Used after the daily Perfect Cold Cream massage, it removes any surplus cream left in the pores, and leaves the skin in perfect condition for make-up.



Saturate a pad of absorbent cotton with Vivatone and apply to the face and neck, using a rotary motion. This will remove any excess cold cream and close the pores, Let it dry before applying powder.

As soon as you feel its delightful cool tingle, fatigue seems to vanish from your face, leaving it rested and invig-orated. If you need a powder base, follow the facial with an application of Daggett & Rams-dell's Perfect Vanishing Cream. It holds the powder evenly and gives that satiny finish! Perfect Vanishing Cream is excellent, too, for the hands. Its daily use will

keep them smooth, firm and beautiful. And don't forget the elbows! When you dress for a sleeve-less gown, apply a little Perfect Van-ishing Cream and dust with powder. In tubes 10c, 25c; jars 35c, 60c.

This scientific new facial treatment takes only a few minutes a day and is most inexpensive. You can get Perfect Cold Cream anywhere, in tubes and jars, priced from 10c to \$1.50. Vivatone costs 75c for a six ounce bottle.

Introductory Offer 40c



Why don't you send for one of these special Clean-up Kits? For only 40c, you can get a supply of Perfect Cold Cream, Vivatone and Perfect Vanishing Cream with some Daggett's Ramsdell tissues for removing cold cream. Enough to give the new factual a real trial. Regular size cold cream and vanishing cream (not samples) and a special bottle of Vivatone, in a wonderfully neat and practical container to keth in your deth, or carry in your bag. Mail coupon today. We've had to many orders for this Kit that we have enough two cent stamps to last a long time, so please send Air Mail Scamps.

DAGGETT&RAMSDELL Room10,214 West 14th St., New York, N. Y.

Enclosed please find 40c (stamps, money order) for which please send me Perfect Clean-up Kit.

Name City

Street _____State____

THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM

[Continued from page 75]

Maiden to fill the place of Silver Heels in Maiden to fill the place of Silver Heels in my tepee. See that he is given the scalp which is his that he may have a feather in his tuft when we arrive." Then he spoke to Jeems: "You hear! Gather your arrows and keep them for an enemy of the Senecas!" Then to Toinette: "You are Silver Heels Charge Them.

Heels. She was my daughter. She is dead."

No flash of emotion, no softening of his features, no sign of friendship crossed the chieftain's countenance. Once more the westward march resumed its way—a single file of soft-footed, noiseless men with a girl midway in their line—a girl who heard behind her the tread of a dog and the steps of the man she loved.

TOINETTE was not astonished that her fear was gone or that her anguish because of the loss of her father was relieved. The sav-ages no longer fright-ened her though at least

ened her though at least half of them carried in their belts the little hoops of hickory or alder on which were stretched the still undried trophies of their success on the war-path. She traveled easily in her moc-casins. Shindas' eyes gleamed with satisfac-tion when he measured how lightly Toincasins. Shindas' eyes gleamed with satistaction when he measured how lightly Toinette was following those ahead of her. He fell in close to Jeems and the two talked in low tones. A bit at a time Jeems heard strange things from Shindas' lips and was anxious for an opportunity to tell Toinete of the young warrior's confidences.

The Indians had been traveling since dawn and at noon they stopped for their first meal of the day From his provision-pouch each warrior filled the hollow of one hand with coarsely crushed whole-corn meal mixed with pea-meal and a flavor of dried berry, which he ate slowly until the last crumb was gone.

Toinette kept from Jeems the fact that she was growing tired and that sharp pains had begun to shoot like needles through the overtaxed muscles of her limbs. She ate an apple and half of a turnip and Jeems brought her water in a birchbark cup from the cold stream beside which they had stopped.

cup from the cold stream beside which they had stopped.

After Shindas had gone he told her of the amazing adventure ahead of them. They were going to Chenusio, which Shindas had said was three hundred miles westward as the crow would fly. He concealed his fear for her as he talked. Chenusio, he explained, was the mystery-place of the wilderness, the Hidden Town to which the Senecas had been taking white prisoners for generations. Many white children must have grown up there with the savages, becoming savages themwhite children must have grown up there with the savages, becoming savages themselves. Some day the governors of the Colonies would send an army of soldiers to free them. Jeems then spoke of the fortunate circumstance which had saved them. A white woman had come to Chenufsio as a prisoner when Shindas was a boy. She had carried her baby all the way through the forests and it was this baby, now grown into a beautiful maiden. way through the forests and it was this baby, now grown into a beautiful maiden, whom Shindas loved. Inspired by this love, Shindas had spoken in their favor outside the rocks and had asked that their lives be spared by his uncle, whose daugh-ter, a girl of Toinette's age, had drowned while swimming in a deep pool only six while swimming in a deep pool only six months before. Tiaoga, whose wife was dead and who had no other children, had worshipped Silver Heels and had spared Toinette's life with the intention of giving her his daughter's place.

Jeems assured her this meant safety for them both. He did not tell her the darker news he had learned—that Tiaoga planned to reach the Seneca stronghold in six days

to reach the Seneca stronghold in six days and nights.
Whatever their fate was to be, this day would bring it. Jeems was sure Toinette could not keep up the pace much longer, and he strengthened himself for the moment when the Seneca chief would find himself compelled to give a decision. That Tiaoga had claimed her for his daughter gave him his hope, but if in her frailty Toinette was condemned to die he was determined that she should not die alone.
Shindas, whose place in the line was

Shindas, whose place in the line was close behind his uncle, had more than one evidence that Tiaoga was pondering over

the dilemma into which the presence of the girl had placed him. When it was possible to speak to Tiaoga without being overheard, he referred subtly to the prisoner's gentleness and beauty and to her resemblance to Silver Heels and persisted until Tiaoga commanded him to hold his tongue. It was not long afterward that the warriors observed Tiaoga limping slightly. This sign of physical difficulty increased until, furious because of his weakness, he drove his hatchet head-deep into a treand paused to bind a piece of buckskin tightly about the ankle he had wrenched. Progress was slower after this. It continued to slacken as the afternoon waned until the hand of a spiritual guidance seemed to be working for Toinette. It was useless to attempt a concealment of her continued to the statempt a concealment of the services.

tual guidance seemed to be working for Toinette. It was useless to attempt a concealment of her condition. Her strength was gone. Her body was racked as if it had been beaten. Another mile and she would have sunk to the ground, glad to have an end to her torture. But fate, and Tiaoga's hurt, intervened to save her. They came at last to a hardwood plain in which was a pigeon roost. It was this roost, where thousands of birds would come at sunset, that brought the Senecas to another pause. He spoke to Shindas. "We have been a long time without meat, Broken Feather. In a few hours there will be plenty her. We will feast and then sleep and will not travel again until morning."

Then Shindas knew the truth but his countenance did not change. He soon had a chance to speak to Jeems. "For the first time I have discovered my uncle to be a great liar." he said "His arklei is a

time I have discovered my uncle to be a great liar," he said. "His ankle is a sound as mine. It is for the little fawn

sound as mine. It is for the little fawn he has pretended a hurt and stops here for meat. She is safe. He will not kill her."
When Jeems translated this Toinette bowed her head and cried softly. Tiaoga saw her. No one was conscious of the strain at his heart as he came toward her. He paused before the girl and dropped his beaverskin blanket at her feet. Toinette looked up through tears and smiled again, a strange softness stole over the savage. as a strange softness stole over the savage face. Tiaoga gazed at her steadily, as if he

were seeing a spirit, and said:
"Shindas is right. The soul of Soi Yan
Makwun has come to abide in you!"

Makwun has come to abide in you!"

CHENUFSIO, the Hidden Town of the Senecas, was on the Little Seneca River seventy miles from Lake Ontains guarded like a precious jewel on all sides a hidden town literally as well as in name. When the season was good Chenusisilived in comfort during the long Winter months. The granaries were full, large quantities of dried fruits were in the storehouses, and underground cellars were stocked with apples, pumpkins, potatoes and squashes. When the season was bad Chenusisio drew a belt tightly about it stomach for five months of the year. For three of these months it starved.

This was a bad season. Spring frost had killed the early vegetation and had blackened the buds of apples and plums. The corn was so poor that after roastingtime only enough was left for the net year's planting and beans and potatoes had suffered until there was less than a third of a crop. Most of the nut-trees were barren, the wild-rice had headed poorly from strawberry time until the ripearing of the small purple plums there had

barren, the wild-rice had headed poorly from strawberry time until the ripering of the small purple plums there had been little fruit to gather. Because of these things the people of Chenufsio wern preparing themselves for the "break-up" as the first chill nights of Autumn came. The "break-up" was a tragic event in the life of an Indian town. It meant is thortening of rations and then, as in the case of Chenufsio, a scattering of the hundred men, women and children own a wast stretch of wilderness in parties sedom larger than a single family, every unit dependent upon itself in its struggle to hold body and soul together until abother Spring. other Spring.

ON the fourteenth day Tiaoga sent a messenger ahead. That evening he so on the ground near Toinette and Jeeps translated what he [Turn to page 81]

M

JARY 1928

nce of the s possible verheard, 's gentleemblance intil Tias tongue. the warslightly, increased kness, he to a tree buckskin wrenched. It con-

It conafternoon
f a spiribe workuseless to
her constrength
ler body
if it had
Another
we would
t to the
her tortrt, interat last to
a pigeon
thousands

set, that repause. To been a feather, entry here. I will not not his soon had rether the first cle to be also be a feather than tops here kill her. To inette y. Tiaoga is of the ward her. To inette led again, he savage, as if he Soi Yan

wn of the
le Seneca
Ontario,
all sides,
in name.
Chenuísio
g Winter
ull, large
le in the
llars were
potatoes
was bad
about its
year. For
.
ng frosts
and had

ng frost and had ad plums roastingthe next actoes had n a third rees were do poorly, he ripenthere had ecause of the frost was in the of the rearries selly, even a strugge until and prost and the rearries selly, even a strugge until and prost prost and the rearries selly, even a strugge until and prost prost

ga sent i ning he si nd Jeems page 8i

"Only a sore throat"

Don't ever underestimate the danger of a sore throat; if neglected, it may develop into something serious—as many know to their sorrow.

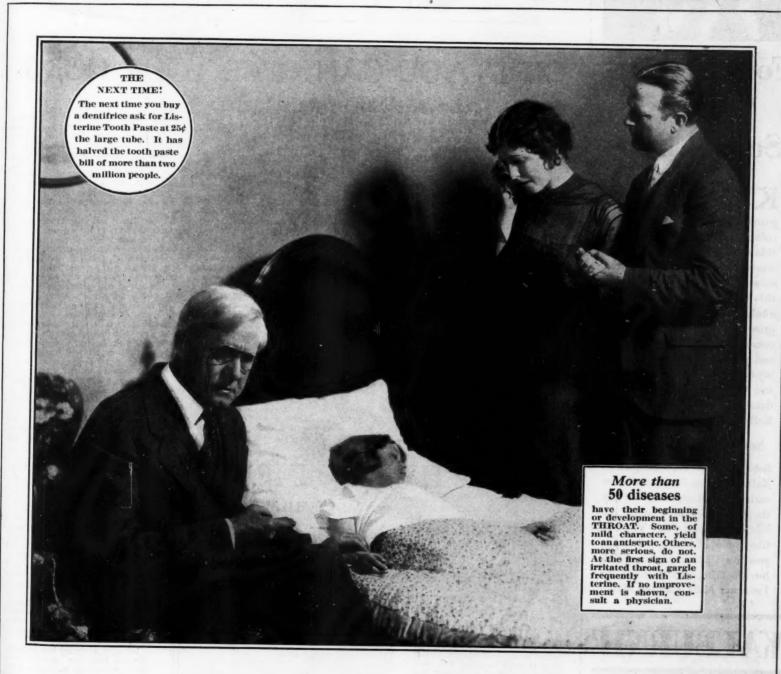
The same goes for a cold; pneumonia at this time of the year is your great enemy.

At the first sign of cold or throat irritation, use Listerine full strength as a gargle. Keep it up systematically. Being antiseptic, it immediately attacks the countless disease producing bacteria in mouth and throat, and halts many an ailment before it becomes dangerous.

During winter weather, when you are usually subjected to poor air and sharp changes in temperature, it's a good idea to use Listerine every day as a mouth wash and gargle.

This pleasant and easy precaution may spare you a trying and painful siege of illness. Lambert Pharmacal Company, St. Louis, Mo., U. S. A.

Never neglect a sore throat



LISTERINE -the safe antiseptic



For Play Days and **School Days**

KALBURNIE Gingham is made in a wide range of patterns in the season's smartest colors, in designs especially suitable for children. The weight, weave, fast colors and low price, as well as these designs, make this gingham the choice of mothers who wish to have their growing boys and girls well and comfortably dressed for school and play. Let your children enjoy the pleasure of pretty clothes and the happiness of carefree durability, which are found in Kalburnie.

Send for Free Samples

Send now for 1928 samples of Kalburnie. See for yourself how varied the patterns are, how gay the fast colors, how suited the fabric is for hard wear. You will like some of the patterns for your own house dresses. (Kalburnie Gingham is made by Lancaster Mills, Clinton, Mass.)

KALBURNIE

THE CHILDREN'S GINGHAM

Amory, Browne & Co., Box 1206, Boston, Mass-Please send me free samples of Kalburnie, the Children's Gingham.

Name.... Address







GIFTS YOU CAN GIVE YOUR HOME

BY ETHEL R. PEYSER

ILLUSTRATED BY I. M. ROSÉ

IVING the house a gift is another way of giving comfort, happiness and safety to your house and to the community; for your house is but a tiny gem in the bracelet of the world.

It is quite extraordinary what some very creal things will do to expedite work and

small things will do to expedite work and hasten comfort. For example, a little ice pick whose handle works up and down, thumping the ice in one place, instead of chopping the ice "all over the place," with a pick which never goes back into the poor where you have previously struck it spot where you have previously struck it. This dear little utensil is not only easy to use, but it saves the wasteful chopping of ice, with the unsteerable older type. So

of ice, with the unsteerable older type. So here you have comfort, ease and money saving—for ice costs. A small thing, costing a few cents, but a magic joy.

While on the ice question, we urge you to consider the electric and the gas refrigerators. These can be bought with the cooperation of the family or with the chief of the home's savings. Yet, why shouldn't everyone contribute to a thing that endures and is a joy continuously to all? Yes, the initial expense is more than for the ordinary iced refrigerator, but afterwards you are rewarded, for you can go wards you are rewarded, for you can go away and leave either the electric or the gas refrigerator, without having to be back to meet the ice man. As for expense; the running cost of these refrigerators (gas or electric) is about the same. Radio and

these refrigerators are only short of magic. But when you go out to buy them, buy them of concerns that are staying in business and will be on hand for servicing and installation. Investigate before buying and get a nice bundle of guarantees for your purchase. This applies to every mechanical device.

device.

The house must be kept as fair and lovely as a woman should keep herself, and yet the home's cosmetics are often allowed to wear thin, whence decay and old age set in long before they are due. Now, the cosmetics of the house are paints, varnish and their various relatives. Oh, but you feel that painting the exterior of the house is expensive! But isn't this a chance to make up a purse, or take a general contribution.

take a general contribution.

Is the house longing for gas, where it isn't piped into its district? Well, be kind isn't piped into its district? Well, be kind to it and ponder the tanked gas, which is possible these halcyon days. This is cleverly and simply installed and piped, and you have all the pleasure of gas cookery, and lighting. The cost is about the same as "regular municipal gas" at \$3 per thousand feet and equal to electricity at from 3 to 4 cents a kilowat. And there is the pedalled garbage can! No doubt you have always heard of it and never tried it. A very small outlay is invested, but how self-respecting the house feels with it! No flies bothering its atmosphere, no little dogs running after the garbage, for the lid closes automatically the moment you raise your foot from the pedal which has raised the lid. You "need not stoop to conquer," when using this. Your foot does it and your hands are free to guide the ways of the garbage into the can, rather than spill it all over the floor. The outlay here is a few dollars, but the cleanly, healthful, shipshape appearance it gives kitchen, pantry, or porch is beyond words! The house with an enameled garbage pail of this description is like a book with a lovely title page.

The home with a garbage incinerator is a royal palace indeed. When you can have

book with a lovely title page.

The home with a garbage incinerator is a royal palace indeed. When you can burn your garbage in the cellar, you need make no trips out to the back yard in the frosts of Winter, or in the heat of Summer. There is no garbage anywhere to attract the death-dealing fly, no fire producing waste, you are independent of the uncertain visits of the garbage man, there are no odors. You can well realize what a gift this is. Some burn various fuels, but many excellent ones are self-fueling and need no fuel except the waste material itself. They are very ostriches for "eating up" most anything you give [Turn to page 80]

BUT WHY WAIT FOR BREAKFAST?

BY EMILY POST

RE you one of those who wake in the early DAWN and then—try to make believe you are asleep while you wait, and wait, and WAIT, for it to be breakfast time? Or are you perhaps the other sort of early riser who has to take a train or go to work before anyone is up and ready to cook your breakfast for you?

for you? If you are either of these, then this is written by me for you. BUT if you are the other kind of person entirely—the kind who can sleep through breakfast time and only look forward to Sunday beonly look forward to Sunday be-cause you can break to atoms the six-day-get-up-early-habit, what I am going to say is of no interest or concern to you. None what-ever. And you are not expected to read a word further. Because I am merely going to describe the way we unfortunate dawn-wakers can achieve perfect emancipation from the late habits of others, by mak-

ing our own breakfast.

No, I don't mean get up and go to the kitchen. I mean make it without leaving the warm comfort of bed—without so much as lifting your head from your



Mrs. Post has breakfast in bed

pillow.

I make my own breakfast every morning of my life. I simply adore making my own breakfast because it banishes all consciousness of time. I sleep as long as I happen to, and seven minutes after I open my eyes, breakfast is ready.

ready.

To be sure I have a "continen-tal" breakfast of hot buttered toast and coffee with cream. Nothing else. The way I make it

toast and coffee with cream. Nothing else. The way I make it is this:

At night when my bed is turned down, a large tray (silver in town but a painted tin one in the country) is put on a table at the side of my bed. It is set with the usual implements; plate, cup and saucer, butter-plate, sugar-bow, butter knife, teaspoon and napkin. Besides these, there is an electric coffee percolator (with ground coffee in the top compartment and water in the lower one), an electric toaster (with nothing in it) and a thermos (not a bottle) with ice in the bottom of it in which is set a pitcher of cream, and on top of the cream a very small glass dish (an ash receiver it was meant for) with [Turn to page 86]



pedalled bt you it and utlay is ne house s atmosally the rom the u "need ing this. are free into the he floor. but the rance it is benameled s like a

erator is an burn ed make frosts of r. There ract the o odors. They are ost any-

simply breakfast

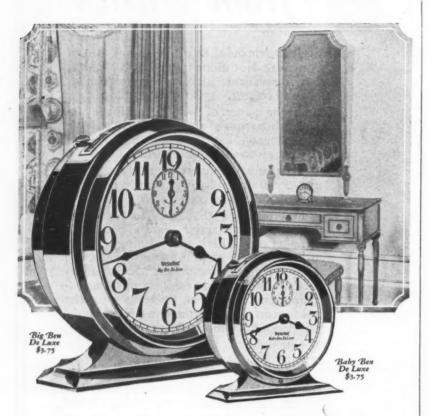
ontinen-buttered is turned

akfast is

in town he coun-the side with the cup and gar-bowl, ground ment and an elec-ng in it) tle) with , and on ry small er it was

Westclox

new de luxe models



Friends of the household



Avoid needless hurrying. Start on time. Rely on your Westclox.

WOMEN instantly recognize the sparkle of individuality in these new alarm clocks. Their beauty adds an attractive note to any bedroom.

Like all Westclox, Big Ben De Luxe and Baby Ben De Luxe are truly dependable. They are hard to tip over, which adds to their long life. Felt cushioning underneath and sturdy, easy-to-wind keys are special features women like. And you'll find the dials unusually easy to read, too.

These new models and a variety of other Westclox are sold everywhere. Some have plain dials, others nightand-day dials. Prices range from \$1.50

Prices slightly higher in Canada

WESTERN CLOCK COMPANY, LA SALLE, ILLINOIS, U. S. A. Factory: Peru, Illinois. In Canada: Western Clock Company, Limited, Peterborough, Ont.

GIFTS YOU CAN GIVE YOUR HOME

[Continued from page 78]





them! Nothing is left but a dry ash (if they are good and worthy incinerators), which you can use on your garden plots. Remember, too, that good incinerators do not cause combustion odors to disgust you or the community, and buy a good one.

One of the latest things, still considered more or less unnecessary, is the laundry dryer, which returns to the investor a high spiritual interest, as well as a monetary one. The initial outlay is from \$150 up. Labor

dryer, which returns to the investor a high spiritual interest, as well as a monetary one. The initial outlay is from \$150 up. Labor and fuel costs depend, of course, on your vicinity. The savings depend on the cost of the dryer, the cost of fuel and the length of time the dryer is used. And you will save trips to the yard, cold and sore throats. Quick, airy wholesome drying on wet days or dry, no changing the Wednesday (or any day) picnic because you could not launder on Tuesday and it must needs be done on Wednesday! There really are only a few real good drying days in the year at that! But every day is drying day when your house achieves a dryer!

We are not going to talk of the dish washer and the washing machine, homemade electricity plants, the electric range, kitchen cabinets or the gas range. They have been praised often before and the house is pretty well tired of hearing their paeans sung. Yet they are, of course, magnificent gifts. But is your house laboring under cracked and hard-to-cleanutensils? Is your house ashamed to have some one come into the kitchen while you are cooking? Why not consider better agate, or glass, or aluminum, or at least replenish what you have? This is enough to say here, for the house with bad cooking utensils is as little self-respecting as the dentist with poor instruments.

One of the nicest gifts, to expedite work

and hasten the householder to play, is a set of knives which cut, and which cut the certain things for which they are meant. Sets of six or seven can be had for around five or six dollars, and no nicer gift to the house can be considered. And that brings us to the knife sharpeners from 25c up.

Why not give the home a knife sharpener?
Why not give your neighbors some of
these things, mentioned above? We have
done it to the delight and surprise of the
dear old house which never thought any
one outside its environs (and few inside),
ever thought of it.

one outside its environs (and few inside), ever thought of it.

It is funny that we give presents for bedrooms, for people's parlors and libraries, and forget the kitchen, pantry, bathroom, cellar and laundry! Fancy how happy the house would be with an electric fan for drying everything in the Winter and for cooling in the Summer: an extra and for cooling in the Summer; an extra electric light and connections for socket and convenience outlet; an immersion heater; a thermos bottle and countles other things such as waffle irons! But—has your home anything to protect

But—has your home anything to proted its precious self, and the folk which it harbors, from fire? We venture to say that it has not. Fancy that! You love your house and your house stands everything from the stamping of your foot to the buffetings of the weather, and yet you have nothing particular to save it from the hasardous perils of fire! There are little portable metal cylinders, little glass receptacles filled with safe fire fighting material on the market, which are admirable and there are some which are execrable. Look at them, and you will see that the cost of six to a dozen of them will repay in life-saving and house-saving and of things you can never replace.

BUT WHY WAIT FOR BREAKFAST?

[Continued from page 78]

butter in it. Two slices of bread on a covered plate completes the equipment, because I take only hot buttered toast and coffee with cream for breakfast. (In the picture the butter is on a plate and the cover is off the bread plate so that they can be seen.)

can be seen.)
In the morning when I wake, I merely turn a key. (The plug is in the percolator with the current turned off.) In seven minutes in Summer, or ten in Winter, my coffee is ready: I then sit up, switch the plug from the percolator to the toaster, and put a slice of bread in each side. Then I lift the butter and the cream pitcher out of the ice iar and—eaf my breakfast.

I lift the butter and the cream pitcher out of the ice jar and—eat my breakfast. Sometimes I eat it at five o'clock, most often at six, but very rarely at an hour when it would be reasonable to ask my household to prepare it for me.

Of course YOUR tray would have to be set according to what YOU eat. A cooked cereal isn't very practical, but if you like one of the dry ones, a saucer of it and a spoon is all you need add to the tray as set for me. If you are used to fruit, such as cut up orange or grapefruit, there are large ice jars that will hold fruit, as well as butter, cream and milk. The prepared fruit can be put on the tray of course.

A friend of mine who has copied my method prefers a special make of coffee-pot that heats over an alcohol dame, but she uses electricity to heat milk and boil two eggs. A plunger for both. It first bolk water in a china bowl and cooks two eggs after which it is "plunged" hot into a tal narrow pitcher of milk which heats suffi-ciently in two minutes while she eats the

eggs.

A man I know who has to take an unreasonably early train has lately come to having a breakfast very much like mint set on a table in his dressing-room (since which his wife is able to keep her cook).

Sportsmen, who get up at three of thereabouts, often have coffee made and hapt in a thermos pitcher—in fact they have

thereabouts, often have coffee made am kept in a thermos pitcher—in fact they haw it mixed with cream when made, and keep it like that. This to my taste is nausealing even to think of, as to me it taste exactly the way bilge water smells! But a thermos that is kept for clear coffee of tea, or even hot milk alone, does very well. But personally, I must say I like my coffee freshly made and boiling hot. And I like my cream direct from the ice.

It is so obvious as to seem unnecessary!

It is so obvious as to seem unnecessary is suggest, but it only occurred to my own unthinking mind two years ago that I need unthinking mind two years ago that I need not wait for breakfast. So perhaps you, too, are unthinking, and may be glad for the suggestion that each person in this day of easy heating, or keeping hot of cold, can all too easily have supper of breakfast at any hour of the night of dawn with no more effort than the lighting of a match, the lifting of a cover, of the turning of a key.

plish

York

Belle

prop

coars



UARY 192



Doctors say:

"Take no chances with inferior toilet tissues!"

POORER grades of toilet paper aggravate ent, actually harsh to sensitive skin. And It sinks almost immediately. Ordinary tissue, and may cause serious trouble," says a some of them are so unfit as to be definitely hard surfaced, will float for minutes. famous specialist.

And 580 physicians, recently questioned, agreed: "Inferior toilet papers are injurious". ... "Improper kinds can irritate, mechanically and chemically," they warned.

"For the bathroom just 'any' paper will not do," the doctors said. "A specially made tissue is important." And they listed the three qualities this paper should have: Absorbency-Special Softness-and Chemical Purity.

Yet it is a fact that most socalled toilet papers today are not special toilet tissue at all, but only ordinary tissue paper in rolls. They may be hard finished, non absorb-

IN his very interesting recent book, "TROUBLES WE DON'T TALK ABOUT," the famous New York specialist, Dr. J. F. Montague, of the Bellevue Hospital Medical College Clinic, speaks authoritatively on the importance of proper cleansing tissues: "By the use of too coarse a tissue much harm may be done. We can adopt for such use a tissue, such as Scot-Tissue, which is soft and free from alkali bleaching material. By its gentle use we can accomplish cleansing without damage to the skin."

alkaline or acid.

Two tissues specially made for their purpose

ScotTissue and Waldorf are famous special tissues, for bathroom use. These two papers are made definitely to meet the physician's strictest requirements.

They are more absorbent. As you will quickly see if you drop a ball of this paper into water.

Scott tissues are softer, more bland-actually cloth-like. Crumple a sheet: feel the fine texture, the absence of harsh fibres. Even your hand can often detect the sharp edges of ordinary glazed tissue.

ScotTissue and Waldorf are always chemically safe, neither alkaline nor acid. In every respect they meet the high standards doctors say housewives should exact. They tear evenly

and readily.

There is no need today to take chances with the paper you buy for bathroom use. Ask for Scot-Tissue or Waldorf.

WALDORF-Soft and absorbent, yet inexpensive. This is a fine toilet tissue which any family can afford.

2 for 15¢

ScotTissue - Pure white, delightfully fine and soft; these rolls of 1000 sheets are preferred by many fastidious

2 for 25¢



		_
hout cost	your ha	
say abo	ut Bathr	oom
		_
	per Co.,	BOOKLE. per Co., ster, Pa. hout cost your book say about Bathr

Copyright, 1928, by Scott Paper Company.

play, is a ich cut the re meant. for around gift to the hat brings m 25c up We have ought any w inside),

and librar-try, bath-ancy how an electric he Winter ; an extra for socket immersion countless! to protect ich it har-say that love your verything, ot to the l yet you
e it from
ere are litlittle glass

e fighting are admir-

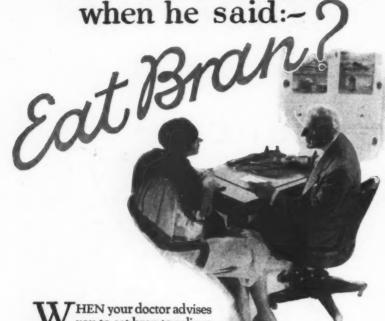
re execra-ll see that m will re-

aving and

two eggs into a tall e eats the ke an un-y come to like mine

like mine om (since cock). three or made and they have, and keep nauseal-it taste lls! But a coffee of does very I like my tot. And I

e. ecessary to my own hat I need haps you haps you,
e glad for
n in this
g hot or
supper or
night of
the lightcover, or Did you understand exactly what your doctor meant when he said:-



you to eat bran to relieve constipation, he wants you to eat 100% bran, in order to add

enough bulk and roughage to your diet to produce proper elimination. He knows you need a pure, natural bran, unsweetened, unadulterated, not pre-cooked to the crumbling point. You need Pillsbury's Health Bran-100% bran in the original flake, just as it comes from the mill. It is the most delightful of all to eat, for it can be made into any number of delicious foods-the recipes are on the package. And it really does the work, because it is true bran, and remains true bran, no matter how you prepare it - for your own home baking does not crumble it or destroy its laxative value.

On the Pillsbury package you will find thirteen delicious ways to serve this natural 100% bran. They make foods which have become favorites in thousands of homes, not only because of their health value, but because they are so particularly good to eat. Bran upside-down apple cake, bran brownies, bran doughnuts, filled bran tea cakes—every one is delightful. And every one brings you 100% bran—a dependable and pleasant source of that bulk and roughage which is so necessary to proper

For other delicious suggestions, we will gladly send you, free, our booklet, "50 Prize Winning Recipes for Pillsbury's Health Bran." Write Pillsbury Flour Mills Company, Minneapolis,

The kind of bran you really need



is this true 100% bran

Pillsbury's Health Bran

THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM

[Continued from page 76]

said. Tomorrow they would reach Hidden Town and his people would be expecting them. There would be great rejoicing because they had taken many scalps and had not lost a man. They would honor her—and Jeems—accepting them as flesh of their flesh and bone of their bone. Toinette would live as his daughter. Silver Heel's heart would beat in her breast. She would be of the forests—forever. Her children and her children's children would be of the forests. That was the word he had sent ahead to Chenufsio. Tiaoga was coming with his daughter.

He stalked into darkness and for a time Jeems and Toinette were afraid to speak

Jeems and Toinette were afraid to speak the thought which was choking at their

The last day was long for Toinette. It had begun at dawn and though Tiaoga halted his men at intervals to let her rest it had not ended with dusk. Darkness came before they reached a plain on the far side of which was a hill. Beyond this hill was Chenussio. They could see the glow of a great fire lighting the sky.

Suddenly the silence was broken. A tall forces had pounded a rock from which he

figure had mounted a rock from which he figure had mounted a rock from which he sent forth a cry which began almost in a murmur but which increased in volume until it filled the valley. Toinette tried to make out the identity of the figure in the darkness. Then she drew her breath sharply. The man on the rock was Tiaoga. When the cry ended a bedlam of sound burst from Chenufsio. Men hallooed and velled children screamed, women cried

yelled, children screamed, women cried out in their joy. Pitchwood torches were lighted and as the population streamed out into the night in a wave of fire the beating of tom-toms and skin-drums and wooden gongs mingled with human voice and the barking of dogs. At the beginning of Tiaoga's cry men bearing a scalp-laden pole had gone ahead and now Tiaoga fol-lowed with his men in single file. Toinette and Jeems were midway in the line. Wide slave-collars of buckskin had been placed about their necks and Jeems was stripped

about their necks and Jeelis was simpled of his weapons.

Toinette felt stealing over her a strange faintness of body and limb. Stories which she had forgotten, stories she had heard of the Indians from childhood, stories that had sent shivers through the hearts of a thousand homes along the frontiers all thousand homes along the frontiers all crowded upon her at once. She looked at Jeems in the first out-reaching glow of the

torches. It was for him she was afraid.
Tiaoga and his warriors moved slowly.
They were like bronze men without flesh or emotions. Their heads were high, their bodies straight, their jaws set hard as they stalked at a death-march pace between the columns of their people. Jeems fell into this rhythmic movement as the mouth of the torch-monster began to swallow them the torch-monster began to swallow them. Silence had fallen again on the people of Chenufsio, a silence broken only by the tread of feet, the sputter and crackle of burning pitchwood, the breathing of a multitude. Not a word or a cry, no sudden reaching out of a mother's arms, no swetchest's had no name multitude. Not a word or a cry, no sudden reaching out of a mother's arms, no flutter of a sweetheart's hand, no name trembling on a wife's lips broke the tenseness of Tiaoga's triumph. The whole was a living picture which burned itself in Toinette's brain detail by detail. There were other pale-faced people in both lines and one of them, who was a young girl like herself, greeted her with gladness, then flushed a deeper color as Shindas passed. Shindas allowed his eyes to steal for a single instant to hers.

"Opitchi" cried Toinette softly, and the girl seemed about to fly to her side. "Opitchi—The Thrush!"—and Toinette spoke the full name of Shinda's white-skinned sweetheart.

The torches coughed and flared but not a spark touched their skins in passing. No eyes gleamed hatred at them. No fingers clenched, no hand was raised.

They crossed a field of darkness toward the fires and when they came among them

They crossed a field of darkness toward the fires and when they came among them Tiaoga was marching in Jeems' place and Jeems had disappeared. She had not sensed his going or Tiaoga's presence and before she knew that Jeems was no longer among the warriors she found herself standing alone with the Seneca chief, the people gathering in a circle around them. It was like the setting of a stage with flame on all sides of it and for the first time she realized that something was about to hap-

pen in which she was more important than the scalps which had preceded Tiaoga. In a moment Tiaoga began to speak. His voice renewed her confidence as she searched for Jeems, Tiaoga was describing the pool where Soi Yan Makwun had died, the wickedness of the evil spirits there and the wickedness of the evil spirits there and the success of their gods in restoring Silver Heels to her people. Toinette waited, trembling, and at last Tiaoga was finished and stood for a moment with upraised hand amid a great hush—then spoke a single name, Opiichi. The Thrush sprang forward and as she came Tiaoga took the slave-collar from Toinette's throat and crushed it into the earth with his moccasined foot. A murmur ran through the circle. Tiaoga stood with his arms folded across his breast—and Toinette felt the hands of The Thrush drawing her away. They paused at the edge of the circle and for a little while no one moved or spoke. Then there was a break in the ring behind the Seneca chief and through it came Jeems escorted between Shindas and another warrior. Toinette gasped and althe wickedness of the evil spirits there and

another warrior. Toinette gasped and almost cried out. There was an amazing change in Jeems. He was stripped to the change in Jeems. He was stripped to the waist and painted in stripes of red and yellow and black. His face appeared to be cut in crimson gashes. His thick blonde hair was tied in a warlock from which streamed a feather showing he had killed a man. At Tiaoga's command there advanced from their inches in each day are well from their contents. vanced from the circle an old man with a weazened face and white hair and a younger man whose form was bent almost younger man whose form was bent almost double because of a deformity. Behind these two came a little girl. The old man was Wuskoo, The Cloud. The younger was his son, Tokana, or Gray Fox, a name of which he had been proud in the days before a tree fell on his tepee and crooked his back. Tiaoga spoke again. He explained that the gods had sent another son to Wuskoo, a son with a white skin and a strong body who would care for him and who would be a brother to Gray Fox. With his thin and quivering hands Wuskoo took the slave-collar from Jeems' neck and stamped it joyously into the ground while stamped it joyously into the ground while the broken Gray Fox raised a hand in brotherhood and friendship. There was something so wistfully sweet in the big dark eyes of the little Indian maiden that Jeems drew her to him and put an arm protectingly about her. It was then Toin-ette left The Thrush and ran to him so that all saw her held in his painted arms, with Wanonats, the Wood Pigeon, a happy partner in the moment when Toinette proudly and a bit defiantly told Chenufsio and through it the whole Seneca nation that this was the man to whom she belonged.

K

tre

bo

on

the

sta

ran

up.

the

tha

But perh

intr

your 'haj

gins

longed.

Like a flood burst loose from a dam the night of feasting and rejoicing began. It was preceded by a combat among the dogs in which Odd established his right to a place among the four-footed citizens of Chenufsio. After a time he found a scent of the bester ground that he had been to the best processes and the second that he had been to the best processes and the second that he had been the best processes and the second that he had been the s on the beaten ground that led him to the tepee which had been prepared for Tointepes which had been prepared for Toin-ette. It was a small tepee near Tiaoga's, furnished with freshly gathered cedar and garlands of bittersweet and with the soft skins and pretty raiment which had be-longed to Silver Heels. Here he found Toinette, clad as an Indian princess, and The Thrush, whose name—a long time ago —had been Mary Daghlen.*

THIS was the beginning of the strange life of Jeems and Toinette in Chenufsio which Colonel Boquet, afterward Major General and Commander in Chief of His Majesty's forces in the Southern Department of America, described as "an episode of fact which is difficult of belief and astounding in the new viewpoint which it and others of a similar kind give us of savage life."

To Jeems and Toinette there was noth-

To Jeems and Toinette there was nothing spectacular in their first day or in the many that followed. [Turn to page 85]

"Mary Daghlen's people moved west-ward from the valley of the Juaniata in 1738, A year later William Daghlen was slain by the Senecas and his wife and infant daughter were taken prisoners. The mother died in Chenufsio when Mary was ten years old. When the Seneca villages were made to surrender their white pris-oners Mary Daghlen refused to give up the life of her Indian husband and his people.

N

RY 1928

nt than
oga. In
k. His
as she
cribing
d died,
ere and
g Silver
waited,
inished
praised poke a sprang ook the elt the

ough it las and and almazing to the ed and d to be blonde which killed ere ad-with a and a

almost Behind ld man a name ne days crooked He exher son kin and kim and x. With too took ck and d while land in re was the big

en that an arm in Toin-him so il arms, in happy oinette enufsio nation she be-

am the gan. It ng the right to zens of a scent to the r Toiniaoga's, lar and

which e us of in the

at and mocca-gh the folded

away. e circle ved or he ring

he soft ad befound ss, and me ago

strange enufsio Major of His Depart-episode ef and

west-ta in was and The was llages pris-re up d his

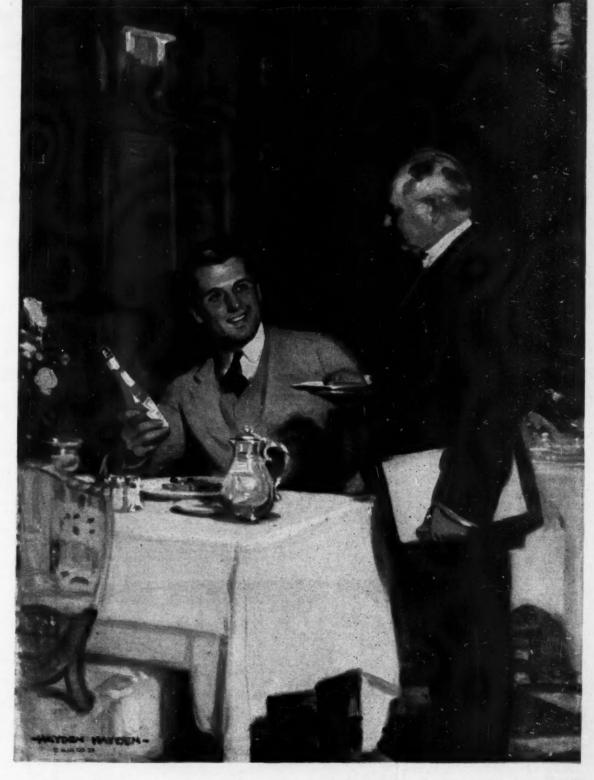
"THIS IS WHY"

SAID THE MAITRE D'HOTEL

"You ask me why we always serve Heinz Tomato Ketchup," said the Maitre d'Hotel."Well, I'll tell you, sir. The fact is that a bottle of Heinz Ketchup on our table is one of the best advertisements we have for the high standard of our restaurant. It's the best Ketchup, you know—always the same. It is the flavor that counts, that's why."

But what our good friend perhaps didn't know, was the real "why" of that flavor-an intriguing compliment to your appetite. It doesn't just "happen"—be sure of that.

With Heinz Ketchup it begins with the pedigreed seed



we plant ourselves in our own greenhouses. And with the care with which the plants are grown right up to the exact day of harvest when the vine-ripened tomatoes go straight into our gleaming Kitchens set beside the gardens themselves, so that freshness is a part of flavor.

Add choicest spices brought from distant spice countries by our own buyers-and exacting care at every step-and there you are—true Heinz flavor in every bottle. Little

wonder the Maitre d'Hotel says it is flavor that counts-and that the flavor of this Ketchup is always the same, a flavor which has long made it the best selling Ketchup all over the world . H. J. HEINZ COMPANY

AND REMEMBER-

ALL HEINZ 57 VARIETIES ARE REASONABLE IN PRICE

For Dinner Tonight

What appetizer? What entree? What salad? What dessert?

IELL-O Fruit Cocktail

1 package Lemon Jell-O 1 cup boiling water

1 cup orange juice

2 tablespoons sugar 1/2 cup canned pineapple, cubed

1/2 cup white grapes, halved, seeded, or

1/2 cup apple, cut fine

1/2 cup maraschino cherries

Dissolve Jell-O in boiling water. Add orange juice and sugar. Chill. When slightly thickened, add pineapple, grapes or apple, and cherries. Chill until firm. Serve in orange cups or in glasses. Serves 8.



1/2 package Lemon Jell-O

1 cup boiling chicken broth, free from fat

1 cup chicken, cut medium coarse

1 cup celery, cut fine 1 pimento, cut fine

1 tablespoon vinegar

1/2 teaspoon salt

Shake of cayenne pepper 1/2 cup heavy cream, whipped

Dissolve Jell-O in boiling broth. Chill. When cold and slightly thickened, beat with rotary egg-beater until consistency of whipped cream. Mix chicken, celery, pimento, vinegar, salt, and cayenne pepper. Add to Jell-O. Fold in whipped cream. Turn in mold. Chill until firm. Serve on lettuce and garnish with stuffed olives. Serves 6.

JELL-O Salad Supreme

1 package Lemon Jell-O 1 pint boiling water (less 2 tablespoons)

2 tablespoons vinegar

½ teaspoon salt Shake of cayenne pepper

2 cups cabbage, cut fi

1 cup tart apple, cut fine 8 stuffed olives, cut fine

Dissolve Jell-O in boiling water. Add vinegar, salt, and cayenne pepper. Chill. When slightly thickened, stir in cabbage, apples, and olives. Put into individual molds. Chill until firm. Serve on lettuce with mayonnaise.

Serves 6.

JELL-O Cherry Sponge

1 package Cherry Jell-O

1 pint boiling water 12 marshmallows, cut very fine

Few grains of salt

6 drops almond extract

Dissolve Jell-O in boiling water. Add marshmallows and stir until dissolved. Add salt and flavoring. When cold and slightly thick-ened, whip with rotary egg-beater until consistency of whipped cream. Pour into indi-vidual or large molds. Chill until firm. Serve with or without plain cream. Serves 6.









brings dozens of answers!



"Through the Menu with Jell-0" ... a new booklet

strer She with

moth

up ca lution

antic

ing o

incon ethics

partic abide

Ear

accom

under a val

Toine Tall I

celled for the

was a

who w

Toined sions of in brig quick!

they

though cross i

and w

agarun Ontari

tion fo

lowed and tu throat

comrac

he disa

the two waters Chenui

ness of

upon h he was

RESH inspiration for the woman who has to plan three meals a day!

Jell-O desserts, yes—recipes which will bring new laurels to "America's most famous dessert." And in addition, recipes that will show how Jell-O's beauty and delicate, fruity taste enhance the attractiveness of salads.

Recipes for entrees-"left-overs" and other ordinary, every-day foods that are given new flavor and charm when combined with Jell-0!

Recipes for appetizers-colorful, piquant introductions to distinguished dinners.

They are all in the new booklet. It's free Use the coupon on this page to send for it.

Jell-O is certainly a versatile food. Crystalclear gelatin enlivened by the pure flavor of fresh fruits! So easy to digest that it is in a class by itself! Nourishing. Economical. Quickly prepared-with never a chance of failure! Read the interesting recipes on this page-serve Jell-O for dinner tonight!

Your grocer has it, in five pure fruit flavors Be sure to get genuine Jell-O. The cleverly sealed package protects flavor and purity.



FIVE PURE FRUIT FLAVORS 10c a package

THE JELL-O COMPANY, INC., LE ROY, NEW YORK.

Please send me free, the new recipe book let—"Through the Menu with Jell-O."

. . State . . In Canada, address The Jell-O Company of Canada, Ltd 812 Metropolitan Bldg., Toronto 2, Ontario

15

:ll-0"

ho has to

ill bring

ous des-

ill show

ity taste

nd other

h Jell-O!

quant in-

It's free.

flavor of

Quickly

ire! Read e-serve

t flavors cleverly

rity.

AVORS

ecipe book Jell-O."

anada, Lul

or it. Crystal-

THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM

[Continued from page 82]

Men hunted, women worked, children played. Warriors met in solemn councils and smoked incessantly as they discussed the affairs of their commonwealth and planned for the future. The "Dark Year" was upon them. Winter threatened. But there were other matters to be settled. The French had been destroyed on Lake George. Sir William Johnson, the White Father of the Six Nations, was victorious, and the Mohawks were profiting greatly. This brought sombre looks into the faces of the Senecas. They faced war—and famine. If their fighting men went into the east who would keep the people from starvation? It was decided that Tiaoga should take the warpath again with thirty men chosen by lot while thirty of his braves should remain to fight hunger and death during the Winter months. The drawing came but Jeems was not included. Shindas was doomed to leave his sweetheart again.

These were days when misgivings assailed Jeems and Toinette in spite of their hopes and plans, yet no cloud more than temporarily darkened their visions. In the heart of each was the prayer that a wandering priest might come their way so that the ceremony could be performed which would make them husband and wife. In the town were a number of white women who had accepted Indian husbands in the Indian husbands in the Indian way but against this practice Toinette revolted with all the strength of her soul. She prayed and Mary Daghlen prayed with her, for through the years since her mother had died The Thrush had kept her faith unbroken. The Seneca, worshiping her, honored it.

Jeems was sure Tiaoga would permit Toinette to go with him when the break-

her faith unbroken. The Seneca, worshiping her, honored it.

Jeems was sure Tiaoga would permit
Toinette to go with him when the breakup came. As the day for the town's dissolution grew near, he approached Tiaoga
on the subject of making Toinette a fifth
member of Wuskoo's family. Neither had

on the subject of making Toinette a fifth member of Wuskoo's family. Neither had anticipated an objection and his unrelenting disapproval filled them with despair. Shindas was not surprised and it was he who explained Tiaoga's attitude. It was inconceivable in the moral and social ethics of the Senecas that a maiden, and particularly a chieftain's daughter, should abide with the family of the man to whom she was betrothed.

Early in November groups began to leave, each with the small amount of food which remained as its share. Mary was to accompany two families of eight people under the protection of Thunder Shield, a valiant warrior and a splendid hunter. Toinette was given to Ah De Bah, The Tall Man, a relative of Tiaoga's. He was a thin and sinister-eyed man but an unexcelled hunter, the best in Chenufsio, and for this reason Tiaoga entrusted to him the one he treasured most. Ah De Bah's family was a large one. In it were eleven including his old father and mother and two boys who were large enough to be of assistance.

was a large one. In it were eleven including his old father and mother and two boys who were large enough to be of assistance. Hiding their disappointment Jeems and Toinette encouraged themselves with visions of a future which they tried to paint in bright colors. The months would pass quickly. With the earliest days of Spring they would return to Chenufsio. Every hour they would live in each other's thoughts and at night their prayers would cross in the wilderness.

thoughts and at night their prayers would cross in the wilderness.

In this way they parted. He went north and west with Wuskoo toward the Tyanagarunte River which emptied into Lake Ontario. Odd struggled between his devotion for Jeems and for Toinette. He followed his master a distance, then hesitated and turned back. A lump rose in Jeems' throat and he could not see clearly as his comrade sat in the trail and watched until he disappeared.

comrade sat in the trail and watched until he disappeared.

This was on the fifth of November. By the twentieth they had reached the headwaters of the little Selus eighty miles from Chenufsio. Jeems now realized the seriousness of the task which had been imposed upon him by Tiaoga. Wuskoo, infirm as he was, could travel farther and faster than his broken son. Five or six miles a day was all that Tokana could stand and in this distance he was sometimes put to great extremity.

The old man's faith and the younger man's spirit were an inspiration to Jeems but it was Wood Pigeon who became his real strength. The child worshipped him and her presence eased the burden of his separation from Toinette. He began to teach her French and they exchanged confidences which were all their own. He explained to her that Toinette belonged to him and tried to make her understand why she was not with them. Next year she would be. One day Wood Pigeon asked if she might go with him and Toinette—wherever they went. After this the bond between them seemed to hold her closer than ever to Jeems. The old man's faith and the younger

than ever to Jeems.

Wuskoo had led the way to a hardwood Wuskoo had led the way to a hardwood country in which he was sure there would be hunting that would last through the Winter. There were plenty of raccoons and the merganzers, or fish-ducks, would come to the swift-running headwaters to feed as soon as ice closed the lakes and the mouths of the streams. Here they made their lodge of saplings. It was a new kind of home for Wood Pigeon. Jeems built it with a cooking-hearth and a chimney and a tiny room set

with a cooking-hearth and a chimney and a tiny room set apart for Wood Pigeon herself. The child's eyes glowed with delight at this possession.

Heavy snow and extreme cold came early in the season. By the middle of December Jeems was compelled to hunt on snowshoes and so bitter were the nights that the first of January found even the headwaters freezing out anzers.

the merganzers.

This was the memorable Winter of 1755 and 1756, the story of which the Senecas handed down from father to son for many generations—a Winter in which all game seemed to have gone from the face of the earth and when hardship and starvation killed a tenth of the three westernmost of the Six Great Nations, the Senecas, the Cayugas and the Onondagas.

At first Jeems was partly prepared because he had killed a buck and with Wuskoo's shrewd assistance had marked a number of trees in which raccoons were sure to hibernate. But late in January famine drew closer about the cabin on the Little Selus and Jeems traveled farther in his hunts until he was gone two days at a time. In February he made four of these hunts and found no game. The cold was terrific. Trees cracked like rifles in the woods. Bitter winds continued night and day. Wood Pigeon's eyes grew larger and her body more fragile as the weeks passed. Each time Jeems came in from his hunts she blazed up like a fire in her happiness but he could mark the steady fading of her strength. He hunted with almost insane energy. Everything was for her when famine clutched at them hardest—a pair of snowbirds which he shot with arrows, a red squirrel's flesh, acorns which fe found in a stub, the fleshly root of a pond lily secured by hacking through two feet of ice. Then—a hollow tree—a raccoon asleep—and for a few hours food enough for all. Thus one week dragged at the heels of another with death held off by the length of an arm.

Torturing fears assailed Jeems. Toinette was never out of his mind, for even in his sleep he dreamed of her. She, too, was a part of this fight to hold life together. And Ah De Bah had eleven mouths to feed instead of four.

At night when the wind howled and trees wailed in their distress he sweated in fear and more than once the thought came to him to abandon his family and go in search of Toinette. His visions of the fate which might be overtaking her became almost unbearable. Wuskoo added to this burden, for the old man's courage broke under con

Don't believe a word



he tells you!





NATURALLY, any man with the three-minutes-for-breakfast habit will try to defend himself! He'll assure you, as he leaps from the table, morning after morning, that he doesn't need much breakfast anyway. And he'll deny, when he comes home at night "all in", that the day's flying start has had anything to do with its unhappy ending.

Don't believe a word he tells you! Instead, pay heed to what diet experts and physical instructors say - that much of the business man's daily efficiency depends upon his eating

a really nourishing breakfast.

That's why Grape-Nuts has been given a place upon millions of breakfast tables. A single serving of these delicious golden kernels, eaten with milk or cream, abounds in balanced nourishment. Phosphorus for teeth and bones; iron for the blood; proteins for muscle and body-building; dextrins, maltose and other carbohydrates for heat and energy; and the essential vitamin-B, a builder of appetite.

Remember too, that the enticing crispness of Grape-Nuts gives teeth and gums the exercise that helps to keep them healthy. Dental authorities, you know, advise us to eat, every day, some food that must be thoroughly chewed.

Put Grape-Nuts on your breakfast table - tomorrow morning. You can get it from your grocer, of course And wouldn't you like to accept the following offer?

Two servings of Grape-Nuts and "A Book of Better Breakfasts"—free!

Mail the coupon below. We will send you, free, two individual packages of Grape-Nuts and "A Book of Better Breakfasts", written by a famous physical director.

Grape-Nuts is one of the Post Health Products, which include also Instant Postum, Postum Cereal, Post Toasties, Post's Bran Flakes and Post's Bran Chocolate.

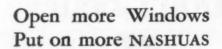


POSTUM COMPANY, Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.	GMc.C2-28
Please send me free, two trial packages of Grape-Nuts of Better Breakfasts," by a former physical director of	
Name	
Street	
City	

In Canada address CANADIAN POSTUM COMPANY, Ltd., 812 Metropolitan Bldg., Toronto 2, Ontario

THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM

[Continued from page 85]



PEN an extra window tonight and let health blow in. But, put on an extra Nashua too, and let the warmth of its deep, fleecy nap in-sure sleeping comfort the whole night through. Exceptional values in Nashua Part Wool Blankets—as low as \$4,50 per pair. Insist upon seeing the Nashua ticket on the blanket you buy.

Amory, Browne & Co. Dept. 605, Box 1206, Boston, Mass.





Jemana LLIPS Milk of Magnesia

For over fifty years "Phillips Milk of Magnesia" has been prescribed by physicians as a harmless antacid, laxative, and corrective in conditions attended with acidity of the stomach and intestines, with heartburn, sour eructations, sick headache and flatulence; and in other complaints attended with sour stomach, biliousness and constitution.

Millions have found it ideal, because it is harmless, almost tasteless, mild in operation and never causes nausea, griping or the slightest inconvenience.



6-WARMTH

&BEAUTY 6-VALUE 6 SLEEP

"Milk of Magnesia" has been the U. S. Registered Trade Mark of The Charles H. Phillips Chemical Co. and its predecessor Charles H. Phillips since 1875.

THE CHARLES H. PHILLIPS CHEMICAL CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON

three or four miles from the cabin, for his own strength was ebbing. His only hope was to kill an occasional bird and it was in the darkest hour that an answer came to his prayers. In a blizzard against which he was working his way in half-blindness he stumbled upon a doe as weak as himself and killed her. Without this stroke of fortune Wood Pigeon and Wus-

as himself and killed her. Without this stroke of fortune Wood Pigeon and Wuskoo must have died.

When the thaws came they were alive. Early in April they arrived at Chenusio. The people there had lived frugally on their supplies and from the first running of the maple sap had been making sugar. Only four families had preceded Jeems to the village and of their number, which was twenty-eight, five had died. No word had been received from Tiaoga.

Scarcely a family returned which did not bring grief with it. And Ah De Bah, the mightiest hunter of them all, did not come. No one had heard of him. No one knew where he was. Fifty—seventy—a hundred—then a hundred and fifty of those who had gone in the break-up were accounted for by the end of April. Among them was Mary Daghlen. Of their number thirty had died. Still Ah De Bah, The Tall Man, did not come.

Then he appeared one day. He was a grotesque rack of fleshless bones whom Tiaoga would not have recognized. Behind him trailed his people. Jeems counted them before he could tell one from another. Eleven! He ran toward them and Toinette swayed from the line at the head of which The Tall Man marched. He might not have known her at first if she ad not met him in this way, for those who were behind Ah De Bah walked with might not have known her at first if she had not met him in this way, for those who were behind Ah De Bah walked with bowed heads and dragging steps like deathfigures in a weird parade. Toinette's eyes stared at him from a face so strange and thin that it choked his joy. Her body was not heavier than a child's when he clasped her to him. They did not try to speak for a little while. Then she began to cry softly with her face against his breast.

her to him. They did not try to speak for a little while. Then she began to cry softly with her face against his breast.

He carried her to the tepee. He placed her on the soft skins there; then he was conscious of Wood Pigeon near him and in a moment Mary Daghlen came in. Jeems made way for them. He went outside and in his path was a creature who leapt weakly against him. It was Odd, a skeleton with red and watery eyes and jaws falling apart. Jeems waited until The Thrush came out and told him she was going for warm water and food and that Wood Pigeon was undressing Toinette. Then he sought the others. All but Ah De Bah had disappeared and were being cared for. The Tall Man could scarcely stand as he told his story. He had brought his eleven people back alive—the dog and he. Without the dog he would have failed in his struggle to feed eleven mouths—and Jeems knew why Odd had not been eaten.

WHAT was in Toinette's heart these days and at times in her eyes grew also in Mary Daghlen's. The young girl who had known no other life than that of her adopted people since babyhood, but whose mother had kept God and religion like in her soul, watched with increase. whose mother had kept God and religion alive in her soul, watched with increasing anxiety for the return of Shindas. One day she told Toinette that at last she was prepared to yield to her environment and if no priest came that Spring or Summer she would marry Shindas in the Indian

But he came. He was a gaunt, death-faced man who said he was on his way to take the place of a brother who had died among the Indians of the Ohio. His name was Father Pierre Roubaud. He remained in Chenufsio two days. On the second of these days he married Jeems and Toin-

In their happiness Jeems and Toinette did not at first feel the undercurrent of change about them. But Jeems soon marked its rising symptoms. He was no longer greeted with friendliness. Men were sullen and aloof and women toiled without their weals chatter. their usual chatter. Then came the lightning flash.

*Daniel James Bulain and Antoinette Tonteur were married by Father Pierre Roubaud on the twenty-seventh day of April, 1756, as recorded later by Father Roubaud.

It was an afternoon late in May when Shindas appeared in Chenufsio, and with a white woman's abandon Mary Daghlen a white woman's abandon Mary Dagnien ran into his arms. Shindas held her for a moment before warrior ethics made him thrust her away. He was alone. His arms and shoulders were hacked and cut and some of the wounds were scarcely healed. A scar lay across his cheeks. His moccasins were in others his even held the ferwere in tatters, his eyes held the fer-ocious light of a wolf that had been hunted. He made no effort to soften the

ocious light of a wolf that had been hunted. He made no effort to soften the news of which he was the bearer. He had come from the border of the Cayuga country as a messenger from Tiaoga and was many hours ahead of his comrades. Tiaoga was returning with nine of his thirty warriors. The others were dead.

A white man had killed three of the twenty warriors. He was a prisoner now—with Tiaoga. They had put out his eyes so that he could not see. They had built a fire around him in which it had been their intention to see him die. But in the last moment Tiaoga had pulled the blazing fuel away with his own hands in order that the people of Chenussio could witness his writhings at the fire-stake.

After this one might have thought that mad men and women and not a grief-stricken people filled Chenussio. For hours the lament of the women did not die out. Still Toinette saw no tears. Her horror increased as she observed the preparations for vengeance; the digging of a hole and the setting in it of a tall stake, all by women's hands; the gathering of pitchy fuel by little children and their mothers; the transformation of friends she had known into siends whose eyes filled with hatred when they looked at her.

Shindas came to them. He had a command from Tiaoga for Jeems. It was that Jeems should go to the village of Kanestio

Shindas came to them. He had a command from Tiaoga for Jeems. It was that Jeems should go to the village of Kanestio seventy miles distant and learn news of a war-party from that town. Shindas gave him this message and saw that he departed with it. He was no longer brother. He disclosed no sign of pleasure when he learned that Toinette was Jeems' wife. Toinette remained alone. No one came to see her except Wood Pigeon and the afternoon following the day of Shindas' arrival the child ran in with wide eyes to tell her that Tiaoga was approaching.

arrival the child ran in with wide eyes to tell her that Tiaoga was approaching. Toinette knew she must see this white man and be one of the first to greet Tiaoga. She bound the red filet of cloth around her forehead and fastened the long yellow feather in it. She wore the most treasured of the things which had belonged to Silver Heels. The populace had gathered in the edge of the plain and when she joined it a murmur of disapproval swept about her. Wherever she moved people drew back a murmur of disapproval swept about her. Wherever she moved people drew back as if her touch held the blight of plague. Wood Pigeon innocently whispered words which brought the truth to her. Chenufsio no longer believed in her. She was not the spirit of Silver Heels. Bad fortune instead for good had come with her. Faming death of good had come with her—famine, death, defeat. Wood Pigeon heard a woman hiss between thin lips that the interloper who had taken Silver Heels' place should die at the stake with the white man. The child did not repeat this. Her hand trembled in Toinette's Toinette's.

Toinette's.

They were standing at the head of the waiting lines when Tiaoga and the remnant of his band came over the hill and across the fields. Tiaoga's face was like a mask of rock as he passed so near that Toinette might have touched him. The prisoner followed. His clothes were torn from the upper part of his body. He was a powerfully built man with great hands and wide shoulders. On each side of him powerfully built man with great hands and wide shoulders. On each side of him walked a warrior, for he was blind and needed guidance. His empty eye-sockets, hidden by drooping lids, gave to his round red face the appearance of one walking in a ghastly sleep. Yet he was not overcome by the enormity of the catastrophe which had befallen him, nor did he betray fear of what lay ahead. He sensed the presence of the people and held his head high as if trying to see them. It was a bald head.

Toinette swayed backward and struggled

Toinette swayed backward and struggled a moment of darkness to keep herself in a moment of darkness to keep in-from falling.

The prisoner was Hepsibah Adams.

[Concluded in MARCH McCall's]

Y 1928

1

when with aghlen for a e him arms

been been the le had

rades

of the now yes so uilt a

their le last le fuel r that

griefhours e out. or inations le and all by

thers; had with

s that nestio s of a gave

e deother.

wife. came d the

indas' yes to ching. e man a. She d her

rellow

in the

t her.

nufsio ot the nstead death,

n hiss r who

die at

of the

like a r that The

torn

him

alking overrophe Why fear colds, grip or influenza

when Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets are handy

It is easy to get rid of a cold if you don't neglect it. People who know the beneficial effects of Laxative Bromo Quinine

keep well during the winter months by taking these tablets when they feel a cold coming on. The tonic and laxative effect of Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets fortifies the system against colds, grip, influenza and other serious ills which often begin with a slight cold. *** Since 1880 the

box of Laxative Bromo Quinine has identified it as the first and original cold and grip tablet. Price 30c.

PARIS MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

LAXATIVE

BROMO QUININE

TABLETS

6.27. Grove

Solution of the beneficial effect of Laxative Bromo Quinine is very different from others

For your protection remember the box

THE WORLD'S LARGEST SELLING COLD AND GRIP TABLET





Fascinating Things to Make at Home LePage's Craft Book Will Show You How

HAVE always known that LePage's is a wonderful mender but I had no idea wonderful mender, but I had no idea, until I got your book, how many lovely things I could make with it," is what thousands have said of this fascinating

LePage's Craft Book contains simple, casy-to-follow directions for making over 50 different articles for gifts, home decoration, bridge prizes, to sell at church fairs, etc.—articles that are attractive, useful, practical and inexpensive.

LePage's Craft is a surprise and de-light to all who try it. No expensive set is necessary. No special training required.

Anyone can follow the directions and
make fascinating gift shop things right
at home, for a fraction of the cost. This

E PAGE'S In Bottles and Tubes

easy way of making things will show you how to be a more skilful craftsman than you ever dreamed.

Send 10 cents (coin or stamps) for LePage's Craft Book

SEND for this wonderful book. Try this fascinating way of mak-ing things yourself. Mail the coupon below with 10 cents (coin or stamps) and we will at once send you a copy of LePage's Craft Book, postage

Address LePage's Craft League, 533 Essex MAIL THIS COUPON

			T LEA	GUE,	Mass.		
or star	mps)	in p	aymen	ou will t for I is book	find 10 LePage's to:	cents Craft	(coin Book.
Name							
Street							
City .					. State		

LIFE AND LETTERS OF GENE STRATTON-PORTER

[Continued from page 19]

nests in the barn.

Just at the time when her intensive training in household duties was about to begin, her mother's health broke and the little girl was left to amuse herself. This was not difficult, for she loved the outdoors. She ran wild all day, and no questions were asked so long as she appeared on time for meals. She followed the older boys at their ploughing, and often fell asleep curled up in the fence corners of the fields where they worked. The first money she ever earned came from the sale of Indian arrow points which she found while roaming over freshly ploughed fields, and from the sale of goose quills which she picked up in the barnyard. She made dolls out of ears of corn and used catalpa leaves for blankets. One corner of the garden was her special property, and there she stuck onion sets and planted seeds when the boys made garden. Later she planted wild flowers, beginning with violets and Spring beauties, and so following down the seasons. She kept butterflies on the screen in the cellar window, carrying them saucers of sweetened water and nectar-laden flowers each morning. cers of sweetened water and nectar-laden flowers each morning.

I have heard her tell many times how

I have heard her tell many times how she spent the entire Spring of one year locating sixty-four bird nests. These she visited each day and by the time the young were hatched the old birds were so accustomed to her that they allowed her to feed the little ones. Her favorite playmate was Bobby, a bantam rooster. She taught Bobby how to crow when he was told, so that when she held church services out in the orchard under the apple tree, out in the orchard under the apple tree, Bobby always crowed when it was time for some pious sister to say "Amen!" Another pet was a fine, fat bluejay named Hezekiah. She made a coat, pants and sunbonnet for him and taught him to roll cherries across the floor before he dared to eat them. Thus, when she started out to play, Hezekiah sat on one shoulder and Bobby trailed along behind.

It was ever her custom to deal gently and lovingly with wild things, either animals or flowers; doctoring sick or wounded birds or animals, making pets of baby squirrels and rabbits and gathering only a few wild flowers at a time, mostly carrying them to her invalid mother who enjoyed their freshness and delicate fra-

Through all her days on the farm only two of her brothers were at home, Lemon and Leander. Lemon was next older than

and Leander. Lemon was next older than she, the tease of the family, and some of his pranks nearly ended disastrously. Once he bent over a limber sapling, showed her how he could swing on it, and told her to try it. But she was lighter weight, and she flew completely over the top of it and across the fence into the pig pen. If it had not happened that she landed in a particularly soft, muddy "wallow," she would have been seriously hurt.

The older brother, Leander, lovingly called "Laddie" by his Little Sister, was different—he was older; he had decided to stay on the farm, live on land and make his life on the soil. He was the idol of his baby sister's heart, the hero of her dreams and the gallant knight of all her imagined stories. "Laddie" was always kind; he was always thoughtful; he was never too occupied to notice her, to answer her questions; never too busy to pick a splinter tions; never too busy to pick a splinter from her feet or hands; never too tired to carry her on his shoulder and tell her a

One Saturday afternoon he was drowned in the Wabash River while swimming with several friends. This was a crowning grief and heartbreak to the whole family. "Laddie's" death broke his mother's health and left an ache forever in the heart of his Little Sister.

ABOUT the books which she had as a child, Mother writes: "I had very few books, only two or three of my own. But books are now so numerous, so cheap, so bewildering in color and make-up, that I sometimes think children lose their perspective and love none of them as I loved my few plain little ones, filled with short stories and poems, with almost no illus-

tration. I had a storehouse in the school books of my older brothers and sisters, especially in the series of McGuffy readers from One to Six. For pictures I was driven to the Bible, dictionary, magazines about sheep and cattle, and the historical works read by my father.

"As I grew older there were magazines and more books. The one volume in which may heart was enwaged was a collection."

and more books. The one volume in which my heart was enwrapped was a collection of masterpieces of fiction belonging to an older sister. It contained Paul and Virginia, Undine, Picciola, The Vicar of Wakefield and Pilgrim's Progress. These I spelled out painstakingly, a word at a time, until I almost knew them by heart from reading and rereading. They were exquisitely expressed and conceived stories, and they may have done much in forming high conceptions in my childish mind of what really constituted literature and of furthering the lofty ideals instilled by my parents. my parents.
"I had been drilled at home and I could

"I had been drilled at home and I could understand any ordinary printed matter and spell quite well before I ever started to school. My first literary effort was printed in wabbly letters in the back of an old grammar. It was entitled *Ode to the Moon*, not that I had any idea what an 'ode' was other than that I had heard it discussed in the family, together with epic and sonnet, as forms of poetic expression.

".'Oh, Moon, thou art glorious, Over the darkness of night Thy beams shine victorious. Thou lightest the weary traveler's way, Guiding his feet till break of day'."

All week the little girl ran wild so that Sunday was rather a trial. Saturday evening the heavy brown hair that hung in long braids almost to her knees had to be washed and wrapped on tins that poked her head, so that she would have curls for Sunday. The feet that had been bare all week and that were sore from scratches of berry vines and stone bruises, had to be put into long stockings and heavy shoes. More underclothing was required that during the week, and a dress with a collar and long, tight sleeves. It is not much to be wondered at that the little wild thing sat in the country church in her uncomfortable clothing through the preaching and Sunday School, watching the sky, the clouds, listening to the birds and bees catching the delightful odor of clover fields and new mown hay as it drifted because the preaching and sunday strong the preaching and sunday strong the sky, the clouds, listening to the birds and bees catching the delightful odor of clover fields and new mown hay as it drifted because the preaching and sundays and wondays. fields and new mown hay as it drifted through the open windows, and wondering in her own mind if God was not outside rather than inside. For the same reasons school was abso-

ror me same reasons school was absolute torture. Geneva used to slip off by herself at recess, take off her shoes and stockings, and rub her swollen, aching feet until the bell rang and she was forced to put them on a service. to put them on aga.a. One day her teacher, whom she thoroughly disliked, put a sentence on the blackboard for her put a sentence on the blackboard for het to read, after explaining to the class that the sentence contained a valuable lesson and that little children would do well to follow it. The sentence read: "Little birds in their nests agree." The little girl read the sentence and, out of her wide experience with birds, and in her great excitement, she almost shouted: "Oh, but they don't agree! They fight like everything! They pull feathers and peck at each other's eyes until they are all bloody!"—and she was punished for contradicting the teacher and being disrespectful, although what she said was perfectly true.

the teacher and being disrespectual, air though what she said was perfectly true. But when she found that school was in-evitable, and that she must make good grades or be the laughing stock of the older children, Geneva became a very good pupil. Later her teacher was her older six-ter. Florence and Florence tells even now ter, Florence, and Florence tells even now with much pride how happy she used to be to call on Geneva to recite, for she always knew her lesson and could be depended upon to give her answers correctly and to show the other children just how a proper recitation should be given.

At this time there was no one to look after the children but the father and Lemon, who was then only a boy. The mother's health failed more noticeably, and she was only able [Turn to page 90]

TH same Ladie Maga packe weari coats. boys such a

tional

NA house only i

we h

buyin

other

tifully rotogr Amer and er at a bi

Sim

le school
d sisters,
y readers
as driven
es about es about al works in which collection ng to an and Vir-Vicar of These I

NE

These I ord at a by heart ey were d stories, in form-ish mind ture and tilled by I I could

l matter r started ort was ort was e to the what an heard it with epic ression.

er's way, day'." so that ay even-hung in ad to be t poked curls for

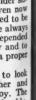
bare all atches of ad to be y shoes.
ed than
a collar
much to
ild thing
comfortning and

ky, the drifted ondering outside as absooes and aching is forced day her disliked,

for her ass that e lesson well to the birds girl read le expe-t excite-out they rything! at each ody!"— radicting ful, al-true.

was inse good of the ry good lder sis-

to look and







NATIONAL BELLAS HESS (O. INC. New York and Kansas City

such as toilet goods, jewelry, yard goods, etc.

Simply mail the coupon below and we will send you this beau-

tifully printed Style Book, lavishly illustrated in rich colors, rotogravure and black and white half-tones. It brings one of

America's greatest department stores right into your own home

and enables you to wear the very latest style New York clothes at a big saving on everything you buy.

MAIL THIS COUPON for your HUGE MERGER STYLE BOOK New York's Latest Jashions FOR SPRING & SUMMER 1928

NATIONAL BELLAS HESS CO. Inc.

272 West 24th Street
New York City
(If you live east of the Mississippi River mail this coupon to our New
York headquarters—if you live west of the Mississippi River mail to our
Kansas City Store. Kindly send me my free copy of your Huge Merger
Style Book of New York's Latest Fashions for Spring and Summer, 1928.



Beware the Coated Tongue

EVERY physician since the days of Hippocrates has regularly examined the tongue of his patients.

For a white, furry tongue is the first and unfailing index of disturbed bodily processes. It is a sure warning of intestinal stoppage, the underlying cause of many, many ills of life.

To correct the condition of stoppage signalled by a coated tongue, take Sal Hepatica—the standard effervescent saline. Sal Hepatica sweeps away accumulated food wastes promptly—usually within a balf bour.

When you take Sal Hepatica you have taken the simple, basic step to avoid the headaches, and all the other enervating physical troubles due to stoppage. Sal Hepatica corrects stoppage, relieves acidity and gently flushes away the poisons of

Sal Hepatica contains the same healthgiving salines as are found in the natural spring waters of the noted European spas. Like these health waters, Sal Hepatica is efficacious in the treatment of indigestion, disorders of the liver and kidneys, hyperacidity, rheumatism and many other ills.

Dissolved in water, Sal Hepatica makes a bubbling, sparkling drink, refreshing to the taste, invigorating in its effect. The best time to take it is upon arising or a half hour before any meal.

Keep yourself physically fit and mentally alert with this bracing saline. Look at your tongue every morning. If it is coated -if you awake tired and depressed-make ourself internally clean by taking Sal Hepatica at once.

Send for the free booklet that tells you more fully how to relieve the headaches and other ills traceable to self-poisoning.



LIFE AND LETTERS OF GENE STRATTON-PORTER

[Continued from page 88]

to sit in her chair and direct the three little girls while they did the work, which was done in some way before and after school. The children took their lunches and the father and mother had to manage the noon meal alone. Thus began the talk of moving to Wabash, a town some ten miles distant, where an older sister lived with her two children. The mother needed to be in daily contact with her doctor. The to be in daily contact with her doctor. The father was nearing the breaking point of his splendid physical development and health because of bearing so many burdens and responsibilties, and the children needed better school privileges than the country schools afforded. So it was that the family left the farm in October, 1874, when Geneva was eleven years old.

THE move to Wabash meant selling the THE move to Wabash meant selling the personal property, most of the stock, and renting the farm. This was like the end of the world to Father and Mother Stratton, the collapse of all their hopes and ambitions. But they saw it was the wisest way, and they made this new sacrifice with the same Christian fortitude and cheerful resignation that characterized their lives together.

their lives together.

The family first lived with an older daughter, Anastasia Taylor, so that the household consisted of eleven members: Mr. and Mrs. Taylor and their two children, a brother, Irvin, who was a law student and Superintendent of Public Schools, Father and Mother Stratton, Florence, who was now back from music school, Ada, Lemon and Geneva.

school, Ada, Lemon and Geneva.

There was no such thing as a trained nurse, and no such thing as a hospital, and despite their devoted and tender care, and the best medical attention obtainable, the precious little mother slipped away from them in February, 1875, after seven years of invalidism, and four months after leaving the farm. They took her back to Hopewell Cemetery and buried her in the family lot beside the children who had preceded her in death, whom she had so bravely borne, devotedly loved and never ceased to mourn.

It was during her early school days in Wabash that Geneva's name was changed. Then, even as now, name had to be shortened, abbreviated, or made over in some way; so Geneva became Geneve, with the accent on the last syllable, which left the name with the same number of letters, but made it sound shorter.

At the end of the first school year, Father Stratton, Lemon and the three girls moved into another house near the gris moved into another house near the Taylor family. Florence had arranged the purchase of a new piano and was busily engaged in giving music lessons. Irvin joined his brother, Jerome, in his law practice in Fort Wayne, Indiana, and Lemon went to Wabash Colloge. This arrangement left the father with the three motherless daughters. Florence, Ada. motherless daughters, Florence, Ada and Geneve, the two latter going to school, doing the housework, and caring for the family as best they could.

A few years later Father Stratton, who

was discontented in a rented house, bought was discontented in a rented house, bought a lot and built a home for them so that they were much happier. Geneve entered High School and was doing well in everything with the exception of Mathematics. She had an amusing experience in her third year High School of which she writes:

"Friday afternoon was always taken up with an exercise called 'Rhetoricals.' Each Friday afternoon the pupils furnished en-tertainment for the assembled school fac-ulty. This particular day on which I was to have a paper, the subject assigned me was 'Mathematical Law.' I knew that mathematical laws were worked out with a precision that was something wonderful. (I had heard of Kepler.) But I also knew that I never had passed any examination in Mathematics by worse than the 'skip of in Mathematics by more than the 'skin of my teeth,' and that the subject had been given me purposely, and as punishment, by a professor who understood me so by a professor who understood me so little that she never took into considera-tion that such a course on her part could only result in making me dislike it more. "I went home in hot anger. Why in all this beautiful world wouldn't they help me to do the thing I could do, and let any one of four members of the class who revelled in Mathematics do that subject? At study hour in the evening I was distracted, and there came a culmination.

"I can't do a paper on Mathematics. and I won't!' I said stoutly. 'But I will do such a paper on a subject I can write about that will open their foolish eyes as to how wrong they are!"

"I picked up a pencil and began seek-

to how wrong they are!'
"I picked up a pencil and began seeking some clue that would lead to a subject. My eyes fell on my loved book on the table before me, the most wonderful story of which was Picciola by Saintine Instantly I began to write. Breathlessly I wrote for hours. I wrote pages on pages. The poor Italian Count, the victim of political offences, shut by Napoleon from the wonderful grounds, mansion and life that ical offences, shut by Napoleon from the wonderful grounds, mansion and life that were his, restricted to bare prison walls at Lenistrella, deprived of books, pens and paper, his one interest in life a little sprout of green, sprung no doubt from a seed dropped by a passing bird between the stone flagging of the prison yard before his window, had always deeply stirred my imagination.

imagination.
"Next morning I dared my crowd to see "Next morning I dared my crowd to see how long they could remain on the grounds and yet reach the room before the last toll of the bell. The scheme worked. Coming in so late, we frustrated the principal, and she began the opening exercises without remembering my paper. At noon I carried it home and read it again instead of eating my dinner, and each time I loved it better and saw new beauty in it. Again I was as late as I possibly dared be. The principal did not remember my paper until she came to my name and subject on her programme near the close of the exercises. If things went too far in school, worse happened at home, as we children well understood. When she as we children well understood. When she remembered my name, she looked at me meaningly, announced my inspiring mathematical subject, and called my name. I arose, walked to the front and made my heat heat the fact her than the f thematical subject, and caned my name. I arose, walked to the front and made my best bow to the principal, to the faculty and to my schoolmates. Then I turned to her and said: 'I waited until the last minute because I knew absolutely nothing about my subject' (the audience laughed and she was forced to smile, so I continued with growing hope), 'and I could find nothing either in the library here or at home, so last night I reviewed Saintine's masterpiece, Picciola.'

"Then instantly I began to read. I was almost paralyzed at my audacity and with each word I expected to hear a terse little interruption: 'You may report at the office!' Imagine my amazement when what I did hear at the turning of the first page was: 'Stop a minute!' Of course I stopped, and Miss Bird left the room. A minute later she appeared with the Superintendent of the City Schools.

"'Begin again!' she said. 'Take your time.'

"I was too amazed to speak, Then

"I was too amazed to speak. Then thought came in a rush. My paper was good. It was as good as I had believed it. It was better than I had known. It was so It was better than I had known. It was so good that an unprecedented thing had happened: the Superintendent of the schools had been called from his office to hear it read. I glanced at him in consternation. Professor Thomas was a kindly man and he smiled and nodded.

"'Go on!' he said.

"And maybe I didn't 'go on'! I lifted my proud head, opened the gates and took that assembly room and the corps of teachers into our confidence, and the Count and I told them all that was in our hearts about a little flower that sprang between the paving stones of a prison

between the paving stones of a prison yard. The Count and I were free spirits. From the book I had learned that. He got into political trouble through it, and I had got into mathematical trouble; and we told our troubles. One instant the room was in laughter; the next the boys turned their heads, and the girls who had for-gotten their handkerchiefs cried into their aprons, and were unashamed. At the turning of a sheet I stole a glance at the 'Supe,' as we called him. As the oil ran down Jacob's beard even into his lap, so the tears were running [Turn to page 91]



Nati F

No

quir

the l the

THE S

Sales Repr Belmons

Ve will s

ver. Ma

Bookle

Co.,

D.





198

ilding a s! Join e. 8,000 u New, n. and We give aysville ent free & Filler

w, also

1 ugs by

et

t

1500

Nature gave baby a breast-Hygeia does likewise; hence, weaning is easy

No funnel, no brush required. Look for one ring on the breast; and two rings on the food-cell. Avoid misfits.



Sales Representatives, Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Inc., Belmont Bldg., Madison Ave. & 34th St., N. Y.

We will send you baby booklet or food-cell ver. Mark the one you want and mail to us. Booklet Cover. Hygeia Nursing Bottle Co., 1201 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Winter Rash Quickly Healed

D.D. The Healing Skin Lotion

lea Room ManagersWanted

HUNDREDS of new tea rooms, cafeterias, lumch rooms, motor lims, new opening are calling for trained managers. Shortage scute. We receive daily calls for managers, assistant managers, box-women. EARN 82,500 to 80.07 HIS YEAR. You can quality in a few weeks with the Lewis Simplified Study Plan, and we per you in touch with big opportunities. Send for FERE BOOK. "Pouring Yea Fer Profit." With Today.

Lewis Tea-Room Institute
Dept. AR 5051 Washington, D. C.





LIFE AND LETTERS OF GENE STRATTON-PORTER

[Continued from page 90]

down the professor's beard even into his lap! For almost sixteen big foolscap pages I held them, and I was eager to go on and tell them more about it when I reached the last line."

After such encouragement her ever-present desire to write mounted to fever present desire to write mounted to fever heat. She neglected everything else and wrote. She hid in her room at home, and she hid behind her books in school. She wrote as volume of verse fashioned after Meredith's Lucille, two novels, and a romantic book in rhyme all during the time she should have been studying. When her grades fell threateningly low, she was forced to study, as her father would never have forgiven her the disgrace of a failure in school—her father who had taught her that whatever she started she must finish.

I N 1880 Mrs. Taylor, with whom they had lived, was taken very ill. Geneve missed the last three months of school that year because of having to nurse her sick sister, who died in the spring. Of this she

"Like Thoreau, I never worried over diplomas, and unlike most school chil-dren, I studied harder after leaving school "Like Thoreau, I never worried over diplomas, and unlike most school children, I studied harder after leaving school than ever before, and in a manner that did me real good. I never went to school again, and the best that can be said of what education I have is that it was strictly private. It was the very best kind in the world for me; the only possible kind that would not have ruined a person of my inclinations. I studied the things in which I was most interested, and whenever I had the opportunity, having at my command my brother's library and the libraries of the school and town. I have always been too thankful for words that circumstances saved my brain from being run through a groove in company with dozens of others of widely differing tastes and mentality."

Early in December, 1883, while walking down town on an icy pavement, Geneve caught her foot in the hinge of a grating. She was unconscious when she was picked up, and was found to have cracked her skull. For weeks her family despaired of saving her, but her wonderful constitution came to her rescue, and after three months she was able to walk about with the use of a cane.

Geneve had no beaux worthy of mention. There was much fun and frolic among the young people, but society in those days was very different from that of today. There was neither card playing nor dancing in the homes. They were just a jolly bunch of girls and boys together, and a party at one home meant that the whole bunch of young people would appoint a certain home for a meeting place and then all go in a crowd to the party. In homes where there were pianos the

point a certain home for a meeting place and then all go in a crowd to the party. In homes where there were pianos the young folks sang. When the party was over, they all left at the same time, romp-ing and chasing each other around, until every one had dropped out at their own

Geneve never manifested any partic-ular interest in boys. She laughed and joked with all of them, but had no fa-

corites.

Geneve was an exceedingly attractive and beautiful young woman. She had very keen, penetrating gray eyes with brown spots in them—"cat eyes," as she used to call them. She had unusually heavy black eyebrows, a physical trait of the Stratton family, which came together across her nose, and two heavy braids of brown hair which burg like ropes to her knees. Often nose, and two heavy braids of brown hair which hung like ropes to her knees. Often her abundant hair was braided in many small braids which made waves when allowed to hang loose, floating about her and enveloping her like a mermaid. She was not allowed the use of cosmetics of any kind, but she had abundant coloring and a natural bloom of youth and health which made her a vivid and striking picture.

Geneve confided to her father her ambi-

made her a vivid and striking picture.
Geneve confided to her father her ambitions to write, and if she timidly showed him a composition of a faulty poem, he always saw some good in it and made helpful suggestions for its improvement. She loved brilliant color and once decided that she wanted to paint. So

Father Stratton went to an artist who designed an easel for him, and he personally superintended the building of it, and then provided the necessary funds for lessons in painting. Many years later, on that same easel, she painted the water colors for the illustration in Moths of the Limberlost, and one of the most poignant regrets of her life was that her father could not know the eventual use of the easel that he had builded out of his faith in her.

poignant regrets of her life was that her father could not know the eventual use of the easel that he had builded out of his faith in her.

When she wanted to try music as a method of self-expression, her father at once detected hidden ability that should be developed, and immediately started her taking lessons. Through all the days of struggle and unrest, he remained firm in his belief that she was going to do something good for the world and that he would be very remiss in his duty to her if he did not help. It was he who demanded a physical standard that developed the strength to endure the rigors of scientific field work; it was he who demanded of her from birth the "finishing" of any task she attempted; it was he who taught her to cultivate patience, to watch and wait; and it was he who, in his home and in his church, taught her courage, honesty, honor and "all things whatsoever"; it was he who daily lived before her the life of such a man as she portrayed in The Harvester, and who constantly used every atom of his brain and body power to help and encourage all men to do the same

In July, 1884, Reverend Wilkinson and his family, who were close friends of the Strattons, visited in Wabash. Their daughter, Cora Wilkinson, was just Geneve's age, and they were very congenial. The Wilkinsons were on their way to Sylvan Lake at Rome City, Indiana, where they had a cottage, and they invited Geneve to go with them for a vacation

It was during this Summer that Charles Dorwin Porter, then a flourishing young druggist of Geneva, Indiana, who was on a vacation at the lake with a party of his cousins, first saw Geneve. He was deeply attracted by the girl's vivid young beauty, and her marked personality which singled her out from the crowds and kept telling the others in his party what a good looking girl she was and how he would love to meet her.

But it so happened that when they all left the lake the next day, Mr. Porter and his party were on the same coach on the

love to meet her.

But it so happened that when they all left the lake the next day, Mr. Porter and his party were on the same coach on the same train with Geneve and the Comptons. The Comptons travelled with her as far as Fort Wayne where Geneve got off the train, going to spend a few days with her brother, Irvin, and his family. Mr. Porter also left the train at Fort Wayne, and it so happened that the pext morning.

Porter also left the train at Fort Wayne, and it so happened that the next morning, as Geneve was standing at the gate to her brother's front yard, Mr. Porter chanced to ride by on horseback. Their eyes met and they recognized each other; but meither had enough courage to speak.

After a short visit with her brother, Geneve went on north to visit the Wilkinsons, who had just returned home. While there she received her first letter from Mr. Porter which was forwarded to her from Wabash. Remembering the formalities and rigid conventions of those malities and rigid conventions of those days, as one reads this first letter it is easy to guess in what trepidation and with what fearful misgivings it was writ-

"Geneva, Indiana. "Sept. 18, 1884.

"Miss Genevieve Stratton:

"There are certain instances occur during our lives that prompt us to do some very foolish things. 'Human creatures are prone to err' and the writer is no excep-

prone to err' and the writer is no exception.

"Having been rather favorably impressed with your appearance, I venture the forwardness to address you. Barring the rules of etiquette and asking your pardo", I would respectfully solicit a correspondence from you. You may ask my object. 'Echo answers.' We will trust to fate for the outcome, You will [Tara to page 92]



"I heard my child scream!"

"Helen and her little brother were playing at housekeeping in the kitchen. Helen tried to pick up the boiling tea kettle . . . The whole kettleful of scalding water poured over him—right on his cheek and chest! His screams were terrible . . . I remembered Unguentine—spread it on thickly. The first touch of Unguentine made the child comfortable . . . The scalds were healed in a very short time. And, I am happy to say, not a sign of a scar is left."

RELY on Unguentine. Just as physicians and hospitals do the country over.

Apply this famous dressing liberally. Immediately the pain is soothed. You are guarded against terrible infection. Soon the wound is completely healed, almost invariably without even a scar!

For cuts, scratches and bruises, too. Bandage lightly when neces-sary. At your druggist's—50c. The Norwich Pharmacal Company, Norwich, N. Y.

UNGUENTINE

The famous surgical dressing



The Norwich Pharmacal Co., Dept. M-38 Norwich, N. Y.

Please send me trial tube of Unguentine and booklet, "What to do," by M. W. Stofer, M. D.

Street....... City and State

Open more Windows Put on more NASHUAS

PEN an extra window tonight and let health blow in. But, put on an extra Nashua too, and the warmth of its deep, fleecy nap in-sure sleeping comfort the whole night through. Exceptional values in Nashua Part Wool Blankets—as low as \$4.50 per pair. Insist upon seeing the Nashua ticket on the blanket you buy.

Amory, Browne & Ca. Dept. 605, Box 1206, Boston, Mass.



Nashua Blankets



6-WARMTH 6-BEAUTY 6-VALUE for SLEEP

Jemana HILLIPS Milk of Magnesia

For over fifty years "Phillips Milk of Magnesia" has been prescribed by physicians as a harmless antacid, laxative, and corrective in conditions attended with acidity of the stomach and intestines, with heartburn, sour eructations, sick headache and flatulence: and in other complaints attended with sour stomach, biliousness and constipation.

Millions have found it ideal, because it is harmless, almost tasteless, mild in operation and never causes nausea, griping or the slightest inconvenience.



"Milk of Magnesia" has been the U. S. Registered Trade Mark of The Charles H. Phillips Chemical Co. and its predecessor Charles H. Phillips since 1875.

THE CHARLES H. PHILLIPS CHEMICAL CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON

THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM

[Continued from page 85]

three or four miles from the cabin, for his own strength was ebbing. His only hope was to kill an occasional bird and it was in the darkest hour that an answer came to his prayers. In a blizzard against which he was working his way in half-blindness he stumbled upon a doe as weak as himself and killed her. Without this stroke of fortune Wood Pigeon and Wuskoo must have died.

When the thaws came they were alive.

koo must have died.

When the thaws came they were alive. Early in April they arrived at Chenufsio. The people there had lived frugally on their supplies and from the first running of the maple sap had been makin, sugar. Only four families had preceded Je.ms to the village and of their number, with was twenty-eight, five had died. No will had been received from Tiaoga.

Scarcely a family returned which likely

only four families and preceded Je. ins to the village and of their number, will have twenty-eight, five had died. No will had been received from Tiaoga.

Scarcely a family returned which fid not bring grief with it. And Ah De the mightiest hunter of them all, come. No one had heard of himicknew where he was. Fifty—sea hundred—then a hundred and those who had gone in the break-accounted for by the end of April. The man was Mary Daghlen. Of their thirty had died. Still Ah De Barall Man, did not come.

Then he appeared one day. He grotesque rack of fleshless bones Tiaoga would not have recognized hind him trailed his people. Jeems of them before he could tell one from other. Eleven! He ran toward ther might not have known her at first if all had not met him in this way, for who were behind Ah De Bah walked at howed heads and dragging steps like dathfigures in a weird parade. Toinette's eyes stared at him from a face so strange and thin that it choked his joy. Her body was not heavier than a child's when he clasped her to him. They did not try to speak for a little while. Then she began to cry softly with her face against his breast.

He carried her to the tepee. He placed her on the soft skins there; then he was conscious of Wood Pigeon near him and in a moment Mary Daghlen came in. Jeems made way for them. He went outside and in his path was a creature who leapt weakly against him. It was Odd, a skeleton with red and watery eyes and jaws falling apart. Jeems waited until The Thrush came out and told him she was going for warm water and food and that Wood Pigeon was undressing Toinette. Then he sought the others. All but Ah De Bah had disappeared and were being cared for. The Tall Man could scarcely stand as he told his story. He had brought his eleven people back alive—the dog and he. Without the dog he would have failed in his struggle to feed eleven mouths—and Jeems knew why Odd had not been eaten.

WHAT was in Toinette's heart these days and at times in her eyes grew also in Mary Daghlen's. The young girl who had known no other life than that of her adopted people since babyhood, but whose mother had kept God and religion whose mother had kept God and religion alive in her soul, watched with increasing anxiety for the return of Shindas. One day she told Toinette that at last she was prepared to yield to her environment and if no priest came that Spring or Summer she would marry Shindas in the Indian

But he came. He was a gaunt, death-faced man who said he was on his way to take the place of a brother who had died among the Indians of the Ohio. His name was Father Pierre Roubaud. He remained in Chenufsio two days. On the second of these days he married Jeems and Toin-ette*.

ette*.

In their happiness Jeems and Toinette did not at first feel the undercurrent of change about them. But Jeems soon marked its rising symptoms. He was no longer greeted with friendliness. Men were sullen and aloof and women toiled without their usual chatter.

Then came the lightning flash.

*Daniel James Bulain and Antoinette Tonteur were married by Father Pierre Roubaud on the twenty-seventh day of April, 1756, as recorded later by Father Roubaud.

It was an afternoon late in May when Shindas appeared in Chenufaio, and with a white woman's abandon Mary Daghler ran into his arms. Shindas held her for a moment before warrior ethics made him thrust her away. He was alone. His arms and shoulders were hacked and cut and some of the wounds were scarcely healed. A scar lay across his cheeks. His moccasins were in tatters, his eyes held the ferocious light of a wolf that had been hunted. He made no effort to soften the news of which he was the bearer. He had come from the border of the Cayuga country as a messenger from Tiaoga and was many hours ahead off his comrades. Tiaoga was returning with nine of his thirty warriors. The others were dead.

A white man' had killed three of the twenty warriors. He was a prisoner now—with Tiaoga. They had put out his eyes so that he could not see. They had built a fire around him in which it had been their intention to see him die. But in the last moment Tiaoga had pulled the blazing fuel away with his own hands in order that the people of Chenufsio could witness his writhings at the fire-stake.

After this one might have thought that raad men and women and not a grief-stricken people filled Chenufsio. For hours the lament of the women did not die out. Still Toinette saw no tears. Her horror increased as she observed the preparations for vengeance; the digging of a hole and the setting in it of a tall stake, all by women's hands; the gathering of pitchy fuel by little children and their mothers; the transformation of friends she had known into fiends whose eyes filled with hatred when they looked at her.

Shindas came to them. He had a command from Tiaoga for Jeems. It was that Jeems should go to the village of Kanestio seventy miles distant and learn news of a war-party from that town. Shindas gave him this message and saw that he departed with it. He was no longer brother. He disclosed no sign of pleasure when he learned that Toinette was Jeems' wife.

Toinette remained alone. No one came to see her except Wood Pigeon and th

hidden by drooping lids, gave to his round red face the appearance of one walking in a ghastly sleep. Yet he was not over-come by the enormity of the catastrophe which had befallen him, nor did he be-tray fear of what lay ahead. He sensed the presence of the people and held his head high as if trying to see them. It was a bald head.

To inette swaved backward and struggled

Toinette swayed backward and struggled in a moment of darkness to keep herself from falling.

The prisoner was Hepsibah Adams

[Concluded in March McCall's]



when Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets are handy

It is easy to get rid of a cold if you don't neglect it. People who know the beneficial effects of Laxative Bromo Quinine

keep well during the winter months by taking these tablets when they feel a cold coming on. The tonic and laxative effect of Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets fortifies the system against colds, grip, influenza and other serious ills which often begin with a slight cold. *** Since 1889 the

signature of EMBrove on every box of Laxative Bromo Quinine has identified it as the first and original cold and grip tablet. Price 30c.

PARIS MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

LAXATIVE

BROMO QUININE

TABLETS

6.M. Gryour protection remember the box





Fascinating Things to Make at Home

LePage's Craft Book Will Show You How

HAVE always known that LePage's is a HAVE always known that LeFage's is a wonderful mender, but I had no idea, until I got your book, how many lovely things I could make with it," is what thousands have said of this fascinating

LePage's Craft Book contains simple, easy-to-follow directions for making over 50 different articles for gifts, home decoration, bridge prizes, to sell at church fairs, etc.—articles that are attractive, useful, practical and inexpensive.

LePage's Craft is a surprise and de-light to all who try it. No expensive set is necessary. No special training required. Anyone can follow the directions and make fascinating gift shop things right at home, for a fraction of the cost. This

IE	PAGE'S
L	GLUE

In Bottles and Tubes

easy way of making things will show you how to be a more skilful craftsman than you ever dreamed.

Send 10 cents (coin or stamps) for LePage's Craft Book

SEND for this wonderful book. Try this

fascinating way of mak-ing things yourself. Mail the coupon below with 10 cents (coin or stamps) and we will at once send you a copy of LePage's Craft Book, postage

LePage's Craft 533 Essex loucester, Mass. MAIL THIS COUPON

533 E Gentle	lssex men:	Ave.,	sed you	ue, ster, Mass. will find 10 for LePage's		
Please	send	copy	of this	book to:	-	
Name				******		
Street				*******		
cu.				Chan		

LIFE AND LETTERS OF GENE STRATTON-PORTER

[Continued from page 19]

nests in the barn.

Just at the time when her intensive training in household duties was about to begin, her mother's health broke and the little girl was left to amuse herself. This was not difficult, for she loved the outdoors. She ran wild all day, and no questions were asked so long as she appeared on time for meals. She followed the older boys at their ploughing, and often fell asleep curled up in the fence corners of the fields where they worked. The first money she ever earned came from the sale of Indian arrow points which she found while roaming over freshly from the sale of Indian arrow points which she found while roaming over freshly ploughed fields, and from the sale of goose quills which she picked up in the barnyard. She made dolls out of ears of corn and used catalpa leaves for blankets. One corner of the garden was her special property, and there she stuck onion sets and planted seeds when the boys made garden. Later she planted wild flowers, beginning with violets and Spring beauties, and so following down the seasons. She kept butterflies on the screen in the cellar window, carrying them sauin the cellar window, carrying them sau-cers of sweetened water and nectar-laden flowers each morning.

I have heard her tell many times how

I have heard her tell many times how she spent the entire Spring of one year locating sixty-four bird nests. These she visited each day and by the time the young were hatched the old birds were so accustomed to her that they allowed her to feed the little ones. Her favorite playmate was Bobby, a bantam rooster. She taught Bobby how to crow when he was told, so that when she held church services out in the orchard under the apple tree, Bobby always crowed when it was time for some pious sister to say "Amen!" Another pet was a fine, fat bluejay named Hezekiah. She made a coat, pants and sunbonnet for him and taught him to roll cherries across the floor before he dared

sunbonnet for him and taught him to roll cherries across the floor before he dared to eat them. Thus, when she started out to play, Hezekiah sat on one shoulder and Bobby trailed along behind.

It was ever her custom to deal gently and lovingly with wild things, either animals or flowers; doctoring sick or wounded birds or animals, making pets of baby squirrels and rabbits and gathering only a few wild flowers at a time, mostly carrying them to her invalid mother who enjoyed their freshness and delicate fragrance.

grance.

Through all her days on the farm only two of her brothers were at home, Lemon and Leander. Lemon was next older than she, the tease of the family, and some of his pranks nearly ended disastrously. Once he bent over a limber sapling, showed her how he could swing on it, and told her to try it. But she was lighter weight, and she flew completely over the top of it and across the fence into the pig pen. If it had not happened that she landed in a particularly soft, muddy "wallow,"

If it had not happened that she landed in a particularly soft, muddy "wallow," she would have been seriously hurt.

The older brother, Leander, lovingly called "Laddie" by his Little Sister, was different—he was older; he had decided to stay on the farm, live on land and make his life on the soil. He was the idol of his baby sister's heart, the hero of her dreams and the gallant knight of all her imagined stories. "Laddie" was always kind; he was always thoughtful; he was never too occupied to notice her, to answer her quescupied to notice her, to answer her ques-tions; never too busy to pick a splinter from her feet or hands; never too tired to carry her on his shoulder and tell her a

one Saturday afternoon he was drowned One Saturday afternoon he was drowned in the Wabash River while swimming with several friends. This was a crowning grief and heartbreak to the whole family. "Laddie's" death broke his mother's health and left an ache forever in the heart of his Little Sister.

ABOUT the books which she had as a child, Mother writes: "I had very few books, only two or three of my own. But books are now so numerous, so cheap, so bewildering in color and make-up, that I sometimes think children lose their perspective and love none of them as I loved my few plain little ones, filled with short stories and poems, with almost no illus-

tration. I had a storehouse in the school books of my older brothers and sisters, especially in the series of McGuffy readers from One to Six. For pictures I was driven to the Rible, dictionary, magazines about to the Bible, dictionary, magazines about sheep and cattle, and the historical works read by my father.

"As I grew older there were magazines and more books. The one volume in which

and more books. The one volume in which my heart was enwrapped was a collection of masterpieces of fiction belonging to an older sister. It contained Paul and Virginia, Undine, Picciola, The Vicar of Wakefield and Pilgrim's Progress. These I spelled out painstakingly, a word at a time, until I almost knew them by heart from reading and rereading. They were exquisitely expressed and conceived stories, and they may have done much in forming high conceptions in my childish mind ing high conceptions in my childish mind of what really constituted literature and of furthering the lofty ideals instilled by

of furthering the lofty ideals instilled by my parents.
"I had been drilled at home and I could understand any ordinary printed matter and spell quite well before I ever started to school. My first literary effort was printed in wabbly letters in the back of an old grammar. It was entitled Ode to the Moon, not that I had any idea what an 'ode' was other than that I had heard it discussed in the family, together with epic and sonnet, as forms of poetic expression.

'Oh, Moon, thou art glorious, Over the darkness of night Thy beams shine victorious. Thou lightest the weary traveler's way, Guiding his feet till break of day'.

All week the little girl ran wild so that Sunday was rather a trial. Saturday evening the heavy brown hair that hung in long braids almost to her knees had to be washed and wrapped on tins that poked her head, so that she would have curls for Sunday. The feet that had been bare all week and that were sore from scratches of berry vines and stone bruises, had to be put into long stockings and heavy shoes. week and that were sore from scratches of berry vines and stone bruises, had to be put into long stockings and heavy shoes. More underclothing was required than during the week, and a dress with a collar and long, tight sleeves. It is not much to be wondered at that the little wild thing sat in the country church in her uncomfortable clothing through the preaching and Sunday School, watching the sky, the clouds, listening to the birds and bees, catching the delightful odor of clover fields and new mown hay as it drifted through the open windows, and wondering in her own mind if God was not outside rather than inside.

For the same reasons school was absolute torture. Geneva used to slip off by herself at recess, take off her shoes and stockings, and rub her swollen, aching feet until the bell rang and she was forced to put them on again. One day her teacher, whom she thoroughly disliked, put a sentence on the blackboard for her to read, after explaining to the class that the sentence contained a valuable lesson and that little children would do well to

put a sentence on the blackboard for her to read, after explaining to the class that the sentence contained a valuable lesson and that little children would do well to follow it. The sentence read: "Little birds in their nests agree." The little girl read the sentence and, out of her wide experience with birds, and in her great excitement, she almost shouted: "Oh, but they don't agree! They fight like everything! They pull feathers and peck at each other's eyes until they are all bloody!"—and she was punished for contradicting the teacher and being disrespectful, although what she said was perfectly true.

But when she found that school was inevitable, and that she must make good grades or be the laughing stock of the older children, Geneva became a very good pupil. Later her teacher was her older sister, Florence, and Florence tells even now with much pride how happy she used to be to call on Geneva to recite, for she always knew her lesson and could be depended upon to give her answers correctly and to show the other children just how a proper recitation should be given.

At this time there was no one to look after the children but the father and Lemon, who was then only a boy. The mother's health failed more noticeably, and she was only able [Turn to page go]

McCALL

tional s NA' house s only in we ha buying other s

THI Spi same si Ladies' Magaz packed wearing coats, boys' c such as Simp

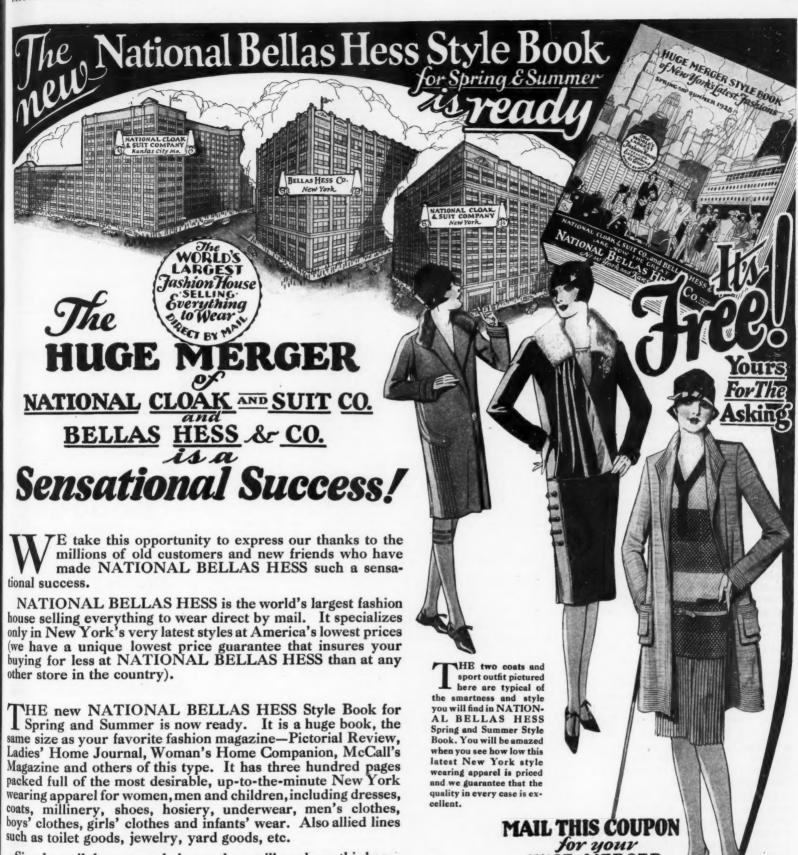
tifully rotogra Americ and ena at a big

1928

E

an the

in be ed for all of be es. an lar to ng rt-nd he es, er ed ng de



New York's fatest Jashion's FOR SPRING & SUMMER 1928

NATIONAL BELLAS HESS CO. Inc.

(If you live east of the Mississippi River mail this coupon to our New ork headquarters—if you live west of the Mississippi River mail to our ansas City Store.) Kindly send me my free copy of your Huge Merger tyle Book of New York's Latest Fashions for Spring and Summer, 1928.

643 Hardesty Avenue Kansas City, Mo.

NATIONAL BELLAS HESS (O. INC. New York and Kansas City

Simply mail the coupon below and we will send you this beautifully printed Style Book, lavishly illustrated in rich colors, rotogravure and black and white half-tones. It brings one of

America's greatest department stores right into your own home and enables you to wear the very latest style New York clothes

at a big saving on everything you buy.



Beware the Coated Tongue

EVERY physician since the days of Hippocrates has regularly examined the tongue of his patients.

For a white, furry tongue is the first and unfailing index of disturbed bodily processes. It is a sure warning of intestinal stoppage, the underlying cause of many, many ills of life.

To correct the condition of stoppage signalled by a coated tongue, take Sal Hepatica—the standard effervescent saline. Sal Hepatica sweeps away accumulated food wastes promptly—usually within a

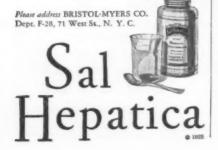
When you take Sal Hepatica you have taken the simple, basic step to avoid the headaches, and all the other enervating physical troubles due to stoppage. Hepatica corrects stoppage, relieves acidity and gently flushes away the poisons of

Sal Hepatica contains the same health-giving salines as are found in the natural spring waters of the noted European spas. Like these health waters, Sal Hepatica is efficacious in the treatment of indigestion, disorders of the liver and kidneys, hyperacidity, rheumatism and many other ills.

Dissolved in water, Sal Hepatica makes a bubbling, sparkling drink, refreshing to the taste, invigorating in its effect. The best time to take it is upon arising or a half hour before any meal.

Keep yourself physically fit and mentally alert with this bracing saline. Look at your tongue every morning. If it is coated -if you awake tired and depressed-make ourself internally clean by taking Sal Hepatica at once.

Send for the free booklet that tells you more fully how to relieve the headaches and other ills traceable to self-poisoning.



LIFE AND LETTERS OF GENE STRATTON-PORTER

[Continued from page 88]

to sit in her chair and direct the three little girls while they did the work, which was done in some way before and after school. The children took their lunches and the father and mother had to manage the noon meal alone. Thus began the talk of moving to Wabash, a town some ten miles distant, where an older sister lived with her two children. The mother needed to be in daily contact with her doctor. The father was nearing the breaking point of his splendid physical development and health because of bearing so many burdens and responsibilties, and the children needed better school privileges than the country schools afforded. So it was that the family left the farm in October, 1874, the family left the farm in October, 1874, when Geneva was eleven years old.

THE move to Wabash meant selling the personal property, most of the stock, and renting the farm. This was like the end of the world to Father and Mother Stratton, the collapse of all their hopes and ambitions. But they saw it was the wisest way, and they made this new sacrifice with the same Christian fortitude and cheerful resignation that characterized their lives together.

nce with the same Christian fortitude and cheerful resignation that characterized their lives together.

The family first lived with an older daughter, Anastasia Taylor, so that the household consisted of eleven members: Mr. and Mrs. Taylor and their two children, a brother, Irvin, who was a law student and Superintendent of Public Schools, Father and Mother Stratton, Florence, who was now back from music school, Ada, Lemon and Geneva.

There was no such thing as a hospital, and despite their devoted and tender care, and the best medical attention obtainable, the precious little mother slipped away from them in February, 1875, after seven years of invalidism, and four months after leaving the farm. They took her back to Hopewell Cemetery and buried her in the family lot beside the children who had preceded her in death, whom she had so bravely borne, devotedly loved and never ceased borne, devotedly loved and never ceased to mourn.

It was during her early school days in

It was during her early school days in Wabash that Geneva's name was changed. Then, even as now, names had to be shortened, abbreviated, or made over in some way; so Geneva became Geneve, with the accent on the last syllable, which

some way; so Geneva became Geneve, with the accent on the last syllable, which left the name with the same number of letters, but made it sound shorter.

At the end of the first school year, Father Stratton, Lemon and the three girls moved into another house near the Taylor family. Florence had arranged the purchase of a new piano and was busily engaged in giving music lessons. Irvin joined his brother, Jerome, in his law practice in Fort Wayne, Indiana, and Lemon went to Wabash Colloge. This arrangement left the father with the three motherless daughters, Florence, Ada and Geneve, the two latter going to school, doing the housework, and caring for the family as best they could.

A few years later Father Stratton, who was discontented in a rented house, bought a lot and built a home for them so that they were much happier. Geneve entered High School and was doing well in everything with the exception of Mathematics. She had an amusing experience in her third year High School of which she writes:

"Friday afternoon was always taken up

"Friday afternoon was always taken up with an exercise called 'Rhetoricals.' Each Friday afternoon the pupils furnished en-tertainment for the assembled school factertainment for the assembled school faculty. This particular day on which I was to have a paper, the subject assigned me was 'Mathematical Law.' I knew that mathematical laws were worked out with a precision that was something wonderful. (I had heard of Kepler.) But I also knew that I never had passed any examination in Mathematics by more than the 'skin of my teeth,' and that the subject had been given me purposely, and as punishment, by a professor who understood me so little that she never took into consideration that such a course on her part could tion that such a course on her part could only result in making me dislike it more. "I went home in hot anger. Why in all this beautiful world wouldn't they help

me to do the thing I could do, and let any one of four members of the class who revelled in Mathematics do that subject? At study hour in the evening I was distracted, and there came a culmination.

"I can't do a paper on Mathematics. and I won't!" I said stoutly. 'But I will do such a paper on a subject I can write about that will open their foolish eyes as to how wrong they are!"

about that will open their foolish eyes as to how wrong they are!'

"I picked up a pencil and began seeking some clue that would lead to a subject. My eyes fell on my loved book on the table before me, the most wonderful story of which was Picciola by Saintine Instantly I began to write. Breathlessly I wrote for hours. I wrote pages on pages. The poor Italian Count, the victim of political offences, shut by Napoleon from the wonderful grounds, mansion and life that were his, restricted to bare prison walls at Lenistrella, deprived of books, pens and paper, his one interest in life a little sprout of green, sprung no doubt from a seed dropped by a passing bird between the stone flagging of the prison yard before his window, had always deeply stirred my imagination.
"Next morning I dared my crowd to see how long they could remain on the grounds and yet reach the room before

"Next morning I dared my crowd to see how long they could remain on the grounds and yet reach the room before the last toll of the bell. The scheme worked. Coming in so late, we frustrated the principal, and she began the opening exercises without remembering my paper. At noon I carried it home and read it again instead of eating my dinner, and each time I loved it better and saw new beauty in it. Again I was as late as I possibly dared be. The principal did not remember my paper until she came to my name and subject on her programme near the close of the exercises. If things went too far in school, worse happened at home, as we children well understood. When she remembered my name, she looked at me too far in school, worse happened at home, as we children well understood. When she remembered my name, she looked at me meaningly, announced my inspiring mathematical subject, and called my name. I arose, walked to the front and made my best bow to the principal, to the faculty and to my schoolmates. Then I turned to her and said: 'I waited until the last minute because I knew absolutely nothing about my subject' (the audience laughed and she was forced to smile, so I continued with growing hope), 'and I could find nothing either in the library here or at home, so last night I reviewed Saintine's masterpiece, Picciola.'

"Then instantly I began to read. I was almost paralyzed at my audacity and with each word I expected to hear a terse little interruption: 'You may report at the office!' Imagine my amazement when what I did hear at the turning of the first page was: 'Stop a minute!' Of course I stopped, and Miss Bird left the room. A minute later she appeared with the Superintendent of the City Schools.

"'Begin again!' she said. 'Take your time.'

"I was too amazed to speak. Then

time."
"I was too amazed to speak. Then thought came in a rush. My paper was good. It was as good as I had believed it. It was better than I had known. It was so that an unprecedented thing had good that an unprecedented thing had happened: the Superintendent of the schools had been called from his office to

schools had been called from his office to hear it read. I glanced at him in consternation. Professor Thomas was a kindly man and he smiled and nodded.

"'Go on!' he said.

"And maybe I didn't 'go on'! I lifted my proud head, opened the gates and took that assembly room and the corps of teachers into our confidence, and the Count and I told them all that was in our hearts about a little flower that sprang between the paving stones of a prison yard. The Count and I were free spirits. From the book I had learned that. He got into political trouble through it, and got into political trouble through it, and I had got into mathematical trouble; and we told our troubles. One instant the room we told our troubles. One instant the room was in laughter; the next the boys turned their heads, and the girls who had forgotten their handkerchiefs cried into their aprons, and were unashamed. At the turning of a sheet I stole a glance at the 'Supe,' as we called him. As the oil ran down Jacob's beard even into his lap, so the tears were running [Turn to page 91]





Famous for 50 years





Booklet [Co., 120 Qu

THE SA

Sales Represes Belmont Bla

Ve will sen

ver. Mark

McCALL'

Natur Hy

hen

No fi

quired

the bro

the fo

ONE RING

TWO RING

D.D

TeaRoc



Nature gave baby a breast-Hygeia does likewise; hence, weaning is easy

No funnel, no brush required. Look for one ring on the breast; and two rings on the food-cell. Avoid misfits.



THE SAFE NURSING BOTTLE

Representatives, Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Inc., ont Bldg., Madison Ave. & 34th St., N. Y.

We will send you baby booklet or food-cell over. Mark the one you want and mail to us. Booklet Cover. Hygeia Nursing Bottle Co., 1201 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Winter Rash Quickly Healed

For quick relief from winter rash, chaffed skin, ezems, pimples, blotches and other skin troubles, sply pure, cooling liquid D. D. D. Clear, stainless, and dries up almost instantly. Soothes and hash the tissues, penetrates the skin and stops liching the moment it touches the skin. A 55c trial bettle will prove the meritage this famous antiseptic are your money back. At all drug stores.

D.D. The Healing Skin Lotion







LIFE AND LETTERS OF GENE STRATTON-PORTER

[Continued from page 90]

down the professor's beard even into his lap! For almost sixteen big foolscap pages I held them, and I was eager to go on and tell them more about it when I reached the last line."

reached the last line."

After such encouragement her everpresent desire to write mounted to fever heat. She neglected everything else and wrote. She hid in her room at home, and she hid behind her books in school. She wrote a volume of verse fashioned after Meredith's Lucille, two novels, and a romantic book in rhyme all during the time she should have been studying. When her grades fell threateningly low, she was forced to study, as her father would never have forgiven her the disgrace of a failure in school—her father who had taught her that whatever she started she must finish.

I N 1880 Mrs. Taylor, with whom they had lived, was taken very ill. Geneve missed the last three months of school that year because of having to nurse her sick sister, who died in the spring. Of this she

sister, who died in the spring. Of this she wrote:

"Like Thoreau, I never worried over diplomas, and unlike most school children, I studied harder after leaving school than ever before, and in a manner that did me real good. I never went to school again, and the best that can be said of what education I have is that it was strictly private. It was the very best kind in the world for me; the only possible kind that would not have ruined a person of my inclinations. I studied the things in which I was most interested, and whenever I had the opportunity, having at my command my brother's library and the libraries of the school and town. I the libraries of the school and town. I the libraries of the school and town. I have always been too thankful for words that circumstances saved my brain from being run through a groove in company with dozens of others of widely differing tastes and mentality."

Early in December, 1883, while walking down town on an icy pavement, Geneve caught her foot in the hinge of a grating. She was unconscious when she was

Geneve caught her foot in the hinge of a grating. She was unconscious when she was picked up, and was found to have cracked her skull. For weeks her family despaired of saving her, but her wonderful constitution came to her rescue, and after three months she was able to walk about with the use of a cane.

Geneve had no beaux worthy of mention. There was much fun and frolic among the young people, but society in those days was very different from that of today. There was neither card playing nor dancing in the homes. They were just a jolly bunch of girls and boys together, and a party at one home meant that the whole bunch of young people would appoint a certain home for a meeting place and then all go in a crowd to the party. point a certain home for a meeting place and then all go in a crowd to the party. In homes where there were pianos the young folks sang. When the party was over, they all left at the same time, romp-ing and chasing each other around, until every one had dropped out at their own

Geneve never manifested any partic-ular interest in boys. She laughed and joked with all of them, but had no favorites.

orites.

Geneve was an exceedingly attractive and beautiful young woman. She had very keen, penetrating gray eyes with brown spots in them—"cat eyes," as she used to call them. She had unusually heavy black eyebrows, a physical trait of the Stratton family, which came together across her nose, and two heavy braids of brown hair which hung like ropes to her knees. Often her abundant hair was braided in many small braids which made waves when allowed to hang loose, floating about her and enveloping her like a mermaid. She was not allowed the use of cosmetics of any kind, but she had abundant coloring and a natural bloom of youth and health which made her a vivid and striking picture.

Geneve confided to her father her ambi-

made her a vivid and striking picture.
Geneve confided to her father her ambitions to write, and if she timidly showed him a composition of a faulty poem, he always saw some good in it and made helpful suggestions for its improvement. She loved brilliant color and once decided that she wanted to paint. So

Father Stratton went to an artist who designed an easel for him, and he personally superintended the building of it, and then provided the necessary funds for lessons in painting. Many years later, on that same easel, she painted the water colors for the illustration in Moths of the Limberlost, and one of the most poignant regrets of her life was that her father could not know the eventual use of the easel that he had builded out of his faith in her.

of the easel that he had builded out of his faith in her.

When she wanted to try music as a method of self-expression, her father at once detected hidden ability that should be developed, and immediately started her taking lessons. Through all the days of truttle and market he maried for the control of t be developed, and immediately started her taking lessons. Through all the days of struggle and unrest, he remained firm in his belief that she was going to do something good for the world and that he would be very remiss in his duty to her if he did not help. It was he who demanded a physical standard that developed the strength to endure the rigors of scientific field work; it was he who demanded of her from birth the "finishing" of any task she attempted; it was he who taught her to cultivate patience, to watch and wait; and it was he who, in his home and in his church, taught her courage, honesty, honor and "all things whatsoever"; it was he who daily lived before her the life of such a man as she portrayed in The Harvester, and who constantly used every atom of his brain and body power to help and encourage all men to do the same.

In July, 1884, Reverend Wilkinson and his family, who were close friends of the Strattons, visited in Wabash. Their daughter, Cora Wilkinson, was just Geneve's age, and they were very congenial. The Wilkinsons were on their way to Sylvan Lake at Rome City, Indiana, where they had a cottage, and they invited Geneve' to go with them for a vacation.

It was during this Summer that Charles Dorwin Porter, then a flourishing young druggist of Geneva, Indiana, who was on a vacation at the lake with a party of his cousins, first saw Geneve. He was deeply attracted by the girl's vivid young beauty,

cousins, first saw Geneve. He was deeply cousins, first saw Geneve. He was deeply attracted by the girl's vivid young beauty, and her marked personality which singled her out from the crowd. He noticed Geneve among the crowds and kept telling the others in his party what a good looking girl she was and how he would love to meet her love to meet her.

love to meet her.

But it so happened that when they all left the lake the next day, Mr. Porter and his party were on the same coach on the same train with Geneve and the Comptons. The Comptons travelled with her as far as Fort Wayne where Geneve got off the train, going to spend a few days with her brother, Irvin, and his family. Mr. Porter also left the train at Fort Wayne, and it so happened that the next morning, Porter also left the train at Fort Wayne, and it so happened that the next morning, as Geneve was standing at the gate to her brother's front yard, Mr. Porter chanced to ride by on horseback. Their eyes met and they recognized each other; but neither had enough courage to speak.

After a short visit with her brother, Geneve went on north to visit the Wilsinsons, who had just returned home. While there she received her first letter from Mr. Porter which was forwarded to her from Wabash. Remembering the formalities and rigid conventions of those

malities and rigid conventions of those days, as one reads this first letter it is easy to guess in what trepidation and with what fearful misgivings it was writ-

"Geneva, Indiana "Sept. 18, 1884

"Miss Genevieve Stratton:

"There are certain instances occur dur-ing our lives that prompt us to do some very foolish things. 'Human creatures are prone to err' and the writer is no excep

prone to err' and the white is as the tion.

"Having been rather favorably impressed with your appearance, I venture the forwardness to address you. Barring thrules of etiquette and asking your pardow, I would respectfully solicit a correspondence from you. You may ask my object. 'Echo answers.' We will trust to fate for the outcome, You will [Turn to page 92]



"I heard my child scream!"

"Helen and her little brother were playing at housekeeping in the kitchen. Helentried to pick up the boiling tea kettle... The whole kettleful of scalding water poured over him—right on his cheek and chest! His screams were terrible...Iremembered Unguen-tine—spread it on thickly. The first touch of Unguentine made the child comfortable... The scalds were healed in a very short time. And, I am happy to say, not a sign of a scar is left."

RELY on Unguentine. Just as physicians and hospitals do the country over.

Apply this famous dressing liberally. Immediately the pain is soothed. You are guarded against terrible infection. Soon the wound is completely healed, almost invariably without even a scar!

For cuts, scratches and bruises, too. Bandage lightly when necessary. At your druggist's -50c. The Norwich Pharmacal Company, Norwich, N. Y.

UNGUENTINE

The famous surgical dressing



The Norwich Pharmacal Co., Dept. M-38 Norwich, N. Y.

Please send me trial tube of Unguentine ar booklet, "What to do," by M. W. Stofer, M. D.

City and State....

McCALL



LIFE AND LETTERS OF GENE STRATTON-PORTER

[Continued from page 91]

perhaps. wonder as to where I have seen you. Allow me to explain as follows: I saw you during the assembly at Rome City 26th to 29th of July last, and was aboard the same train on which you took your departure southward.

"I am engaged in the drug trade, my headquarters being here; however, I have a branch store at 106 Fairfield Avenue, Fort Wayne, Indiana, where I spend a few days occasionally. I have a brother, Dr. M. F. Porter, who is located and connected with the Medical College at that city. Am known but little outside of business circles. Am well known at Decatur, Indiana, my old home. An old friend of our family and one who has known me from infancy, one Joseph Crabbs, now resides at Wabash, Indiana.

"May I hope to have a line from you? or do you think I have overreached all bounds of propriety as a great many young (and old ones as well) Americans have done before me? A letter will reach me here or at 106 Fairfield Avenue, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

"Very respectfully,
"Chas. D. Porter."

Geneve's first letter, which follows, is embued with a sweet seriousness and an ingenuous frankness, and reflects the wholesome sanity which always characterized its writer.

"Wabash, Indiana. "September 28, 1884.

"Mr. Porter:

"Your letter was forwarded to me in the North, where I was spending the last days of my Summer vacation, almost a week ago. As I was coming home so soon,

days of my Summer vacation, almost a week ago. As I was coming home so soon, I preferred to bring it here, and in the quiet rest of home, think a while before I wrote. And I feel now what I have so often and so keenly felt before: if I only had a mother to go to for advice! How I envy other girls!

"If you noted me sufficiently to remember me this long, then I am sure that you saw also that I behaved in a quiet and ladylike manner. But can I keep it if I correspond with an entire stranger?

"I cannot exactly see any harm, but won't you please not ask me to write again unless you are certain you can respect me as much as if you had formed my acquaintance in the authorized way? The family I was visiting when your letter came once lived in Decatur and knew your mother and you, as a younger man. My father is intimately acquainted with Mr. Crabbs, but if you meant me to inquire of you from him, I'd rather not. If I contemplated such a possibility as ever being friends with you to such an extent as that your life past or present affects me, then I only know of one person who could really be a competent informer—yourself. I prefer information from headquarters. "There is nothing to tell, but I feel like telling you at once all I know about myself. I am my father's youngest and only unmarried child. My father and I, with my next older sister Ada, and her husband, Frank, form our household. I have three sisters and a brother who is all that's boad. My

my next older sister Ada, and her husband, Frank, form our household. I have three sisters and a brother who is all that's good and one who is all that's bad. My father is an Englishman and he is just the best, truest, dearest old Christian gentleman I ever knew. Our home here, and me, is all my father has left of a beautiful home and a large family. My father adored my mother. She is without eulogy; there is none to write it. As he speaks of her, her life was sublime. She was his love, his comfort, his joy, in life's bright hours; his stay, his support, in dark ones. So essential to his life, so dear to his heart, for eleven years he has walked—not alone, but in her presence, in her life, in the sunshine of her way. I am his all and, in that he sometimes calls me 'Mary,' you can read the secret of his dear love for his baby.

"I have nothing to relate. He has had me well educated in the necessary and artificial things of life. I do not suppose I am very good, but I am sure that my life is an open page. I have yet to perform an act that I blush to tell to my father; so I am sure your trust in me will not be broken.

"I beg that you remember the circum-stances under which I write are embarras-sing and not judge this letter harshly, When my brother found that I was answering your letter, he wanted to know if I was sure I was not, to use his expression, 'being guyed.' Of course, I could not see any reason why you should write me unless you cared for the amusement it would afford you, and I thought your letter the work of a gentleman, I told

"I scarcely know why I have written ou—a woman's greatest reason is some-imes—'Because!' But I hope you will be times—"Because: But I hope you win to pleased, and if I've been good to write you a long, long letter, 'at an early date' 'go thou and do likewise.' "Very truly yours, "Geneve Stratton."

In November, 1884, she wrote:

"Honored Sir:
"I think, Mr. Porter, that it is very hard to correspond with you—hard on me, I mean. I know nothing of your opinions or ideas and have simply to walk in the dark. Some day I will be sure to attack your pet theory and hidden secrets (of course I'll demolish them and thereby make myself obnoxious to you). Suppose I prefer being your friend? Is it not a little hard for me? However, I shan't prine over it.

make myself obnoxious to you). Suppose I prefer being your friend? Is it not a little hard for me? However, I shan't pine over it. . . . "I have your photo and your nice long letter. Do you care for my opinion of your picture? To be honest, I did not know you were—so handsome. The hair line along the temples, the forehead, eyes and brow are simply beautiful. The nicest thing I can say about your forehead is it's almost as handsome as my father's. A classic nose and invisible mouth. But I never saw a face so full of contradictions. I fell in love with your forehead and eyes at once; but I would rather take a 'header' than do battle with your chin. It's awful. I have tried all my persuasive arts on it, and even 'sassed back,' and it won't budge. I would not have such a horrid old chin—looks as cross as fury—say, Mister, would you bite?

"On the subject of writing to you, I must tell you I think differently from most people; so prepare to be shocked. To address a lady without an introduction is regarded as a breach of etiquette. And etiquette is simply social rules made by society people. How much better a man, or how much worthier my friendship would you be, had some one presented us to each other? I am willing to forgive any man what I would do myself, and were I a free man and at any place or time saw a face or form that attracted me, and I desired to know and make the possessor my friend—well, I would, if it were in the range of possibility. And I believe that Society stripped of half its shams and social form would stand refined and purified—or else, a ghastly skeleton.

"I am sorry that my mention of Christmas recalls sad memories. I have heard

"I am sorry that my mention of Christ-"I am sorry that my mention of Christmas recalls sad memories. I have heard your mother most highly spoken of by several ladies, but I cannot comfort you. The sacred name seldom falls from my lips—its greatest memory to me is a pale face and a hushed room followed by that never-ending sleep. I cannot remember more. One great childish pain, and that is all I have in memory of Mother. Yet as I see others I know what I have lost. When my proud, beautiful sister bends over her baby in mother love, I feel as I do when my best friend looks into her lover's eyes—that the two best things of all the earth are not yet come into my life.

"Very truly yours, "Geneve Stratton."

The next Summer, 1885, Geneve was again in Rome City with her friend, Cora Wilkinson, during which time Mr. Porter was there for a week. This Summer the romance flamed and flourished. Mr. Porter came down several times that Fall and Winter to see Geneve. He was responsible for the third change of her name, this time from Geneve to Gene. [Continued in MARCH MCCALL's]

xld ite nt ur ld

en ebe te e'

> Cold and raw the north winds blow, The hills are bleak with pearly snow. To pale cheeks winter brings a glow, Double Mint helps to keep them so. MOTHER GOOSE UP-TO-DATE.

> > Always fresh. So much is sold It can't get old.

There is real Peppermint in WRIGLEY'S DOUBLE MINT—a new and better peppermint flavor—lasting, healthful, antiseptic.

Good for teeth, throat, stomach and digestion.

After every meal.

1-3



ALL-BRAN muffins

2 tablespoonfuls shortening, ¼ cup sugar, 1 egg, 1 cup Kellogg's ALL-BRAN, 1 cup flour, ½ teaspoon soda, ¼ teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoonful baking powder, 1 cup sour milk.

Cream shortening and sugar, add egg. Sift flour, soda, baking powder and salt. To creamed mixture add ALL-BRAN, then milk alternately, with dry ingredients. Pour into greased muffin tins. Bake in moderate oven (370°) for 20 minutes. Yield: 12 large muffins.

Muffins ... bake them tonight for supperand put in a handful of health

You can make uncommonly good brain muffins with Kellogg's ALL-BRAN. As light and fluffy—as richly flavored—as ever you tasted! Extra healthful, too, because of the natural "bulk" they contain.

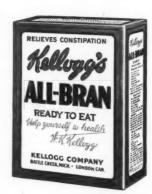
Doctors advocate plenty of healthful bulk in the diet. The large amount of fibre in Kellogg's ALL-BRAN makes it more effective for health, by far, than part-bran products. And because of its true nutlike flavor, it is much better to use in cooking than ordinary tasteless brans.

ALL-BRAN adds its own healthful qualities to any recipe. Makes delicious

bran waffles, puddings and breads. Mix it with hot cereals. Sprinkle it over soups. Use it in dressings.

Bring it to the table every day—as an appetizing cereal or in cooked dishes. Just two tablespoonfuls, eaten daily—chronic cases, with every meal—will prevent faulty elimination.

ALL-BRAN provides the effectiveness of 100% bran in a really delicious form—cooked and krumbled the Kellogg way. At your grocer's. Sold with this definite guarantee: Eat it according to directions. If it does not relieve constipation safely, we will refund the purchase price.



WRITE FOR FREE ALL-BRAN RECIPES AND OTHER HEALTH SUGGESTIONS. HOME ECO-NOMICS DEPT., KELLOGG COMPANY, BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN.

Made in the famous Kellogg Kitchens at Battle Creek by the Kellogg Company—world's largest producers of ready-to-eat cereals. Makers also of Kellogg's Corn Flakes, Pep and Krumbles. Other plants at London, Canada; Sydney, Australia. Distributed in the United Kingdom by the Kellogg Company of Great Britain. Sold by Kellogg agencies throughout the world.

Kelloygis

ALL-BRAN

nervous
"Are
she ask
"No,"
compan
you and
all mor
Plain
long. V
radiant
had fle
washed

McCALL'S

"The the win Kelly found in "Air! "Oh," "Thi He k search of Kelly's astound rapidly it the r pardonn. "Twi called. "Come of Jim so propper Sedan "Au "Thi Sedan Sedan Sedan Sedan Sedan Sedan Sedan Sedan "Air Sedan Sedan Sedan Sedan "Air Sedan Seda

not at fant, Ji Fern an in that swore, of acu He kn under tentage needed And the crook a fuss of what h Late the abs Kelly, peared. o'clock, hospita breathle

astound of the

legacy as Prim Nick a minding Jim, "We Bart. "He ma var an and w dumpec plaining piece."

"She ca

Vivice
"Wh
explain
flannel
straigh
ished v
had to
"My
lessly,
Wha
explain
group
the pu
"Litt
tones,
They
membe

"Ba"Bat
measur
colored

BOHEMIA'S BABY

[Continued from page 21]

nervously about from candle to candle.

nervously about from candle to candle.
"Are you going to the dance tonight?"
she asked. "Nicky's minding the baby."
"No," said Jim gruffly. "I'll keep Nicky
company. It's all right for plutocrats like
you and Kelly to dance all night and sleep
all morning, but I have to work."
Plainly his answer troubled her. Not for
long. When Kelly came, breathless and
radiant from a chess victory, the shadow
had fled. Later while Jim and Nicky
washed the dishes, Pierette and Pierrot
wound up the phonograph and cheek to
cheek danced happily in the firelight.
"The taxi's here," reported Nicky from
the window. "Get a wiggle on."
Kelly furtively consulting his wallet,

the window. "Get a wiggle on."
Kelly furtively consulting his wallet, found in it a familiar tag of memorandum.
"Air!" he said loudly.
"Oh," faltered Fern, "I forgot—"
"I'll air him," said Nicky. "Beat it."
He kept his word. Jim faring forth in search of evening papers, turned back into Kelly's street in twenty minutes and came attendedly upon the tea-wagon bowling.

astoundedly upon the tea-wagon bowling rapidly toward him up the street. Back of it the round alert face of Mr. Finn shone pardonably with pride.

more around the block," he Come on, Jim, I strapped him on."

Jim stared at a warm and woolly bundle

propped against a pillow.
Sedately Kelly's son was crowing.
"A whale of an idea this!" observed
Nicky. "Mrs. Duffy says that for almost
nothing a week her Tilly'll air him on it every day"
To Nicky, that night, Jim regretted the

To Nicky, that night, Jastounding adaptability of the Appendix. He was not at all the sort of infant, Jim contended, for Fern and Kelly. He alone in that mad-house, Jim swore, possessed a sense of acute responsibility. He knew to keep up He knew to keep up under the strain of par-entage such as his, he needed sleep and food. And by hook or by crook and quite without fuss of any kind he got what he needed.

Late one afternoon, in the absence of Fern and Kelly, Kelly's aunt ap-peared. Bart, at five

o'clock, abandoned her to the resourceful hospitality of Nicky Finn, and arriving breathlessly in Jim Clay's studio collapsed on a couch.

"Kelly's aunt Cora," said Bart snickering. "She called. First time. Came down from Connecticut to do some shopping. I have a sort of hunch she disapproved of the legacy and tried to call it off. Almost said so Prim old heavy-weight with a lorgnette. Nick and I," he added casually, "were minding the baby."

minding the baby."

Jim, shuddering, pushed aside his work.
"We rose to the occasion," protested
Bart. "We not only rose to the occasion, I
may even say Nick stepped over it.
He made some fierce tea in the samovar and pushed the tea-wagon around
and when things began to slow down,
dumped out the duffle-bag. He's been explaining the kid's wardrobe, piece by
piece."

Vividly Jim visioned its contents.

"When Nicky got to his leg spirals and explained to her that they were a sincerely flanneled effort to mold his legs in a straight and soldierly manner," Bart finished with a snicker, "I came over here. I had to."

"My Heavens!" exclaimed Jim hope-sly, "What must she think?"

lessly, "What must she think?"

What Aunt Cora thought Aunt Cora explained within the week to an elderly group of Kelly's relatives summoned, for the purpose, to afternoon tea.

"Literally," she urged in sepulchral tones, "I have been gasping ever since. They forgot in the first place, you remember, that a child needed clothes and wrapped it in—in batik."

"Ba—what?" begged a cousin of Kelly's.

"Batik. Batik," explained Aunt Cora measuredly, "is something or other bright-colored and artistic dyed in wax."

Aunt Cora with the deliberation of enjoyed suspense, poured the tea.

joyed suspense, poured the tea.

"When I went in," she began again,
"Kelly's baby had on his legs white flannel spirals like a soldier, green and indigo
Turkish slippers turned up at the toe with
a bell on the heel, a violet batik robe and a bell on the neel, a violet bath robe and a jade bracelet. An unfamiliar young man, a Mr. Mason, produced him from a clothes-basket. They haven't any perambulator. Instead they strap him on the teawagon and an Irish child wheels him up and down the street."

An epidemic of shocked silence settled thickly on the room

An epidemic of shocked shence settled thickly on the room.

"Kelly's piano," continued Aunt Cora, raising her eyebrows, "has been painted green and—and orange. The space under it curtained from view by batik draperies, is their store-room. Anything, Mr. Finn told me, that needs to disappear hastily when the bell rings, goes in there.

"I liked Mr. Finn. His stomach band," continued Aunt Cora, unaware in her

continued Aunt Cora, unaware in her single-mindedness of word grouping, "has on it a wood-block design. Before that he had none at all. No one knew it was needed until Kelly read it in a magazine and cut one out for him of—of red plush. It was significant of the inquisitive con-

centration of her hearers that not one of them attributed the ambiguous stomach bands to Mr. Finn.

KELLY was still getting ready to write and never getting quite ready enough when the Appendix, after an experimental period of crawling and wobbling, elected suddenly to walk. As yet however he had made no effort to talk. It was after the miracle of his walking had become a common-

had become a common-place factor in his life place factor in his life that the Appendix came placidly to shift for him-self. At night with a sleepy gurgle he pre-sented himself to the cur-rent guardian of the eve-ning and mut himself to ning and put himself to bed in the rocking-clothes basket. It was a small basket and Kelly, Ir. was growing fast but so far, it was erroneously believed, he found the basket comfortable. On the eve of the day

that was to end so many things for Fern and Kelly, Jim found him at

the studio window, staring intently at a moving van. From it two men were lifting a battered army cot, a mattress and a pile of blankets. Something about him gave Jim's heart a twist. Somehow he wasn't just a baby. He was a very little solitary boy.

The meager possessions of a Radical

labor leader who was moving into the apartment across the hall from Kelly were by that time on the way upstairs. The Appendix, toddling into the hallway, super-

Appendix, toddling into the hallway, supervised their arrival with fascinated eyes. At six, having planned different sleeping quarters for Mrs. Duffy's new tenant, the police arrived. He was a somewhat hapless habitue of official dwellings, the Radical, and had miscalculated the exact time of an impending arrest. He departed annoyed. Jim went for a walk. Something about the Annendix silhouetted intently about the Appendix silhouetted intently against the window pane that afternoon bothered him. He wandered presently into the park at Sheridan Square and sat down moodily to smoke. His chief grievance he assured himself, was the ridiculous fact that he had agreed to array himself that that he had agreed to array himself that night in an asinine Elizabethan costume with an undersized neck-ruff and accompany Fern and Kelly to a dance while Nicky kept the baby. Yet the dance was not uppermost in his mind. Persistently a lonely little silhouette against a window haunted him. Fern's voice made him jump. "I was sitting over there and saw you," she said abruptly.

Jim made room for her on the bench beside him, conscious of two bright nervous patches in her cheeks. "Jim," she said impetuously, "you're so

"Jim," she said impetuously, "you're so ood—so kind—" Her voice broke. Jim stared at her blankly, his kind eyes

"For an hour now," sobbed Fern in-coherently, her face in her hands. "Over there, thinking. I'm not [Turn to page 96]



What a thrill for the whole family when you serve coconut cake

for dessert! "Why! It's a party!" exclaims the man of the house. And the children forget their manners in their glee.

Coconut dishes appeal to everyone -they are so festive, so delicious. Every time we question housewives, we are astonished at the number (fully 75%) who say that coconut dishes are prime favorites with their families.

And besides tasting so good, nothing could be richer in energygiving food elements. To whole peoples in the tropics, coconut serves as bread, meat and drink.

Bring the party spirit into the home meals by serving coconut desserts more often. And be sure to make them with Baker's Coconut — because no one but the Franklin Baker Company has brought the packing of coconut to such perfection.

Order Baker's Coconut from your grocer today and make tonight's dinner "a party."



BAKER'S SOUTHERN-STYLE, the new moistcked kind in tins-as soft and delicious as if you had just dug it out of the shell yourself. Yet all you have to do is to open a convenient can.

BAKER'S PREMIUM SHRED, in triple-sealed, stay-fresh package, is the familiar old-fashioned kind, but it is hardly fair to call it "dry-shredded" - it is so tender and rich in flavor.



Attractive Recipe Calendar-FREE

Is your grocer hasn't Southern-Style, 10c will bring you a half-size can to try. And an attractive recipe calendar too. Or the recipe calendar alone—free. Address Franklin Baker Company, Dept. McC 2-28, Hoboken, N. J.

FRANKLIN BAKER'S COCONUT

McCAL

"Get the Message Through"

An Advertisement of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company

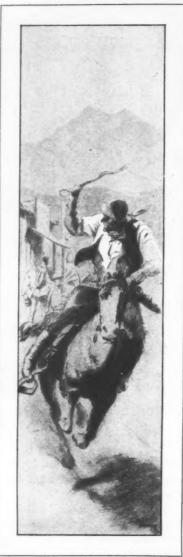
IN THE Sixties the "pony express" carried the mail over mountain and Indian wilderness from St. Joseph, Missouri, to San Francisco. The express riders and station keepers won undying fame for getting the message through, regardless of hardship or danger.

Today, in the city of Denver, there is rising on the site of one of the old pony express corrals another splendid structure dedicated to the service of modern message-bearing-the new headquarters building of one of the companies of the Bell System. In fact and in spirit, the Bell System is the lineal descendant of the pony express.

It is this spirit of responsibility that causes operators to risk their lives by remaining at their switchboards in the face of fire, flood or other great danger. The same spirit calls linemen or repairmen to go out, even at the risk of their lives, to repair the lines in time of accident or storm.

There are no instructions requiring Bell System employees to endanger their lives. It is the spirit of communication that bids them, "Get the message through."







POSITIONS OPEN



I never dreamt such style was possible at such a saving

MAZINGLY successful! With this new Finish-at-Home method, you do not make the dress—you only it! Dresses cut by artists, in the latest Paris and Fifth Avenue finish it! Dresses cut by artists, i very latest Paris and Fifth A styles—at half the price you've paying for ready-made dresses!

need not be experienced at sewing, all the difficult parts—embroidery;

Dresses are cut to your exact size, with full common-sense instructions for fin-ishing them quickly at home. No waste, worry or patterns. Just a few hours easy work and a Fifth Avenue Mode is

FIFTH AVENUE MODES, Inc., Dept. L, 135 Fifth Ave., New York



UNTIL FREE TRIAL APRIL In Your Own Home

In Your Own Home

No Money Down—Direct from Factory

A FAMOUS WING PIANO FOR \$275

THE OLD HOUSE OF WING & SON, founded 1868, wishes you to try one of its rare instruments in your home FREE till April, 1928. Hear its rich inspiring tone. go-year guarantes. Sent direct to you—freight paid by us. Our direct-from-factory prices will save you \$150 to \$300; if not satisfied return at our expense. Planos, player-pianos and grands. Easy terms arranged.

The Book of Complete

Sent FREE with catalog of 38 styles, factory prices.

Sent FREE with catalog of 38 styles, factory prices, and free trial offer. Write TODAY!

[Founded 1888]
Dept. 90-83
13th Street and 9th Avenue New York WING & SON,

BOHEMIA'S BABY

[Continued from page 95]

selling anything but at least I do work.. Oh, it isn't right, Jim. It isn't right! And it isn't fair to Uncle Egbert. He thinks Kelly has to wait for inspirstion people think that, Jim. You know it isn't so . . . You just have to work . . . I so . . . You just have to work . . . I tried to think—I wouldn't face it but Kelly is—Oh, Jim!"

Awkwardly Jim patted her hand. As usual the comforting word eluded him. And what comfort was there? It wasn't

right. And Kelly was lazy. Abruptly Fern was on her feet, her blazing dark

eyes wet.

"Let's go," she said. "I was a fool.

Don't—don't talk to me about it,

Jim, I couldn't stand it." Wistfully he obeyed.
And that night the Appendix dis-

S TRANGELY the of a banker had a hand in those hours turmoil. Finn, dispatched by

terminable hours for the verdict of a jury, arrived at "The Nest" exhausted by two sleepless days of writing and waiting and went heavily to sleep on a window seat. When he awoke the clock was striking four and the fire was out. Some one was lighting fresh candles. Fantastic costumes in the first dazed minutes of waking loomed in fearful blots out of the candle-light. A Robin Hood, a gypsy, a Pierrot and a motley group behind him.

"Well," said Kelly's big cheerful voice, "we're home. Wake up, Nicky old scout, and help cook some breakfast. Who's got the rolls?"

Lamp light dissolved the haze. It re-

Lamp light dissolved the haze.

vealed Jim, tired and disgusted in his un-der-sized neck-ruff, standing near the

"Where," said Jim in an ominously quiet tone, "is the kid?" Always after it pleased Jim to remem-ber that Fern and Kelly moved so quickly

toward the basket.
"The kid," said Nicky stupidly. "In the basket.

"No."
Nicky touched his head. "He backed up to me to be undressed," he began, seeming to check off muddled memories, "and we had a sort of rough house getting him into his night gown. He likes that and then he crowed and climbed into the and then he crowed and climbed into the basket. It was warm and I opened the

door—"
Fern caught her breath.
"The door!" said Kelly.
They followed him soberly into empty, silent halls. Mrs. Duffy, muffled in something faded, appeared fearfully from the basement with a lamp. "What is it?" she whispered hoarsely.
Jim told her.
"Och, somebody's taken him in," she said confidently and rapped at the nearest door. Her surmise was wrong. No one had

door. Her surmise was wrong. No one had taken him in. No one had seen him.
"Kelly!" said Fern, shaking. "The front door—was it open? Sometimes—sometimes it is."

"I reached for my keys," said Kelly, white and sick, "and then the wind rattled it—yes. Yes, it was open."

Jim's hand came down heavily on his shoulder. "Steady!" he said.

"There's no place we haven't looked," cried Mrs. Duffy despairingly. "Oh, the poor lamb!"

"There's no place we haven't looked," cried Mrs. Duffy despairingly. "Oh, the poor lamb!"

"Hush!" said Jim sharply. "There's the vacant apartment—the Radical's room."

"Locked!" s a i d Mrs. Duffy. Fern sobbed. Jim appropriated her lamp.

"We'll see," he said curtly.

It was not locked. The yellow ray of the dirty lamp he held aloft in the doorway fell dimly on the Radical's bed and the dark tousled head of a sleeping child. No one had tucked him in. The Appendix of necessity had done that for himself, crawling somehow into the unaccustomed comfort of softness, space and sheets. One grimy hand clutched at the pillow. His face marked stickily with the imprint of a lolly-pop, bore a look of ineffable content. Jim slipped quietly into the room. It filled behind him. He heard Fern cry out

and Kelly speak to her and wheeled upon

and Kelly speak to ner and wheeled upon them, an angry moistness in his eyes. "Look!" he said. His tone stung. Kelly flushed. "The bed of course," he said slowly. "I—I didn't know he'd ever seen one."

said stowy.
seen one."

"Many's the time," cried Mrs. Duffy,
"when my Tillie's brought him in on the
tea wagon, I've tucked him up in Petie's
bed. And once even he tried to climb into
it hisself, poor darlin', but 'twas not so
low as the army cot."

"This afternoon," blazed Jim,

"he saw that bed moved in. He stood in the window. What he wants, he gets somehow. He has to. Nobody helps him... Good heavens, Kelly, wake up! Lock your door on this sociable bunch of birds who've turned

your home into a club-house,
Lock it, get to work
and buy that kid a
bed! Why should he
sleep in a basket?"
He tore off his neckruff and threw it into

space. "Pierette and Pierrot," he flung out. "Chess and jazz and the nimble hoof, free verse drivel and froth and talk on som verse drivel and froth and talk on some-body else's money. Free verse ! " He pointed accusingly at the child in the bed. "There's part of your job, Fern, and Kelly, part of yours. Work and buy him things with his father's money." He met Fern's anguished glance with unpitying directness. "Give him a mother. Why should he shift for himself? He's too little . . ."

He set down the lamp and went roughly through the crowd at the door. They fol-lowed him dumbly. Only Fern and Kelly

lowed him dumbly. Only Fern and Kelly lingered.
Placidly in the Radical's bed the Appendix went on with his slumbers. Fern in a chair by the window, started piteously at the bed, her big eyes dark and tragic. Kelly stood as he had been standing now it seemed for hours, one hand resting on the bureau. After a time he too sat. His clouded glance rested unhappily on a table. On it lay the fiery speech upon which the Radical had been working when the law arrived. There was a pencil there the law arrived. There was a pencil there and blank pages. Life came impetuously into Kelly's eyes. He bent over the bed.

"Old timer," he said huskily. "I'm going to write a whale of a story and buy you a bad."

a bed."

The broadening ray of the sun enveloped presently a blond Pierrot in a cloud of smoke. Wild, scrawling pages lay under his hand. His eyes burned. Blank pages had disappeared and he was writing irreverently on the back of the Radical's

"Kelly!" Fern stood in the doorway,

speech.

"Kelly!" Fern stood in the doorway, her eyes dilated.

"I think I've earned the head board," said Kelly, "and one or two slats."

His tired eyes smiled. Fern turned away.

"Don't!" she cried sharply. "Don't look at me that way. And don't speak to me kindly. I—I don't deserve it. I—I've thought such bitter things. Yesterday I—I wanted to go away from you. I thought I couldn't live on Uncle Egbert's money unless you—unless you—but I've been just as bad. I ducked my job, too—the baby. This morning—when I thought he was gone and maybe in the streets and hurt—and then we found him—and he lay there so—so little—just a dear funny little boy—my baby—something hot broke in my heart. Kelly—I can be his mother—I can—I can!"

The seeh had broken its shell, She cried

heart. Kelly—I can be his mother—I can —I can!"

The sob had broken its shell. She cried wildly in Kelly's arms.

On the Radical's bed, Kelly, Jr. stirred and crowed. And swelling suddenly he grunted. It was a small, drowsy primitive grunt of comfort and Fern wheeling caught him in her arms. Kelly, Jr. blinked and crowed. And swelling suddenly he spoke a word. It was possible Kelly's son had been stirred to explosive announcement by the casual arrival of Bud, Mrs. Duffy's cat, but the word, Fern thought, was plainly "Bed!"

"Bed!" said Kelly queerly. "Bed! Poor little beggar! I think, Fern," he added, "we'll rent this room as a sort of annex. Patently after the mess of last night, we need a room for glaring candors."

stared face of brillia recogn were "I'n for you kissed She I hate

quietly Mrs. interest it's ver good." "I d ing to I'm go A b could a with M

can arr Soli cried. " death o "I qu said her "I c mother, quietly, left the

"I ca Marie.

CROS to call everythi in touch room wi "Yes, at the o "Of co You war modern "With

With up her t worthy b not just "Ah," what you distinguis

broke in

Soli no identity," made ver ful." Her ne nk from And five Hastening engaged chases ha pings lay bathed ha girl dressi on her n snap had on tied.

She say squirrel co hat down reflection. gether, she

ddress gi A tiny the aparts after one a confronted threw her "Thank

CLEVER GIRL

[Continued from page 17]

stared at her reflection in the mirror.

Soli, at twenty-five had the unmarked face of a girl of sixteen, and a mind so brilliant that she could not fail to gain recognition by virtue of it. Her thoughts

"I'm twenty-five. Not much time left for youth, and I want it more than anything in the world. You've lived a quarter of a century and no man has ever kissed you! Has ever wanted to!"

She spoke out loud suddenly. "You, with your heavy lines and that clever look.

I hate you! You've stolen life from me. But something has happened tonight and I'm changed inside."

FEW evenings later, Soli called her A mother and sister into the drawing-

"I'm going away," she remarked quietly. "I hope nobody will mind."
Mrs. Millerand looked at her with interest. "Mind, Soli? I'm sure I think it's very nice. A little trip will do you read."

"I don't mean a trip, mother. I'm going to stay right here in San Francisco. I'm going to live in an apartment with another girl."

another girl."

A bomb exploding before their eyes could not have caused more disturbance with Mrs. Millerand and the plump Marie. "I can't see any sense in that," cried Marie. "If it's quiet you want, Soli, we can arrange things better here."

Soli sprang to her feet. "Quiet!" she cried. "But I don't want quiet. I'm sick to death of quiet I want excitement!"

cred. "But I don't want quet. I'm sick to death of quiet. I want excitement!"

"I quite fail to understand you, Soli," said her mother coldly.

"I don't quite understand myself, mother, so I can scarcely expect you to. However, I'm going tomorrow." And quietly, before they could say a word, she left them

CROSSING the bay from her home in Berkeley, Soli hastened to the ferry building early next morning. She hurried

to call up her understanding friend, Eleanor Abbot.

"Hello, this is Soli. Yes, I've settled everything. And here I am. Did you get in touch with the little girl that I am to with?"

"Yes, dear, I did," returned the voice at the other end of the line.
"Of course. I know what's back of this.

You want to write a new story about the modern girl—"

With all the last-moment trimmings,"

broke in Soli. "You've guessed it."

With the address secured, Soli picked up her traveling bag and boarded one of the cars bound up Market Street, proceeding directly to one of the most note-worthy beauty parlors in the city. "I want my hair cut," she stated. "But

not just bobbed. And not frizzy."

"Ah," said the woman, "I know just what you want. Something youthful, yet distinguished."

y,

, 19

ht

re

ed

Soli nodded. "I want to lose my old identity," she confided. "I want to be made very different. And perhaps beauti-

Her next four hours were spent hurry-Her next four hours were spent nurrying from one exclusive shop to another.
And five o'clock saw her lists complete.
Hastening to the hotel room that she had
engaged for the day, she found her purchases had preceded her. An entrancing
pile they were—queer boxes, round and
square and oblong. Under their crisp wrapnings law exquisite, frazile beauty. She pings lay exquisite, fragile beauty. She bathed hastily. Then slowly, "ke a little girl dressing for her first party, Soli put on her new finery. Only when the last snap had been adjusted and the final ribbon tied, did she stand before the long

mirror and look upon the new Soli.

She saw some one distracting—audacous—disturbing. She slipped into the gray squirrel coat, tugged a gentian-blue taffeta hat down over one eye, and smiled at her reflection. Then, gathering her things together, she tripped light-heartedly to the address given her by Eleanor.

A tiny girl with pert, red lips opened the apartment door at her knock and after one glance at the radiant vision that confronted her gave a shriek of inv and

after one glance at the radiant vision that confronted her, gave a shriek of joy and threw her arms around Soli.
"Thank goodness, you're real!" she

cried. "Abby said you were clever, and I knew it would be the limit to be cooped

up here with a clever one."

Soli giggled deliciously. "Me clever!
That's funny!"

Tossing her coat over a chair and pull-

Tossing her coat over a chair and pun-ing off her hat, she slipped an arm through Molly's and they strolled off on a tour of

"It's not so swanky," said Molly, "but it's a place where nobody is boss but yourself. But say, I don't know what to call you, can you feature that? Abby just called you Miss Miller."

"My name's Soli."
"Soli, I like that," Molly said. "It's full of French pep—but kinda soulful. Where de you work?"

of French pep—but kinda soulful. Where de you work?"

Soli hesitated. "Oh, I just do special typing now and then. For Miss Abbot and a few other people."

"How wonderful. Then you'll always be on tap for a party. Reminds me, it's getting late, and we're being partied tonight. To celebrate you, you know. But, golly, I was wondering how Shane would swallow you. That was when I thought you were clever. Shane likes 'em butterflies."

"Who is Shane?" Soli asked hastily.

"Oh, Shane Maleine. Shane is nice. He's not like our crowd though. He's different. He has wads of money, but he never falls for one girl long. I hope he likes you, Soli."

S OLI'S heart gave an ecstatic little leap at her first glimpse of Shane Maleine, and in that second she wished, somehow, that she had not rouged her lips quite so brilliantly. But that dismayed little half-thought was forgotten in her second one of thankfulness that the boy who was to usher her into her first evening of ad-venture should look as Shane Maleine

As for Shane, he showed more and more his interest in her as the evening progressed, and while Soli was not quite certain what it was about her that was effecting his conquest, she could not but note its recults. its results.

When the party finally broke up, it was nearly morning. Shane tucked Soli into his car and turned to her, asking, "Why not drive out to the ocean and meet the

Soli threw back her head with a de-ant little gesture. "All right. Speed fiant

ahead!"
Reaching the rim of the ocean, they sat for a time in silence, looking out over the sweep of the water. "And you like this?" Shane asked, throwing a hand towards the city. "Dancing all night until morning and flirting with every man you meet. Oh, I know," meeting her flaring glance, "you've been flirting with me."
Soil smiled suddenly. "Like it? I love it. As for flirting with you. Well, what if I have? It's only like putting on a mask of satin and black Chantilly, so that if by chance one gives a smile a shade too inviting, it is clearly understood that they are given only in a spirit of carnival."

are given only in a spirit of carnival."

Shane smiled quizzically, "Yes, I guess you're right; though I'd hardly expect you to express it in that way. Naturally, I shall kiss you."

Soli stoke a best lock at him "To.

I shall kiss you."
Soli stole a hasty look at him. "Do you want to kiss me, Shane?"
He hesitated, then laughed rather shamefacedly. "No. Funny thing, Soli, I rather hate to. Naturally you won't understand, but you are the first girl who has ever made me wish she were different."
"Different? How?"
"Oh. I don't know. It's hard to define.

"Different? How?"

"Oh, I don't know. It's hard to define.
How old are you? Twenty? Twentyone? And you've been stepping around
for, say, four years. I can't help a queer,
unexplainable feeling that if I'd met you tonight and you'd come to me unkissed, I'd have cared."

Soli was very quiet for a moment. "So you'd rather not kiss me."

"Remembering what you might have been to me, I'd rather not."

"Funny, you men," she whispered, a bit white about the lips. "Do you know, I'd never heard your philosophy of life quite so clearly expressed before. Rather cads, all of you—aren't you? I hadn't realized you were all so universally contemptible."

He was silent for a [Turn to page 98]



Nothing Cleans Teeth LIKE POWDER

Just ask your dentist

IF you want the whitest, cleanest teeth possible, just try this; the oldest and most reliable way of all to clean teeth.

For over sixty years, since 1866, dentists everywhere, have prescribed Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder because of its superior cleansing qualities.

It is only the powder part of a dentifrice that cleans and naturally a dentifrice that is ALL POWDER cleans best. That is why your dentist, when cleaning your teeth, as you know, always uses powder.

Teeth simply cannot remain dull and film coated when Dr. Lyon's is used. While it removes all the stain and tartar and actually polishes the teeth as it cleans, it cannot possibly scratch or injure the most delicate enamel, as SIXTY YEARS of constant use has shown.

Dr. Lyon's has stood the test of time as nothing else could. Thousands have found it safe, reliable and unequalled throughout an entire lifetime of constant

use. It is the only dentifrice old enough

be by the body the body to prove it can preserve teeth for life.

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder keeps your teeth REALLY CLEAN, and clean teeth mean firm, healthy gums and the least possible tooth decay.

Its rich, cleansing properties penetrate every pit and crevice, reaching every particle of food, or foreign matter, lodged therein. Thus, it leaves the mouth sweet and clean, the breath pure, and its cooling refreshing after taste is delightful.

Brush your teste is designature.

Brush your teeth twice each day with
Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder; consult your
dentist regularly to be on the safe side
and you will be doing the very utmost to
protect your teeth. Make this test if you
want whiter, cleaner and more beautiful
teeth

You can get Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder at any drug store, or toilet goods counter. You will find it not only more efficient, but it costs less than most anything else you

Campbell's Automatic Electric

Fireless Range You Will Love It On Sight

ready—the most wonderful electric range ever offered. Made with new quick ring



Cook As Fast As Gas Cook As Fast As Gas
40 per cent more efficient,
40 per cent less electricity
and less cooking time. Just
think of it—boil water and
cook food as fast es gas.
Results are astonishing.
Never before has any one
offered an electric range as
quick to operate—simple,
practical, time-saving, economical, attractive, and
truly beautiful in design.

Write and Get My Factory Price
Ask for our new big catalog and special introductory offer, Low cash price—or easy payments, Direct from factory to user, Here's where you can positively get the finest electric range that you could desire and at a wonderfully low factory-to-you price. You will like the price—it will give you a world of satisfactory service, 30 days trial. Money backif you are not entirely satisfied. Write today for catalog.

factory service. 30 days trial. Money backs 1 you are not entirely satisfied. Write today for catalog.

THE WILLIAM CAMPBELL COMPANY
1302 Union Avenue, Alliance, Ohio
Mfrs. of a full line of low priced electric stoves

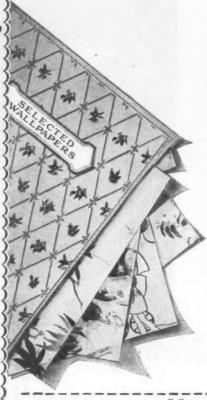
McCA

Wallpaper Works Wonders

There's a right paper for each room in your home—and this portfolio will help you find it.

AS A PRACTICAL HELP to home-owners, the Service Committee of the Wallpaper Manufacturers' Association has selected 25 representative wallpapers, actual sam-ples of which are included in this illustrated portfolio.

These designs are widely distributed and priced to offer papers suitable for almost any kind of room in any type of home.



Wallpaper Manufacturers' Association
461 Eighth Avenue, New York, N. Y. e your Portfolio of Selected Wallpapers



Send This Coupon Today

MORE than \$75,000 will be distributed among churches this year through this McCall Church Plam. If your church esires extra funds for some special purpose such as purchasing a memorial, new hymn books, a new carpet, redecorating that must be done, unexpected repairs, or perhaps to help meet general expenses, McCall's Magazine will be glad to make it possible for you to secure \$100.00 or even more.

DEPT. 2B McCALL'S MAGAZINE.

McCall Street, Dayton, Ohio.

Please tell me how, without obligation or expense, I can secure \$100.00, or more, for my Church.

Name .	0	0	0	6	*	*			×	*	*	*	*		*	×	*	×	*	×	×	×	×	*		. ,					×	*	
Local Address																																	
City & State																																	
Name o			•				* /							•						•	•		•	•	•					•	•		

CLEVER GIRL

[Continued from page 97]

moment. Then with evident difficulty he remarked, "Hadn't you better explain a little?"

Soli nodded and smiled. "As clearly as you explained me? Can't you see that it is your own common creed that has cheated you? You want the unkissed girl. But you play around with lots of other girls in the meantime. And when you meet a new girl, as you have me, do you ever stop to wonder if, by any chance, she has missed the kissing mill? Not you! You just label her 'kissed' if she's the least bit attractive."

Shane's lips were drawn in a narrow line. "I say, Soli, you're pretty bitter.

line. "I say, Soli, you're pretty bitter. The girls like it, don't they?" "Who says so? Girls can have all the fun they want, though none of you believe it, from just dancing and fun. Now, take me home. I suppose I've broken all the rules of the game, but I don't care if I have."

"Wull" retorted Shane, jabbing savagely.

Well," retorted Shane, jabbing savagely at the self-starter, "you haven't spared the men any." And swinging back into the road again, he sped in silence back through

the morning to Soli's new home. Then:
"Look here, Soli! I've made rather an
ass of myself tonight. But I really want
to see more of you. Can't I take you to
lunch?"

"Lunch?" Soli shook her head. "When

"Lunch?" Soli shook her head. "When do you think I sleep? I never make luncheon engagements."
"Oh," he said stiffly. "I forgot your mode of living for the moment. Well, I suppose there'll be another shindig tonight. May I take you to whatever it is?"
Soli considered him thoughtfully, then murmured speculatively. "You've a nice car, and you seem to have plenty of money, and you dance divinely. Afterall, I suppose there's no reason why you shouldn't. I'll tell you. I'll go with you whenever you please, for exactly as long as you don't try to kiss me."
Shane smiled wryly: "It's a go."

AND so there commenced a period of excitement for Soli such as she had never dreamed of in her most extrava-

gent imaginings.

Shane was Soli's escort on all these par-Shane was Soli's escort on all these parties, though as time went by, he seemed to enter less and less into the spirit of them. And while he kept to the letter the agreement that he and Soli had made upon that early Summer morning, it is not to be denied that, with the passing of the weeks he heame more and more of the weeks, he became more and more aware of her attractions. Soli had thrown all sense of discretion and judgment to the winds, and she startled even Molly's set with her recklessness and her dare-

deviltry.

It was a warm Summer evening. The laughter of children was carried in from the street on the hesitant breezes, and Shane had telephoned Soli earlier to say he was tied up for several hours with a business conference. He had begged her to be good and to go to bed early, to get to be good and to go to bed early, to get a much-needed rest. Soli had half promised, though she had added that she was afraid that if she stayed home, some of the crowd would drop in to console her. "Send them home," returned Shane. "You really need the rest, Soli. And if I get out by ten-thirty or so, I'll drop around to see if you are all right."

It was nearre leeven-thirty when Shane stood before Soli's door. He found her the center of an informal group.

"Hi, Shane, old darlin," cried a voice from one corner. "Join up. We're going to have a party. Soli has a party gleam in her eye—but we don't know just where to stage the thing."

to stage the thing.'

to stage the thing."
"Sure, Shane, dear," murmured a yellow-headed girl almost under his feet,
"Get the old bean working on something real extreme. Soli needs pepping up."
Pepping up! At that something seemed to snap in Shane's head. He saw the nervous trembling of Soli's hands and the violet shadows that were drifting beneath her eyes. Heedless of the scene he was her eyes. Heedless of the scene he was making, he burst out: "Yes, and you're all on the job to do the pepping. You idiots! You can't see that she's worn out. Why don't you get out and let her have one decent evening?"

There was a dead silence, then a jumbled confusion as Soli started to remonstrate shrilly, while the others left the

room.
As the door closed after them, Soli turned to Shane, her eyes blazing with resentment. "What do you mean, Shane Maleine, by coming to my party and acting like that?"
"Your party?" Shane looked at her with

'Your party?" Shane looked at her with

"Your party?" Shane looked at her with an expression of scorn, shame and amazement. "Well, if that's the way you feel about it you'll not be bothered with me again. No doubt you'll be pleased, though you seem to like having me around under your foot like a tame dog. But I'm sick of the whole thing!"

"Perhaps you'll explain, since you are so good at explaining things!" said Soli.

"I suppose it's really all my fault for believing in you. I put you on a pedestal and gave you a heart and a soul and Heaven knows you don't possess either! You want too many thrills and too much admiration. Your whole life is wrong. And it is killing everything sweet and youthadmiration, Your whole life is wrong, And it is killing everything sweet and youthful in you. But you count the game well worth the loss. So play it. But I'm not going to be here to watch!"

Soli smiled a little, bitter smile. "And so you think all these things of me?"

"Was there anything else I could think?"

She throughout here head proudly. "I

think?"
She threw back her head proudly. "I think you'd better go!" she cried. "But just let me tell you one thing first. You have more than convinced me that the previous opinion you gave me of men was correct," and turning, she ran into the bedroom and slammed the door.

*HE next seven days of Soli's life were THE next seven days of Soli's life were bitter things. She loved Shane and she had lost all faith in him. Perhaps the clever girl who had once been Soli would have met her disillusionment sanely and bravely, but the old Soli was no more, and the new Soli had much more than a gifted pen. This was a Soli who had found life, had flashed like a flame along its

life, had flashed like a flame along its highways, had found her heart and her lover, and had lost both.

And so the third Soli was born. A different girl from the one Molly loved—a different Soli from the girl who had crossed the bay one Spring morning with adventure in her eyes and a wish in her heart. The little intangible barriers that had claimed the admiration and allegiance of men and yet had kept her clear of their more maudlin demonstrations of affection, were all shattered now with studied completeness.

affection, were all shattered now with studied completeness.
"Aw, Soli, don't!" Molly would cry.
"You're too good for them, honey."
But she pleaded in vain.
However the frail body of a girl is quick to reach the limit of endurance. With the coming of the tenth day, Soli opened her eyes and neither tried to, nor could, rise. Molly, in terror, would have called a doctor, but so vehement was Soli's refusal to see one that she feared to cross her. Throughout the long hours of the day Molly stared at her side, trying to arouse her. At last, when evening was near, she telephoned in desperation to Shane to come at once.

near, she templooned.
Shane to come at once.
Molly was waiting for him out in the

hallway when he arrived.
"Shane!" she cried, "I'm so frightened.
Soli's sick."

Soli's sick."

"Soli sick! What's wrong?"
She shook her head. "I don't know. She's been like something wild ever since that night. She has danced and danced.

. . . And hardly ever ate anything at all.
. . I begged her to so hard . . . And even that wasn't the worst."

Shane caught her hands in his. "Molly, don't tell me anything more! I can't stand it."

"I've got to. You know how Soli was. No one ever made love to her or touched her. Now it's different. She doesn't seem to care any more-and Soli couldn't stand

to care any more—and Son couldn't stat."

Shane whitened. "Molly, Molly, what have I done? I've heard—about Soli. Molly, can I see Soli now?"

"I know she wouldn't see you. But go in, anyway. You've got to do something."

He patted her hand. "Don't worry, dear. Things will come out all right."

Molly looked up at him with her clear eyes. "Do you love her, Shane?"

"Yes, Molly, very [Turn to page 101]

Coffee Spi two eggs; add 2 cups ing Powde 1/4 teaspoo wo grease in moderat

Mocha Ici butter and tablespoon

of these representative New England doctors

"Cream of Tartar Baking Powder is most healthful - - "



Frosty Fruit Cake—a delicious, inexpensive Royal layer cake. Figs, cherries and pineapple added to a boiled frosting, make this delectable filling

366 PHYSICIANS in New England recently recorded an opinion on baking

Ever alert to safeguard health, 81% of these authoritative men unhesitatingly stated their belief that "a Cream of Tartar baking powder is the most healthful."

Cream of Tartar is a natural fruit product of ripe grapes. For generations it has been recognized as the most wholesome and healthful of any ingredient from which baking powder can be made. Long before there were any baking powders as we know them

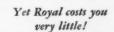
today, our grandmothers used Cream of Tartar, along with baking soda, to make their delicious cakes and biscuits rise.

But Cream of Tartar is a costly ingredient, imported into this country from the shores of the Mediterranean— Contains no alum famous for the quality of their grapes. And because it is so costly, cheaper substitutes are sometimes used in baking powder.

In fact, Royal is the only Cream of Tartar baking powder that is sold throughout the United States

In spite of the costliness of Cream of Tartar, for more than 50 years we have imported it for use in Royal Baking Powder, so that housewives may always have this most wholesome leavening agent.

Royal always leavens perfectly. It makes your cakes, quick breads and pastries deliciously light and tender, and it never leaves a bitter taste. It contains no alum.



It takes only 2c worth of Royal to make a large layer cake deliciously light and tender. And there is no waste to Royal, for it keeps its leavening qualities indefinitely, so that the last teaspoonful in the can is as good as the first.



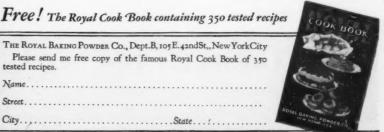
no bitter taste

THE ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., Dept.B, 105 E. 42ndSt., New York City Please send me free copy of the famous Royal Cook Book of 350 tested recipes.

City......State...



Coffee Spice Cake: Cream 1/3 cup shortening and I cup sugar and beat until light; beat in the yolks of two eggs; add slowly 1/4 cup strong cold coffee; then add 2 cups flour sifted with 3 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder, 1/4 teaspoon salt, I teaspoon cinnamon, 1/4 teaspoon cloves, 1/4 teaspoon allspice; mix well; fold in well beaten whites of eggs. Pour into two greased and floured square layer tins and bake in moderate oven at 350° F. 25 to 30 minutes. Macha Icing and Filling: Cream 1½ tablespoons butter and 2½ cups confectioner's sugar; add 2½ tablespoons cocoa, 4 tablespoons strong coffee and ½ teaspoon salt. Stir until smooth. Spread between layers and on top of cake.



Coffee blended with coffee ___ patiently and skillfully

** taste joined with taste to win the first real nation-wide fame that ever came to a coffee



EARS AGO a southerner of the old South, born with a genius for flavor.

Today a special shade of richness that is changing the habits of a nation.

It was to please the great families of old Dixie that Joel Cheek worked long to create this blend.

Hundreds of different kinds and grades of coffee from many distant lands—countless natural flavors! Yet in the old South, as today, no single one could satisfy those men and women who loved to linger over their morning cup of coffee.

Growing to manhood in that land of good living, Joel Cheek dreamed of a flavor no one had ever tasted. What endless labor! Months of combining and recombining, of testing and rejecting.

Behind that shade of mellow goodness which Joel Cheek finally perfected, lay the skillful mingling of many flavors. Taste joined with taste. Coffee blended with coffee.

The news of it spread far and wide

From the start Joel Cheek's blend won favor in the distinguished homes of Dixie. Long ago it became the first choice of the whole South.

Today it has won such fame as never before came to a coffee. Known to the South alone a few years ago, Maxwell House Coffee is now the first ever to be approved by critical men and women throughout the entire United States.

The news of that special touch of mellow richness has spread swiftly to the cities of the North and West. Everywhere it has brought a new experience to those who enjoy and value the fine things of life. Maxwell House is today by far the largest selling coffee in the country—the most popular of all, in a long list of our great cities.

An adventure awaits you and your family in the smooth, full-bodied liquor of this blend. The shade of difference in Maxwell House Coffee will bring you a new idea of how good a cup of coffee can actually be. When you pour your first cup, when the first breath of its aroma reaches you, you will understand why it has become so famous.

Grocers have Maxwell House Coffee in sealed, blue tins. Cheek-Neal Coffee Company, Nashville, Houston, Jacksonville, Richmond, New York, Los Angeles, Chicago.

Tune in! Noted artists in superb programs every Thursday—Maxwell House Coffee Radio Hour, 9 p. m. Eastern Time, 8 p. m. Central Time: wjz, wbz,wbza,wham,kdka,wjr,kyw,wtmj,woc,who, wow,wgms,ksd,wdaf,kvoo,wbap,kprc,wsb,wsm, wmc,whas,wlw,wbal, wrva, wbt, wjax. 8 p. m. Pacific Time: kgw, kfoa, khq. Mondays 7 p. m. Pacific Time: ksl. Tuesdays 8 p. m. Pacific Time: kmtr. Wednesdays 8 p. m. Pacific Time: kfrc.

The most famous hotel in the old South, the Maxwell House in Nash ville! It was there that Joel Cheek's blend of coffees first won fame "Good to

the last drop"

Maxwell House Coffee

It is pleasing more people than any other coffee ever offered for sale

much,"
"The think I Shan Soli. M

McCA

Slowlia sad li She s forgive, "I ca Won't Stead you? O You doo kissed sered. "My done to "Why didn't to but ever

played Shane

Surely I give me But S bitternes "No. cared, y tired—to why I c been kis I'd never with you was hea and your and I was "I do dear, no but I'm

But she to tease he After the little sent threatening "I've to just to tea He can he hear me."

"And E For a me."

CLEVER GIRL

[Continued from page 98]

much," he said tenderly.

"Then, Shane," shyly, "tell her so. I think maybe she loves you, too."

Shane was shocked by the change in Soli. Moving quickly to her side, he knelt down by the big bed and gently taking her hands in his, said softly, "Soli, it's Shane. I came to you. I had to come. Can you forgive me?"

Slowly Soli's eyes opened, then widened, a sad little smile in them.

She sighed wearily. "There's nothing to forgive, Shane. Please go away."

"I can't go away, dear. I love you. Won't you marry me, Soli?"

Steadily she looked at him. "Marry you? Oh, no, Shane, I'll not marry you. You don't want to marry me. I've been kissed so very many times." She shuddered.

dered.
"My dear, my dear, what have we done to you?"
"Why, nothing very much, Shane. You didn't understand. I was hurt at first; but even that is over now. There's nothing lift! I guess but being tired. I've been

didn't understand. I was hurt at first; but even that is over now. There's nothing left, I guess, but being tired. I've been rather a wild girl, I'm afraid; and I've played very hard—and not very wisely."
Shane, lifting his eyes to hers, touched her face with tender hands. "Dear little Soli, you can forget all that, can't you? Surely I can make you happy again. Forgive me. And, Soli, marry me."
But Soli still shook her head and the bitterness did not leave her voice.
"No. It might have been, Shane. I cared, you see. But it's all changed. I'm tired—too tired to talk. But I'll tell you why I came to Molly. You see, I'd never been kissed. I'd never had a sweetheart. I'd never been to a party. I'd never played with young people. But your heart said I was heartless and reckless and wicked, and your eyes told you I was shopworn—and I was only hunting for adventure."

"I don't care where you came from, dear nor what you've done. I was hind.

"I don't care where you came from, dear, nor what you've done. I was blind, but I'm begging you to forgive me for that. Nothing counts but the Soli that I

love. The one that I'll never stop loving."

"No, no, you don't love me: I'm changed, I tell you. It may mean nothing to you—the kisses I've had and given—but they've changed me. I'll never forget them, nor would you."

"I've already forgotten them, dear."

"But I can't. It's no good, Shane. Do you know who I was? Solange Millerand. I was clever, Shane, and my hair was dull and untidy. My face was heavy and white. That was the real Soli. I couldn't have won your love then. But my heart! Ah, Shane, it was filled with ecstasy, with the scent of wild plum blossoms on the garden wind. It was a breathless heart, Shane, and a wistful one. And I buried it away under paint and powder and tinsel. I made myself cheap and tawdry. And you loved it at first sight, and then you thought that there was nothing but tinsel there, and you threw it away."

"You've never lost that wistful heart, Soli. Won't you believe that I've felt it was there? It was because I wanted so much more than tinsel that I couldn't trust what my own heart told me. I loved your beauty, dear, but I wanted more than that. I wanted something that you seemed to be hiding from me? I can never give you up, Soli."

The light flooded Soli's eyes, and she whispered; "Oh, Shane, if I could only believe it! If I could only think I wasn't changed and that I was still Soli—"

"Soli, my dear, my foolish little girl. Will you marry me?"

Her lips trembled, and she turned her face to his. "Yes, Shane," she whispered. "I'll marry you. Though I shouldn't. I don't know what I am."

"Oh, heart of mine, I can tell you. You are Soli, with the curly head of a child and the eyes of a mother and the mouth of an enchantress. You are Soli, so wise and so foolish, so fragile and yet so powerful. Soli, the exquisite. Soli, the inangible. And above all these things, you

and so foolish, so fragile and yet so powerful. Soli, the exquisite. Soli, the intangible. And above all these things, you are—just Soli."

THE YOUNG GHOST

[Continued from page 24]

knew there was more to tell.

"And then?" I prompted gently.

"Bobbel would never have believed that stuff if I'd been alive," she defended him. "His grief made him restless and that stuff if to been anvey." She defended him. "His grief made him restless and sleepless and—well, not quite himself. And when he lay awake at night he'd think over the things people said. At first, he knew they weren't true. He'd lie in bed pretending he held my hand. So I'd take his hand, and I'd smooth his hair, and sometimes he'd go to sleep. He didn't know I was there. He's funny that way. But he woke up in the morning feeling better. He'd laugh sometimes and seem just like himself. But, still, he couldn't sleep very well; and he'd think all night about the things people said. They said: 'How could she have drowned by accident? She was perfectly healthy.' Well, I was; but I did. And I died just the wrong time. I'd been teasing Bobbel. You see I married him so quick when he asked me, and I—I admitted no one had ever asked me before. And he used to tease me about it. So when Keene Everett would tell me all about how he'd been awfully in love with me but afraid to propose it was sort of fint to listen. love with me but afraid to propose it was sort of fun to listen—and it was always nice to tell Bob—because he'd get pro-voked—just a little. But the night before voked—just a little. But the night before I died he got more provoked than usual and said I wasn't to go riding with Keene any more. And I said I wanted to go just once more—to say good-by."

Her rapid recital came to an abrupt stop. The interest of telling her story had carried her along, and now she suddenly remembered where it was leading her.

But she managed to add: "I said it just to tease him."

After that she could choke out only one

DE

After that she could choke out only one the sentence at a time between the

threatening sobs.
"I've told him over and over it was just to tease him—But he can't hear me—He can hear Keene Everett—but he can't

ear me."
"And Everett has lied about you?"
For a moment she was unable to reply,

but she shook her head. Gradually indignation conquered the tears.
"It isn't lies, I suppose, if you believe it. And Keene believes it. You wouldn't think any man could be so stupid! You'd think he could look at himself and then at Robbel and see for himself no woman

think he could look at himself and then at Bobbel, and see for himself no woman would be likely to be pining for him! But he doesn't get that at all—the poor simp!"

Her lips trembled. But she suddenly seemed to pass beyond the region where tears avail. Her voice sank so low that I had to lean close to hear it.

"Now I'm dead," she said, "and I can't explain. I don't know why. I've put my arms around Bob and tried to make him remember the way things really were. But somehow he has it all mixed and muddled. He can't hear me! I've spent whole nights kneeling by his bed and calling to him at the top of my voice. And, when I'd be holding him in my arms, he'd start up suddenly and walk right through my

up suddenly and walk right through my arms, and never know I was there at all! "He's moved away from here—to get away from the memory of me. His friends

away from the memory of me. His friends all tell him he must try to forget me. But I don't want to be forgotten! I want to be a pleasant memory."

"Then why don't you follow him?"

She looked at me, puzzled.

"He's still here," she said. "He can't get away. That's what makes it so bad. I'd rather be forgotten than be something you try to forget, and can't."

She stood up. She seemed to sway with

She stood up. She seemed to sway with

her weariness.

"If I only didn't have him so on my mind—if he only wouldn't look so very sad—I feel as though I could take—a good

—long—sleep."

I thought she was moving away.

"Wait!" I said. "I can hear you, and
Bob can hear me."

She shook her head.
"He can't hear you," she said, "—not ith his heart."

"But he must believe!" I cried. "I'll make him believe."

She was less clear to [Turn to page 102]

Leaves your Hair



Radiant with loveliness

Brings Out All the Natural Life, Wave and Lustre. Gives that Wonderful Gloss and Silky Sheen which makes Your Hair so much admired.

HE attractiveness of even the most beautiful women depends upon the loveliness of their hair.

The simple, modern styles of today are effective ONLY when the hair itself is beautiful.

Luckily, beautiful hair is now easily obtained. It is simply a matter of shampooing.

Ordinary, old time methods, however, will not do. To bring out the REAL BEAUTY, the hair must be shampooed properly.

Proper shampooing makes it soft and silky. It brings out all the real life and lustre, all the natural wave and color and leaves it fresh-looking, glossy and bright.

When your hair is dry, dull and heavy, lifeless, stiff and gummy, and the strands cling together, and it feels harsh and disagreeable to the touch, it is because your hair has not been shampooed properly.

While your hair must have frequent and egular washing to keep it beautiful, it canot stand the harsh effect of ordinary soaps. not stand the narsh electro ordinary soaps soon dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle and ruins it.

That is why thousands of women, everywhere, now use Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo. This clear, pure and entirely greaseless product brings out all the real beauty of the hair and cannot possibly injure. It does not dry the scalp or make the hair brittle, no matter how often you use it.

A Simple, Easy Method

IF you want to see how really beautiful you can make your hair look, just follow this simple method.





First, wet the hair and scalp in clear, warm water. Then apply a little Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo, rubbing it in thoroughly all over the scalp, and all through the hair.

Two or three teaspoonfuls make an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which cleanses thoroughly and rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff.

Just Notice the Difference

You will notice the difference in your hair even before it is dry, for it will be delightfully soft and silky. The entire mass, even while wet, will feel loose, fluffy and light to the touch and be so clean it will fairly squeak when you pull it through your fingers.

If youwant beautiful, well-kepthair, make it a rule to set a certain day each week for a Mulsified cocoanut oil shampoo. This regular weekly shampooing will keep the scalp soft and the hair fine and silky, bright, glossy, fresh-looking and easy to manage—and make it fairly sparkle with new life, gloss and lustre. gloss and lustre

You can get Mulsified cocoanut oil sham-poo at any drug store or toilet goods counter, anywhere in the world.

A 4-ounce bottle should last for months.

MULSIFIED COCOANUT OIL SHAMPOO



LASTING SPECT RE

TRUE respect never can be manifested by a mere

The salute to the flag must be founded upon patriotic citizenship.

Likewise, the sad farewell to a loved one should be followed by a conscientious fulfillment of the obligations due to those precious remains.

Our hearts naturally turn to protection. We must provide the utmost of protection. There can be no compromise.

Thousands of families are solving this problem by using the Clark Grave Vault. They know it affords positive and permanent protection. They consider it as essential as a

They know that this vault, being designed according to an immutable law of Nature, can not possibly allow any moisture to enter.

Further, because the Clark Vault is made entirely of special quality 12 gauge Keystone copper steel, or Armco Ingot Iron, it is highly rust-resisting. In the finer models a plating of pure cadmium is added, giving the greatest rust-resistance known to science. This cadmium plating is done by cadmium plating is done by the famous Udylite process, exclusive on this vault.

Leading funeral directors recommend the Clark Grave Vault and give with each one a 50-year guaranty.

Less than Clark complete protection is no protection at all!

THE CLARK GRAVE VAULT COMPANY

Columbus, Ohio

Western Office and Warehouse, Kansas City, Mo.



THE YOUNG GHOST

[Continued from page 101]

my eyes now. I thought she was cross-ing at the foot of my bed. Then she was back by my side. For an instant I saw her plainly saw her plainly.
"Tell him," she said "about Minzu the

Zool-Cat.'

Zool-Cat."
"The what?" said I.
"Minzu the Zool-Cat."
It seemed cryptic, but she offered no explanation.
I repeated it after her to make sure that I had it right. She nodded her head and

moved away.

I was finishing breakfast when Dana came downstairs. After a peaceful night, and in the cheerful light of morning, Dana was almost ashamed that he had ever given attention to my absurd babblings. "You didn't hear anything?" I asked.

"You didn't hear anything?" I asked.
"I heard you talking in your sleep, old
man. Your nerves are out of gear. Sick
nerves can make a man imagine anything."
I left him, on the plea of an important
engagement, to finish his coffee alone. I
went straight to find Bob.

He came downstairs to me at once. The

He came downstairs to me at once. The imprint of a wretched night was still deep upon him. He looked tired, bitter, cynical; and he was only twenty-four.

and he was only twenty-four.

He listened politely to what I had to tell. I felt that he would have liked to stop me. But I went relentlessly on. He asked no questions. His manner grew colder, his eyes harder. He thought my intrusion very bad taste. I was a stranger trespassing on ground where no stranger had a right to tread. Yet I knew more than a stranger should know.

When I had finished he said: "I appreciate your doing this, Mr. Brent. I can see that you and Dana had the kindest intentions. But it's quite unnecessary. I'm not

that you and Dana had the kindest inten-tions. But it's quite unnecessary. I'm not in need of this sort of consolation. I wish you'd get this straight, Mr. Brent. I wish everybody would get it straight. No man needs to excuse my wife to me. She did what she thought was right. And I honor her for it."

her for it."

He got to his feet to show that the interview was at an end, but I held my ground.
"You will remember," I told him, "that I never saw Mrs. Carlin in my life. Isn't there any twist of phrase familiar to you, that a stranger could not imitate?"
"Dana knew her," he said.
"Dana would deny all this. He is as skeptical as you."

Washington studied the wan face and the slight form and asked: "Can you handle a pike—or a tomahawk, or a bow

handle a pike—or a tomahawk, or a bow and arrow?"

"I don't know, sir. I have never tried."

"Perhaps you kill your Indians with your bare hands?"

Everybody roared at that except the shamefaced weakling. Washington put up his hand for silence, then cuffed the boy gently on the shoulder.

"I admire your spirit, sir, and you would be an ornament to our camp, but so would your scalp to the first Indian you met. Stay home, boy, and learn to fight. As the pretty girl yonder said: 'there will be other wars to come.'"

Then he forgot Nimrod and called to Jake: "Will you and the quartet of poltroons with you solemnly swear to rejoin your company the day after the wedding?"

They answered all at once. "Ia. Ia. ia.

ding?"
They answered all at once, "Ja, Ja, ja gewiss! Ja wohl! Yessir! Yessirree!"
At that point a horseman came plunging from the woods and reined in so short at his commander's side that his snorting horse beat the air with his hoofs.
The scout muttered a few words about a body of Indian marguders and Wash.

a body of Indian marauders and Wash-

a body of Indian marauders and Washington turned to shout a command to his men. The muskets went up raggedly and the column marched away.

The bride and groom wasted no time in making themselves ready for the altar, and soon Parson Schultz called them and the parents about him, and in the German tongue performed the Lutheran ceremony, clancing now and then at the horizon to

glancing now and then at the horizon to see if any Indians were coming to forbid

the banns.
At last Jake and Sara were man and

me in my brother's place-"

and arrow

WHEN WASHINGTON WAS TWENTY-THREE

[Continued from page 29]

spoke up

"She knew you would not believe it," I said. "But she told me to tell you about Minzu the Zool-Cat."

"The . . . what?" said Bob.

"Minzu the Zool-Cat," I told him, feeling rather foolish. He was staring at me hard. "I'm sure I don't know what it means," I said. He continued to stare at me. I thought I had his attention at last. But just as I was about to launch again into my story, he suddenly turned, crossed straight to the door and left me. I believe he mumbled some sort of apology as he he mumbled some sort of apology as he went, but it was too blurred for me to

went, but it was too brained with the catch it.

When I returned in the evening to the little white house, I thought that I saw, through the window, Dana waiting for me. I called to him as I went in the door. It was not his voice that answered.

"It's Carlin, Mr. Brent, Bob Carlin. I came to ask you—that is, I've been thinking it over—would you mind telling me again what you told me this morning?"

I told it again in all its details. Bob listened again in silence.

"And after she had gone, she came back to me," I concluded, "and told me to remind you of Minzu the Zool-Cat."

to me," I concluded, "and told me to remind you of Minzu the Zool-Cat."
"Excuse me, will you?" said Bob abruptly. "I—I want to think." He went out of the room and, apparently forgetting that I was now the master of the little white house, he went up the stairs and I heard him overhead in the room where their little twin beds had stood.

I waited for him to come down. But,

when he did, an hour later, he seemed to have forgotten my existence. He did not pause but went straight out the door.

Since that night I see him frequently.

But the subject that first drew us together has never again been mentioned. I feel that I cannot refer to it when Bob does not take the initiative.

And it seems that no one but Suzo and Bobbel knew about Minzu the Zool-Cat. And apparently no one ever will.

I think that he will want the little white

house back again when he returns from his year abroad. And I shall hate to give it up. It is all so restful and charming—with the bright chintz curtains blowing in the breeze and the sun slanting across the white woodwork and riotous wallpaper to settle in pools on the unbelievable fur-niture, while the young ghost sleeps.

wife—but there were many, many hours of buffoonery, of romping, skylarking, ferocious dancing, enormities of banquet-ing and health-drinking, between the par-son's benediction and the departure from

son's benediction and the departure from
the bridal chamber of the last stockingthrower and well-wisher.

There was a general conspiracy to forget the Indians, though the more timid
mothers kept counting their many children, and the courage of all sank a little
with the sun. When the West went red,
everybody remembered how the sky
looked when a cabin was on fire. But

looked when a cabin was on fire. But nobody remembered aloud. Sara's mother, seeing that the moun-tains of food were beginning to dwindle,

"How about the leetle moozeek now?"
Instantly there was a sound as of a twanged harp-string.
An arrow plunged into a haunch of venison. It stood there wagging while everyone stared and was smitten dumb.

FOR only a moment did the lone arrow cast its spell.

A shower of arrows followed. They came from nowhere, but men, women, children felt red-hot blades in their backs,

children felt red-hot blades in their backs, their breasts, throats, arms, eyes.

From every side came the war whoop, chilling the blood, stopping the heart.

A volley of musketry from invisible guns spread a cloud of flame-shot smoke. And out of that there came as from a corner of hell, red fiends, painted, yelping, dancing, thrusting with scalp-decked spears, chopping with war hatchets and slashing with gory knives. Nimrod who

slashing with gory knives. Nimrod, who chanced to be at a distance from Rachel, dashed toward her with a feeling that his love must save [Turn to page 103]



This Coffee Lets You Sleep

The caffeine is removed

There is a pure coffee—an exquisite blend—with the caffeine taken out. The name is Kaffee Hag. It offers out coffee delights at their utmost, minus the harm. A million homes have adopted it. The finest hotels now serve it. Learn what it means to people who are driven to coffee substitutes. And to those who must omit coffee right.

coffee substitutes. And to those who must omit coffee at night.

Kaffee Hag is a blend of the finest coffees that grow. You have never known finer flavor or aroms. We simply remove the caffeine before roasting. And caffeine has no taste or odor. All the rich flavors remain. The most expert tasters cannot tell that anything is removed.

The result is a coffee which anyone may drink, at any hour, without a thought of harm. Someone needs it in your home. Someone to whom coffee is stinted or forbidden. Bring to that person coffee joys, without limit, at their best.

Send the coupon with 10 cents for a ten cup package of Kaffee Hag—a quarter-pound. Clip coupon now.

MAIL THIS TODAY TO: 10 Cups





Clark's Rapid Clear

CLARK CHEMICAL CO., Bay City, Mich.

Married Women Wanted 2 Hours Per Week

We pay liberally for about 2 hours per week of your spare time. The only requirement is absolute honesty. Estimated average earnings 4160 per week. Do kneply if you are an agent or canvasser. As My. City. O'Connor, Pepp. 24, Ill West & 2nd Street, a My. City.

Just say "Tell me about your spare time offer" and state how your home is lighted-Gas-Electricity-or Oil



THE LATEST NECKLACES

Send for free directions for manage the queen marie LUCKY GLOVER-LEAF JEWEL. THE NEWPORT NECKLACE OF CUT GEM BRILLIANTS THE RIALTO NECKLACE OF CUT GEM BRILLIANTS. THE ALLEN FACETED JEWEL CHOKER NECKLACE. THE DIANA CUT GEM BRILLIANT CHOKER. THE FRENCH PENDALIER OF CUT BRILLIANTS.

Good money making them up to sell. Start now and be ready for the demand. We have everything in the bead line. ALLEN'S BOSTON BEAD STORE, 8 WINTER ST., BOSTON, MASS.



Trial FREE

her. B puny to rea with a all for and w table hidden killed, fear, bronze more ! Nim was r

McCALI

sane a knocke Rachel And h In th to the Indians out wa the wo He 1 lenge, o a light

so shor

sprawle By th

of the

At th shattere ing and his bri THE ber l bar

his men

ent pat

as squa of them vants. I dians to Those with litt ise of si being us were pro arms an den-bea The f because The Inc

the for ground, her on At pe it broug dagger-s from the in shred inishing pany of the van behind t her lost resolved them,

posed th and an agreed target. with her

between The fi

grew to

WHEN WASHINGTON WAS TWENTY-THREE

[Continued from page 102]

her. But a huge naked savage knocked his puny body aside with one hand in order to reach Rachel's father who advanced with a long carving knife. Nimrod was on all fours, trampled by the feet of the red and white giants. He crawled under the table and made his way among infants hidden there by desperate mothers.

hidden there by desperate mothers.

Sara and Rachel, seeing their mother killed, ran to her with cries of grief beyond fear, but they were seized by arms of bronze and dragged away as prizes worth

honze and dragged away as prizes worth more than scalps.

Nimrod peering from under the table was revolted to see an Indian horribly overpowering Rachel, and he went insane at the infamy. For the first time his soft heart knew the lust for murder. Screaming oaths he leapt upon the Indian's back, but the savage shrugged him off as if he were a wren and, when he fell, knocked him senseless with a tomahawk. Rachel fainted, thinking her lover dead. And her captor hauled her away by the hair.

In the meanwhile, Jake had made haste to the stable before it was visited by the Indians, had bridled his own horse with-

Indians, had bridled his own horse without waiting to saddle it, and led it into the woods, and mounted and dashed away. He reached the night bivouac at last and, paying no heed to the sentinel's challenge, dashed past toward one tent where a light still glimmered. His horse stopped so short that Jake went on through and sprawled at the Colonel's feet.

By the time Washington could rouse his command and lead it back to the scene of the marriage, the dawn was chilling gray smoke, the sole reminder of the homes, the barns, the wagons and the haystacks

es, the barns, the wagons and the hay-

At the sound of his drums there came from the woods a dismal company of shattered men, women and children weeping and frozen. Jake searched in vain for his bride, and Nimrod, rising from a seeming death, realized that Rachel was gone and fell back on the ground again to hide his streaming tears. to hide his streaming tears.

THE petty chief who commanded the band of Indian raiders would not risk his human loot by delay, but ordered his men to disperse and return by differpaths to Fort Duquesne.

The captured women would be useful as squaws, or slaves to squaws, and some of them might be sold in Canada as servants. The children could be bred as Indiana to complete the distributed withing the children to the country of the children to the children

vants. The clindrel could be breas in-dians to recruit the diminishing tribes. Those who claimed Rachel regarded her with little favor, for she lacked the prom-ise of surviving the endless journey or of being useful afterwards. But Sara's captors were proud of her. They gripped her stout arms and legs to show how strong a bur-den-bearer she would be, and wrangled over who saw her first.

The first stretch of travel was not long

The first stretch, of travel was not long because night fell soon after the attack. The Indians made camp in the depths of the forest, by a laughter-loving brook. They bound Rachel and flung her to the ground, and an Indian lay down beside her on either side.

At peep of dawn the camp was astir and the march was resumed. The pace of it brought the breath of Rachel forth in dagger-stabs. Her moccasins were soggy from the dew and the pools, and fell away in shreds from her bleeding feet. Her diminishing strength robbed her of the cominishing strength robbed her of the com-pany of Sara, who was driven along with the vanguard. Finally Rachel fell so far behind that the four braves who escorted benind that the four braves who escorted her lost what little patience they had, and resolved to have done with her. One of them, an irrepressible sportsman, pro-posed that she be used as a school of skill and, an excuse for a little gambling. They agreed to set her up for a tomahawk target,

agreed to set her up for a tomanawa-target.

Her dress looked too pretty to spoil with her blood. So they stripped her of it and of all she wore, before they tied her between two slender snowy birches that grew together in a little open space.

The first hurtling tomahawk carved off a bit of the creamy flesh of the birch tree on her right. The next chipped a black

the ults

branch from the silver trunk on the left. The third grazed Rachel's upper arm. The loser was wroth and claimed that she leaned toward the weapon and tried to

leaned toward the weapon and tried to make it kill her.

This was so unfair that he resolved to finish her and snatched at the tomahawk of the fourth Indian, who had not yet made a try. He refused to give it up and there was a brief struggle.

While they quarreled a strange Indian whom Rachel had not seen before, joined the wrangle

the wrangle

the wrangle.

She could not understand their gibberish but she judged from what followed that the newcomer took a liking to her and bought her. For he surrendered his whole bundle of scalps—a high price to pay for anything. The other Indians moved off and her young purchaser came forward and, slashing the bonds that held her to the trees, caught her as she fell and wrapped his blanket about her.

The Indian knew a few English and German words and she a few Indian, and they taught each other many new ones in their different tongues. She learned that his name was Red Hawk and that he had a sister. She and Red Hawk travelled more than a hundred miles together and he treated her with lack of brutality that was in itself a chivalry.

Only a few miles from Fort Duquesne they traversed the narrow road where Braddock's host had perished. It was a grisly, gigantic boneyard strewn with the skeletons of five hundred Englishmen and Virginians dead long since.

Rachel covered her face and let Red Hawk guide her through the horror. At last he told her to open her eyes, and soon she was staring at Fort Duquesne. It seemed hardly worth the price of a single life, this dreary shed in the wilderness for whose possession two luxurious kings sent their subjects on such long She could not understand their gibber

ness for whose possession two luxurious kings sent their subjects on such long

crusades.
Rachel was installed in the tent of Red Hawk's mother, a mountain of fat and of kindliness. Red Hawk's sister was pretty for an Indian and gentler than many of

the whites.

When Rachel asked her her name, the girl pointed to a blossom on a thistle and indicated that that was her name, so Rachel called her Thistle Flower. The girls became close friends, and, since Thistle Flower made it clear that Red Hawk plan-ned to marry Rachel, the captive was re-garded as a sister to Thistle Flower and

a daughter to the widowed old squaw.

Rachel tried to explain that she belonged to Nimrod who was dead, and after much pantomime filled the Indians with a terror of her as the bride of a

ghost.

So, for a long while, Red Hawk ceased to woo her, and she was put to all the tasks of a squaw. The most dreadful of all being the dressing of scalps.

It was a bitter moment when she came upon the tresses of her own mother, and the long locks of her father. She kept looking fear Nimedia each mad studied.

looking for Nimrod's scalp, and studied the many trophies hung about the camp or bedecking the warriors. But she could not find the dear curls that had brushed her cheek, and wept to think how she and Nimrod had once clung together and thought life cruel because they could not marry. How little they had known of

She no longer looked like the bride of a ghost, though her heart was in the grave with Nimrod. Her heart cried out for him when the warm winds of Spring played serenades upon the harps of the forest, and the moonlight filled the world with desire. But it filled Red Hawk's heart with longing too, and he told her that her widowhood had passed. She must be

her widowhood had passed. She must be his wife.

She pleaded, and stormed with a temper she had acquired in self-defense. He caught her in his arms, but she was fierce enough to break free and to threaten him with her fists. His sister laughed at his chagrin and when he turned word her and would and when he turned upon her and would have beaten her down, Rachel sprang to her side and they drove Red Hawk from their tent. [Turn to page 104]





BORAX is safe for dainty things

EVEN though you use the finest laundry soap obtainable, you can get better results with less effort by using 20 Mule Team Borax with it. Borax not only loosens the dirt, but actually makes the soap do its work better. It insures 3 to 5 times more suds from any soap. Cleaner, whiter and fresher clothes-simply by adding

Wonderful results-but best of all Borax is safe. Safe even for lovely, sheer things that you wash yourself rather than to risk their ruin by harsh "wash-ing chemicals". Safe for your hands too. Mild, antiseptic, pure—Borax should certainly be used for washing garments that touch your skin.

For the family wash, too, use 20 Mule Team Borax always. Soak the clothes in Borax water wash them with good soap and Borax—put through a final Borax rinse. A safe and simple rule for better laundry results.

Our new handbook, "Better Ways to Wash and Clean", gives dozens of helpful daily uses for Borax in the laundry, kitchen, nursery and bath. It is free. Write for it today. Pacific Coast Borax Co., 100 William St., Borax Co., 100 William New York City, Dept. 540.



WHEN WASHINGTON WAS TWENTY-THREE

[Continued from page 103]

IF Nimrod Helm could have seen his Rachel he would not have recognized her, nor believed that she could have been the one he had loved and sought for as the chief, the only mission of his life.

Nor would she have known him if she had seen him, for he was also changed in his soul and all its wrappings. He was a huntsmen now with a frenzy to kill. He was a marksman of increasing range and

He had killed no Indians, either with his bare hands or his knife or his gun; but he was schooling his fingers to throttle and he was schooling his heart to slaughter. For he felt that the day would come when he would find Rachel again and he was resolved that no danger and no power should keep her from him when he found her.

her.

But his chance was not yet. The Virginians still knew little but defeat, disgrace, and helplessness. Washington's chief battles were with his own people; his superiors would not furnish him with men or munitions, and his inferiors would not obey his orders or support his valor.

Years passed over Rachel's head, years of long hunting expeditions with the tribe.

of long hunting expeditions with the tribe. Bodily she had been changed to an Indian woman who had almost lost the memory of her mother tongue or her native customs. Sa.a was one of the wives of the chief and now carried on her back their papoose who, until he grew to be a toddling warrior, did not know that his mother differed from the mothers of the

other timy braves.

At last England sent over a new to efface the shame of Braddock's f General Forbes commanded it, Washing-ton joined it, and Nimrod and Jake joined him. The former was still short but he had a giant's strength. He swung an axe with the best of the soldiers in the back-breaking, heart-rending business of chopping a road for artillery through a forest in whose depths swamps spread for miles, and mountains lifted the trees to the rain

This time the English and the Virginians were resolved to reach Fort Duquesne and

recapture it at any cost.

With maddening slowness the army gnawed a military road through rain and snow, and hunger and sickness. At last snow, and nunger and sickness. At last the order was given to turn back and wait for another year. But before the execution of the order was carried out, scouts brought in word that Fort Duquesne had

been practically abandoned by the French. The French had gone, leaving only the blackened ashes of the fort. All but a few

blackened ashes of the fort. All but a few of the Indians had gone, too. Among them was Sara's chief, crippled and dying, watched over by his wives and children. Nimrod ran among the huts and wigwams at Fort Duquesne searching for Rachel, but there was no sign of her. But he found Sara with her half-breed baby and sought Jake to tell him.

Jake took the blow in a characteristic fashion. He called Sara vile names for a wanton, a faithless vixen, who had cheated him. But he finally took her back.

When Nimrod learned that the Virginians

When Nimrod learned that the Virginians were to be compelled to remain and gar-rison the dreary outpost under its new name of Fort Pitt, he stayed with the name of Fort Pitt, he stayed with the forlorn regiment, though Jake succeeded in securing an honorable discharge from Colonel Washington, who was the more willing since he too, had had enough of war, and was going back to marry his Martha and ensconce her at Mount Vernon for a life of undisturbed domestic blies

When Spring came, new flames woke within Nimrod as in the sky and the earth. He asked for a furlough and it was granted him. His friends gave him messages for the people at home, but he laughed, and struck out toward the setting sun, the vast wil-derness beyond the Alleghany River, the unknown farthest west of the Ohio.

ONE hot noon when the sky was a blis tered hide and the sun a button of molten glass upon it, Rachel and Thistle Flower sat on the high bank of a deep river, two hundred miles or more from

Fort Duquesne.

Thistle Flower had taken Racher out to the lonely place to plead her brother's cause, told how he was wasting away with love of Rachel, but dared not woo her since she had sworn to kill herself rather than be his squaw.

Thistle Flower implored Rachel to have

mercy, and it was a strange thing to Rachel that she should find herself listening with a heart of stone to a savage woman ask-

ing her to have pity on a savage warrior.

Rachel's heart rebuked her for an ungrateful monster, more cruel, more pitiles than any Indian torturer. She had fastened Red Hawk to a stake and had been burn-

ing him alive with slow fires for years.

Her resolution broke and she sighed:

"I ought to give myself to Red Hawk.
It is my duty." It is my duty.

She spoke in Thistle Flower's language, but Thistle Flower did not hear her. She had turned away at the sound of guns and far-off cries

and far-off cries.

"It sounds like a fight."

With their backs to the river where it went muttering along the ledge behind them, neither Thistle Flower nor Rachel saw or heard the man who came swimming down the stream, diving and reappearing at far distance, breaking the surface gently and guiping in a hit of air then

face gently and gulping in a bit of air, then burying himself again in the muddy river. He made his way to the shore, spent and desperate and he lay bleeding and woe-

desperate and he lay bleeding and woe-begone while he struggled agonizingly for breath and strength.

He looked back and saw none of his pursuers, though he heard their faint cries as they ransacked the forest for him. He was in a strange land that he knew not, and he had run into peril everywhere among Indians who' hated all white men.
Casting his eyes up, and seeing nothing

among Indians who hated all white men.
Casting his eyes up, and seeing nothing but the grass winnowed by the wind, he began to climb. Slowly, stealthily, he agonized to the top. With a last leap from a foothold on a rock that gave way beneath him, he flung himself over the ledge on to the high level.

And there he saw the backs of two Indian women. They had not heard him. A desperate thought came to him. It was

Indian women. They had not heard him. A desperate thought came to him. It was cruel, but cruelty was the law in Indian warfare. He crept on hands and knees toward the two women. They rose. He rose with them. Before they could make a sound, his two hands were at their throats, choking their outcries. Dragging them with him to the edge of the bank, he whirled them about and thrusting them before

him to the edge of the bank, he whirled them about and, thrusting them before him, leaped into the river.

The three bodies struck with a great splash and plunged deep. When they came to the surface, his throttling clench still held the two throats. Treading water, sinking, rising, he put all the power he could muster into this terrible vise of his fingers.

One of the women floated limply and he held her head submerged with ease, but the other fought and kicked and twisted with such ferocity that he could not keep

with such ferousy that the her under.

As her face swung before him, the fear of death upon it changed to a look of greater fright. She wrenched loose and gasped:
"Nimrod!"

His hand left both throats. Thistle Flower came up like a broken waterlily while Nimrod and Rachel sank, because they had flung their arms about each

They rose again and looked back to see Thistle Flower crawling out upon the shore. She lay there panting. She still lived then. Rachel was glad of that, and waved goodby to her. She made no effort to climb the ledge and give the alarm, and Rachel sorrowed for her with a tenderness that only a greater tenderness and an overweening contentment could have over-

The lovers swam with the speed and sleekness of two otters, pausing at times under overhanging branches or swimming under water. When they were tired, they floated, on their backs, lying with only their brown noses showing, while the river, like a silk lined [Turn to page 107]



This Fair Chance

is due your baby

McCALI

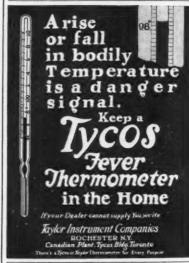
To him you owe the vital benefits of all possible fresh air and sunshine. To let him sately enjoy them summer or winter, indoors or out, have him sleep, play, nap or frolic in

KIDDIE-KOOP

The Baby Bath KIDDIE-BATH

Irimble Nursery Turniture

KIDDIE - BATHS, PLAYARDS, CRIBS, KIDDIE - KOOPS





New crop, tested seeds, sure to produce. Sold for 58 years to satisfied customers. Prices reasonable.

Extra packages free with every order.

Pree—Large catalog with 700 pictures of vegetables and flowers. Send your own



For Hanging Pictures and All Wall Decorat Moore Push-Pins Glass Heads—Steel Points
Moore Push-less Hangers urely Hold Heavy Things 10c pkts. Everywhere

WEDDINGS



Young Invaders thrive on the energy packed in this ripe, all-year-round fruit.

HOME FROM SCHOOL.. appetites sharpened by winter winds. A raid on the fruit bowl. But mother doesn't mind. In fact, she put those delicious full-ripe bananas right where they would be found. And for a very good reason.

Bananas become a most easily digestible food—winter or summer — when ripened at room temperature until golden skins are plentifully flecked with brown. Then their flavor is at its best—they are packed with nourishing

food elements that tempt both sharp and lagging appetites.

Bananas are a meal in themselves. A simple way to serve them is sliced with milk. Other tempting and new banana delights have been compiled in "From the Tropics to Your Table." Here you will find entrées, salads, desserts, frozen specialties, cakes, frostings, and several pages of attractive menus. This illustrated cook book is free to those who send the coupon.



PARTLY RIPE

When you see green tips on bananas, the starches have not yet turned to sugars. Cooking completes the transformation, making them delicious and digestible.



YELLOW RIPE

When the bananas are left in a bowl at room temperature, green tips soon turn yellow. Then bananas are digestible in their natural state. They are best in puddings and desserts.



FULLY RIPE

Spots of brown on the deep yellow skin tell you that bananas are so digestible they melt in your mouth. Now, packed with nourishing sugars, they are good for young and old.

UNIFRUIT BANANAS

A United Fruit Company Product
Imported and Distributed by Fruit Dispatch Company
FRUIT DISPATCH CO., Dept. B1, 17 Battery Place, N.Y.

Please send me a copy of your recipe book, "From the Tropics to Your Table."



OLSON RUG CO.

Dept.N2,245 Fifth Ave. | Use nearest | Dept.N2,32 Laflin St. | New York | Chicago

PERSIAN

No. 9680. A lovely rich Persian design on a Taupe field. Woven Seamless and Reversible in 13 sizes. Street [R.F.D.]

W

McCALL'

palanqui When fall that they too of the through with the equal ste And s nocent they jou of ringin

ZA

the sam Melville,

Thoreau be called and in a a there is writing to the called a gentle, Short, we pressive pression must post and fishe me storie of a base the famalial of we porter, b man.

Coopee any of t dreaming

The v. were laid sciously far as wa lives and In the General 1 later foll War and issued an a servance by both the army prayer at All the our short

more full tion in motto the "In God Always have oppled in motto an auti will of mpreference right. The above all that some conflicts terests cathe power to assert tors; not

promise.
tribunal
may appo
ceive due
The wi
this. Con
man wisd
vain effor
in it on t
ing, I ha

in it on t ing, I ha Marcus burst, me And we most astu his work "Suppo temporari how will

© C.R.Co., 1928

WHEN WASHINGTON WAS TWENTY-THREE

[Continued from page 104]

palanquin, carried them on their way.
When they neared a thundering waterfall that warned them from the stream, they took to land. Rachel knew the paths of the pathless forest, and they child of the pathless forest, and they slunk through tunnels of green beauty, hiding with the skill of serpents and gliding with

equal stealth from covert to covert.

And so, like an Adam with his Eve, innocent of death in an illimitable Eden,
they journeyed until they heard the sound ringing axes. They saw smoke from a shly built log cabin.

The hostile Indians were quelled and falling backward. The pioneers were westering again.

Nimrod and Rachel had no use for a Nimrod and Rachel had no use for a settlement except to find a minister to marry them. Then they turned their faces toward the setting sun, and choosing a little Paradise far out on the very rim of the very surf of civilization, began to cut down trees and turn them into a home.

They no longer feared the wilderness. Its own had given them the heart to love it and to conquer it.

ZANE GREY AND THE AMERICAN SPIRIT

[Continued from page 2]

same forces that produced Herman melville, James Fenimore Cooper, Henry Thoreau and Walt Whitman. He may well be called the twentieth century Cooper, and in a book like The Thundering Herd

and in a book like The Thundering Herd there is as much romance and far better writing than in The Last of the Mohicans. The first time I met Zane Grey I interviewed him as a reporter would. Here was a gentle, kindly man with a quick smile. Short, wiry, with iron-grey hair and expressive hands, he does not give the impression of the great physical powers he must possess; for he is sportsman, explorer and fisherman, as well as writer. He told me stories of horses, of fishing expeditions, of a baseball game he had played against he famous "Dutch" Carter of Yale. Of his family. Of this, of that—nothing at all of writing. I went away, a bad reporter, but an enthusiastic admirer of the man.

Cooped up in an office, or bound in by any of the restrictions of life, we are all dreaming of escape, of the chance to be

heroes, of the opportunity to wander about under open skies, with danger near and the ability to conquer danger. It is this escape to natural things that Mr.

this escape to natural things that Mr. Grey first offers us.

As we think of Zane Grey, his life seems as much a tale of escape from the ordinary world as do those of his heroes and heroines. With his house and cottage in Lackawasen, his ranches in the Tonto, his Indian pueblo home in Avalon and his estate in Altadena, his life seems a princely one. Yet it has been built with hard work and a belief in simple things. It is founded on an understanding of the motives and the joys that move millions to make life worth living. worth living.

worth living.

If the American Spirit is as simple, as rigorous, as filled with honest sentiment and vigorous love of action as the man, we can be proud of the American Spirit and of Zane Grey as a national figure.

You will find the first big installment of Zane Grey's most recent novel, "Stairs of Sand," in the March issue of this magazine.



[Continued from page 4]

The very foundations of our country were laid by religious people who consciously and deliberately conformed, as far as was humanly possible, their private lives and their institutions to the Bible. In the midst of the Revolutionary War General Washington—whose example was later followed by Lincoln in the Civil War and by Wilson in the World War—issued an order commanding a proper observance of the Sabbath by the army. Thus, by both precept and example, he called the army and people alike to faith and prayer and the exercises of religion.

All the way through our history, despite our shortcomings as a people, we have, more fully perhaps, than any other nation in history, exemplified the great motto that is stamped upon our coins: "In God We Trust."

Always and everywhere the men who have opposed tyranny and injustice and led in moral idealism have had to appeal to an authority and standard beyond the will of man and higher than his personal preferences, or his conception of individual right. There must be something over and above all men to which all can appeal, and that something can only be religion. The conflicts of men and their clashing interests can never be finally adjusted by the power of one man, or one class of men to assert themselves against all competitors; nor can they be settled by any patched up truce, or temporary compromise. There must be one great central tribunal of moral judgment to which all may appeal and from which all may receive due consideration.

The wisdom of all ages has recognized the development of the content of the conten

may appeal and from which all may receive due consideration.

The wisdom of all ages has recognized this. Confucius saw the impotence of human wisdom alone. He said: "I have made vain efforts to put men who wish to walk in it on the way to wisdom; not succeeding, I have no recourse but tears."

Marcus Aurelius cries "Protest till you burst, men will go on all the same."

And well did Mazzini, one of the world's most astute political philosophers, say in his work on "Democracy in Europe:"

"Suppose the interest of one individual temporarily opposed to those of another, how will you reconcile them except by ap-

pealing to something superior to all rights?"

Since, then, religion is the greatest factor

since, then, reigion is the greatest factor in the founding of states, and since it played the leading rôle in the development of the American commonwealth, and since its forces are indispensable, alike to individual happiness and national welfare, therefore both considerations of patriotism and loyalty to religious truth should impel

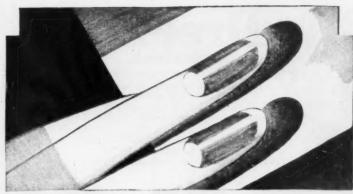
and loyalty to religious truth should impel us at the present hour to battle against the militant and insolent army of religious unbelievers and political revolutionists.

The roots of this republic are deeply imbedded in the sacred soil of religion, and if the Republic is to endure in strength and honor, if this giant tree, now grown so great from the planting of our fore-fathers, is to bear its designed fruit, then it must continue to draw its mighty life from the soil of religion in which it was planted.

from the soil of religion in which it was planted.

I cannot do better, perhaps, than to close this article by quoting some highly significant words which came from the heart of George Washington, the deliverer and first leader in the formation of our country. In his Farewell Address he used the following striking words:

"Of all the dispositions and habits which lead to political prosperity, Religion and Morality are indispensable supports. In vain would that man claim the tribute of Patriotism who should labor to subvert these great pillars of human happiness, these firmest props of the duties of Men and Citizens. The mere politician, equally with the pious man, ought to respect and cherish them. A volume could not trace all their connections with private and public felicity. Let it simply be asked, where is the security for property, for reputation, for life, if the sense of religious obligation desert the oaths which are the instruments of investigation in the Courts of Justice? And let us with caution indulge the supposition that morality can be maintained without religion. Whatever may be conceded to the influence of refined education on minds of peculiar structure, reason and experience both forbid us to expect, that national morality can prevail in exclusion of religious principle."



Three simple steps will give your nails this perfect shape

Do you long for lovely ovals, perfect half moons?

Now there is a simple way anyone can follow

WHAT a lovely thing a beautiful hand is! Slender, graceful ... the nails perfectly shaped, with beautiful crescent half moons.

Such loveliness comes only with the proper care of the cuticle. If neglected, this tiny rim of skin grows tight to the nail, and splits, causing unsightly hangnails. Before the nails can be shaped to deep ovals, it must be freed from the nail and the shreds of dead cuticle removed.

Then, the constant use of the hands and frequent washing tend to dry out and roughen the cuticle. You must restore these missing oils. Here are the three steps of the perfect treatment-so easy to follow:

First — Twist a bit of cotton around an orange stick and wet with Cutex Cuticle Remover. Work gently around the nail base, loosen-ing the dead skin. Then every shred of old cuticle will just wipe

Second—Apply generously the de-lightful new Cutex Cuticle Oil, lightly pressing the cuticle back with orange stick. This leaves the nails almond shaped, with lovely

graceful half moons. And it keeps the nails from getting brittle.

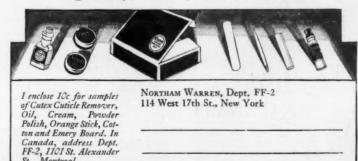
Third—After the polishing, as a final step, smooth the new Cutex Cuticle Cream into the cuticle and the whole finger in a gentle downward massage. This keeps the nail rim smooth and pliant.

A bit of Cinderella magic this simple way seems, so smooth and shapely does it leave your nails, so graceful your whole hand! Cutex manicure preparations are on sale at all toilet goods counters. Each item is 35c.



Perfectly shaped nails give the hands aristocratic slenderness

Send coupon and 10c for this New Manicure



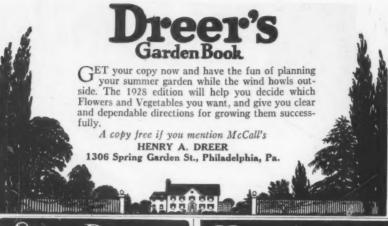
McCA

a

are ha and w f or the Charme Mrs. Che Radiance

More
6 Hardy
8 Choice
4 Dahlia:
6 Hardy
6 Cannas
8 Pkts. (
(Phlo
Snap

selection
and deli
and deli
Pink R
Killarn
MORE
4 Choice
8 Gladio
6 Pompe
3 Orchide
8 Pkts. F
Zinnia,
dragon
Any 5 of
FRI
Allorder
safe arriv
ing time
Order tod
MISS ELI





rieties. It also tells about nerica's twelve bestroses iniversally liked and sst satisfactory forgarden the twelve roses that we well and bloom pro-ely almost everywhere. "Star Roses," the only trade marked roses, are quaranteed to bloom—thus you are assured rose satis-action. The "Star Guide" iou are increased in the control of the control of

Guaranteed to bloom

Fresh, Reliable, Pure, Guaranteed to Please

a wonderful garden all sum-crisp vegetables every day it our Northern Grown Seeds ables every day if

FOR 10c We will mail postpaid one
FOR 10c We will mail postpaid one
package each of EarlyArrowhead Cabbage, 60 Day Tomato, SelfGrowing Celery, Princas Radiab, FullerGrowing Celery, Princas Radiab, Fullerin Latituce, and 12 Varieties

Great Northern Seed Co. Dept. 154 Bookford, Illino

Vaughan's Gardening Illustrated

A seed catalog unlike others, a beautifully illustrated magazine of home gardening information, the culmination of 52 years of thoughtful The Most Beautiful Seed Catalog

ARTICLES by EXPERTS alifornia Canterbury B Vhitlavia) annual, illustratieft, pkt. 10c. Catalog sen h seed or mailed alone from tyhan's Seed Store, Dept. 16 W. Randolph St. CHICAGO





GLADIOLUS BOOK FREE

w to grow the sturdlest standard standa

A. E. KUNDERD, 416 Lincoln Way West Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Dear Sir:
Please send me your free Gladiolus Book

St. or R F D

Beautiful fragrant flowers that will make your garden a veritable will make your garden a verticable gem of colorful beauty. Complete Water Garden \$5; in-cludes pink or blue Water Lily, 6 Aquatic Plants, 6 Border Plants and Water Lily Tub. Illustrated booklet on Water Lily lture sent upon requ

7 Aquarium Plants \$1.10

WILLIAM TRICKERING. 1011 Rainbow Terrace Independence, Ohio.

20 pkts SEEDS for 10c

20 Trial Packets—Fresh—Guaranteed—Seeds Enough
CABBAGE, Samall Garden. Mailed for 10 cts.
CABBAGE, New Glory
CARBAGE, New Glory
CARBAGE, New Glory
CARBAGE, New Glory
CARBAGE, New Glory
CABBAGE, New Seed Book Free
ALYSSUM, Little Gem
KOGHIA, Decorative
CABBAGE, New Seed Book Free
ALYSSUM, Little Gem
KOGHIA, Decorative
CABBAGE, New Seed Book Free
CABBAGE
C

All 20 varieties abore mailed for 10 cts.

DEPOSIT SEED CO., DEPOSIT, N. Y.

25 Summer Oxalis Bulbs for 10 cts.

10 Orchid Flowering Gladiolus Bulbs for 25 cts.



IST'S SEEDS Best for 100 YEARS

Best for August Buyers
and still Serving the Wisest Buyers
Our 1928 Garden Guide and Catalog
Contains Special Anniversary Offers and Free Premiums
Write for 106-Page FREE Copy Today
ROBERT BUIST CO., Dugle, R Phila. Pa. Seedsmen Since 1828



Trees, Shrubs, Plants
Roses, perennials, dahlias, etc., to
beautify your bone and make your

Net irect. Write it's free. Ave., Roche

SPRIGS, from MY GARDEN

[Continued from page 58]

garden. Sponge off the foliage every week, and if aphids appear on the under side of the leaves or on the new shoots, spray the affected parts with a solution of pure soap

affected parts with a solution of pure soap suds and luke warm water.

If you expect plants that have bloomed in the outdoor garden to go on blooming indoors their strength must be fed with occasional spoonfuls of bone meal, or some other odorless commercial fertilizer. Dig this in on the surface with a fine pointed trowel and water down so that the roots receive the needed richness. Do not attempt to dig it in deeply, or you will injure those very roots and do more harm than good.

receive the needed richness. Do not attempt to dig it in deeply, or you will injure those very roots and do more harm than good.

House plants divide themselves into two groups—those that, given normal growing conditions, keep their leaves throughout the year, and those which are forced to bloom out of season such as bulbs and azaleas. To each plant its own season; no plant can be expected to flower continuously for twelve months. It follows then, that in order to produce as much bloom as possible during the Winter months care must be given the plants during the entire year. Palms, ferns and rubber plants should be given a shaded, protected position in the Summer garden where they can rest. In the Fall, bring them in before frost and introduce them by gradual stages to the indoor heat.

In growing the second class, duplicate as far as possible the conditions normal to its growth. Bulbs are potted in the Fall, allowed to make root growth in the dark cool cellar, and brought to sun and heat by gradual stages. In this way the gardener duplicates for them the cycle of the seasons. If pots of bulbs are allowed to freeze before being forced they will bloom better.

Annuals such as: alyssum, snapdragon, calendula, candytuft, nemesia, petunia, mignonette, can be grown successfully in pots in the window garden. Sow the seeds in Summer and transplant the young plants to pots filled with a mixture of humus, wood ash and top soil. Leave out of doors until well established and until the days begin to grow chilly, then bring indoors to a sunny window. They will

soon come into bloom and should bloom

soon come into bloom and should bloom all Winter.

Success with house plants depends on the adaptability of the plant to its environment. And the moral of that is to choose only those plants that will be happy in the kind of window garden you have. For instance, if you are a city dweller and cannot hope to give your plants sun, select fuchsiae, begonias, English ivy, ferns and palms. You will have to forego the cheery geraniums and other sun lovers. The following list may guide your selection:

Plants for a Sunny Window Box

Sweet alyssum Paris daisy Heliotrope Geranium Phlox Drummondi

Lobelia Verbena French marigold Petunia

Plants for a Shady Window Box

Begonia Wandering Jew Winter creeper English ivy

Fuchsia Ferns Periwinkle Elephant's-ear

One more practical use for the sunny window at this season of the year is as a forcing place for tender annuals which are later to be set out in the garden bor-

Flats two or three inches deep, filled with finely sifted soil provide growing ground. Sow the seed sparsely—more seeds fail to germinate because they choke each fail to germinate because they choke each other to death than for any one other reason—in shallow drills, cover lightly and press the soil down firmly. Water. Put the flats in a dark place and keep the soil moist enough not to dry out but never wet, until the seeds germinate. Then bring to the light to encourage growth. It is good to place a pane of glass over the flat to keep the moisture in and increase the forcing effect of the sunlight. When the seedlings show their second set of leaves they should be transplanted to develop them to stocky little plants.

COOKING FOR A MAN

[Continued from page 42]

of suet with the steak. Soak bread in cold water and squeeze dry. Add other ingredients, mix thoroughly, and make into three or four oblong cakes. Fry the bacon first, then the meat, and serve with a strip of bacon on each piece of meat.

MUTTON CUTLETS

This dish is prepared by cooking a piece of stewing mutton (from the neck) until tender. Chop fine and mix with an equal quantity of boiled rice. Season with salt, pepper, onion juice, chopped parsley and curry powder. Moisten with some of the liquor in which the mutton was stewed. Form into meat cakes, and brown in bacon fat.

CHEESE AND MACARONI SOUP

Grate two tablespoonfuls of stale cheese. Heat a quart of milk in a double boiler, add half a cupful of vermicelli, or of macaroni broken into small pieces. Boil until tender, stir in the cheese, add a lightly beaten egg, salt and a dash of paprika. Cook for two minutes to allow the egg to set, and serve in a tureen with crackers or slices of thin toast.

CALVES' BRAINS WITH BACON

Soak the brains in salted water for ten soak the brains in saited water for ten minutes. Remove any ragged skin or membranes. Parboil for fifteen minutes. Drain, and save the liquor for the soup pot. Remove any loose skin or fibrous membrane, roll the brains in flour, sprinkle with salt and pepper and fry in bacon fat. Serve with slices of bacon.

FISHERMAN'S PIE

1 can salmon 1 tablespoonful lemon juice

2 eggs boiled hard 1 pint cream sauc Mashed potato

Remove the salmon from the can and arrange in a thick layer of the fish in the bottom of a baking-dish. On top of this arrange slices of hard boiled egg. Then another layer of salmon with a second layer of egg until the bowl is nearly full. Have ready a pint of cream sauce very hot, pour this over the whole and allow it to soak through. Spread the top of the pie with a through. Spread the top of the pie with a thick "crust" of mashed potato, dot with lumps of butter generously and bake 20 minutes in a hot oven.

Slice two small potatoes and boil for five minutes. Fry out a small piece of salt pork cut into cubes; add one onion sliced, brown together. Add the pork and onion to the potato and boil until the potato is done. Add one quart of milk, one quart of corn, fresh or canned; and a tablespoonful of butter. Serve with toast or buttered crackers. crackers.

CUP CUSTARD

1 egg

1¼ cups milk 1 teaspoon sugar

Beat the egg. Add sugar, milk, and any flavoring desired—either vanilla, lemon or a grating of nutmeg. Pour into two custard cups and set in a pan with a little water. Cover and steam on top of stove about fifteen minutes, or until firm. Test by putting a silver knife in, and if nothing adheres the custard is done. Water should be kept at the boiling point, but should on no account boil hard.

CUCUMBER BOILED

Peel, quarter and remove seeds from medium-sized cucumber. Cook in boiling salted water about twenty minutes. Drain. Serve with butter, pepper and salt. 1928

oom

to be you

gold

nny is a nich

lled ring eeds ach ther and

the soil

ave our oak

ittle ove Test

rom



makes fruit cake all the family will exclaim over SEE RECIPE IN THE PACKAGE

Gorgeous Everblooming Roses-

special collection:
Golden Ophelia; Royal Red;
Hes Bell; Pink Radiance; Red
ALL for only

wonderful Roses

on their own roots-on their own roots-ded delight. Here they are—send yo Pink Radiance; Sensation; Mad. Butt Killarney; Sunburst; White Ophelia—a

TOO ANNOUNCEMENTS \$350.
So tot Lettering, including two arts of envelopes, 100 centing Cards-One Boltar, Write for samples, C. OTT EMPATING CO., 1040 Cinestinut St., Philadelphia, Pa

BY REQUEST

[Continued from page 35]

"Where is your father?" he said.
"He has gone to his work," said Peggy.
"Oh! said Tiggie. "Did he know I was coming?"
"Yes," she said. "He heard you say so

"Yes," she said. "He heard you say so yesterday. Did you want to see him?"
"Oh no!" said Tiggie. "I don't. I just wanted to make sure that he knew all about me, that's all."
"He does," said Peggy simply.
"He doesn't disapprove of me, I hope?"
"Why should he?" said Peggy, smiling at him. "I shouldn't think anybody possibly could, could they?"

at him. "I shouldn't think anybody pos-sibly could, could they?"

"Thank you," said Tiggie politely. You may have gathered by this time that I had a particular reason for coming up like this?"

She made a small gesture of appeal with one hand. "Oh, I do hope not a very serious one!" she said.
"It's like this, Peggy," he said after a moment, and somehow the utterance of

moment, and somehow the utterance of her name at that point had a comforting sound. "I am a sort of fellow that's made more for use than ornament, and I've often rather hoped that I might some day have the chance to make myself a bit useful to you."

Finally he lifted her hand and laid it gently in her lap. "Well, I'm going now," he said.

he said.
"Going?" She looked up at him with
half-startled appeal. "Must you go yet?
It—has been a real comfort to talk to

you."

"Thank you," said Tiggie. Nevertheless he got up. "I'm glad you've told me everything. I'm going now to find out the rest. Try not to be downhearted while I'm gone, and don't believe anything till I come back!"

As he went away, still smoking, still outwardly unperturbed, she knew that he was deeply moved.

FOR more than a week rumor remained rife in Ghawalkhand, sometimes rumor of the wildest description, but there came no definite confirmation of it, no solidifying into effect. All that was known was that Noel Wyndham remained absent and that only servants were in possession of Forbes' bungalow.

And then one morning after four weeks as she walked on the hill with Jingo, she spied a thick-set, unromantic figure coming towards her and knew that Tiggie had returned from his mission. The sight of him sent all the blood in her bounding to her heart.

She let her pent breath go in a long sigh as she gave Tiggie both her hands. "They told me I'd find you up here." he said, speaking awkwardly, almost lumberingly. His kind eyes were on her face. "I got back as soon as I could, but I'm afraid it's pretty bad, Peggy."

"It isn't all his fault, poor devil!" said Tiggie. "He's nearly heart-broken about it. It began before you set foot in India. And then one morning after four weeks

Tiggie. "He's nearly heart-broken about it. It began before you set foot in India. He never meant it to go any length, and had actually made plans to go Home on leave, so as to break it. But—"
"Ah!" said Peggy with a little gasp. "Yes. I know. Go on!"
"Well, it fell through," said Tiggie. "And after that—well, her husband is the greatest swine that ever breathed. It was he who practically forced her to this by deliberate and persistent cruelty. He wanted to get rid of her."
"Oh!" said Peggy, horrified.
"Yes, pretty awful," he said. "And she, coming of a passionate and uncontrolled stock—"
"Ah. don't say anything against her!"

"Ah, don't say anything against her!"

"Ah, don't say anything against her!" breathed Peggy.

"All right. I won't. She wasn't so frightfully to blame, I suppose. It was that monster Forbes. Some men are born like that—born devils. He literally drove her to Wyndham. She got passionately attached to him, and she followed him to Bakri and threw herself on his mercy. And he—he hadn't the heart—or shall we say the brutality?—to send her back. Now you know the whole story."

"I see," said Peggy. "And what will happen now?" Tiggie hesitated for a second or two, then spoke bluntly. "That is for you to decide."

"For me!" Her eyes came to him swiftly with a startled [Turn to page 110]

BEAUTIFUL PEONIES

EVERGREEN:

BARGAINS

EARL FERRIS NURSERY
515 Bridge St., Hampton, Iowa

On Trees-Fruits-Shrubs Ornamentals-Evergreeus

BIG CATALOG-FREE

IG CATALUU—

Filled With Real Planting Information

sted in actual colors. Filled with lander

s and suggestions so anyone can landecape the
besty. Contains full descriptions. Besuefful
es of all varieties of abrubs, fruits, to
in nature's own colors. Filled with price

in nature's own colors. Filled with price

in nature's own colors. Filled with price

five hu





0

Harris New Butterfly Delphinium

This hardy perennial Delphinium blooms the first year, July to October, from seed you sow in the Spring out-of-doors and con-tinues to thrive and bloom for years. The Blue and White sown together are wonder-fully effective forgarden borders or bouquets. fully effective for garden borders or bouquets. For 20c in tramps so will send a large season of the send of the s

Harris Seeds





VICK'S Garden GUIDE



SEND 10 CENTS

H.W. BUCKBEE

Here's a New Type of Nursery Catalog

Every Home Owner Should Have Really an Encyclopedia of Everything for garden, lawn, orchard. 164 illustrated pages; packed with information on flow-





CALL'S



The Vegetables or Flowers you would like to see growing in your garden—read all about them in Burpee's Annual.

Burpee's Annual is an interesting book filled with valuable garden information, It describes the New Vegetables and Flowers for 1928 — Burpee's Branching Sweet Corn, with as many as six ears on a plant; four New Peas, including Fluffy Ruffles, the first "Ruffled" Sweet Pea; and New Giant Gold Medal Dahlias. Burpee's Annual offers the best in Vegetable Seeds, Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Farm Seeds, Buibs, Roots, Fruit Trees, Flowering Shrubs, and Roses.

Write today for your free copy of Burpee's Annual.



W. Atlee Burpee Co. SEED GROWERS PHILADELPHIA

Gentlemen: Send me a free copy of Burpee's Annual. Name

R. D. or St. P. O. State

BY REQUEST

[Continued from page 109]

look. "Do you mean—I don't quite know what you mean," she said.

"I'll tell you," said Tiggie, and still he held her hands tightly, tightly in his own. "Forbes is out for blood. He'll get a divorce. But the situation isn't of Noel's making. He isn't bound to tie himself up with her. I've had it out with him. I know exactly how it is with him. He doesn't want to do it. He wants you! Peggy, could you possibly bring yourself to see him?"

She turned as one catching at a straw.

She turned as one catching at a straw. "Oh, if I only could!"

"I could fix that for you," he explained.
"If you will come down to Samdana with
me tomorrow on the early train, we can get out over the desert by tonga to where he is. He has left Bakri and has gone to Sunam. Noel said he would wait there two

Sunam. Noel said he would wait there two days in case you came, but he would understand if you didn't."

"Of course I will go!" she said. "Surely he must have known I would!"

"That's what I told him," said Tiggie.
"And"—he hesitated a second—"you needn't be afraid of meeting—her. She isn't with him now. Where she is—I don't know."

S UNAM was no more than a village composed of mud huts raised promiscuously near the bank of a sluggish river that wound like a slow-creeping serpent through sandy miles of desert. The only white men who ever went

near the place were sports-men in search of crocodile

There was one spot about two miles above Sunam where a group of cypress trees broke the eternity of sand. They stood on a slight rise about twenty wards from about twenty yards from the river, and in the heart of them was a native well, long-disused, for no natives would go near the place.
They said it was the abode
of Shaitan and that the
evil spirits of the river
dwelt there also. It afforded welcome shade from

the noonday sun, however, to those less susceptible to evil influences and Tiggie, viewing it from afar, mopped s brow with a sigh of thankfulness.

Peggy and he were tramping more than

ankle-deep in sand, and every ploughing foot-step seemed to sink back upon the

Tiggie laughed a little. "Oh, we're get-ting there all right. Make no mistake about it! In another half-hour we shall have covered the fifty yards that yet re-main."

When they arrived at length, she regarded him with real anxiety, for his face was nearly purple and his breathing unmistakably labored. But still he laughed at her with unfailing joviality.

her with unfailing joviality.

"You run on now by yourself. But if you want me, by Jove, I'll come to you on seven-league boots," he said.

She left the shadow of the cypresses, and struck out for a ridge of sand running parallel with the river that seemed to afford more foothold. The sun was pouring down upon her, and the whole desert landscape swam and pulsed in the heat. For the first time her brave heart heat. For the first time her brave heart began to falter. Whatever happened, she must not fail. In the after years, she must be able to remember that that great crisis of her life had found her ready. That Noel could be allowed to wait in vain for her was unthinkable. So with gallant

for her was unthinkable. So with gallant effort she went on.

Through the throbbing atmosphere she could see nothing, but she knew with absolute certainty that her great moment was at hand. He was coming! And now, while she knew that he was coming, that every instant brought him nearer, a scared feeling of weakness was upon her. And she had so counted upon being strong.

And then she knew that he was close to her, that he had reached her, had put

dear," she said, with loyal eyes still raised to his, "How happy I am to see you!" Her arms were all about him in a

moment. She clasped him close.

"Noel—Noel darling! I'll help you. It's what I've come for."

He groaned aloud. "You can't. It's no use. There's no undoing what's done."

He made a jerky movement at her touch. His arms went out, but they did not enfold her. After a few seconds he spoke, without lifting his head. "Peggy, I swear to you I meant to play the game. How shall I ever explain to you how it all began? It was before you came, I was sorry for her, and she was so beautiful—like a luscious fruit—and she danced so superbly. Peggy, I loathe telling you; but—I perbly. Peggy, I loath et elling you; but—I wasn't the first or even the second with her. She was made so. It's in the blood. Forbes—brute-beast—never made any pretense of sticking to her, treated her like

tense of sticking to her, treated her like a bit of furniture, to be used when wanted and kicked aside when done with. Peggy, am I offending you, darling?"

"No, dear. Go on telling me!" said Peggy, though she looked white and sick as she listened.

"I never meant to get drawn in," he said. "I meant to be just a good friend to her, no more. But—she—she got to love me so terribly that she—tempted me, I know I'm a blackguard. Only, for both our sakes, I want you to realize that it was more on her side than mine. And when I came to my senses I knew what a foul brute I was and that it had got to a foul brute I was and that it had got to stop. Well, I made up my mind from then on that things had

then on that things had got to get back to the old footing of just friendship with Marcella, or stop altogether. But she was so alone, so friendless, I couldn't! Peggy, sweetheart, say that you understand me!"

"I do dear" she an-

"I do, dear," she answered gently; and added,
"You know, I loved her

"You know, I loved her too."

"Yes." He spoke desperately. "That was my doing. I thought a decent friendship with a woman might be her salvation, but I didn't love her, not—not as I know now that loving can be. You must believe that of me. You do?"

me. You do?"

"I do, dear," she said again very quietly, very convincingly.

He went on. "It seemed to work, anyhow at first. You were so good to her. But that devil Forbes suddenly began to illtreat her so foully and horribly that—Peggy, do you remember the sound you thought was a jackal's cry?"

She flinched for the first time and hid her eyes. "Oh, please, Noel, please!"

He passed on. "All right, dear. I won't. There's no need. She took to drugs, and I don't wonder. I didn't know all this then. She has told me since. I couldn't have cleared out had I known. But I went because of you. Then things got unbearbecause of you. Then things got unbearable for her, and she followed me to Bakri."

able for her, and she followed me to Bakri."

"I'm sorry, dear Noel," she said finally. "There's only one thing to do now, isn't there? She has suffered more than anybody, hasn't she? And—and I know you're fond of her. I—would like you to marry her, Noel, when—I mean as soon as you can." Her throat began to work a little. She put a resolute hand to still it.

He bowed his face over her other hand and kissed it hungrily. "How shall I live without you?" he said. "Darling, I don't know if I can!"

Her own face quivered, but she controlled it sharply. "Don't kiss my hand, Noel!" she said, a tremor of distress in her voice. "Just this once, won't you—"

He looked up swiftly, and in an instant she was in his arms. He held her to him, kissing her lips again and again. He kissed her palpitating throat. "Sweetheart! Peggy! I can't let you go!" he said.

him, Rissing her hips again and again. He kissed her palpitating throat. "Sweetheart! Peggy! I can't let you go!" he said. She opened her eyes to his with returning resolution. "We've got to do it," she said. "We've got to say good-by."

His features contracted for a moment. Then he pulled her hand sharply away. "Peggy, listen!" His voice was suddenly stern. "You can't live on up there unprotected. I can't stand [Turn to page 132]

HENDERSONS SPECIAL OFFER

IF you will send us 10 cents, and mention where you saw this advertisement, we will mail you Henderson's new catalogue, "EVERYTHING FOR THE GARDEN," and the new Henderson 25c Rebate Slip.

Every Rebate Slip Counts As Cash

The Henderson Rebate Slip, when returned to us, will be accepted as 25c cash payment on any order of Two Dollars or over. In addition, we will include with your order our Henderson Specialty Collection of six of our best-known introductions:



One packet each of Pon-One packet each of Ponderosa Tomato, Big Boston Lettuce, Early Scarlet Turnip Radish, Invincible Asters, Brilliant Mixture Poppies, and Giant Waved Spencer Sweet Peas.

"Everything For The Garden" is the title of our squal

The Garden'
is the title of our annual
catalogue. For 1928, it
is a book of 204 pages,
with 12 beautiful color
plates, 128 pages of
rotogravure in various
colors, and over one
thousand illustrations direct from actual photographs of results from
Henderson's seeds—the
finest and most complete catalogue we ever
issued.

ETER HENDERSON & Co. 35 & 37 CORTLANDT ST NEW YORK



You can do it yourself, expertly and at small cost, with the aid of our book "How to Landscape Architect, written in language anyone can understand.

Gives Complete Instructions
Tells how to arrange trees, shrubs, vines, etc., how to select the right varieties for each location; every step illustrated by simple charts; cost estimates included for each plan.

The Storra & Harrison Co.

The Storrs & Harrison Co.
Box 343 Painesville, O.
Enclosed find 10c for your book.
"How to Landscape Your Own
Grounds. Name

Address

The STORRS & HARRISON CO.

CONDON'S GIANT TOMA EVERBEARING TOMA

OSES of NEW CASTLE ; offers and tel. Write for ye

LAKES Shrubs Roses Truit red

ck is carefully grown, selected and de-

Spare Cash Easily Made 50 MB

64 BREEDS Most Profitable
ducks, geese, turkeys, Fowls, eggs,
cubators at low prices, 35th year
plant, Valuable (Jaluable valuable)

Slip-On years, 30

Patterns



Features Chat Mark New Clothes

AYBE the phases of the moon change the styles in women's apparel. Maybe women's caprice does it. Whatever the reason behind the fact, every few weeks sees a swinging to and fro of details if not silhouette. And it's details, after all, that make a woman well-dressed when she pays attention to them. These frocks bring out the fashion for a row of buttons down the entire front length of a one-piece gown. To keep it from being a nuisance because of narrowness there are side godets. Here is the bias line used to elongate the body from shoulder to hip. It runs across the body on one side only and buttons on the hip. Sleeves extend over hand or are smartly banded.

ANNE RITTENHOUSE

No. 5179. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-On Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, 4 yards of 40-inch material. Width, about 11/4 yards.

at to at to the control of the contr

No. 5162. Ladies' and Misses' Dress, Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust, Size 36, 4¼ yards 36-inch. Width, about 15% yards. Straight-stitch Embroidery No. 1632 suggested. No. 5194. Ladies' and Misses' Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, 4 yards of 40inch material. Width, about 21/4 wards.

5194

No. 5184. Ladies' and Misses' Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 46 bust. Size 36, 24, yards 54-inch; contrasting, 5/2 yard 36-inch. Width, about 11/2 yards.

5184

McCAI





Paris Exhibits Its New Resort Frocks

HERE'S no doubt France does not intend to stick to simplicity. All straws point to the middle course between severity and frivolity. There's a strong intention observable to get back into the Victorian slimness of the bodice, which the most prudish queen in history accentuated. Paris keeps the top part of the frock more severe than its skirt. You see that for yourself in these gowns which follow the new French ideas. Every skirt swings widely free of the body. The sleeve, on the contrary, fits the arm like a glove. Short skirts continue. High neck outlines increase.

ANNE RITTENHOUSE

No. 5178. Ladies' and Misses' Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, 3% yards 36-inch; collar, % yard 36-inch. Width, about 1½ yards.

5178

No. 5170. Ladies' and Misses' Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, 3% yards 54-inch; collar, ¼ yard 36-inch. Width, about 3¼ yards.

5170

No. 5190. Ladies' and Misses'
Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to
43 bust. Size 36, 4 yards 36-inch;
contrasting, 1 yard of 36-inch.
Width, about 1½ yards.

No. 5189. Ladies' and Missel Slip-On Dress. Sizès 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, 3½ yards of 40-inch material. Width, about 1½ yards.



about 1% yards.

McCA



Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 136.

0. 5168. 1 3' Slip-Or 16 years ize 36, 33% aterial. V

o. 5187. 1 s' Slip-On 16 years ze 36, 37, llar, 3, Width, ab

Patterns



Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.



No. 5166. Misses' and Juniors' Slip-On Dress; straight gathered skirt. Sizes 12 to 20 years. Size 16 requires 44/4 yards of 32-inch material; band and cuffs, 3/4 yard of 36-inch. Width at lower edge, about 27/4 yards.

No. 5184. Ladies' and Misses' Dress; surplice closing. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 46 bust. Size 36 requires 24 yards of 54-inch material; collar and shield, 5/8 yard of 36-inch. Width at lower edge, about 14/4 yards. No. 5161. Ladies' and Misses' Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 50 bust. Size 36 waist, 2 yards of 36-inch; contrasting, 1% yards of 36-inch. Width, about 1¼ yards. Chain-stitch Embroidery No. 1626 suggested. No. 5133. Ladies' and Misses' Two Piece Dress; four-piece camisole skid Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bwl. Size 36, blouse, 21/2 yards of 36-inch contrasting, 21/2 yards of 36-inch Width at lower edge, about 21/2 yards

Pattern.

1928



No. 5195. Misses' and Juniors' Suspender Dress; two-piece circular skirt. Sizes 12 to 20 years. Size 16, waist, 1% yards of 54-inch material; skirt and overwaist, 1% yards of 54-inch. Width at lower edge, about 2½ yards.

es' Twoole skirt. 13 bust. 36-inch: 36-inch

1/2 yards
Page 13

No. 5179. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-On Dress; gathered tunic. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36 requires 4 yards of 40-inch material or 23/8 yards of 54-inch. Width at lower edge, about 13/4 yards. No. 5130. Ladics' and Misses' Slip-On Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36 requires 234 yards of 40-inch material; vest and cuffs, 1 yard of 40-inch. Width at lower edge, about 13/5 yards. No. 5182. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-Gn Dress; slip with two-piece lower section. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 46 bust. Size 36, 354 yards of 36-inch material; contrasting, 1 yard of 36inch. Width, about 134 yards.

McCA



No. 5118. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-On Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, waist, 1¾ yards of 36-inch material; contrasting, 2 yards of 36-inch. Width at lower edge, about 2½ yards.

No. 5167. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-On Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36 requires 3¼ yards of 40-inch material or 2¼ yard of 54-inch material. Width at lower edge, about 1¼ yards.

No. 5183. Misses' and Juniors' Dress; straight gathered skirt. Sizes 12 to 20 years. Size 16, 34, yards of 36-inch material; vest and collar, 34, yard of 40-inch; insertion, 3 yards. Width at lower edge, about 24, yards.

No. 5174. Ladies' and Misses' Dress; two-piece skirt with pleated front. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 46 bust. Size 36, 34 yards of 36-inch material or 24 yards of 54-inch. Width, about 11/8 yards.

No. 5168. On Dress. 46 bust. 8 material; Width, a Motif No.

Pattern

1928



No. 5168. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-On Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 46 bust. Size 36, 314 yards of 40-inch material; ribbon binding, 3 yards. Width, about 17/2 yards. Appliqué Motif No. 1602 would be attractive.

ress; ront. bust. nate-

idth,

130.

No. 5191. Misses' and Juniors' Dress; closing at left underarm. Sizes 12 to 20 years. Size 16 requires 3½ yards of 36-inch material; sleeves, 1½ yards of 36 or 40-inch. Width at lower edge, about 2½ yards. No. 5131. Ladies' and Misses' Dress. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, blouse, 1¾ yards 40-inch; contrasting, 2¼ yards 40-inch. Width, about 1¼ yards. Embroidery No. 1575 in running- and satin-stitch suggested.

No. 5162. Ladies' and Misses' Dress; with underwaist. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36 requires 3 yards of 40-inch material; underwaist, 13, yards of 40-inch. Width at lower edge, about 1% yards.

McC

4444

Sani-Flush does onethingperfectly





IT CLEANS toilet bowls.
Does it thoroughly.
Immaculately. Without any help from you.
Just pour a little
Sani-Flush into the

bowl, following directions on the can. Then flush. Marks, stains and incrustations vanish. Odors disappear. The toilet bowl is left spotless and glistening.
Sani-Flush reaches the hidden,

unhealthful trap, too. It purifies and cleanses the whole toilet sys-tem. And it is harmless to the plumbing.
Use Sani-Flush frequently. Al-

ways keep a can of it handy.

Buy Sani-Flush in new punchtop can at your grocery, drug or
hardware store, 25c; in Canada, 35c.

THE HYCIENIC PRODUCTS Co. Canton, Ohio

terman's

exterminates

BUGS

FLYOSAN

DISCOVERY

Send for free booklet, with funny pictures by artist Harrison Cady. Tells how to be rid of all household insects.

WILLIAM PETERMAN 200Fifth Ave., N.Y.

How to Have Soft, **Pretty White Hands**

Many women will undoubtedly be glad to know how they may have beautiful, white, soft, pretty hands regardless of the work they have to do. The secret lies in rubbing a little ice-Mint into the hands occasionally preferably just before retiring at night. In the morning you will be agreeably surprised at the pleasant transformation that has been wrought by even a single application. Ice-Mint is made from a Japanese product that is simply marvelous for its beautifying properties whether used on the hands or face. Regardless of what kind of work a woman does she should have pretty hands as they are resilty the true marks of refinement. A few applications of ice-Mint will actually make any woman proud of her hands and skin. It costs little and is sold and recommended by good druggists everywhere.



No. 5192. Ladies' and Misses' Double-Breasted Suit Coat. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, 15% yards of 54-inch 4896. Ladies' and Misses' Skirt. Sizes 30 to 42 waist. Size 34, 1% yards of 54-inch material. Width, about 11/4 yards.

No. 5115. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-On Dress; with circular lower sides and back. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 12 bust. Sizes 36 requires 31/4 yards of 40-inch material; vest, 14 yard of 36-inch. Width at lower edge, about 23/4 yards.

No. 5120. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-On Dress; four-piece skirt with front godets. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, 2% yards of 40-inch material; con-trasting, ¾ yard of 40-inch. Width at lower edge, about 2 yards. 2 yards.

No. 5189. Ladies' and Mises' Slip-On Dress; three piece skirt with draps; Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 ld 42 bust. Size 36 required or 2% yards of 40-inch materior 2% yards of 54-ind Width at lower edge, and 14 yards.

bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130. The McCall Co., Patterns may be

No. 5: ses' 8 plain a years, 36 req inch m 40-incl materi edge



No. 5190. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-On Dress; with plain sleeves. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36 requires 33% yards of 32-inch material, 25% yards of 40-inch or 2 yards of 54-inch material. Width at lower edge, about 1½ yards.

Patterns may

and Mi s; three drapers rs, 36 to No. 5194. Ladies' and Misses' Dress; without collar and with gathered sleeves. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36 requires 4 yards of 36-inch material or 2¾ yards of 54-inch. Width at lower edge, about 2¼ yards.

No. 5170. Ladies' and Misses' Slip-On Dress; two-piece circular skirt. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, 44, yards 32-inch or 34, yards 40-inch; skirt cut crosswise; contrasting, 42 yard 36-inch. Width, about 34, yards.

No. 5196. Ladies' and Misses' Single-Breasted Suit Coat. Sizes 14 to 16 years, 36 to 42 bust. Size 36, 1½ yards 54-inch. No. 5142. Ladies' and Misses' Low-waisted Skirt. Sizes, 30 to 42 waist. Size 34, 1½ yards 54-inch. Width, about 1¼ yards.

The McCall Co...

Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.

Gray Hair VANISHES

as if by magic



1 You try it first on a single lock of your hair to see what it does. Thus have no fear of results.

2 Then simply comb this water-like liquid through your hair. Clean . . . safe. Takes 7 or 8 minutes.



3 Arrange hair and watch color gradually creep back. Restoration will be perfect and complete

Test Free This Amazing New Safe Way at Home

DON'T believe your hair is hopelessly gray until you have made this amazing test... have tried science's latest way to regain natural shade. Broadway's stars say it's amazing. 3,000,000 women have proved its safety.

A colorless liquid called Mary T. Goldman's Hair Color Restorer does it. Simply comb it through the hair. Natural shade quickly replaces gray and faded streaks. Auburn hair reverts to auburn—black to black.

No dangerous, messy, crude dyes everyone can see. Nothing to wash off. Makes hair live looking and lustrous. Keeps easy to curl.

For free test send coupon—or get bottle at druggist. Few cents' worth restores perfectly. Money returned if not amazed.

	15	21 1	KEE	
Mary T	Goldman, 1	49-B Golds	man Bldg , B	t. Paul, Minn
Check o	olor: Black	da	rk brown	medium
				brown
light au	burnl	olonde	(Print na	ne)
Name	**********		**********	*********

MARY T. GOLDMAN'S

BLUING



The Handy Dropper Cap

makes LITTLE BOY BLUE the most convenient for housewives to use. Just puncture the cap with a pin and use drop-by-drop as needed. No guess work; no waste.

And every drop is all bluing. Economical—because a little goes a long way. Safest—because it never streaks or spots.

> Makes clothes snow white JOHN PUHL PRODUCTS COMPANY • Chicago



Wm. Garber's feet were straightened at McLain Sanitarium seven years ago. His mother's recent letter shows permanent results:

results:
Welliam is getting along wonderful. We never thought his feet would be so nice and straight. He walks to school every day and never gets tired. We are thankful we took him to McLain's.

MRS. WM. GARBER,
206 Cleveland Ave., Syracuse, N. Y.

McLain Sanitarium (established 1898) is a private institution devoted to the treatment of crippled children and young adults. No surgical operation

requiring chloroform or general anaesthetics. Plaster Paris not used. Patients received without delay. Parents retain full charge of children if decired. children if desired.

WRITE FOR FREE BOOKS

WRITE FOR FREE BOOKS
"Deformities and Paralysis,"
and "References," which show
and tell of McLain Sanitarium's facilities for treating Club
Feet, Infantile Paralysis, Spinal
Diseases and Deformities, Hip
and Knee Disease, Wry Neck,
Etc. Also illustrated magazine, "Sanitarium News,"
mailed free every 60 days.

McLAIN ORTHOPEDIC SANITARIUM ert Ave., St. Louis, Mo., U. S. A.





Lingerië V'Chain Wont let them slip

HOW easy now to hold ling is new comfort for women-the nal "V" Chain, a charming, day of jownly a property a property of the control of the c

poie holding strape without team the fabric.

Our White Gold Filled Only \$1.00—or with Perfuments \$1.35

Perfuments Stripe permits use of refavorite perfume in center modeller thousands of women declare deligious and the strain of the strai

E"V"CO., 9 Harris Street, No. Win





No. 5114. Girl's Coat; with tab closing; straight collar. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Size 12 requires 1% yards of 54-inch material; collar, ½ yard of 54-inch; lining, 1% yards of 40-inch.

No. 5191. Misses' and Juniors' Dress; closing at left under-arm. Sizes 12 to 20 years. Size 14 requires 25% yards of 40-inch material; front, 3% yard of 40-inch. Width at lower edge. about 23% yards. edge, about 21/4 yards.



No. 5113. Girl's Slip-On Dress. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Size 10, 1% yards 54-inch; front, % yard of 40-inch. Motifs from Embroidery No. 1474, in buttonhole-stitch suggested.

No. 5175. Child's Slip-On Dress; kimono sleeves length-ened by gathered sleeves. Sizes 2 to 10 years. Size 10 requires 21/6 yards of 40-inch; ties, 1/4 yard of 32-inch.

No. 4936. Girl's Double Breasted Coat; with patel pockets Sizes 2 to 10 year Size 8 requires 2½ yards 6 40-inch material or 1½ yard of 54-inch; lining, 1¾ yard of 40-inch.

5072. t under 14 yea

s yards yards ds of yard

. 5195. N

es; two les 12 to luires 3 lterial o h. Wid

abo

No. 5183. Misses' and Junion Dress; closing at left under arm; straight gathered skin Sizes 12 to 20 years. Size 12 yards of 40-inch material contrasting, 1/2 yard of 40 inch. Width, about 21/4 yard

Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.



b. 5072. Girl's Coat; with-t underarm seam. Sizes 4 14 years. Size 12 requires s yards of 36-inch material, i yards of 40-inch or 134 rds of 54-inch; lining, 156 yards of 40-inch.

Double h patel 10 years yards of 1% years 13% yards

d Juniori
eft under
ered skirl
es. Size il
h material
erd of th
21/8 yard

5195. Misses' and Juniors' . 6130. Misses' and Juniors' sas; two-piece circular skirt. es 12 to 20 years. Size 14 uires 3 yards of 40-inch terial or 214 yards of 54h. Width at lower edge, about 214 yards.



No. 5176. Girl's Slip-On Dress; kimono sleeves length-ened by gathered sleeves. Sizes 4 to 14 years. Size 8, 1% yards of 40-inch material; contrast-ing, ¼ yard of 36-inch.

No. 5164. Child's Slip-On Dress. Sizes 1 to 6 years. Size 6, 1% yards of 36-inch. Embroidery No. 1553 in lazy-daisy-and satin-stitch may be used to trim.

No. 5080. Girl's Coat; with-bands across back. Sizes 4 to 14 years. Size 12 requires 2 yards of 54-inch material; lining, 134 yards of 40-inch. Flower Transfer No. 1585 would add a decorative note.

No. 5166. Misses' and Juniors' Slip-On Dress; straight gathered skirt. Sizes 12 to 20 years. Size 14 requires 3% yards of 36-inch material; collar and cuffs, % yard of 36-inch. Width, about 2% yards

COLORO DE LA COLOR DE LA COLO

Don't hurt

your baby with pins and buttons

Pins come unfastened, buttons break and turn edgewise, to torment the little body. Be sure too, mother, that your baby never can pick up loose pins and buttons and promptly put them into his mouth.

Dress your baby for the first two years, the safe, comfortable, convenient way in

Vanta Baby Garments

No Pins No Buttons

They tie with dainty bows of Twistless Tape. Dress baby without turning him once.

Always fit perfectly because you can loosen or tighten the tapes in dressing. Safe, simple, comfortable, convenient for baby and

mother; come in every fabric; recommended by 20,000 doctors and nurses.

At left are shown three of the 31 Vanta Baby Garments, 1 to 6 years, all illustrated in new catalog, sent free to you.

For children over two ears old we make a complete line of the finest qualbuttoned garments.

Vanta quality
All garments are



guaranteed to be non-shrinkable of the finest fabrics and best workmanship. Dealers will make adjustment on any that do not give you complete satisfaction.

Ask for Vanta Baby garments at your store. If you cannot get them, write to EARNSHAW SALES Co .. INC., Dept. 111, Newton, Mass.



FREE TO YOU

Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.



Six Months Ago All I Got Was Sympathy"

HY Ruth, what in the world has happened to you?"

Frances Knight hadn't seen me for six months. We were chums until she married and noved away. At that time I was on the verge of a breakdown. All my friends felt sorry for me. I was always tired, always weary, always despondent. My nerves were worn to a ragged edge. My head ached, my back ached, every bone in my body seemed to ache. All I got was sympathy-and advice.

Naturally I tried everything that sounded reasonable. I took tonics, pills and powders until I was a walking drug store. Still, at that, my entire physical condition was that of an old woman. Though I was seldom really sick enough to call a physician, yet I was always so tired, so worn out. Then one day I heard someone refer to me as having "one foot in the grave!" What a shock it was to hear that! How angry I felt! I decided then and there to find "the way out." How well I did can be seen by just looking at me.

My secret is simply that of Annette Kellermann's methods! I read, in a magazine, of Annette Kellermann's methods! I read, in a magazine, of Annette Kellermann's methods! I read, in a magazine, of Annette Kellermann's methods! I read, in a magazine, of Annette Kellermann's between the secret by the secret word of misery and actually made of herself the lovely, healthy, beautiful woman she is, gave me new hope and new faith. I wrote to the for her book, "The Body Beautiful." And you can judge at your selsure whether or mail the coupon below for her new free book, "The Body Beautiful." And you can judge at your selsure whether or mail the coupon below for her new free book, "The Body Beautiful." And you can judge at your selsure whether or mail the coupon below for her new free book, "The Body Beautiful." And you can judge at your selsure whether or mail the coupon below for her new free book, "The Body Beautiful." And you can judge at your selsure whether or mail the coupon below for her new free book, "The Body Beautiful." And you can judge at your selsure whether or one you can alwoy can j

Seth St., New York Clay.

ANNETTE KELLERMANN, Suite 82 225 West 39th St., New York City

Dear Miss Kellermann:
Kindly send me, entirely without cost, your new book "The Body Beautiful." I am particularly interested in

Body Building

Weight Reducing

Kitchen Bouquet

What savor, what color it gives! No Chef could do better

Famous for 50 years

GO INTO BUSINESS For Yourself







No. 5122. Child's Slip-On Dress; with armbands. Sizes 2 to 8 years. Size 4 requires 1% yards of 32-inch material; contrasting, % yard of 32-inch mate-rial.

No. 5172. Boy's Suit; knee rousers. Sizes 2 to 10 years. Sizes 4 requires blouse \(\frac{1}{2} \) yeard of 54-inch material; trousers, collar and cuffs, \(\frac{1}{2} \) yard of 54-inch.

No. 5164. Child's Slip-On Dress; kimono sleeves. Sizes 1 to 6 years. Size 2, 1% yards of 27-inch mate-rial. Rambler rose-stitch Embroidery No. 1622 would make a dainty finish.

No. 5185. Child's Romper. Sizes 1 to 4 years. Size 4, 1% yards of 32-inch material; contrasting, ½ yard of 32-inch. Motifs in outline-stitch from Embroidery No. 1540 suggested. Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.

5185

No. 5175. Slip-On Dress; kimono sleeves. Sizes 2 to 10 years. Size 8 requires

2½ yards of 27-inch material; contrasting band and tie-belts, ¼ yard of 32-inch material.



A Sure Way To End Dandruff

There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely, and that is to dissolve it. Then you destroy it entirely. To do this, just apply a little Liquid Arvon at night before retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most, if not all, of you dandruff will be gone, and two or three more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruf you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching of the seab will stop instantly and your hair will be lustrou, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hudred times better.

You can get Liquid Arvon at any drug stor, and a four onnee bottle is all you will need. This simple remedy has never been known to fail.



Quick, Soothing Relief

JUST breathe the vapors while you sleep. That's
The healing, soothing vapors of time-tried and ges
Vapo-Cresolene penetrate every passage. The intion is quickly soothed away and the strangling on
ceases! Your breath again comes freely and es
Write for the new booklet, "Free Breathing." in
the facts of the wonderful results of Vapo-Crest
in relieving bronchial asthma, whooping cough, is
obtain layoutist, based codds and

in relieving bronchial asthma, whose chitis, laryngitis, head colds and coughs. Complete outfit sold by good druggists every where for \$1.75. If you fail to get the genuine easily, tell us when writing for booklet. Vapo-Cresolene Co., Dept. 152, 62 Cortlandt Streer, New York City.



Scientific Fact

About Diet

A CONDENSED book on diet entitle

A "Eating for Health and Efficiency" has been published for free distribution by the Health Extension Bureau of Battle Cree, Mich. Contains set of health rules, many which may be easily followed right at how or while traveling. You will find in this box a wealth of information about food element and their relation to physical welfare.

This book is for those who wish to keep plysically fit and maintain normal weight. Not be ended as a guide for chronic invalida as all sed asses require the care of a competent physical ame and address on card will bring it without out or obligation.

HEALTH EXTENSION BUREAU
UITE J-208 GOOD HEALTH BLDS
BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN



Rock-a-By Combination Stand and Swi

ľ the o when I ha woul put terie diffe Ge flash

McCA

the that

sleep kno quie

the

-oft For F

Well? l'm Well!

M R cessful tives started mission

and pr continue Many give yo scription find this also enj

Sene pt. 2z cCall's] ayton, O Please 1

RY 1928

ruff

fails to that is it en-Liquid

enough gently

of your or three dissolve sign and landruf

elief

d and pro

act

er entitled ency "has on by the tile Creek, many of the training that the book of elements are. keep physical to hysician it without the physician it without the said sold the training that the training that the said sold the training that the said sold the said sold

UREAU

-a-Bye

and Sw

Well?

If I were a Mother

I'd be listening at all hours of the night for those wistful wails that every mother knows. I'd sleep with a flashlight nearby, knowing that its soft rays and quiet switch wouldn't disturb the lightest sleeper.

I'd use it, too, for examining the children's throats—the place where most troubles start. When I had the dealer reload it, I would stand by to see that he put in genuine Eveready Batteries. You bet it DOES make a difference.

Get the flashlight habit. A flashlight is always a convenience -often a life-saver.

For Feminine Hygiene;

for feminine daintiness; for skin irritations, after shaving, for cuts, burns, bruises, oral hygiene, and as a deodorant—there is noth-

I'm Prescribed by many physicians. At your druggist's, or order direct, enclosing \$1.00.

THE STERIZOL COMPANY
72 Water Street Ossining, N. Y.



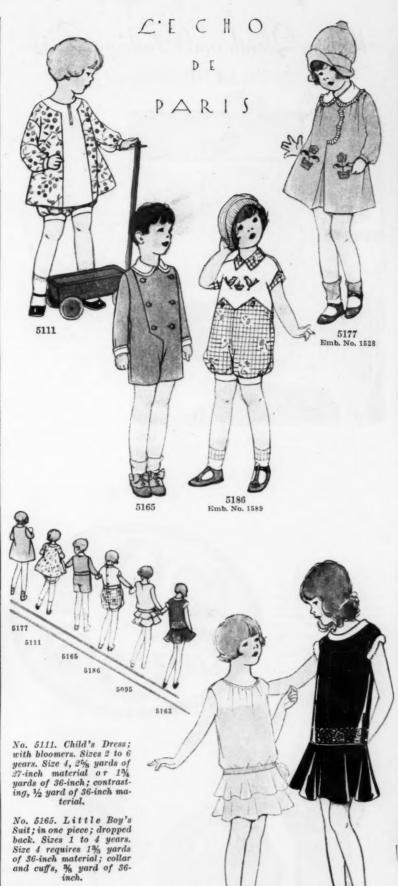
EXTRA MONEY For Spare Time

M RS. GUILD is one of thousands of energetic women who are successful local subscription representatives for McCall's Magazine. She started to make the money to pay her missionary dues and found it so easy and profitable that she was glad to continue.

Many of your friends will gladly give you their new and renewal subscriptions to McCall's and you will find this work not only profitable but also enjoyable.

Send for Details NOW!

ept. 2z cCall's Magazine, Please tell me how, without obligation expense, I can make extra money too.



No. 5186. Child's Romper. Sizes 1 to 4 years. Size 3, plain, ¾ yard of 32-inch material; figured, 1 yard of 32-inch. Embroidery No. 1589 in buttonhole-stitch suggested. No. 5177. Child's Slip-On Dress. Sizes 1 to 8 years. Size 4, 1½ yards 36-inch; collar, ¾ yard 36-inch. Ap-pliqué motifs from Embroi-dery No. 1528 suggested to

trim.

No. 5095. Girl's Slip-On Dress; with waist and cir-cular flounces attached to slip. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Size 6, 2½ yards of 32-inch or 1% yards of 40-inch material.

5095

No. 5163. Girl's Slip-On Dress. Sizes 6 to 14 years. Size 8, 1½ yards 36-inch; contrasting, ½ yard 36-inch. Buttonhole- and run-ning-stitch Embroidery No. 1287 may be used.

5163

Emb. No. 1287

Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.



UST by starting a Larkin Club, you may quickly earn beautiful things for your home. A few hours among your own folks and friends bring

your own tolks and menus bring you wonderful Rewards.
This great homelovers' book, yours for the asking, will help you to get Club members quickly. See the comfy rockers, lovely lamps, and other Premiums, obtained by buying home supplies on the Larkin plan.

Mail this Convenient

Buffalo, N.Y., Peoria, Ill. Philadelphia, Pa. Send me my Larkin Catalog No.26 I'd like to see all the lovely new Premiums and learn how to start a Larkin Club.			
Name			
St			
P. O			
State			



Make Before Easter



Capital Candy School



BEST FOR CHILDREN

Mothers know that milk is one of the best foods for children. But not every mother realizes that an important reason for its supremacy as food—is the fact that it is Nature's perfect emulsion.

Nature certainly made no mistake in providing milk. And likewise no mistake has been made in providing emulsified cod-liver oil in the form of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

It enables the weakened, malnourished child to absorb and utilize codliver oil, with its wealth of vitamins, as easily as it can assimilate milk.

Scott's Emulsion is so pleasantly flavored and so easily assimilated that children soon acquire a fondness for it.

Give it three times daily as an added ration to your child's diet.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

Where Youth and Fashion Reign CORNS by Elisabeth May Blondel



No. 1627. No nursery furniture could be in better taste than this set with its pasted decorations that are colored in softly blended pastel tints. On a light gray background bordered with rose, are drawn dainty bouquets in shades of blue, pink, yellow and green. Adapted to 4 sizes—1 basket motif 3½ x 6 inches; 3 medium and 3 small ovals, and 6 little round ones for drawer knobs.

Detail 1697. oval 3¼ x 6 inches, pasted on child's dresser door.



Thin, protective healing. Special sizes for bunions and callouse. At all drug, shoe and dept. stores—35c.

For free samples and books, address The Scholl Mfg. G. Inc., Dept. A., Chicago, III.

Dr Scholl's Lino-pads





About Babies



Both of these books are FREE

Our catalogue containing everything in infants' and hidren's wearing apparel sent FREE for the asking, his extalogue explains how you may obtain, without may pensy of onest, rour copy of Dr. Lowry's celebrated cook on the "Care and Feeding of Infants." Our estalogue illustrates and desired the sent expense of the sent expens

NATIONAL BELLASHESS (O ==

204 West 24th Street 674 Hardesty Avenue New York City Kansas City, Mo. of you live east of the Mississippi River mail this coupon to our New York headquarters—If you live west of the Mississippi River mail to our Kansas City Store.)

Learn INTERIOR DECORATING at Home

QUICK, EASY METHOD-

No. 1631. This adorable jungle ray with forest trees and animals in strong silhouette, holds an arresting charm for baby. It is simple to make from felts of two shades, the lighter colored oval on top bearing the design which you cut out with sharp scissors to create the silhouettes, then appliqué to the larger oval of darker felt beneath. The size of the ray is 23 x 31 inches. No. 1631. This adorable



1631. Child's felt rug with design cut out and appliquéd to contrasting felt.



No. 1628. These jolly decorations for pasting on school boys' and girls' note books and text book coverings are the latest fashion in schools and colleges. The colors are very gay, red, blue, green, yellow, henna. The blank spaces in light yellow will hold the owner's name, the year, and the name of the school. If pasted on fly leaves, they need no varnish, but the cover decorations will be more durable with the varnish finish. Adapted to 1 pair of each medallion, about 4 inches wide.

Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.

forgotten in one minute That's how instant is your re-lief from corn pain when you apply Dr. Scholl's Zino-pade They remove the cause—friction and pressure of shoes—the end-method that acts on this scien-tific principle. Old ways—pow-erful liquids or caustic pads-ignore the cause—and often leave the toes sore from acid burn. Zino-pads won't ham the tenderest skin. When wind, sleep, Murin and w Mar

and me clear a

this lo

Fr Name... Address City....

Mo

Chil

how queasilyitr

colds, s

We also

to know lief of trates, lister of

eep a je

eumat ralgic par and mu neck an

Jus Awa Of cours

Pain gone-



We ship you say home you assect, ready to exect, and ADVANCE YOU CASE to hely you build, not have you build, not have you can be and 25c in coin today for beautiful Color Book of Sterling Home Plans and you can be living in a home of your own a month from now.

INTERNATIONAL MILL & TIMBER CO.

8215 S. Wenera Ave.

Bay City, Mich





Clear up bloodshot eyes quickly and safely

When eyes become bloodshot from wind, dust, over-use, crying or lack of sleep, apply a few drops of harmless Murine. Soon they will be clear again and will feel refreshed and vigorous.

Many persons use Murine each night and morning to keep their eyes always clear and bright. A month's supply of this long-trusted lotion costs but 60c.

URINE, FOR YOUR

ein

te

our 16-

en you o-pads friction the only s scien-pow-pads— I often m acid t harm

ve heal-zes for llouses

oe and d bookle, Mfg. Ca. icago, Ill

S

in

sandienis table rus k. Easy, 0 co - alko llastic wish lastic wish rush; 6 cs s. Decond cost Fundy of the control of the contro

Mothers-TryMild Children's Musterole

Just Rub Away Pain

Of course, you know good old Musterole; how quickly, how asily it relieves chest colds, sore throat, numatic and neuralgic pain, sore joints and muscles, stiff neck and lumbago.



We also want you to know CHILDREN'S MUSTEROLE

-Musterole in milder form. Unexcelled for relief of croupy coughs and colds; it penetrates, soothes and relieves without the blister of the old-fashioned mustard plaster. Keep a jar handy. It comes ready to apply a stantly, without fuss or bother.



BETTER THAN A MUSTARD PLASTER

MAKE \$5.00 CUT ME OUT and MAIL me now to Dept. 2X, McCall's

Magazine, Dayton, Ohio

Quilting in Blocks a New Vogue by Elisabeth May Blondel

No. 1629. With the quilt-ing revival has come the new inspiration of quilt-ing block by block so that new inspiration of quilting block by block so that you can carry a square with you anywhere you please and quilt it in no time. One by one they gradually pile up, and then you sew them together patchwork fashion with alternating plain blocks. Nothing could be lovelier than the finished result! The design is adapted to 32 quilting blocks 9½ x 9½ inches. To each square of lambs' wool then the running-stitches taken through both. The quilt shown measures about 57 x 74 inches, and took 4¾ yards of 39-inch silk, 5 yards of lambs' wool and 3½ yards silk lining. Border design 8¼ yards long and the extra blocks provide for a larger quilt about 74 x 90 inches.



No. 1630. The new block quilting has devised this irresistible bunny quilt for baby. The separate blocks are so convenient to handle that the busiest mother can do them for "pickup" work and it is surprising how quickly they go. The design adapted to 18 bunny squares, 8½ x 8½ inches, and 17 plain, will make as large a quilt as 43 x 57 inches, requiring 4 yards of 35-inch silk, 2¾ yards of lambs' wool, and 2½ of silk lining. The simplicity of the work is told in the quilt above.

1630. These scampering bunnies will rejoice the infant soul, and are the simplest things to quilt.

Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.

ABC FABRICS



Whatever you plan to make or wear-FIRST See these FREE Samples

With these free samples you can have for your own at trifling cost every exquisite, alluring, individual costume, dress, undergarment, drapery you see pictured in this magazine or any other. Every detail and style touch you see at fashionable events or stores—no matter how rich or expensive—you can duplicate for your own at trifling cost with ABC FABRICS.

ABC FINE ZEPHYR

(full name on solvage courty yard)

ABC BUTY SATINETTE ABC PRINTS Silk & Cotton

Advance Spring patterns are featured in the Sample Book. Also ABC PLAIN and ABC RAYSLIP that come in all plain shades and look and feel like silk, wear twice as long at half the price.

EAST COTOR MONEY BACE ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTES
The ABC Method cannot be duplicated. If your dealer cannot show you the full name stamped on the selvage of every yard, it is not a genuine ABC Fabric. We will tell you how to get genuine ABC if your dealer cannot supply you.

ARTHUR BEIR & CO., Inc. 45 White St., New York

Please send free, postpaid ABC samples. (Be sure to PRINT complete information)
Name:
Address:
City and State:
Dealer's Name:
Dealer's Address:
Dose he sell ABC FABRICST

Want Some Money?

Here's a wonderful way to get it

Our beautifully illustrated book tells how. It tells all about our new methods of art decoration, art treatment and how anybody can learn

and how anybody can learn without previous training or experience. It contains page after page of handsome color illustrations of what you can make and sell.

You can make FREE cood money and this book is profits are larger than in almost any other business. You can produce beautiful finished art objects almost from the beginning. You don't have to know how to draw or have any experience. Begin making money now. All supplies are sent by us with the instructions and many have made \$25 the first week. Some society women have taken un this work for

Fireside Mandustries

THE PERFECT HEMSTITCHER PERFECT NEWSTITCHING AND PICOTING ATTACHMENT, PRICE \$1.00

ACOIMS ATTACHMENT, or seriest in-tention known for the homewife. Fits ewing machines. Pays for itself in minutes time. Hemstitching as minutes time. Hemstitching as a done by \$275.00 pachine.





Free! Plans for a Party to Surprise Your Friends

GIVE your friends a real surprise with a new kind of Valentine party. Dennison has prepared complete plans for a party that will amaze and delight them. Novel decorations, alluring invitations, new amusing games, and appealing refreshments—the plans include everything. And they are free—just mail the coupon.

Use Dennison's Party Goods

The free party plans are a sample of what you find in every issue of Dennison's Party Magazine. No matter what kind of party you're giving—birthday or bridge or tea—a home dance or a Valentine festival—you'll a nome dance or a valentine restrial—you'll always find fascinating newideas for them. And no matter what supplies you need, crepe paper, place cards, decorations, novelties, you can get them at your local store where Dennison's goods are sold. They are on sale at stationers, department stores and many drug stores.

on sale at stationers, department stores and many drug stores.

Send the coupon now for the complete plans for a delightful party—they're free. And why not the newest issue of the Party Magazine, filled with suggestions for Valentine's, the patriotic holidays, and other late winter parties. It's only 20 cents.





A new soap—as pure as genuine Castile—far safer than many soaps sold as "Castile"—is recommended by doctors and nurses for the tender skin of babies.

Mild, soothing, finer even than genuine old-time Castile, it has the additional merit of lathering plentifully and rinsing perfectly. It is safeguarded against imitation.

Get a cake of Castolay today for your baby! 20c at any drug store.

Free Offer: Send today for trial-size cake of the new baby 30ap, Castolay. The Andrew Jergens Co., 4503 Alfred St., Cincinnati, O., or 4503 Sherbrooke St., Perth, Ont.





Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.

bilities



Emb. No. 1626

Emb. No. 1694



He proved his Love

the tender thought he gave to her comfort. Warm rugs—blankers —and, to guard her dear throat, Smith Brothers Cough Drops.

Since 1847 they have been famous for the safe protection and the gentle medication they give. They sootheirritation, relieve hoarseness, ease and stop the cough. 5c—S. B. or Menthol.



Keep Your Skin Young

SHO BOU ALL FOR

RGINI/

t Sam

Remove all blemishes and discolorations by regularly using pure Mercolized Wax. Get an ounce, and use as directed. Fine, almost invisible particles of aged skin peel off, until all defects, such as pimples, liver spots, tan, freckles and large pores have dispeared. Skin is beautifully clear, soft and velvely, and face looks years younger. Mercolized War brings out the hidden beauty. To quickly remove wrinkles and other age lines, use this face loots I ounce powdered saxolite and I half pint witch hard. At Drug and Department Stores Everywhere. At Drug and Department Stores Eve

FREE DIET ADVICE

THE SERVICES of a staff of graduate dietiti yours for the asking. Write me today and cdetails of the Battle Creek Diet System will be a free and postpaid. Also 60-page illustrated be 'Healthful Living' written by the leading dietity. It describes in detail Health foods used at the Creek Sanitarium and other institutions with stees. Ida Jean Kain, Chief Dietitian, 106 il The Battle Creek Food Co., Battle Creek,

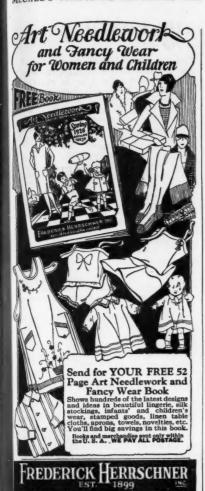


WOULD you like to have \$10.00 or more each month? Have you a little spare time that you can give to a plan now being successfully used by thousands of women? No previous experience is required—there is no expense to you—just let us know that you want

Send The Coupon For Details

Dept. 2Y, McCall's Magazine, Dayton, Ohio. I am interested in getting this \$10.00 extra. Please write me about it.

1928



SHOULDER

6646 So. Ashland Ave, CHICAGO



ng

velvety,
d War
emove
e lotion:
h hazel

CE

nave nth? that

eing s of ce is

e to ails

10.00

Latest Fashion Fad -Easily Made

—Easily Made
—Beautiful
To introduce Collingbourne's Rayon Rope—
Boil-proof and finest quality—we will mail to any
lady sending only 25c in silver or stamps, Virginia
Snow's complete lesson
chart and enough material
for a full bouquet of 8 flowers of assorted colors. The
material on this offer consists of 1 skein of green for
stems, together with 1
alf2 of pink for the eight flowers.

Boil-proof Rayon Rope

IRGINIA SNOW STUDIOS ELGIN, ILLINOIS

Raised \$104 for Church This Easy Way

st Sample Sent FREE
sample of DUSTAWAYnowsent for
inspection to any church, society
ub on request of authorised memA 2-minute tent will show you

Dainty Stitchery for Small Folks By Elisabeth May Blondel



No. 4702. The simplest house frock can be transformed by a handworked decoration into a gay play frock. Colored strand cottons in three colors are used. For little girls, 2 to 8 years old.

4702 Dress

No. 4851. Another smart way of making a festive looking frock for the small girl. French knots and buttonhole-s-titch used. In sizes from 2 to 8 years.

No. 4820. A few lines of feather-stitching make all the difference to the finish of this little suit. The contrasting dots create novelty. Adapted to 3 sizes, from 2 to 5 years.

No. 4821. A feminine version of the simple stitch that makes an effective trimming. Strand cottons in three shades are smartly combined. In 4 sizes, from 2 to 8 years.





A Paris Dress in 45 Minutes Made Up in Genuine

"Heter Han"

Maranteed Sust Color

WASH FABRICS

WASH

ARY EATON, famous theatrical star, takes a charming model by a noted Parisian countrier and showsy ou how to make a lovely Peter Pan dress in six simple operations.

When you see this beautiful display, in your dealer's window soon, and the wonderful new Peter Pan patterns, you'll want to make many dresses for yourself and your children.

These alluring patterns come straight from Paris—original, exclusive, inspiring. They are printed in colors you never need feat to wash. We guarantee they won't run or fade.

GUARANTEE. "We owill replact any garment made of genuine PETER PAN if it fadet."

No fabric pleases like Peter Pan. Its decident of the peter pan. Its decident of the peter pan. Its decident of the peter pan. It was the peter

HENRY GLASS & CO.

42N White Street, New York, N. Y.
USE COTTON—THE HEALTHIEST FABRIC

Please send me "The postpaid, absolutely f	Peter Pan Sampler" of 30 samples, ree of all charge.
PRINT NameStreet Address or P.	O. Box
City and State	
Dealer's Name Does he sell genuine	Peter Pan Fast Color Fabrics?

High School Course in 2 Years

AMERICAN SCHOOL

Patterns may be bought from all McCall dealers, or by mail, postage prepaid, from The McCall Co., 236 West 37th St., New York City, at prices listed on Page 130.



Infant Care

No mother in this enlightened age would give her baby something she did not know was perfectly harmless and reliable, especially when a few drops of plain Castoria will right a baby's stomach and end almost any little ill throughout the system. Fretfulness and fever, too; it seems no time until everything is serene.

That's the beauty of Castoria: its

That's the beauty of Castoria; its That's the beauty of Castoria; its gentle influence seems just what is needed. It does all that castor oil might accomplish, and without shock to the system. Without the evil taste. Castoria is delicious! Your own tongue will tell you why "Children Cry for It." Being purely vegetable, you can give it as often as there's the least sign of colic; constipation; diarrhea. Or whenever there's need to Or whenever there's need to aid sound, natural sleep.

Only one word of warning: the above is true of genuine Castoria.* Fletcher's is the original. Other preparations may or may not be as pure,

Build yourseif. Materiáis we furnish highest qual-furnished Plan-Cut. Sum-mer Cottages—one to five rooms; write for prices. 20,000 pleased castomers.

Gordon-VanTine

as free from a single doubtful drug. Physicians tell parents to get Fletcher's Castoria, and no child of this writer's is going to test any other kind. I'll save a dime some other way.

*SPECIAL NOTE: With every bottle of genuine Fletcher's Castoria is wrapped a book on "Care and Feed-ing of Babies" worth its weight in gold to every mother or prospective mother.



1057 Case St., Daver

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Back se send me Catalogs.



THE PLAY OF THE MONTH

[Continued from page 30]

the point-what do we know of what is correct in that far-off century? But when correct in that far-off century? But when Mr. Sydney's Petruchio comes in with a top boot on his left foot, a tan shoe on his right, a striped sweater, a derby, a short coat and riding breeches, the burlesque strikes everybody in the audience. When he runs away with the bride before the wedding feast is eaten, and Grumio, with the black handkerchief over his face like a moving-picture hold-up, terrifies the guests with pistol shots, the spirit of the event, as Shakespeare meant it, comes over to us in the audience and follows the rushing Petruchio with Katherine under his arm and Grumio firing away in the his arm and Grumio firing away in the rear, down the aisles of the theater. It takes courage to essay the part of

Katherine, so bright with the memory of Ada Rehan and other great players. Miss Mary Ellis does not portray the powerful, brilliant figure whom only Petruchio with his force and his riotous imagination can quell to submission and love. What she gives us is a young lady used to having her way and going into tempers, a not unrecognizable figure in our American life.

life.

Madame Maria Ouspenskaya, once of the Moscow Art Theater, in the tiny rôle of the cook plays to perfection. Mr. Basil Sydney's Petruchio is neither noisy nor violent, but always witty and spirited and always read with fine feeling for Shakespeare's verse. The rhythm and tone of the whole production are excellent.

THE WORLD EVENT OF THE MONTH

[Continued from page 32]

happy chance, should occur between them, and Great Britain should undertake to prevent neutral shipping from entering Spanish, Italian, German or Belgian ports, war with the United States might be provoked. At present it is almost the only danger of war occurring between the United States and England.

The benefits which would accrue to

The benefits which would accrue to Great Britain through the Freedom of the

Seas would be free communication with her dominions, and the certainty that her food supply and raw materials could never

be interrupted.

While the advantages to Great Britain would be many, so indeed would they be to the world in general. A new era would be inaugurated and the efforts of American statesmen from the early days of the Republic would be rewarded.

THE PERSONALITY OF THE MONTH

[Continued from page 32]

a young girl of today, by transforming the thirteenth century Marco Polo into a modern American business man. One sus-pects O'Neill of a desire to underline his pects O'Neill of a desire to underline his irony, and to force the note of grotesqueness. This has its bad effect upon the other characters. The Mongolian princess who falls in love with Polo remains an abstraction, as the situation between her and the Westerner is clearly an impossible one. Kublai Khan, the Chinese Sage, and the minor characters, are much better drawn than either Polo or the Princess. And the theme as a whole is over-decorated with appeals to pure spectacle O'Neill has written a big play rather than a great one. He has not concentrated, but dispersed his efforts.

It may be that his chief contention, that

dispersed his efforts.

It may be that his chief contention, that brutes and fools, (and unimaginative people generally) have the best time of it in this world, is somewhat at fault. No doubt if we are sensitive to beauty and

poetry, aware of human suffering, ambitious to excel in some way other than the amassing of material wealth, we have to pay for our superiority by enduring a great deal of misery. But, after all, we leave behind us the beauty we loved and strove for, and the justice we tried to maintain. A Kublai Khan, or a great sage like the Chu-Yin of this play, remain when the Polos of this world are forgotten. The former are liberated to feel and suffer; the latter, being incapable of feeling, remain slaves of themselves. The finest scene in the play is where the Princess, who had become fascinated by Polo on account of his mingled heedlessness and helplessness, finally sees that he was born blind to every fine shade of feeling. This scene contains the whole essence of the play. The rest is decoration, detail, the journey-work of a man not really absorbed in his theme too remote from his own material to come to final grips with it.

THE SERMON OF THE MONTH

[Continued from page 32]

no one can be excluded from it but by himself. It is this larger vision that more and more engages the attention of thought-ful men of all Churches, each serving in his place and busy doing his part, yet real-izing the fellowship and essential unity

izing the fellowship and essential unity which make many men comrades and co-workers."

Also, there is a new sense of the duty of the Church in a changing world, in dealing with the moral issues that are raised by our social, national and international relations. Here a prophetic pulpit will find its opportunity and its obligation, the more so in a day when material prosperity tends to obscure moral insight.

The wealthier and more powerful we become in America, Dr. Speight sees, the more difficult it will be to keep our corporate life on a high level.

"The pulpit," says Dr. Speight, "wil attract men who see this situation and feel its seriousness only if they are not merely permitted but expected to speat their convictions 'with malice toward none, with charity for all, but with firmness for the right as God gives them to see the right." Thus a philosopher, who is also 1 prophet, looks at the Church in a changing world, and finds that it too is changing, even when it denies the fact and denounces the changes.

Price List of New McCall Patterns

Leading dealers nearly everywhere sell McCall Patterns, If you find that you can't secure them, write to The McCall Company, 236-250 West 37th Street, New York City, 6 to the nearest Branch Office, stating number and size desired and enclosing the price state below in stamps or money-order. Branch Offices, 208-12 So. Jefferson St., Chicago, III., 69 Mission St., San Francisco, Cal., 82 N. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga., 819 Broadway, Kansas City, Mo., 79 Bond St., Toronto, Canada: 204 Gt. Portland Street, London, England.

| No. Cts. |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------------|
| 470235 | 502745 | 511545 | 512750 | 513745 | 516645 | 517635 | 518625 |
| 475935 | 507045 | 511645 | 512845 | 513850 | 516745 | 517730 | 518745 |
| 481535 | 507235 | 511750 | 512945 | 513950 | 516845 | 517850 | 518835 |
| 482035 | 508035 | 511845 | 513045 | 514050 | 516935 | 517945 | 518945 |
| 482135 | 508135 | 511945 | 513145 | 514235 | 517045 | 518035 | 519045 |
| 485135 | 509535 | 512050 | 513245 | 516145 | 517145 | 518135 | 519145 |
| 489630 | 511130 | 512130 | 513350 | 516250 | 517235 | 518250 | 519245 |
| 493635 | 511235 | 512230 | 513445 | 516335 | 5173-45 | 518345 | 5193-45 |
| 499235 | 511335 | 512350 | 5135-45 | 516435 | 5174-45 | 518445 | 5194-45 |
| 499735 | 511435 | 512550 | 513650 | 516525 | 517530 | 518525 | 5195-45
5196-45 |

with

tiny Mr. noisy

ritain ey be would meriof the

than have

ring a all, we ed and ied to at sage remain forgotel and of feel-

y. The y-work theme,

ful we ees, the our cor-

t, "will on and are not o speak rd none, ness for see the

and de

City, or ce stated Ill., 609 sas City,

Cts



Jry this different kind of sewing machine in your own home without the slightest obligation

SINGER has created a New Electric Sewing Machine—utterly different from any machine you have ever used.

So simple that all thought of sewing as a task is gone forever. Nothing for you to do but connect with the nearest light socket—and sew. Both hands are free, both feet are comfortably at ease.

So completely under your control that by a gentle pressure of the knee, you can sew at any speed, as slowly—or as swiftly—as you wish. The Singerlight throws a gentle glow directly on your material.

But only in one way can you know the sense of comfort, the pure enjoyment that it brings. You must make the test yourself. When the Singer man calls, let him give you an interesting demonstration. Or 'phone or call at the nearest Singer Shop, and ask to have a machine sent to your home on the Self Demonstration Plan. Try it on your own sewing without the slightest obligation. It will be a revelation to you.

Sold only by the Singer Sewing Machine Company. Shops and salesmen in every community. Easy payments. Generous allowance for your present machine



The Sign
of Singer Service
Around the World

THIS LIBRARY TABLE MODEL is one of six New Singer Electrics in cabinet and portable designs. If you do not have electricity now, get a modern Singer non-electric and equip it with a Singer Motor and Singerlight from the nearby Singer Shop whenever your home is wired. Courteous expert service the world over.

SINGER SEWING MACHINES



To break a cold harmlessly and in a hurry try a Bayer Aspirin tablet. And for headache. The action of Aspirin is very efficient, too, in cases of neuralgia, neuritis, even rheumatism and lumbago! And there's no after effect; doctors give Aspirin to children—often infants. Whenever there's pain, think of Aspirin. The genuine Bayer Aspirin has Bayer on the box and on every tablet. All druggists, with proven directions.

Physicians prescribe Bayer Aspirin; it does NOT affect the heart

Amirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid





BY REQUEST

[Continued from page 110]

the thought of it. Anything might happen. It's impossible in India. Look here—look here, Peggyl If I've got to marry—so must you!"

She raised herself slowly, very gently loosening his hold upon her. "But, Noel—"

He interrupted her. "I know. I know all you're going to say. But listen, Peggy, to please me—there's a fellow who wants you very badly, and he's one of the best—I mean Tiggie Turner of course. And he'll be good to you. He'll take care of you. Peggy—Peggy, say you'll have him!"
"Noel," she said, with a catch in her voice, "I'll—I'll do my best, but don't press me any more! If—if I find I can marry Tiggie, I will. But if—but if I can't, you'll know why. You'll understand."

He held her for a space as if he He interrupted her. "I know. I know

He held her for a space as if he could never let her go, but at last even he saw that to prolong the parting any further was to torture her almost beyond endurance. Her strength

was waning rapidly, and he cursed himself for having taxed it so severely.
"I'm going to say

good-by now, little weetheart," he whispered.

She wiped the tears away to give him her last kiss. "Good-by, dear Noel!" she whispered back, her arms about his neck. whispered back, her arms about his neck.
"You go your way and I'll go mine, and
we won't either of us look back at all, or
we shan't be able to do it. Good-by, my
darling—my darling! I shall go on—asking God to bless you—every night."

A great choking sob burst from Noel.

He crushed her to him for a second, and then he let her go.
She stumbled from him blindly, for the

tears were dropping down her face again. He turned his back with clenched hands and tramped away into the desert.

And so they parted.

PEGGY and Tiggie set out on the final stage of their journey. It was not very far to The Railway Bungalow, and the cold night air was refreshing.

"I'm not coming any farther," Tiggie said when they reached the compound. "You are very tired and you will have your father."
"Oh yes, he is sure to be back," Peggy said

She stopped since he had done so, fac-ing him in the gloom with an odd sense of shyness. For to be shy with Tiggie was

almost unthinkable good night!" said Tiggie. "Go to

bed early

will," she promised and turned wearily away. Somehow she could not be nice even to Tiggie any longer.

nice even to Tiggie any longer.

With dragging feet she walked through the dark compound to the bungalow. It was quiet as the grave, and there were no lights to be seen. But then her father's room was round the corner of the veranda. Doubtless she would see his lamp burning when she reached it.

She stood still. "Is anyone there?" she said.

She thought she heard a movement, but she was not certain. She took a single step forward—and stopped, aware of a figure that suddenly and noiselessly confronted

her.

"Oh, who is it?" she said. "Who is it?" and pressed a hand to her throat.

A voice she knew made answer—a rasping, insolent voice. "It is I, Miss Musgrave. I have been waiting for you to return. May I have a word with you?"

She felt her heart contract in a kind of nameless horror. "What is the matter?" che said. "My father—"

nameless horror. "What is the matter?" the said. "My father—"
"Oh, he's all right," came the sneering

answer, "mooning up at the hut as usual. The servants are all in their quarters, and Jingo is safely shut up at the back. There's no one left to interfere, so now we can have our talk in peace. Understand?" Yes, she did understand. In that, the most terrible moment of her life, her senses

ere more alert than they had ever been. The man was mad.
"You needn't think you are going to

escape a second time," he said. "I've got you absolutely in my power tonight. But I shan't let you down. I'm going to marry you. We will be married the moment I can free myself from that accursed witch. Quite a neat bit of work that! Wyndham was inclined to get in my way, so I've swept 'em both off the board at one move. I wanted you, you see—and I'd more than finished with her."

finished with her."

Peggy spoke no word. She stood quite rigid, waiting, waiting, with a burning radiance in her brain which was unlike anything she had ever known.

It seemed that Forbes was aware of it, for very suddenly his laughter turned into a snarl of fury. His hands came out to her. She sprang backwards, but he caught her roughly to him.

her roughly to him.

Then it was that the flare that sheer horror had lighted in Peggy's brain blazed up. She fought in a positive fren-zy for her liberty, with a strength which while

it lasted almost equalled his own. It was over in a

very few seconds, but it was an eter-nity to her, and as she felt herself vanquished she uttered

a wild cry for help though she did not believe that help would come. But on the instant there came an answer—a kind of bellow—followed by a smashing blow de-livered from behind her which abruptly set her free. She reeled against the balus-trade of the veranda and hung there, near to fainting...
The end came at length with appalling

suddenness. One figure went down with a crash, and the other knelt upon it and drove a heavy fist downwards once with

drove a heavy list downwards once with smashing force. Then, breathing heavily, the topmost figure arose.

"And that's that !" said Tiggie. "Are you there, Peggy? Could you light a lamp somewhere?"

She moved towards him like an automates. "Are limbs felt eddly ediff.

maton. Her limbs felt oddly stiff.

"Have you killed him?" she said.

"I don't know," said Tiggie. "I hope so.
May I come in for a second—and mop
up?" up

He spoke gaspingly. A faint spasm of

anxiety went through her.
"Are you hurt?" she said.
"Oh no!" said Tiggie. "I've enjoyed it

"On no?" said Tiggie. "I've enjoyed it. Once let me get my breath—and I'll do it again."

She reached out in the gloom and grasped his arm. "Come in here. I'll soon light a lamp."

grasped his arm. "Come in here. I'll soon light a lamp."

Peggy lighted the lamp. As she did so, she began to tremble. The reaction was setting in, and she was utterly powerless to prevent it. It came upon her like an

ague.

He held her and soothed her with great gentleness. "It's all right, dear, it's all right! I'm here."

"Yes—yes! You're here!" sobbed Peggy.
"I don't know what I should do without you. It's—it's as Noel said. I've got no one else."

one else."
"My dear little love," said Tiggie very tenderly. "You've always been straight with me. You couldn't be anything else. I know well enough I'm only a bad second. I know well enough I'm only a bad second. But I'm—" he paused and swallowed—"I'm content to be that—anyhow for the present. Come, you're worn out. We needn't talk about this now. Just sit down a minute while I go and have a look at that monster, and see if there's anything to be done."

Then he helped her into a chair and went on his search.

Peggy was intensely grateful to Tiggie, but it was no good telling him so. And she was too tired—too tired—to try. The tears were still on her cheeks when at last she

I'T was at Peggy's desire that the engage I was at Peggy's desire that the engage-ment between herself and Tiggie Tur-ner was kept secret until Christmas. She gave no definite reason, but Tiggie, being full of consideration for her, was more than willing that it should be so. Sir William, their sole [Turn to page 134]

vigo scalp dance the : siona

McCA

of se will and tolos wash mild. MA

onion add 3 in the into a pan (350° Serve peel) for an table Frenc

a litt

impres them acidos Neit avoide condit the gre is brou breath formed

breath howeve rapidly acidosi Just all food duce, in Accord burned elimina predom

will gr

on the

the hal habit of that ar liked ar

must have usual in insuff thrive at In the complete determinerror. V aspects culiaritie they are meals di

utging a provided next me

1928

iite ing

ght

hile

in a

nds,

d as

ered not d of

near

th a

uto-

mop

m of

do it

SOOD

was se an

ot no

else. econd. wed-or the W

r and

tears st she

Tur-

HOW OFTEN DO YOU WASH YOUR HAIR -AND HOW?

[Continued from page 36]

If your hairdresser gives them, by all means take a course of hot-oil shampoos. Or you can learn to give them to yourself at home. Pure olive oil is excellent. Heat a few tablespoonfuls and rub the warm oil vigorously into the scalp. But get all the

vigorously into the scalp. But get all the oil out in the shampoo next day.

When your hair shows signs of a serious scalp condition, such as a severe case of dandruff, go to a scalp specialist. Real dandruff is a germ infection and requires the attention of one who has had professional experience with the disease. Perhaps you have been using the wrong kind of soap, or maybe you have left soap on the scalp after washing. Both these things will favor dry dandruff. A good ointment and tar shampoo, on the other hand, will help to correct it. In oily dandruff, dermatologists usually advise more frequent washings and the application of a special lotion. Any type of dandruff, however mild, should be faithfully treated because it is a fore-warning of falling hair.

Certainly there is no part of the sham-

poo which can be made more soothing and restful than the drying. Busy girls who need to relax should remember that this is a wonderful time to do it. Get comfy in a low, long chair near a sunny window. While you're rubbing your damp hair out with hot towels you can read or make shopping lists. I know one energetic young housekeeper who takes this time to plan her menus for two weeks. Anyway, after the energy expended in a good thorough washing you deserve to rest. Just sitting at ease in a comfortable chair gives you a chance to "charge the batteries." Wise hairdressers know this and they will cut down on appointments rather than rush their clients through. There are times, I know, when you're in a desperate hurry, and it is for those times that you or the expert operator should be able to work fast. Cleansing one's hair—like cleansing one's face—ought never be a superficial operation, if we're dead-in-earnest about making the most of hair beauty. of hair beauty.

MAKING COMMON VEGETABLES UNCOMMON

[Continued from page 40]

a little sugar, butter and finely chopped onion. To 2½ to 3 cups mashed turnips, add 3 well-beaten egg yolks and then fold in the stiffly beaten whites of 3 eggs. Turn into a greased baking-dish, set in shallow pan of water and bake in moderate oven (350° F.) until well puffed and brown.

Serve immediately.

Carrot Relish: Wash and scrape (or peel) carrots. Allow to stand in ice water for an hour to become crisp. Dry them in a clean towel and grate on a coarse vege-table grater. Add a little finely minced onion and moisten with well seasoned French dressing. Serve very cold. Celery Relish: Wash celery, scrape if necessary, and cut up very fine or chop in wooden bowl. To 2 cups chopped celery add 1 small onion, finely chopped, ½ red pepper, ½ green pepper, both chopped fine, 2 tablespoons minced parsley and a little mustard seed. Put into a covered jar and chill lust before serving, moisten there. chill. Just before serving, moisten thoroughly with well seasoned French dressing.

Note: If you are interested in having more recipes for out-of-the-ordinary ways of serving Winter vegetables, send a two-cent stamp for "Appetizing Vegetables for Winter."

IF YOU SUFFER FROM ACIDOSIS

[Continued from page 46]

impression. . is not necessary to avoid them when taking a diet for correcting

Neither must the acid-forming foods be Neither must the acid-forming foods be avoided in the normal diet. A proper proportion of them is essential. Under normal conditions, starches, sugars and fats and the greater part of the proteins are burned by the body, forming carbonic acid, which, is brought to the lungs by the blood and breathed out with the expired air. It is formed in large amounts daily but so long as it is promptly eliminated it has no effect on the alkaline balance of the body. If breathing is stopped for a few minutes, however, the alkalinity of the body is rapidly reduced and death results from acidosis due to accumulated carbonic acid.

Just as when they are burned in fire,

acidosis due to accumulated carbonic acid.

Just as when they are burned in fire, all foods, when burned in the body, produce, in addition to carbonic acid, an ash. According to the kind of food which is burned, this ash will be neutral, acid or alkaline. Such material is in great measure eliminated by the kidneys. If acid elements predominate in the sah and if anything inpredominate in the ash and if anything in-terferes with their prompt excretion, they will gradually accumulate and lower the

alkalinity of the body. A condition of acidosis will then prevail.

Foods, then, should be selected not only to provide the nutrition the body requires but also to balance the acids and bases which are inevitably taken in with each meal

meal.

Even so, we do not add to the complications of the nutrition problem. Only certain general principles need be followed. Cereal foods, we have seen, are acid-formers whereas tuber, root and leafy vegetables are alkalizers. If you were to take approximately half your food, daily, from each of these classes, you would have the proper balance. Yet this would not be a satisfactory diet. Meats, eggs and fish also are needed—yet these are highly acid foods and tend to balance the minerals of fruits, tubers, root and leafy vegetables. Again, meats and cereals cannot be combined to give a favorable balance since all are acid-formers. They, in turn, must be suppleformers. They, in turn, must be supple-mented with liberal amounts of the alka-line foods.

In general, we may say that the sensible thing to do is to follow the simple rules in the box on the first page of this article.

FORCING THE FOOD

[Continued from page 48]

the habit of the child to refuse and the habit of the attendants to urge. Only foods that are particularly attractive or are liked are finally given because "the child must have something to eat"—vegetables are usually in discard, milk is often taken in insufficient amounts—the child fails to their and medical section.

thrive and medical service advice is sought.

In these patients as in the bottle fed a In these patients as in the bottle fed a complete physical examination is made to determine the presence of any physical error. We do not trouble with the habit aspects as relates to mental twists or peculiarities. If we find them normal children they are given a suitable diet plan three meals daily—there is to be no coaxing or urging and if he does not take what is provided he is allowed to go until the next meal time when the same practice is carried out. In my most pronounced cases it requires about 48 hours to bring the child to look upon the food furnished him

child to look upon the food furnished him with an appreciative attitude.

In addition to the forcing habit, some of these patients have been subjected to feeding errors in the selection of the food. Not a few have a definite stomach hyperacidity superimposed by cold orange juice before breakfast on an empty stomach—some suffer from habitual constipation and a few have graver illnesses all of which are given adequate attention and of course cannot be discussed here. In obstinate cases it is occasionally necessary to remove the child entirely from its usual environment and place it in a hospital or sanitarium for a week or two where the necessary discipline can be carried out.

Valuable Book—FREE

The latest ideas on window and door draping treatments

Read this valuable book before buying your curtain rods and drapery hardware. Get the latest ideas on window and door draping treatments before selecting your drapery materials and deciding on how your curtains and draperies should be made. It will save you money.



Whether you plan your own draperies or use the services of an artist-decorator, you will get valuable ideas from the draping treatments pictured for every room and every kind of window.

Ask your dealer to show you the Kirsch "Modern Draping" 160-page book, and the Kirsch catalogs on Kirsch Extension Curtain Rods, Kirsch-Kraft Drapery Hardware with or without Perfected Draw Cord Equipment, Atavio Work (Ornamental Decorations) and Better Wood Poles. Kirsch stands for "The Last Word" in Drapery Hardware. Over 100,000,000 Kirsch Rods giving satisfactory service. KIRSCH MFG. CO. 250 Prospect Ave., Sturgis, Mich., U.S.A.

Send This Coupon for FREE BOOK

KIRSCH MFG. CO., 250 Prospect Avenue, Sturgis, Michigan, U. S. A. Send me your free book on latest Win-dow Draperies and Drapery Hardware.

Book Shows Style Trend-

For instance, draw curtains that open and close noiselessly and over-lap four inches when closed. Draw cords entirely concealed. Drapery Hardware finishes that blend with woodwork---either invisible or decorative. Ornamental metal and wood poles, etc.

IN 10 MINUTES -or costs you nothing

OCIENCE says \$4% of all foot pains or result from weakened muscles. Now a way is discovered to assist and strengthen these muscles. Results are almost immediate. That burning, aching, tired feeling in the feet and legs—cramps in toes, foot calluese, pains in the toes, instep, ball or heel—dull ache in the ankle, calf or knee—shooting pains from back of toes, spreading of the feet, or that broken-down feeling—all can now be quickly ended. Pain stops in 10 minutes when an amaxing band is used, called the Jung Arch Brace. It is highly elastic and amaxingly light and thin, yet strong and durable. For severe cases an exceedingly soft cushion rubber lift is attached to the brace and is urgently advised. Slip it on, that is all.

Pain stops like magic. Stand, run or dance with delight—wear atylish shoes comfortably. The secret is in the tension and stretch of the band. Nothing stiff to further weaken and cause discomfort. Nothing to misshape shoe.

Results are permanent. Soon band may be discarded. Feet are well to stay, Nearly 2,000,000 now in use. Specialists, amaxed and delighted your money returned. Go to druggist, shoe store or chiropodist. If they can't supply you use coupon below and pay postman.

Write for free book on ARCH BRACES

Cansola M.





FREE if it fails

ng Arch Brace Co., 278 Jung Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio Send one pair of braces marked below: (Persons over 145 lbs. require long braces)

FOR SEVERE CASES
—with cushion lift

BANNER (micdium) \$2

VICTOR (long) \$2.50

MIRACLE (long) \$1.50

☐ Money enclosed. ☐ Send C. O. D. plus portage.

a: M. L. C. Bidg., Montreal. Add 25c to above pri

McCA

confidant, said gravely that his little girl should do as she liked. Christmas was in any case barely a fortnight away, and when that was over the announcement would be made and when that was over the announcement would be made and they would be married in the early part of the year. Meantime, the Great Triumvirate had their own shrewd idea as to what was passing, though with conspicuous discretion they forebore to ask. Peggy remained as before their especial protégée, and no word of criticism regarding her was ever permitted in the presence of any of them.

Of the scandal surrounding Noel's delays, nothing more

of the scandal surrounding Noel's doings, nothing more was for the moment known. It was believed that he would have to send in his papers, but no definite information regarding this had leaked out. Men spoke of him at the Mess and in the Club in terms of affectionate regret, and there seemed to be a general feeling that he would never be seen among them again among them again

Another figure that had also disappeared from the station was that of Maurice Forbes. He had vanished completely, almost in a night, and it was said that Sir William had parted with him on account of his dissolute habits which had become much more marked of late.

The usual round of gaieties claimed Peggy, and she did not try to evade them. Among those kindly friends of hers at the Club she felt her heartache less; and though the old perpetual longing refused to be stilled, it helped her to be with them.

the Club she felt her heartache less; and though the old perpetual longing refused to be stilled, it helped her to be with them.

On Christmas Eve there was to be a fancy-dress ball with a great deal of confetti and such foolishness, as Mrs. Ash described it. Everyone was to be in fancy dress, and at Tiggie's earnest request Peggy consented to wear the butterfly costume which she had first donned on board The Pioneer. When she entered everyone caught his breath.

For if Peggy had never been actually beautiful before, she was beautiful that night. There was something unearthly about her, something that had made her father gasp when she had slipped into his room to say good-by. Mrs. Griffiths recognized it as she greeted her. "How like your lovely mother!" she said.

When she came to dance with Tiggie she roused herself a little lest he should think her unresponsive, but, curiously enough, she found him somewhat abstracted, and though he told her that she was even lovelier in his eyes than she had been on board The Pioneer, she had a strong feeling that for the most part he was thinking of something else. Something which he desired to keep hidden from her.

When that realization came to Peggy she became instantly determined to defeat his well-meant efforts. She was essen-

When that realization came to Peggy she became instantly determined to defeat his well-meant efforts. She was essentially feminine in all her ways, and she resented being kept in the dark, however praiseworthy the motive. She cast about her for a means of finding out.

It was hard upon midnight, and at the striking of a gong to

herald Christmas Day, there was to be a general revel. Her partner for the occasion was Leonard Worthing, and she swiftly decided that he should be made to serve

her purpose.

They went out into the chill of the night

They went out into the chill of the night and found it a glory of stars.

"You won't catch cold?" said Worthing.

"Oh no," she said, "of course not! I never catch anything. Leonard, I want to ask you something. I want to know what is going on—what Mrs. Griffiths and Mrs. Hobart and Mrs. Ash are all keeping from me. You know. I'm sure you know. I want you to tell me."

"Why don't you ask them?" said Leonard.

ard.

She nearly shook him for his idiocy.

"Oh, don't be foolish. You know perfectly
well it wouldn't be any good. They all
treat me like a child. It isn't fair. I am
bound to find out if it's something that

bound to find out it it's something that concerns me. So you may as well tell me."
"Yes, there is that to it," said Leonard, considering. "But it doesn't concern you. At least, I hope it doesn't."
"Then why not tell me." she demanded in exasperation.
"Oh just because it might. I suppose."

"Oh, just because it might, I suppose," he said.

Then he was silent. The situation was

beyond him, and he longed urgently to escape; but he could not, because of that little hand gripped like a spring upon his

arm. "Tell me," said Peggy. "Is it about

Noel?"
"Oh, good gracious, no!" said Leonard, with a start. "Not he! He's all right. He's back in his quarters. It's Mrs. Forbes. There! I've told you. But, as you say, you've got to know. I hope you weren't very fond of her."
"What has happened to her?" said

Peggy.

"She's dead," he said. "Best thing that could possibly happen really. For he couldn't have married her. He could—not—have married her."

"How did she die?" said Peggy.

Young Worthing felt a little uneasy

again.
"I say, don't tell anyone I told you!" he said. "Though, after all, it's absurd not to, because, as you say—you've got to know sometime. She shot herself. No one knows the same of yesterday."

why. I believe it happened yesterday."

His words went into silence. Across the starlit compound a wandering wind was

BY REQUEST

[Continued from page 132]

sighing like something lost. Peggy turned her face towards

signing like something lost. Peggy turned her lace towards it and stood very still.

Suddenly from behind them there came the slow strokes of a gong. It was like the tolling of a bell.

Peggy spoke. "Do you mind going away?" she said. "I want to be alone."

He went with alacrity. Somehow he was rather afraid of peggy into the peggy list then. She was shivering though she did not Peggy just then. She was shivering, though she did not know it, as the night-wind sighed and passed.
"Marcella!" she whispered. "Marcella! Oh, dear Marcella!"

IT was Tiggie who found her presently, crouched in a wicker chair, and very cold.

"My darling!" he said. "I've been looking for you everywhere. What on earth are you doing here?"

She lifted a face that was white and still. "I would like to go back now, please, Tiggie," she said.

He bent to her. "You are chilled to the bone, Peggy, what's the matter?"

She appropried him with absolute directness "I've heard."

what's the matter?"

She answered him with absolute directness. "I've heard about Marcella," she said.

"Who told you?" he said.

"It doesn't matter who told me," she answered drearily.
"It might as well have been you. I had to know some-

"Yes, I know," said Tiggie. "That's what I said. But they thought it would upset you, and they wanted you to have tonight in peace. The news only came this evening. Noel is back."

Noel is back."

"I know," she said. She got up, accepting his help almost unconsciously. "You—I suppose you haven't seen him?"

"No," Tiggie said. "But I'm going to."

He spoke with a certain doggedness. She looked at him questioningly. "Why, Tiggie?" she said.

He hesitated for a second. Then: "I'll tell you tomorrow, dear," he said. "Let's get back now, shall we?"

U P on the hill with the morning sun pouring down through the pines, and Jingo busily hunting unattainable squirrels close to her, Peggy opened her Christmas letters.

It seemed strange that they all knew so little of what was happening to her, but in a sense it was a relief. It helped her to get a right perspective and to view things in their proper

proportion.

Then she got up, facing the sunlight, and began to walk

down the hill. She covered several yards, and then paused Some one was coming up the track. She turned aside under the trees, still clinging to her solitude.

Then she became aware that some one else had turned of the track and was coming to her through the pines. Her heart gave one great throb and stood still. She did not attempt to speak or move. She knew she could not.

Steadily the advancing footsteps drew nearer. There was another who knew them too, for with a shriek and a bound Jingo suddenly forsook his occupation and flung himself upon the intruder. There followed a greeting which to Jingo's mind was all too brief, and then to Peggy, dumbly waiting, Jingo's master turned. waiting, Jingo's master turned.
"Please forgive me," he said "for coming upon you like

Somehow her hands found themselves in his. Words came to her—such simple childish words as she would have uttered in the long ago.

"Oh, poor Noel!" she said. "Poor Noel!"
His brown face quivered. "That's so like you," he said to pity a scoundrel like me."

That restored her more swiftly than any other words could two done. She moved close to him.

"This," said Noel. He held out to her a little twisted note on the palm of his hand. "It was enclosed in a message to me—a message Marcella left."

She gave it to him. "Please, Noel! I'm sure she wouldn't mind."

She gave it to him. "Please, Noel! I'm sure she wouldn't mind."

He opened it with perfectly steady fingers. She clung to his arm, and they read it together.

"Good-by, dear heart! I have taken a good deal from you, but there is just one thing I can't take, because I love you. You have offered me all you had, but I send it back, dear one, with my love. Take it and be happy, and think kindly sometimes of poor Marcella."

Peggy lifted her head at last. "Don't cry, dear Noel!" se said softly. "I am sure—I am quite sure—she is safe."

He made an impulsive gesture and found his voice. "Ye, she is safe now. Thank God for that! I'm going now, Pegg. I've got Home leave for a year, and after that they'll have me back. Everything will be forgotten by then. I'm to star again." He paused, then plunged on. "Turner says I'm to at you something before I go. He says he won't marry you now. And I'm to ask you if you'll have me—when—when I've lived this thing down."

"Oh. Noel!" Peggy was looking up at him with a wonder.

And I'm to ask you if you'll have me—when—when a contains thing down."

"Oh, Noel!" Peggy was looking up at him with a wonder that was almost a dawning smile in her eyes. "Dear Tiggie! Dear Tiggie! Noel," she stretched her hands up to his shoulders, "he knows we belong to each other. Of course—of rse I will!"

course I will!"

He bent to her. "I don't deserve it," he said huskily. "I'm

not worthy of you. Peggy, I'm not worthy!"

"Oh, hush!" she said. "Hush! What I the good of talk like that between you and me? If it weren't for Daddy, I would come with you now."
"Would you?" he said. "Peg-top, my own, my darling, do you mean it?"
She turned her lips to his. "Of course! mean it—Noel—beloved. How could! positive mean anything else when every little 'Oh, hush!" she said. "Hush! What is

sibly mean anything else when every bit of me is yours?" As they went down the hill together she remembered again that it was Chrismas morning and his birthday. "And I've got nothing for you," she said. "You will have to come and help me open my preents instead. And then—then we must tell Daddy."

Daddy."
"I fancy Turner has gone in to do that,"

"If fancy Turner has gone in to do that," said Noel.

"Oh, did he come up with you? How like him!" she said. "I hope he is sill there. Yes, there he is, waiting for us! Oh, Noel! Oh, Tiggie!"
She suddenly broke off. Tiggie was there indeed, but his face was paler than usual. "Thank goodness, you're here!" he said to Noel. "It'll make it easier for het. Pegg—Peggy child—I've got something to it! you. Will you try and be your brave little self while I say it?"

She put her two hands over her heat. "I know what it is!" she said. "It's—It Daddy!"

He bent his head. "They found him—

He bent his head. "They found him-

He bent his head. "They found him-this morning—in his chair—"
She spoke again with a strange exali-tion. "I know. I know. He had a vision My mother came for him last night." knew she was there. I knew it!"
She broke off. For a few minutes is stood as if unconscious of them, as though she too saw the Vision and the open Gals of Eternity.

Food di n fact, m nything ad lost a day of m again nent and ren hav leischma

me bene ARTH

she too saw the Vision and the open Gals of Eternity... She looked from one to the other. "In glad," she said. "Oh, I'm glad. He wants her so. And now—they are together." "That's right," said Tiggie, with east clumsy solace. "And you've got Noel, you know. Don't forget you've got him!" She lifted her face to him with a sweat tremulous smile. "I shall never forget, she said, "that you sent him to me." The as he gently kissed her and set her free, st turned to Noel. "We will go Home together now," she said, "to Nick."

CONTENTS

FEBRUARY . 1928

COVER DESIGN, PAINTED FOR MCCALL'S BY NEYSA MCMEIN	COOKING FOR A MAN 42 MABEL CONDICK		
POETRY	SIXTEEN WAYS TO SERVE POTATOES. 45 LILLIAN M. GUNN		
An Old Valentine 7 THEODOSIA GARBISON	IF YOU SUFFER FROM ACIDOSIS 46 E. V. MCCOLLUM & NINA SIMMONDS		
FICTION	FORCING THE FOOD 48 CHARLES GILMOBE KERLEY, M. D.		
THE LITTLE YELLOW HOUSE I 13 BEATRICE BURTON MORGAN	THE POST BOX 50		
CLEVER GIRL	RAGING YOUTH		
BOHEMIA'S BABY	ADVENTURES IN HOMES BUILDING 56 RHYS NORTH		
THE YOUNG GHOST 22	SPRIGS FROM MY WINDOW GARDEN . 58		
BY REQUEST IV	McCall's Service Booklets 60		
THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM V 26 JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD	THE RED GINGHAM FAIRY 68 RRICK BERRY AND MARJORIE WORTHINGTON		
WHEN WASHINGTON WAS TWENTY- THREE 28	GIFTS YOU CAN GIVE YOUR HOME 78		
ARTICLES	WHY WAIT FOR BREAKFAST ? 78 BMILY POST		
ZANE GREY AND THE AMERICAN SPIRIT 2	LET'S TALK IT OVER		
JOHN FARRAR IS GOD GUIDING AMERICA 1	FASHIONS		
BEV. JOHN BOACH STRATON	FASHION TALKS, ANNE BITTENHOUSE 111		
THE NEW YORK TYPE 8 DOROTHY PARKER	PARIS EXHIBITS ITS NEW RESORT FROCKS		
LIFE AND LETTERS OF GENE STRAT- TON-PORTER	FEATURES THAT MARK NEW CLOTHES		
JEANETTE PORTER MEEHAN	WHEN WOMEN PREPARE FOR SPRING 113		
WHAT'S GOING ON IN THE WORLD 30 A REVIEW OF THE MONTH'S ACTIV- ITIES BY COLONEL EDWARD M.	FLOUNCES, BUTTONS, RIBBONS APPEAB		
HOUSE, ROBERT SHERWOOD, LAU- BENCE STALLINGS, STARK YOUNG, DERMS TAYLOB, BEV. JOSEPH FORT NEWTON, D. D., JOHN GOULD FLETCHER.	FROCKS INTENDED FOR THE SOUTH .115 SWEATERS AND ONE-PIECE FROCKS .116 SUCCESSES OF THE RIVIERA		
HOW OFTEN DO YOU WASH YOUR HAIR—AND HOW? 36 HILDEGARDE FILLMORE	GAIETY IN THE SPRING MODE		
MAKING THE COMMON WINTER VEGETABLES UNCOMMON 38 SARAH FIELD SPLINT	CHILDREN'S FASHIONS		

1928

under

re was bound himself ich to ou like s came

aid "to is could ed note e to me

ouldn't lung to

al from e I love it back, d think

el!" she
e."
e. "Yes,
, Peggy.
''ll have
to start
n to ask
ou now.
've lived

What is

top, my

course I ild I pes-ery little

together is Christ-And I've You will

my pres-must tell

do that,"

ou? How ne is still g for wl

was there nan usual!" he said nev. Peggy ing to tell trave little

nd him-

ge exalta-l a vision t night.

inutes sk as though pen Gata

ther. "Is He wantel gether." with eage Noel, you im!" th a sweater forget, me." Then er free, ste Home to

"I am keenly interested in sports, and wanted to take part in all the athletic and social events of my school—but for a time I was so embartassed by pimples on my face that I hated to go out at all.

"It so happened that my mother had derived splendid results from eating Fleischmann's Yeast. I began eating it myself—two cakes a day dissolved in milk. My face cleared upentirely and my pleasure in school activities revived. I ate Yeast for a year, in fact I still eat it off and on, just to keep in condition." Charles E. Park, East Milton, Mass.



Mrs. F. A. LINDENMYR of Chicago, and little Miss Vera Lindenmyr

"Even my parish duties became a grievous burden"

"It was about a year ago that I first complained to my husband of feeling ill. My appetite had vanished. My sleep no longer rested me. I would rise in the morning feeling sluggish, tired—only half alive. And I was troubled with constitution." with constipation.

"Naturally I became alarmed, especially when I found my mind no longer gave me the necessary 'push' to do my housework. Even my social activities in the parish of which my husband is the pastor had turned from a pleasure to a grievous burden.

"I was doubtful when my husband suggested Fleischmann's Yeast. After eating it for a time, however, I became aware of feeling better than I had in many months.

"Well! I continued to improve right along. My constipation left me, the color returned to my cheeks. I began to feel active and strong—and able to do my work without any special

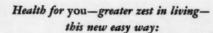
effort on my part. Of course Fleischmann's Yeast plays a prominent part in our family's diet now."

Mrs. F. A. Lindenmyr Mrs. F. A. Lindenmyr

AS FRESH as any garden vegetable, Fleischmann's Yeast keeps your intestinal tract clean, strengthens sluggish intestinal muscles.

As your elimination becomes more regular, more complete, your digestion improves, your skin clears—you feel your old vigorous self again.

Buy 2 or 3 days' supply of Fleischmann's Yeast at a time from your grocer and keep in any cool dry place. Write for booklet on Yeast in the diet. Health Research Dept. F-49, The Fleischmann Company, 701 Washington St., N. Y. C.



Eat three cakes of Fleischmann's Yeast regularly Eat three cakes of Fleischmann's Yeast regularly every day, one cake before each meal or between meals. Eat it just plain, or dissolved in water (hot or cold) or any other way you like. For stubborn constipation physicians say to drink one cake in a glass of hot water—not scalding—before meals and before going to bed. And train yourself to form a regular daily habit. Dangerous cathartics will gradually become unnecessary.



Food did not appeal to me in any form, n fact, my stomach was in such shape that nything I ate disagreed with me. And I ad lost all my old vitality... Three cakes day of Fleischmann's Yeast, and today I m again eating my meals with real enjoyment and relish. My wife and three chilten have also become ardent users of leischmann's Yeast and are enjoying the ame beneficial results that I am."

ARTHUR C. KYHN, Minneapolis, Minn.



LET'S TALK IT OVER

THE Victorian maid. now ridiculed as an unsophisticated little

unsophisticated little prude, had one advantage over her descendants. Once engaged, she made the most of her happiness. She did not question it. She did not worry about its wearing qualities. She was not forced to war with competitors; other girls, living by her code, did not bait her captive. She knew that her man was saving the state of the state. did not bait her captive. She knew that her man was saving to provide a home for her and that he took pride in
his economies. She didn't have to choose between keeping
and giving up her good job because she didn't have any job.
She took it for granted that her husband would want to support her; that was an item in his love for her, a love to compensate for life's sorrows "till death us do part."
Today presentings problems are numerous and intricate.

Today pre-marriage problems are numerous and intricate, rivalling and resembling those which lead to divorce. Engaged girls are torn by doubts and dangers. Hundreds of letters concerning their embarrassments come my way. From them I have selected some of typically modern trend.

Dear Winona Wilcox: I'm engaged. Half the time I'm in heaven and half the time in hell. He is handsome and fascinating, a tender and flattering lover. He is fastidious, has brains, is a professional man. He wants to be with me constantly and he decides everything for me. He declares I'm the only girl he ever can love but he is vain and he delights in the admiration of women. Also he is jealous, non-sociable with men, and sensitive. If I disagree with his opinion, he says I am criticising him and he pouts for hours. He has been rude to all my men friends. I haven't been to a dance for a year.

As my wedding approaches, it seems a terrible risk to marry him and yet I can't give him up. All the girls want him.

As my wedding approaches, it seems a terrible risk to marry him and yet I can't give him up. All the girls want him. When we are apart, I decide to end it. When he comes, he is so sweet and adorable I forget every fault. I'm not really a fool, I'm well educated but I never learned anything which helps me in this dilemma. Will marriage be worth while when the man often seems perfectly childish?—V.

He is a mere child—a neurotic—a spoiled child grown up in body but not adult in character. He will use the "nuisance technique" to get his way the rest of his life. His habits are fixed and not to be remade because he likes himself very much as he is. Probably his wife will enjoy an exquisite sense of belonging for a few months and spend the rest of her life placating a tyrant. Even so, no third person would dare advise the girl, but it is sensible to suggest that she read all she can find about neurotics.

The above letter outlines one advantage the modern girl

she can find about neurotics.

The above letter outlines one advantage the modern girl has over her grandmother. The latter never doubted her prince and after she married him, she never would admit he had faults, even to her mother. Although she gloried in the sacrifice of self for love, she nevertheless paid for her conventional hypocrisy by year upon year of bitter humiliation.

That senseless martyrdom the informed modern girl can

That senseless martyrdom the informed modern girl can escape if she will be ruled by her judgment and common sense rather than by her emotions. But it hasn't yet been proved that a girl in love is able to do that.

For contrast with such storm and stress—

Dear Winona Wilcox: The man I'm engaged to is a few years my senior. He loves me but I feel that something is missing from my romance. There is no rosy glow in it. My idea of love comes from books and since I have been engaged, instead of my life being completely changed by a new and marvelous experience, as the books and plays have it, I find not the slightest change in anything. I miss the glamor I had hoped to find in love. Tell me if this quiet happiness is sufficient for marriage.—Lydia.

BY WINONA WILCOX

ILLUSTRATED BY ROBERT STRONG WOODWARD

These two letters make a pair worth talking over. My own idea is that a too glamorous engagement ends in swift dis-illusionment and that in five years, the second girl will be serenely content with her home and children while the first

may be asking for a divorce.

Whatever our social strata, we see the flapper pursuing her mate and capturing him. But as in any other business enter-prise, we pay a good deal of attention to the successes and none at all to the failures. Follows a case in which modernity works overtime--and loses:

Dear Winona Wilcox: I loved a man at first sight. He reciprocated my affection and we became engaged. Blinded by my desire to be near him, I visited his place of business daily on some pretext which seemed perfectly good to me. He is a fine man and I never indulged in petting, nevertheless, my conduct gave him a wrong impression of my character. He has written to ask for the ring and his fraternity pin. My heart is broken. I did not realize that my actions were in any way compromising. How can I regain his interest?—Anne-

Probably it is useless to try. An erotic interest which has flickered out is past resurrection.

Another prenuptial complication peculiar to the time:

Dear Winona Wilcox: I became engaged and was very happy. Inside of two months, I found myself quarreling with my fiancé. He complained that I found fault with him every time we met. Finally our engagement was broken.

I think he was right when he said that my business contacts made me too critical. My employers are twice my age and very good to me. I almost idolize them. Both are married. They do not make love to me but they stand out from other men like princes in a story book. This association renders it impossible for me to go with any of the boys who invite me. I can't stand their mistakes in grammar, pronunciation and manners. I'm bored all the time I'm not at work. Am I right to stay in the office? I'm certain I'll never marry as long as I do.—Estelle. as long as I do.-Estelle.

The girl's attitude is a by-product of business life which is not at all uncommon. Several indignant young men of limited education and opportunities have outlined their angle of the same tale. They complain that they haven't a chance when the girls they love are employed by men of wealth and culture. And they are bitter.

But why 'should they be? Isn't a young man fortunate to escape marrying a girl who as a wife is bound to belittle him the rest of his life?

One angle of the engaged girl and her job has a good deal to do with the making of a proper husband:

to do with the making of a proper husband:

Dear Winona Wilcox: I am going to be married and I wish to continue my office work for at least a year. The man I am to marry does not object but some of my friends advise me against it. What do you think?—W. A.

Many young people are trying out the idea and this girl may as well make her own experiment. I can't express an

opinion because I am prijudiced against gainfulen ployment for wives. I am

pioyment for wives. I a not at all sure that it; good for a young husband to be released from any put of the financial responsibilities of matrimony. Now for an emotional mix-up in which sentiment girls not infrequently are involved:

Dear Winona Wilcox: My chum, known and lord all through college, has broken up my friendship aid several nice men. She doesn't like men herself. Unless I am my guard, I shall find myself a spinster because of her inteference. Seems queer, too. Lately an attractive and success man proposed and all I hear from my chum is that he is selid jealous and stingy. This time, I rebell. Nevertheless, who we three are together, I feel her influence, I grow more and silent and make a poor appearance before the man I lou My spirits are low. I feel all tangled up in a web. Help nout.—H. R. H.

If you can't unravel the web, why don't you cut it? You may be a problem belonging to abnormal psychology; or so, a determined direct effort to escape from thralldom

cceed.

Now for a condition which is pretty sure to wreck a me riage:

Dear Winona Wilcox: I am twenty-five and like all girls Dear Winona Wilcox: I am twenty-five and like all gibt my age who are not married, I'm wondering what it is about. I've been engaged twice, both times to worth-win men but within two weeks of the wedding, the idea of manying became impossible.

Once more I've given my promise to a man who is every essential the kind I want for a companion but-linot love him. I never have loved any man. Why is love a will-o-the-wisp? The man says I will love him when my married but can I afford the risk?—Dolly.

And can the man afford the risk! The above is not a significant girl conundrum as many may suppose. It is an intricacy a psychoanalyst to straighten out.

Dear Winona Wilcox: I'm engaged and should be hell but am wretched. The man loses his temper over nothing acts as if he would smash anything handy. After he recome his grouch, he is truly sorry but in a few days! It to live the horror all over. He is only thirty-two, Is then way to break him of a habit which at present has the bof him?—Mary.

Probably no way at all. He enjoys his rages. It woulds a good plan to investigate his family history before decito share a long life with him. Is his father quick temperers to share a long life with him. Is his father quick temperers have brutal? What about his mother's disposition? We is known about the temperaments of his grandparents? Some endocrine abnormality may run in the family perhaps from childhood the man has imitated an interpretary of the cause of purerson. However, an understanding of the cause of purerson. The make it endurable, it only serves as a warning!

Man can't control his anger before his wedding, what who can reason would dare expect him to do so afterwar. Perhaps the biggest pre-nuptial problem of all is that we pertains to petting privileges and consequences.

pertains to petting privileges and consequences.

We cannot control our instincts but some persons and do, determine how instinct shall make them behave. be all of us could if we wanted to. And it may be that Victorian girl who followed that quaint old rule "B' Off," was ruling her instincts although she seemed only to prudent care of her precious romance.

In Sun-Maid Nectars

Ripe grape flavor and fragrance to give your cereals new zest



Suppose there has come a change in seedless raisins—a wonderful improvement. Sun-Maid Nectars!

Their flavor, their delicate fragrance is what tempts you in the seedless grapes when they hang in amber ripeness on the vine. Ordinary seedless raisins never tasted like these.

ves. I at

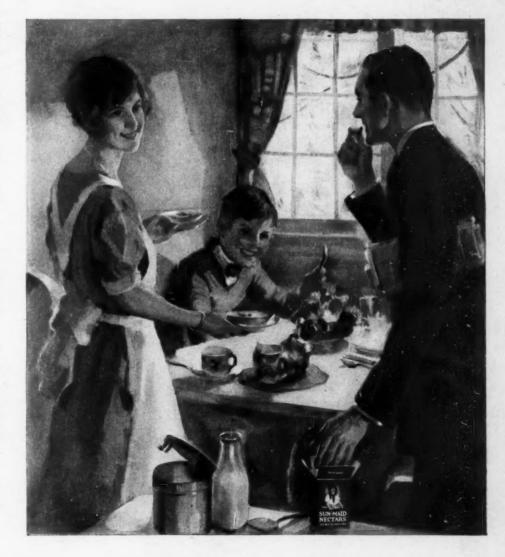
her inte

Nor looked so luscious. The sheer skins of Sun-Maid Nectars glisten—as grapes in clusters glisten. And so remarkably tender is this new kind, your teeth, almost without pressing, cut them through.

Imagine it in your cooking—this vineyard freshness. In your salads, cakes, candies, and pudding desserts! And in your cereals!—these Nectars will transform them, give them a wholly new zest.

That's something to surprise your family with tomorrow morning. When you cook your cereal simply cook Sun-Maid Nectars in with it. Serving a ready-cooked kind put Nectars on top, either "plumped" first by five minutes of boiling or just as they come from the carton.

Ask your grocer for some today— "Sun-Maid Nectars." There are no other seedless raisins like them, so near the ripened grapes themselves.





Try, too, these Sun-Maid Puffed—seeded raisins that aren't sticky!

As easy to use as Nectars, Sun-Maid Puffed will give your cereals and other foods the different flavor of muscat grapes. They are richer in that flavor than seeded raisins ever were known, their seeds being removed by a secret process that leaves all the juice inside. And, wholly different from ordinary seeded raisins, Sun-Maid Puffed are not sticky! They pour from the carton!

SUN-MAID NECTARS in the red carton . SUN-MAID PUFFED in the blue carton



Old Dutch puts the stamp of

Healthful Cleanliness

on kitchen utensils

As a safeguard to your family's health always clean your cooking utensils with Old Dutch Cleanser

Old Dutch protects you with Healthful Cleanli. ness because it removes the invisible impurities as well as the visible uncleanliness. None is left behind. Old Dutch chases all dirt.

The bright, sparkling appearance of your kitchen utensils brings you pride and satisfaction, but most important of all you have the security of knowing that they are hygienically clean and wholesome.

Old Dutch is distinctive in quality and character. There is nothing else like it. To the eye it looks like a fine powder, but through the microscope you see thousands of flaky, flat-shaped particles.



This drawing of a highly magnified particle shows how they work. A clean sweep without marring the surfacethat's why it protects porcelain and enamel.

Avoid cleaners containing hard, scratchy grit. This

drawing of a highly magnified gritty particle shows how they mar surfaces and make scratches which are catchalls for

For all kitchen cleaning Old Dutch saves time and work and puts the sparkle of Healthful Cleanliness everywhere.

Chases Dirtprotects the hom

